"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER

Fair, warmer today and Thursday; moderate northeast winds, becoming southeast Thursday.

☞For full weather report see Page 11.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 21,039. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1915.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

FIND F-4 DEAD AMONG DEBRIS

Only One Body, a Gunner's Mate, Thus Far Identified—Many in Fragments.

GRAVE OF A CREW OF 22

Submarine Lost on March 25 in Honolulu Harbor—Great Holes in Her Now.

ALL F-BOATS DEFECTIVE

Preliminary Board of Inquiry So Reports—Water Seeps In and Generates Deadly Gas.

HONOLULU, Aug. 31.—One body, found in the forward compartment on the United States submarine F-4, which was wrecked in the harbor here on March 25, with the loss of twenty-two lives, was identified today as that of George E. Ashcroft of Los Angeles, gunner's mate.

Many of the bodies, entangled in the débris of the submarine, are in fragments. It was not expected that the remaining bodies would be recovered before tomorrow. Meanwhile work of clearing the hull of sand and other débris continues.

The finding of the bodies was announced officially by Rear Admiral C. J. Boush. A hole was ordered in the forward compartment of the submarine, which so far had been inaccessible.

Preparations had been made to embalm the bodies as soon as taken out. If permission is granted from Washington the cruiser Maryland will be held here to take the bodies recovered to the United States.

The first body found was in the battery compartment amidships.

After being raised from a depth of 300 feet the submarine was placed in drydock yesterday. The pumping out of the drydock was completed last night. Today the F-4 lies on her starboard side in the drydock. When the Examining Board, composed of Rear Admiral C. J. Boush, Lieutenant Commander Julius A. Furer, and Lieutenant Kirby B. Crittenden, entered the vessel they found the starboard side and bottom filled with débris, battery plates, sand, and mud. They concluded that if any bodies remained in the hulk they were under the débris.

Great holes had been torn in the submarine, and only parts of these were protected by mats during the months of raising operations. This allowed the marine creatures with which the waters of Hawaii swarm to enter, and it was feared the bodies of the crew had been entirely destroyed.

In addition to gaping holes in the stern of the submarine, a big hole had been torn in the forward part. The investigating board has not definitely ascertained whether the holes caused the loss of the vessel or whether they were torn during lifting operations.

F-BOATS ALL UNSAFE, NAVAL BOARD FINDS

Preliminary Inquiry Into Loss of F-4 Shows Inherent Defects of the Type.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The preliminary investigation into the cause of the sinking of the submarine F-4 on March 25 last at the entrance of Honolulu Harbor has resulted in a report to the Navy Department, which asserts that all four of the submarines of the F class, including the F-4, had inherent faults, and were difficult to keep in repair, and that serious trouble was experienced with their propelling engines, electric motors, and storage batteries; in short, that they were in a dangerous condition for use on long dives like the one on which the F-4 met with the accident which wiped out the lives of her officers and crew.

Probably the worst feature of the F-4 was the fact that sea water had at times seeped into the storage batteries, causing chlorine gas, which is quickly destructive of human life. A comparatively small amount of sea water can cause the liberation of sufficient chlorine gas to asphyxiate the crew of such a submarine as the F-4. The coverings over the storage batteries of the F-4 were supposed to be practically gastight and watertight. The investigation has developed that this condition did not obtain in the F-4 and other vessels of that class, and that the so-called battery decks of these submarines do permit water to seep into the batteries.

The Board of Inquiry found that the storage batteries of the F-4 were always in a state of being more or less electrically "grounded," due to leakage of electrolyte, and that these "grounds" have been of sufficient intensity to cause flame and the fusing of electrical connections, also that these faults obtained in all four of the boats of the F class, of which there are three remaining, the F-1, F-2, and F-3. The F-4's storage batteries evolved excessive quantities of hydrogen gas. The fumes of hydrogen and acid were noticeable inside the F-4 on long dives and on March 6 last, some days before the F-4 was lost, there was a hydrogen explosion in that submarine, which damaged the battery deck and broke several separators of the cells. The report just received by the Navy Department asserts that the "conditions under which an explosion of hydrogen is always possible obtain in all the boats of the F class."

Crews Knew the Danger.

The report shows that the officers of the F-4 and other submarines of the F class were aware of these defects and of the fact that it was dangerous to use these vessels in this condition, but were diligent and alert in performing their duties and showed no reluctance [illegible]

Continued on Page [illegible].

AVIATOR PEGOUD REPORTED KILLED

Famous Airman, Who Originated Looping-the-Loop, Won New Fame by His War Exploits.

PARIS, Aug. 31.—It is reported that Adolphe Pégoud, the famous French aviator, has been killed.

Adolphe Pégoud gained renown in 1913 when he originated the feat of flying upside down in an aeroplane and looping-the-loop.

On the outbreak of the war, he joined the French aviation squadron and has been mentioned several times in dispatches for valor.

The last exploit credited to Pégoud was in April, when he attacked and brought down a German Taube near St. Menehould, capturing the two Germans in it, uninjured, at the point of his automatic.

Earlier the same day he had driven off three Taubes, one of which had dropped bombs on the railway station at St. Menehould.

Possibly his most notable exploit was on Aug. 20, 1914, when he fought a duel in which his own machine was smashed and he was obliged to descend and fell as if dead within the enemy's lines. When the victorious German approached, he shot him and then made his escape in the German aeroplane.

Aside from being mentioned in the dispatches Pégoud received the Military Medal in March. He was 32 years of age.

KAISER PLANS TO CALL MEN UP TO 54 YEARS?

Proposition to Raise Fighting Age Debated in Reichstag, Says Danish Newspaper.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 31, (via London.)—The Folkblad of Holding, a frontier journal with excellent sources of information in Germany, states that there was recently an altercation in the Reichstag concerning a national service law, which the German papers are forbidden to discuss.

"The law will increase the age limit to 54," this newspaper says. "It authorizes the calling out of all men who hitherto have been rejected on account of their physical condition, including even those who previously have not been considered fit for the untrained Landsturm."

POPE, THOUGH ILL, LABORS TO END WAR

Keeps in Constant Touch with Situation, Despite Insomnia and Restlessness.

ROME, Aug. 31.—Pope Benedict's anxiety over the war has reached such a point that he is restless and suffers from insomnia. However, he is untiring in his endeavors to mitigate the horrors of the conflict and to bring about a situation where his efforts in behalf of peace will be likely to have some chances of success.

The Pontiff daily receives a large number of reports concerning the situation, these reports being of diplomatic, economic, financial, and even military character.

KIPLING THRILLED BY THE NEW FRANCE

Would Kneel Before Every Frenchman, He Says—Vision of Paris Will Last Till Death.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 31.—The Temps publishes two private letters, written from Paris by Rudyard Kipling. The first was dated Aug. 14, before visiting the front, and the second was written on the 24th, after his return.

In the first letter he says:

"It is the first time I see and really understand the face of Paris. One knew the soul, but the outward aspect was masked in the presence of Germans and strangers. I was most struck by a certain look in women's eyes, not of dream, but of realization, as if they were already regarding the greater distances. What courageous vivacity and determination to smile despite everything! I bow before the manifestation of courage whose touch is so light.

"One strange thing—I heard a laugh which, methinks, had never sounded since the Revolution—the guttural laugh of a woman of the people, telling a story about Germans that were killed. The laugh came after she mentioned the number.

"What a wondrous day in honor of the dead France and England will celebrate together every year to come! I foresee special ships, laden with pilgrims, going to the ceremony.

"Nothing is more interesting for me than to see our soldiers in France and to note the real solidarity between them and yours. But I hope that soon we will extend our front. They speak of doing it by piecemeal.

"I was greatly struck by the healthy appearance of the French soldiers—but the new vision of Paris will remain in my soul until death. I fancied that my admiration for France could not grow. I was wrong. I only just begin to understand what she is."

In the second letter he writes: "I have just time to thank you and try to write something of my impressions. It was a revelation—an experience surpassing all that words can say and of which I am extremely proud. It makes me want to kneel before each Frenchman I meet, but he might misunderstand.

"Postscript.—Yet I maintain that a year ago France herself did not know what she was."

BOMB FIRED AT HOME OF AEROPLANE MAKER

Vainly Warned First Not to Engage in Manufacture for the Allies.

DEPEW, N. Y., Aug. 31.—A dynamite bomb exploded today in front of the home of Maurice F. Coombs, head of an aeroplane company which soon intends to be engaged in the manufacture of aeroplanes for the Allies. The force of the explosion wrecked the wall and shattered windows in the vicinity. No one was injured.

The attempt on Coombs's life followed rumors that violence would be resorted to if necessary to prevent the company from undertaking the manufacture of machines for the allied armies. Coombs, who was formerly a Lieutenant in the French Army, is said to represent the French Government in contracts for [illegible].

MORE TROOPS GO TO GUARD TEXAS

Secretary Garrison Orders Three Regiments from Galveston to Mexican Border.

CONFIRM OROZCO'S DEATH

Federal Officials Get Reports That Huerta Partisan Was Shot by American Posse.

CARRANZA SCORNS APPEAL

First Chief Reasserts Intention of Brooking No Foreign Interference in Republic's Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Two regiments of infantry and one of cavalry were ordered from Galveston tonight to reinforce American troops patrolling the Mexican border.

Secretary Garrison announced that the War Department was sending the additional forces at the request of Major Gen. Funston, commanding the border patrol.

The Secretary explained that no emergency existed at this time, so far as he knew, and indicated that the troop movements comprised merely a part of a general plan evolved by General Funston for strengthening his positions.

The Fourth Infantry and Sixth Cavalry will go to Harlington, Texas, two battalions of the Nineteenth Infantry to Fort Sam Houston, and the Third Battalion of the Nineteenth to Del Rio.

When the raids along the Texas border several weeks ago were followed by sensational reports of preparations for a general uprising of the Mexican population in Texas Governor Ferguson appealed to the War Department for more troops. Secretary Garrison said at the time that, while the Federal Government would expect the State authorities to deal with all purely internal disturbances, such forces as might be necessary would be added to the command of General Funston whenever the latter made the request.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 31.—J. A. Hernandez and Lucio Luna, who, speaking at a large gathering of Mexicans Sunday night, made remarks calculated to incite Mexicans here to rise against Americans, were each sentenced in the Police Court today to 200 days in jail.

Domiciano Hernandez, who distributed a pamphlet among his hearers urging a social revolution, was sent to jail for 100 days on a vagrancy charge. The trio probably will be given into the hands of the Federal authorities after the jail sentences expire.

Twenty-four other Mexicans tried for vagrancy were allowed their freedom on proof that they were working.

GALVESTON, Texas, Aug. 31.—Orders have been issued by Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Second Division, U. S. A., to commanders of the Fourth and Nineteenth Regiments of infantry and the Sixth Cavalry to hold their commands in readiness to entrain on short notice.

OROZCO WAS KILLED BY AMERICAN POSSE

Huerta General and Four Followers Met Death in Raid on Ranch in Texas.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 31.—Government officials here tonight said they had received reports confirming earlier rumors that General Pascual Orozco, prominent military leader during Mexican revolutions of the last five years, had been shot and killed in a fight between Mexicans and an American posse.

Civilians, United States customs officers, and members of the Thirteenth United States Cavalry participated in the battle, which, according to reports, was fought in the Green River Canyon of the high lonesome mountains, Culberson County, Texas. After a raid on the Dick Love ranch yesterday, Orozco and four companions were pursued from the Sierra Blanca country into the foothills. Orozco died at dusk tonight.

Official reports of the shooting said four Mexicans besides Orozco were killed.

According to reports, the raiders, led by Orozco, arrived at Dick Love's ranch, near Sierra Blanca, yesterday, and forced the cook to supply them with dinner while they made a ranch hand shoe their horses.

While they were eating, Dick Love and two cowboys were seen by the raiders aproaching the house, and the Mexicans fled, shooting as they rode, pursued by Love and his companions, who delayed only to arouse the surrounding country by telephone. The posse was formed hurriedly and the running fight, which ended when the last raider was killed, continued until dusk this evening.

Four bullet wounds were found in the body, positively identified, according to reports, as that of the Huerta General.

At the home of General Orozco's family here the report of his death could not be confirmed.

General Victoriano Huerta would make no comment.

General Pascual Orozco was the son of a storekeeper in Chihuahua. When he reached manhood he became a "bullion conductor" and with his party of guards escorted the pack trains loaded with bullion from the mines in Chihuahua through the bandit-infested hills to the railroad.

He also acquired a gold mine at Cusihuerachac which he was working in a small way when he started a revolution against the tyranny of General Luis Terrazas, who charged him taxes on his goats and mules, his cows and chickens. With his small band of freighters Orozco started out from San Andreas to force Terrazas to repeal his tax measures which [illegible]

Continued on Page [illegible].

Venizelos Urges a Balkan Conference to Decide What to Do Without Prompting

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 31.—The situation in the Balkans continues to be the centre of present interest in the European conflagration, as well as the centre for the representatives of all the belligerent countries which are striving to make their respective points of view triumph.

According to reports received here, Premier Venizelos of Greece dislikes what he considers the excessive interference of the powers. He urges the convocation of a conference of Balkan representatives to discuss their own affairs to see if an agreement is possible, then to decide on the action to be taken in their mutual interests.

Considering the well-known tendency of Venizelos to favor the entente powers, it is believed if his opinion prevails the central empires cannot hope to receive any assistance from the Balkans.

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (via London.)—The correspondent at Sofia of the Vossische Zeitung telegraphed today an outline of the proposals made to Bulgaria on both sides of the diplomatic contest. His dispatch says:

"The conditions which the Quadruple Entente imposed on Bulgaria in return for territorial concessions in Macedonia stipulated that Bulgaria obligate itself to declare war on Turkey.

"The central powers and Turkey, for their part, demanded from Bulgaria in return for cession of a portion of Turkish Thrace an extension of the hitherto existing benevolent neutrality. What this consists of had best be kept silent for the moment. It will make itself apparent later, as soon as events on the Danube front have advanced far enough."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 1.—A dispatch from Sofia to The Morning Post, dated Saturday, says:

"According to a private letter received from Adrianople, the Turks are preparing for the evacuation of the territory ceded to Bulgaria. They are demolishing the forts on the right bank of the Maritza and pulling down the doors and windows of barracks at Karagatch. The occupation of the ceded territory will follow soon."

COSTUME WELCOME TO WARDEN OSBORNE

Uncle Sam Heads Sing Sing Parade and Band Plays "Hail to the Chief!"

NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR

Knitting Class and 1,500 Other Convicts Cheer Return of "Tom Brown" from Society Resorts.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., Aug. 31.—It was a Roman holiday in Sing Sing. The only feature of a homecoming conquering hero spectacle that was lacking when Warden Thomas Mott Osborne got back to the prison this afternoon after three weeks' absence was the captives that weren't tied to his chariot wheel. The fact that Prison Supt. Riley wasn't present at the celebration did not cast a damper on the enthusiasm of the prisoners in the least.

As the 4:17 train passed under the tunnel at Sing Sing a lanky figure in the garb commonly attributed to Uncle Sam stepped out of the prison door, and, swinging a shiny baton, started toward the gate to the prison grounds. Behind him trooped the Sing Sing band in all its glory, every instrument polished so that it reflected the sun's rays like a mirror, and every convict musician freshly shaved and groomed. They reached the gate, and waited beneath a festoon of huge American flags that had been hung for the occasion. Beside them were strings of the flags of every nation.

The Warden's automobile hove into sight. Professor E. Stagg Whitin of Columbia, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Committee on Prison Labor, was beside him. "Hail to the Chief!" the band played. As the Warden rose and bowed, hat in hand, O. K. Bill of the Executive Committee of the prisoners' Mutual Welfare League and the "efficiency expert" of the prison, gave the signal, and the other members of the Executive Committee drowned the music with three rousing cheers.

Then the triumphal march began. Uncle Sam led it, the band followed, every member proudly blowing himself red in the face, and the Warden came next, followed by the Executive Committee.

Roses for the Warden.

Near the prison itself the procession was stopped momentarily when one of the trusties with outside privileges rushed to the Warden's car and thrust a large bouquet of roses into his hand. Flags and bunting decorated the front of the prison itself and were festooned over the doorway.

As the Warden stepped into the prison he was confronted with a huge placard which read:

Welcome Home.

He was joined by Deputy Warden Johnson, Father Cashin, the prison chaplain, and other members of the staff and escorted amid deafening cheers back to the prison yard, where 1,500 more prisoners set up a din of cheering and shouting. The outside decorations were outdone in the yard itself. Flags, bunting, flowers, brilliantly colored placards, and banners were everywhere. North of the mess hall a platform had been erected. The Warden and his companions were led to it and given seats of honor, surrounded by the Executive Committee of the Welfare League.

To the vociferous strains of "We're Here, Because We're Here," a pageant such as had never before been seen in Sing Sing was begun. The Fire Department with all of its apparatus followed the band and Uncle Sam. The apparatus, however, was hidden by bunting and decorations. Then came the hospital corps in white. Each group stopped in front of the platform while its members chorused "Rah for Tom Brown," which was the name under which the Warden served a "bit" in Auburn prison. Followed the Sing Sing baseball team, in uniform and carrying a Mutual Welfare League banner of silk.

The Tom Brown Knitting Class.

Then came the "Tom Brown Knitting Class." Its members knit socks and other things for Polish war victims. Every member of this group wore some brilliant article that had been knitted by the class, and at the end of the group four of the class tugged what had been a truck, but was now a gayly decorated float. On it rode Frederick Dorner, Jr., aged 10, son of the Principal Keeper and mascot of the Sing Sing ball team, dressed in a knitted suit of brown and green.

Groups from other shops, wearing green-and-white paper hats, the colors of the Welfare League, followed and cheered. The tin and blacksmith shop workers were led by an enthusiast who had succeeded in getting every color of the rainbow into his costume for the occasion.

Then came the modern substitute for the enemy that wasn't chained to the chariot, a solemn-visaged prisoner who weighed 210 pounds and was sent up for his proficiency in wielding the blackjack. He paraded by leading the prison goat. Behind him the banner bearer carried the following device:

"We've got the old system's goat."

The bakers, the kitchen men, the outside trusties' company, the cart and [illegible]

Continued on Page [illegible].

PRESIDENT PLEDGED TO ARMY OF 300,000?

Defense Bodies Assured That Congress Will Be Urged to Make Country Safe.

ATTACKS ON WILSON TO END

Campaign Directed Against Opposition in the House to be Launched in November.

Officials of the National Security League and of several other organizations which have been agitating for an increase in the army and navy are authority for the statement that they have received assurances that President Wilson will push a program for large national defense when Congress meets.

In consequence officials of the Security League and similar organizations who have united in a conference committee on preparedness have decided not to push their campaign until shortly before Congress meets and will not promote public representation that the Administration has been negligent of defenses.

Following the advice of Secretary of War Garrison the officials of the Security League have decided to concentrate their energies on an impressive campaign in November and December for the purpose of influencing Congress, on the ground that since the Administration is openly favorable to ample national defense, the only possible source of opposition lies in the House.

Members of the Conference Committee credit Colonel E. M. House with convincing President Wilson that the agitation for preparedness did not originate in politics and with inducing the President to make defense an Administration policy.

Henry A. Wise Wood, Chairman of the Conference Committee of National Preparedness, took up the question with Colonel House at the instance of John Hays Hammond, and assured him that prominent men of all parties were backing the movement for preparedness and were not animated by politics. The conference with Colonel House took place shortly after his return from Europe. It was followed by President Wilson's call for reports on army and navy needs, and his authorization of the Plattsburg camp.

Wilson for Army of 300,000.

Officials of the Conference Committee were alarmed by the report that President Wilson had broken with Col. House, and was listening to Oswald Garrison Villard, a leader of the opposition to a larger military establishment, but this fear was short-lived.

The Conference Committee has been assured that President Wilson will act with unexpected vigor when Congress meets, and had reason to hope that he will ask Congress to grant even a larger army than was suggested in Secretary Garrison's initial recommendation. It was said yesterday that President Wilson's idea of preparedness contemplates a standing army of 300,000.

While many severe attacks were made on the President in the beginning of the preparedness campaign on the ground that he had prevented action by Congress by opposing the inquiry urged by Congressman Gardner, officials of the Conference Committee are opposed now to giving speakers opportunity to attack the Administration.

"We are strictly against agitation that will further the work of politicians," said an official yesterday. "Our purpose is now the same as that of the Administration. Practically every man who joined the league did so with sincere conviction that our helplessness put us in danger, and with no purpose of hurting the Administration.

"What we want will have to be got by legislation, and the Administration can get the legislation. It is not going to help us to attack the Administration.

"Since Mr. Bryan quit the Cabinet, the anti-armament influence there has about died out and Secretary of War Garrison's plans have been approved. The policy of working quietly till November and making a big display in November and December for the benefit of Congressmen, was suggested to us by Secretary Garrison.

"If we held meetings where President Wilson was attacked and circulated speeches attacking him, the league would not only be aiding the Republican Party and the Bull Moose, but would be working against its own object. The question of defense should not be made a partisan issue, for all parties have failed to grasp the situation in the past."

Seceders Organize for Defense.

One organization growing out of secession from the National Security League is the American Defense Society of 303 Fifth Avenue, whose origin is due to the charge that S. Stanwood Menken, President of the National Security League, and other prominene Democrats in it, were active in suppressing publicity material because it reflected upon President Wilson.

C. S. Thompson, who was publicity manager for the Security League, arranged the Peace and Preparation Conference at the Hotel Astor in June. Among the speakers were ex-Secretary of the Navy Charles J. Bonaparte, ex-Secretary of the Navy George Von L. Meyer, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Hudson Maxim, and others.

[illegible] attacked President Wilson on the question of defense [illegible] the speeches of George Von L. [illegible]

U-BOAT THAT STRUCK ARABIC IS SUNK; FULL GERMAN DISAVOWAL IS ASSURED BY LOSS OF HER EVIDENCE ON ATTACK

London Hears Patrol Sank Arabic's Destroyer; Berlin Still Without News of Missing U-Boat

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—In view of the reports from Washington relative to Germany's growing belief that the submarine which sank the Arabic had herself been sunk, it can be stated that rumors have been current in British shipping circles for several days that a British patrol boat had destroyed in the Irish Sea a German submarine, which was supposed to be the one which torpedoed the Arabic.

There is no official authority for the statement, which is, however, very widely credited in mercantile circles.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent received from Liverpool and Bristol detailed accounts of the sinking of a U-boat, which tally in most essentials and seem to point to the probability that the destroyer of the Arabic is at the bottom of the sea.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—The German Admiralty today advanced the suggestion that the submarine that might have torpedoed the steamer Arabic possibly had foundered or been sunk by the British. A high official of the Admiralty, in again stating that no news on the sinking of the Arabic was yet available, said:

"Would it not be lamentable if the submarine should have been lost and we should never learn what happened? Soon after the Arabic sank I said we should in all probability have the details by the end of August, or early in September at the latest. Most of our boats which were on the west coast of England at the time have now returned, but none so far knows anything about the Arabic.

"It will probably be possible within a very short time—I cannot say precisely how many days—to tell whether our apprehensions regarding the submarine are correct."

The official would not say whether one or more of the submarines in question were still out, nor how long any one vessel had been away from its base, but remarked suggestively:

"They seldom remain out longer than three weeks, and we usually get a report on any torpedoing operations in eight to fourteen days, rarely later than a fortnight, after the occurrence."

ENDS TICKLISH QUESTIONS

Alleged Hold-Up of Order by von Tirpitz Is Now Shelved.

ALSO PUNISHING OF CAPTAIN

And Washington Sees Way Open for the 'Complete Satisfaction' Bethmann-Hollweg Promised.

NO STRINGS ON DISAVOWAL

Tying Up of Settlement with Our Representations at London Regarded as Unlikely.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The German submarine that sank the White Star liner Arabic, killing about forty persons, including two citizens of the United States, has herself been sunk.

This result of the activities of the British Navy, while comparatively insignificant from a military viewpoint, will probably prove of importance in smoothing the way to a pacific settlement of this phase of the controversy between the United States and Germany over submarine warfare.

The sinking of the submarine, which seems to have been accompanied by the loss of her commander and crew, removes the one obstacle to the fulfillment of the pledge of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Imperial Chancellor, to give the United States "complete satisfaction" in case it was proved that the Arabic was sunk without warning. This obstacle was the implied intention of showing Germany's good faith in disclaiming responsibility by punishing under naval law the commander responsible for the destruction of the liner.

The request of Count von Bernstorff that the American Government take no steps until the German report of the sinking of the Arabic could be received at once aroused the hope that Germany had given orders that passenger ships, at least, should not be attacked without warning.

The statement in the Ambassador's telegram to Mr. Lansing, that, while the good faith of witnesses on the Arabic was not questioned, the facts could not be as they reported, gave this hope little less than positive confirmation. And every official utterance since from Germany has fitted in with this view of the Ambassador's request, which he stated was submitted on orders from his Government.

Embarrassed by von Tirpitz.

Since then official word has come that the German Government was greatly embarrassed on one point. This was that while it had been officially determined to direct submarine commanders to refrain from sinking passenger ships without warning, the order had been held up in the Admiralty. The hand of von Tirpitz was seen in this, and the recent trip of the Chancellor and the Grand Admiral to the Kaiser's headquarters on the eastern battle front is supposed to have been due to this apparent insubordination on the part of Admiral von Tirpitz.

The chief embarrassment lay in the fact that if the order had not been sent to the submarine commanders the commander of the craft that sank the Arabic could not be punished, as he had obeyed all orders received. That might have thrown the responsibility back as far as the Grand Admiral himself, and it was feared that his disgrace, in lieu of the punishment of a subordinate, might have been regarded as too great a sacrifice by the German people.

Now, however, unless some unexpected disclosure throws the blame upon a high official of the German Admiralty, this whole embarrassment will have been removed by the loss of the submarine. Responsibility for whatever occurred can now be placed on its commander, and his death, if he were lost with his boat, will, it is thought, tend to soften criticism.

As a result of the destruction of the U-boat, Germany is deprived of the report which was to have been the basis of her attempts at justification or her disavowal of the act. The German Government, however, on Count von Bernstorff's request for a suspension of judgment, has gone on record as not questioning the good faith of the witnesses on the Arabic, although it hoped to be able to present evidence tending to show that the passengers and crew of the Arabic were misled as to the circumstances of the attack.

Full Disavowal Now Likely.

Now, however, it is expected that Germany, unable to furnish evidence [illegible]

BELGIAN ENVOY SENSED WAR PLOT

Wrote from Berlin Three Days After Ultimatum to Serbia That Germany Hatched Plan.

AND LET AUSTRIA EXECUTE

General Staff Saw Chance with Foes Weak, He Says—Believes the Kaiser Acquiesced.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 1.—Copies of the new Gray Book, issued a few weeks ago by the Belgian Government and containing supplementary dispatches dealing with the diplomatic crisis preceding the war, have been received by the London newspapers.

The Daily Chronicle publishes from this, a dispatch sent by Baron Beyens, the Belgian Minister in Berlin, by courier to his Government on July 26, 1914, (three days after the Austro-Hungarian note had been sent to Serbia):

"Repeated conversations I had yesterday with the French Ambassador, the Greek and Dutch Ministers and the British Chargé d'Affaires, have resulted in giving me the impression that the ultimatum to Serbia is a coup, prepared between Vienna and Berlin, or rather, one thought out here and executed in Vienna.

"It is this which constitutes the great danger. The vengeance to be exacted for the assassination of the grand ducal heir to the Austro-Hungarian throne and for the pan-Serbian agitation serves only as a pretext. The end that is aimed at, besides the wiping out of Serbia and of the pan-Slav aspirations, is to deal a mortal blow at Russia and France, with the hope that England would remain outside the struggle.

Thought Time Auspicious.

"To justify these views I must remind you of the opinion that prevails in the German General Staff, to wit: That war with France and Russia is inevitable and not far distant, (an opinion which they have succeeded in getting the Emperor to share,) [this appears in italics in the gray book.] This war, ardently desired by the military and pan German Party, might be undertaken today, this party judges, under circumstances which are extremely favorable for Germany and are not likely to present themselves again in any short space of time.

"Germany has completed her military reinforcements, provided for by the law of 1912, and on the other hand, she feels that she cannot keep up indefinitely the armaments race with Russia and France, which would end in ruining her. The war levy has been a disappointment for the Imperial Government to whom it has shown the limit of national wealth.

"Russia, before she has completed her military reorganization, has committed the mistake of exposing her strength. That strength will become formidable only some years hence. What she now lacks is the deployment of necessary lines of railway.

"As for France, M. Charles Humbert has revealed an insufficiency of guns of great calibre. Now it is just that arm that, so it seems, is to decide the battles.

"Finally England, whom for two years past, the German Government has been trying, and not without some success, to detach from France and Russia, is paralyzed by internal dissensions and the Irish quarrels.

"The existence of a concerted plan between Berlin and Vienna is proved to eyes of my colleagues and myself by the obstinacy that Wilhelmstrasse adopts in denying that it had any acquaintance before Tuesday last with the tenor of the Austrian note. It was also on Tuesday last that it became known in Rome, which explains the disgust and discontent displayed here by the Italian Ambassador.

"How can it be admitted that this note, destined to [illegible] and inevitable [illegible]

EXPECT BLOCKADE CONCESSION TODAY

Washington Officials Look for Word as to How Goods at Rotterdam Will Be Freed.

$150,000,000 WORTH HELD UP

British Not Likely to Withdraw Order-in-Council, but Will Relax Its Severity.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Officials of the State Department are awaiting information from London as to the manner in which the shipment to this country of American-owned goods of German origin through the British blockade lines is to be permitted. It is not understood that there has been, or is to be any modification of the Order-in-Council of March 15, but that the relaxation, described as a concession granted in an informal way, is to be in the method of enforcing the order, so far as it affects goods now tied up at Rotterdam and worth over $150,000,000.

Advices which are expected by tomorrow will, it is thought, state what goods are to be permitted to move from Rotterdam, the terms on which special permits will be issued, and the channels through which the goods are to be handled. A special question is whether American importers can apply through the Foreign Trade Advisers of the State Department to the British Embassy, and whether such applications will be treated as are applications made through attorneys on the ground in London.

Cablegrams received here indicate that it is the present purpose of the British Government to arrange a method by which permits may be issued for the movement of a large part of the goods at Rotterdam. But it is not clear whether the permits are to be confined to goods bought before March 1 but not paid for, or whether they are to apply to goods bought before March 1 to be delivered free on board at Rotterdam. A cable error in messages received here left this point in doubt, and London had to be asked to make it clear.

American importers are very much concerned over the status of their shipments at Rotterdam. They feel that where these goods were contracted for before March 1, even if not paid for, they should be delivered. Where the title had passed from the German and Austrian manufacturer to the American importer before March 1, it has been argued, the goods should be permitted to pass in any event, regardless of issues involved in the general controversy over the British blockade.

After the Order-in-Council went into effect in March, the British Government's agents, in informal conferences with the foreign trade advisers of the State Department, agreed to permit the movement to this country of certain American-owned goods, then in Germany. A note from the British Embassy on April 3 stated that where a merchant vessel sailed from a port other than a German port carrying goods of enemy origin, for which American importers claim to have made payment prior to March 1, proofs that such goods were paid for before March 1 might be submitted to the Embassy, and these would be taken into account.

On March 30 the United States Government replied to the British Order-in-Council, assuming that the British Government would not deny the rule that innocent shipments might be freely transported to and from the United States through neutral countries to belligerent territory without being subject to the penalties of contraband traffic or breach of blockade, much less to detention [illegible]

Continued on Page 2.

[illegible] Panama Exposition [illegible] in rebuttal, will find itself forced to accept the statements of the passengers and crew that the attack was without warning. On this basis, a disavowal could easily be made in a way that would be satisfactory to the United States.

As such a disavowal would carry with it, either expressly or by implication, notice that the conditions of submarine warfare had been softened, this might be construed as the "assurances" demanded by the American Government in all its notes on the Lusitania incident.

While Germany undoubtedly hopes that the settlement of the Arabic case, with the consequent adjustment of the larger features of the Lusitania case, will be followed by a vigorous pressing against Great Britain of the American view of the "freedom of the seas," it is not believed that the continuance of the German order against attacks on passenger ships without warning will be dependent on the success of the American representations at London. It is known that the German disavowal of the Arabic's destruction was not to be made on such conditions. In practice, it is thought, they will not be made to hang together.

Indeed, Grand Admiral von Tirpitz's apparent contumacy in regard to the ameliorating order seems to work now for the United States. The embarrassment which the German Government has suffered on account of the failure of the order to reach the commanders of submarines and the publicity that has attached to the incident would, it is thought, put Germany too obviously in the wrong should she attempt to rescind the order. Too much unpleasant explanation, at home and abroad, would be necessary.

Few Chances of Further Friction.

According to the view held here, the only way in which further friction can arise between Germany and the United States as the result of submarine warfare will be through the possible sinking of an American ship by mistake, the sinking of a British passenger ship with Americans on board, under the belief that the ship was a freighter, or the sinking of a freighter which happened to have Americans in the crew.

The first two suppositions would hardly cause a revival of the acute situation of the past few months. Both would be met by prompt expressions of regret from Germany, with offers of compensations, as was done in the case of the aerial attack on the Cushing and the submarine attacks on the Gulflight and the Nebraskan. The third case seems to arouse some doubt. But the certainty that few Americans could conceivably be on a British freighter would probably lessen the effect of such a disaster on the public.

There have been intimations in the German press of late which show that some sections of unofficial Germany feel that the time has come to admit that the German submarine campaign is not stopping British trade and that the game is not worth the candle. Captain Persius's recent editorial was along this line.

There has been evidence, too, that Ambassador von Bernstorff believed this from the first, and, while a successful outcome of the present diplomatic snarl would mean in the larger sense a triumph for American diplomacy, it would also mean in a victory for the Ambassador in convincing his Government of the seriousness of American resentment and the need of cultivating American friendship through official acts rather than through propaganda that had largely aroused animosity in the United States.

HUNGARY WANTS CONTROVERSY ENDED

Reported to Be Pressing Berlin—Hostilities Would Shut Off Our Dollars.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUDAPEST, Aug. 31, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The sinking of the Arabic is widely discussed here just now, and although one cannot find a reproachful tone in the press the people are not at all in favor of provocation of America by Germany.

In Hungary everybody has some near relative in America, and it would be a great blow to the Hungarians if America was to be added to the number of countries at war with the monarchy. Not only sentimental reasons, but economic factors also are to be considered in this regard in view of the $120,000,000 which come to Hungary yearly from Hungarians in America. There are more than 300,000 people in this country dependent on American Hungarians, and they represent a class which would have to be supported by the State if communication with America was stopped.

I understand that the Government is trying to exert pressure on the Germans in this direction, but people here believe as little in its influence as before. The papers accuse England of fomenting hatred in America against Germany and say that the American press is entirely under British influence.

The Hungarian Minister of the Interior has expelled the Hungarian-American newspaper, Vilagessag, edited by Louis Tarczal, brother of "J. T. T. Lincoln," the former member of Parliament for Darlington. This is the first case of a Hungarian newspaper being dealt with in this way. I understand that the Vilagessag attacked the German and Austrian foreign Ministers for not defending "Lincoln," who it was said, was risking his life in trying to do a turn for the Germans against the accusation of the English.

BERNHARD'S VIEW OF SINKING.

Berlin Editor Not Yet Convinced a Mine Was Not Responsible.

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The Overseas News Agency today says:

"A long editorial by George Bernhard in the Vossische Zeitung reiterates that the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the Arabic are still unknown, but that only one of two things is possible—either that the captain of the submarine feared that his vessel would be rammed or otherwise attacked and fired a torpedo at the liner, or that the Arabic was not torpedoed at all, but struck a mine."

TOLL OF BRITISH SEA LOSS.

Sixty-eight Steamers and Nine Sailing Vessels Lost in Three Months.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Lloyd's quarterly report for the period ended Aug. 12 gives the losses to British shipping from submarines, other hostile craft, and mines, as sixty-eight steamers, with an aggregate tonnage of 180,713, and [illegible]

RUSSIANS DEFEAT FOES IN GALICIA

Stop Advance of Teutons and Take 3,000 Prisoners in Counterattacks.

REPULSE GERMANS IN NORTH

Stubborn Defense of Riga-Dvinsk Line—Invaders Approaching Vilna and Grodno.

MANY REARGUARD ACTIONS

Teutonic Armies Forced to Fight Their Way Slowly from the Brest-Litovsk Line.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The Russians thus far have prevented the Germans and Austrians from carrying into effect their efforts to force back the two extreme wings of the armies of Grand Duke Nicholas.

Successful Russian counterattacks on a wide front in the Stripa River district, Eastern Galicia, are reported in a Russian official statement given out there tonight.

The Russians claim to have captured 3,000 prisoners, 30 cannon, and 34 machine guns.

At the northern extremity of the front, that portion of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's army commanded by General von Bülow is still fighting for the bridgehead south of Friedrichstadt, while the Austro-German forces under General Bothmer, who broke through the Russian lines on either side of Brzezany, Galicia, have been checked at some points on the Stripa River.

Along the rest of the front the Germans claim to be making headway, although some who got through the forest region east of Bialystok have suffered a reverse at the hands of the Russian rear guard.

The points of most interest, however, are at the two wings. The Germans near Friedrichstadt are well east of Riga, and military experts here say that unless the Russians can dispose a considerable force so as to threaten the Teutonic flank it appears improbable that Friedrichstadt can be held much longer without grave danger. The threat against the other wing is not so serious, as it is more distant and the difficulties of the country are too great for rapid advance.

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF THE OPERATIONS

Petrograd Tells of Successes and Teuton Bulletins Admit Checks.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 31, (via London)—An official communication given out tonight is as follows:

In the Riga region on Monday night the enemy assumed the offensive from the railway to Gross Ekau and Neuhut northward. This offensive has been held up on the River Missa. Northwest of Friedrichstat the enemy's attempt to cross the Dvina was repulsed Sunday, and the Germans who crossed to the right bank were thrown back. At Friedrichstadt, under cover of artillery fire of hurricane intensity, there were further German attacks Sunday and Monday nights on the Russian bridgehead. All these attacks were repulsed, with heavy enemy losses.

On the right bank of the Vilija we assumed an offensive which developed successfully on the 30th. Between the Vilija and the Niemen we continue to hold the enemy's offensive. On the Upper Bobr we again repulsed enemy attacks in the regions of Lipsk and Sidra in the course of Sunday and Monday. There has been no essential change on the front between Grodno and the Gorodok district. On Monday in the Gorodok region we repulsed two enemy attacks.

In the region of Vladimir-Volynsky we took about 200 prisoners, repelling enemy attacks Sunday east of Sviniuchy.

In Galicia, after a prolonged lull, Austro-German troops on Sunday and Monday made a series of energetic attacks along our whole front. This offensive was preceded by very violent light and heavy artillery fire. The attacks were particularly fierce north of Zloczow.

In the regions of Pomorzany and Zboro, as well as on the front of the River Stripa between the railways leading toward Tarnopol and Czortkow, the enemy made eight separate attacks, which all were repulsed with such heavy losses to the enemy that in some districts he was compelled to make a precipitate retreat. Thanks to our counterattacks, we had great success on an extended front, capturing 30 guns, 24 machine uns, and about 3,000 prisoners, half of whom were Germans.

VIENNA, Aug. 31, (via London.)—The following official communication was issued today:

North and northeast of Lutsk, the enemy, after heavy fighting, was repulsed in a southern direction. We captured twelve officers and over 1,500 men, and in addition five machine guns, five railway engines, two railway trains and a great quantity of war material.

Near Sviniuchy, Horochow, Razichow and Turze, (southwest of Lutsk,) our troops have forced the Russians to continue their retreat. With their usual bravery regiments of the Budapest division stormed the strongly fortified line in the district of Razichow.

On the Stripa River (Eastern Galicia) fighting is proceeding for crossings. In this fighting the Russians at some points have delayed our advance by severe counterattacks.

On the Dniester and along the Bessarabian frontier there is nothing new.

Our forces fighting north of Kobrin (east of Brest-Litovsk) have advanced to Prushani, on the Upper Muchawiec.

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (via London.)—This official report on the eastern theatre was given out today at army headquarters:

Army Group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: The battle for the possession of the bridgehead south of Friedrichstadt still continues. South of the Niemen our troops are advancing in the direction of the railway leading from Grodno to Vilna. They have taken 2,000 prisoners.

On the eastern front of the Grodno fortress district Novydvor and Kusnica have been reached. The enemy, in the face of our attack, surrendered his positions on the eastern border of the Forest of Bialowies.

Army Group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria: The passage of the upper Narew has been won step by step and the right wing of this army group is advancing against Grozana.

Army Group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: The pursuit of the enemy has been continued to the Muchawiec tributary. We defeated the enemy rearguard and 8,700 prisoners fell into our hands. The pursuit by [illegible] Hungarian troops [illegible] Zlota Lipa, Galicia) was partially stopped on the Stripa by a counterattack on the part of strong Russian forces.

FIGHT FOR RIGA-DVINSK LINE.

Russians Offer Stubborn Resistance—Little Fear of Southern Movement

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 31, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Friedrichstadt continues to be the immediate object of the Germans in the north. They see in it the key to the Riga-Dvinsk route. Hence their move against Birsgallo for the purpose of turning the western position of Friedrichstadt, which, however, is meeting with stubborn resistance. Westward of Dvinsk the Russians are fighting successfully, having thrown the enemy back 40 miles.

A slow retreat from the Niemen is being continued methodically despite Eichhorn's attempt by reaching Orany to separate Vilna and Grodno. The withdrawal is covered by Grodno, which although more of a fortified camp than a fortress serves the purpose sufficiently.

It is now clear that Linsingen's and Pflanzer's armies in the region of Bukowina and the Dniester have been greatly strengthened by reinforcements brought along the southern railways of Hungary, which fact in due course has caused a rumor of a contemplated German advance against Serbia. These reinforcements, drawn from various fronts and placed under command of General Puhallo, awaited the fall of Brest-Litovsk before starting operations from Vladimir Volynski under cover of Mackensen's army. The deep turning move, however, was frustrated. Experts here regard calmly operations in the south, believing the enemy will soon be checked in the locality in which they are advancing.

In the region of Sokal, Galicia, Russian aviators threw bombs and exploded a depot of asphyxiating gas reservoirs, killing twenty-seven German officers.

A tradesman who has arrived here from Warsaw, which he left a week ago, says any one leaving the town is compelled to pay 3,000 marks bail, which allows him to remain absent three days; failing to return after that period the money is confiscated.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 1.—"The Russian rear guards are making a desperate resistance to the efforts of the forces of Prince Leopold of Bavaria, and Field Marshal von Hindenburg's southern wing to cut off the Russian troops still clinging to Vilna and Grodno," says the Petrograd correspondent of The Times. "The nature of the terrain facilitates the Russian task of regrouping in new positions in the rear.

"The new movement of General von Mackensen's army against the trunk line between Kovel and Kiev, which might isolate the Russian troops in Galicia, is regarded seriously in Petrograd, but the broken and woody nature of the ground is expected to retard the advance in this direction.

"It is persistently rumored that President of the Duma Rodzianko will shortly be appointed Premier, with wide powers as to the formation of a Cabinet."

BREST-LITOVSK DESTROYED.

Germans Find Heaps of Ruins—Thousands Leaving Vilna.

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The following items were given out today by the Overseas News Agency:

"The special correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung on the Eastern front gives a description of the burning of Brest-Litovsk, picturing the scene as one of ghastly, senseless destruction. The entire space between the outer forts and the centre of the town had been laid waste, and ruins upon ruins were encountered. The market place was a scene of chaos. The factory district was filled with blackened heaps of masonry and a mêlée of metal debris in the midst of which crumbling chimneys belched forth smoke and flame. The railroad tracks were covered with ruins of demolished cars, while perishing cattle wandered nearby. The blue dome of the principal church, with its glittering gold cross, was destroyed. The town yesterday sheltered 50,000 inhabitants.

"A newspaper dispatch from Petrograd says that the evacuation of Vilna is being continued, thousands of people leaving the city. Refugees from the Kovno district who have reached Petrograd tell of their homes being reduced to smoking ruins by Russian soldiers. Feverish energy, the dispatch states, is being displayed in the manufacture of munitions and students in technical schools have been added to the forces working on munitions production. The question as to whether the Germans intend an advance on Petrograd, beginning with the seizure of Riga as a naval base, is being discussed, it is added. It is pointed out that the equipment of the German army in Courland indicates preparation for operations on an extensive scale."

SWEDEN DENIES PEACE TALK

That Country Not Concerned in Russo-German Negotiations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 31, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—In consequence of rumors and press statements regarding an alleged separate Russo-German peace and the association with them of the Swedish Government, the Swedish Foreign Office has authorized press representatives here to state that the Swedish Government had nothing whatever to do with the statements in question, and that the statements are in this respect quite untrue.

AUSTRIA CURBS CHOLERA.

Number of Cases Cut Down to 929, Minister Reports.

GENEVA, Aug. 31, (via Paris.)—Advices reaching here from Vienna by way of Zurich state that the Austrian Minister of the Interior gives the number of cases of cholera in that country as 929.

Although the number of cholera cases in Austria has been abnormally large this Summer, on account of conditions brought about by the war, the foregoing dispatch indicates that the Austrian sanitary officials are dealing effectively with the disease. On Aug. 19, according to the Austrian Minister of the Interior, the number of cases was 1,566.

DAMAGED RUSSIAN CRUISER.

Sinope Said to be Lying in a Rumanian Port.

A Bucharest dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung of Aug. 12 reports that since the beginning of the month a Russian armored cruiser, heavily damaged, has been lying in the outer harbor of Mangalia in Rumania.

"The cruiser is said to be the Sinope," says the dispatch, "which was for a long time assigned to the Russian Black Sea fleet. On the 29th or 30th of July the cruiser participated in the attack by the Russian fleet upon the Turkish Black Sea coast. It struck a mine and was brought to the neutral harbor of Mangalia only with great difficulty. So far no steps have been taken to intern the ship, and the authorities are trying to keep the whole affair as secret as possible."

PUNCH'S IDEA OF IT.

Pictures Wilson Still Thinking While Crowd Cries for Intervention.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 1.—Punch publishes a cartoon entitled "Le Grand Penseur," ("The Great Thinker.")

It depicts a stern-faced Uncle Sam, carrying a banner whereon are inscribed the words, "Deeds, Not Words," standing outside President Wilson's street door, reading a bulletin posted thereon which says:

"Hush, the President is still thinking." (Signed) "J. Tumulty, Private Secretary." In the street is a clamorous crowd, carrying a banner with the words: "Intervention or Humiliation."

Coach Nickalls Gets a Commission.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Vivian Nickalls, who resigned as rowing coach of the University of Pennsylvania in order to [illegible]

BIG BRITISH LOSSES AT DARDANELLES

Over 50,000 Since Aug. 6, Says the Correspondent of a German Paper.

600 OFFICERS AMONG SLAIN

Assertion That Many English Soldiers Are Now Voluntarily Surrendering Themselves.

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The British employed 100,000 men in their attacks on Turkish positions on the Gallipoli Peninsula last Saturday and Sunday, according to a dispatch from Constantinople to the Frankfurter Zeitung, and their losses were extremely heavy.

The correspondent estimates that since Aug. 6 the British losses have been in excess of 50,000 men.

According to the correspondent, the killed among the British troops in the fighting of Aug. 28 and Aug. 29 included about 600 officers. A cavalary division, he declares, was almost completely wiped out. The dispatch continues:

"British prisoners knew nothing of the fall of Warsaw and other Russian fortresses. They had been told that the Russians held the entrance to the Bosporus and were working toward a junction with the British. In contrast with the first months of the campaign, many British soldiers now voluntarily surrender themselves."

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 31.—The following official statement from the Turkish War Office on operations in the Dardanelles has been received here from Constantinople:

"The enemy yesterday undertook nothing in the Anafarta region. Nothing particular occurred in the Ari Burnu section. Near Sedd-el-Bahr artillery on our left wing destroyed an enemy position."

A special telegram from Constantinople to the Frankfurter Zeitung, of Aug. 15, just received here, asserts that the "severe losses" reported in the British official statement after the six days' battle at Sedd-el-Bahr and north of there were really between 11,000 and 13,000 allied troops in killed alone.

The correspondent states that the Allies's attack had been brought to a standstill. The Turks, he reports, gained important sections of territory at Sedd-el-Bahr and crowded the English almost to the shore.

"The Allied offensive, undertaken with great subbornness," he says, "with the intention of conquering several heights occupied by the Turks and of great strategic value, went to pieces, amid terrible losses for the English, against the brilliant defensive of the Turks, who, yesterday, went over to the offensive. In doing so the Turks captured twelve mitrailleuses, which they were presently able to bring to bear against the English. In the northern division two purely English divisions of the most recent Kitchener formation were fighting.

"The losses of the English in killed in the northern section may conservatively be estimated at from 6,000 to 7,000 men, and those in the southern section at 5,000 men at least. For the first time, several troops of English wounded have arrived here at Constantinople, where they were well taken care of in the large hospital of the War College."

The Frankfurter Zeitung of Aug. 14 contains a Wolff Agency dispatch from Constantinople, in which Turkish Main Headquarters reports: "On Aug. 14 a German submarine sank a 10,000-ton transport ship with soldiers in the Aegean Sea. Only a few soldiers were rescued by a hospital ship."

GALATA BRIDGE BLOWN UP?

Allied Submarine Again Said to Have Entered the Golden Horn.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—An Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that a submarine of the Allies has blown up a portion of the bridge between Constantinople and the suburb of Galata.

It is not apparent whether this is merely an echo of the similar report of several weeks ago, which brought forth a denial from Constantinople.

There are two bridges leading from the Galata suburb of Constantinople on the eastern shore of the Golden Horn, the Old Bridge and the New Bridge to Stamboul, the native quarter. Galata itself, once inhabited principally by Greeks and Armenians, is now one of the busiest quarters of Constantinople. It is the business part of the city, with warehouses, banking houses, exchanges, and the custom house above Galata lies Pera, the European quarter.

The scene on each bridge all day long and most of the night is busy, cosmopolitan, and picturesque. The destruction of either bridge would be a serious blow to the life of Constantinople. The New Bridge, which is the more likely to have been attacked, as it is nearer to the entrance of the Golden Horn, was originally built of timber in 1845, being called the Sultan Valideh Bridge after its founder, the "Sultan's mother," and was rebuilt in 1877.

FORM BIG MUNITIONS FIRM.

Six Baltimore Companies United to Capture a $17,000,000 Contract.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 31.—Six big Baltimore concerns are associated in a company which is being formed here to capture a $17,000,000 contract for ammunition for the Allies.

W. W. Lanahan & Co., bankers, are helping in the organization of the new firm, in which the following concerns will combine their efforts to land the contract: The John B. Adt Company, the Sinclair Scott Company, the E. J. Codd Company, the Page Engineering Company, the Charles White Gas Engine Company, and the E. S. & G. L. Brown Machine Company. The new firm will be known as the Munitions Manufacturing Company, and will have New York offices.

L. T. Goldsborough, Vice President, said today:

"It is true that we have organized such a company. Of course it does not mean the merger of these companies, but only that we have joined in forming the new company—a separate corporation—for this particular business."

The Baltimore Metal Company, to control the ammunition feature of the Bartlett Hayward Company, has been incorporated with a capital stock of $3,000,000.

APPEAL TO DYNAMITE.

German Handbills Urge Wrecking Munition Plants and Railways.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 31.—Fifty handbills calling on German and Irish "patriots" in America to help end the European war by dynamiting factories and railroads engaged in the manufacture and transportation of war supplies for the Allies, were turned over to the Postmaster here today by G. A. Hoehn, editor of a labor paper. The handbills were wrapped in copies of the Hanover Anzeiger and were postmarked Blomberg, a small town near Hanover.

Postal authorities here do not take the handbills seriously. The bills were written in poor English and were signed "The German Committee." They contain pretended offers of $1,000 to $10,000 to the "patriot who will help us annihilate our enemies."

Certain factories and railroads are designated in the handbills for destruction.

Destroyed German Air Shed.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 31.—A telegram from Maasbode says that allied avia- [illegible]

ALLIED GUNS ACTIVE IN POUNDING TRENCHES

Lively Artillery Engagements in Belgium and Near Arras and St. Mihiel.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Artillery dueling has been the only activity along the western front, and while the French War Office bulletin speaks of the gun fire of their forces as "efficacious," there is nothing to indicate any specific purpose at the moment.

The communication, issued by the French War Office tonight, says:

There have been further lively artillery engagements in Belgium on the front of Steenstraete and Hetsas and in Artois between Neuville and Arras. The enemy has fired a few shells of large size on the town of Arras.

The cannonade also has been rather violent in southern Woevre, in the forest of Apremont and to the north of Flirey.

The afternoon bulletin says:

Our artillery followed up, last night, but without notable incident, its continued and efficacious action against the trenches in the shelters, and the quarters of the enemy.

The German Army Headquarters issued this statement:

There are no special incidents to be reported from the western theatre of war.

PLAN FOR WINTER CAMPAIGN.

French Authorities Are Making Preparations Already.

PARIS, Aug. 31.—France is preparing for next Winter's campaign.

An official note issued here today describes a visit to the front by Alexandre Millerand, Minister of War. M. Millerand discussed measures necessary for the Winter campaign with the commanders at various points, especially in the Vosges and Alsace.

BUYS 5,000 TONS OF SUGAR.

France Places Another Big Order in New York Market.

Contracts were closed yesterday for the sale to the French Government by the Federal Sugar Refining Company of 5,000 tons, or 10,000,000 pounds, of refined sugar. The cost, it is understood, was 5 cents a pound, or about $500,000 for the entire order. This, according to an official of the company, was slightly above the market price. He said the reason the French Government was willing to bid above the market price was because it wanted the sugar in a hurry.

Loading of the shipment was immediately begun at the company's plant in Yonkers yesterday. The entire shipment will be sent in one ship, which will clear within a short time.

France has bought a great deal of refined sugar in the American market since the war began. All told, according to an official of the Federal Company, the sugar bought in New York for the European account since the war began amounts to about 325,000 tons. Under normal conditions, it was pointed out, these orders would have gone to France, Germany, and the other beet-sugar producers of Europe.

Payment for the 5,000-ton shipment will be made in this city, it was said. It is understood that the payment will be in cash.

PUT U. OF P. STUDENT UNDER WATCH AS SPY

Federal Agents Send Young German's Sketches to Washington for Close Examination.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31.—Whether Dr. Carl Jiencke, a twenty-two-year-old post graduate student at the University of Pennsylvania, who for the last three months has been an assistant in the dental department of the State Hospital for the Insane at Norristown, will be arrested as a German spy suspect, will depend upon an examination now being conducted by Washington secret service men of certain papers and sketches belonging to him.

Frank Garbarino, an agent of the Department of Justice, today brought the young man from Norristown to this city and forwarded the documents found in his possession to Washington. One is a sketch that resembles the fortifications along the Delaware River, and, though Jiencke has not been arrested, he will be kept under rigid surveillance until word comes from Washington.

The Department of Justice agents became suspicious when the young doctor dropped a packet of papers in the corridor of the Norristown Asylum. They were found by an attendant, who noticed that one or two resembled maps. He turned them over to one of the officers of the institution, who at once sent them to Government officials.

According to employes of the hospital, and their statements are borne out by the institution's records, Dr. Jiencke has been away very frequently at week-ends. And from his conversation with physicians they gathered that he was familiar with League Island Navy Yard and other points along the Delaware.

Dr. Jiencke vigorously denied that the sketches had anything to do with fortifications. He said they were simply rough drawings of no importance or significance whatever, and asserted that he would be vindicated when they were looked over in Washington.

Investigation in Dr. Jiencke's past developed that he was born in Germany, and that he had visited the United States three times, the last time about a year ago, at which time he entered the University of Pennsylvania.

KOPSCH FREE ON $3,000 BAIL.

German Spy Suspect Will Answer Charges on Nov. 1.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Gustav Kopsch, the young German recently arrested, charged with making drawings and photographs of coast fortifications in Virginia, had a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Taylor today and was released on $3,000 bail to appear at Norfolk, Nov. 1, to answer the charges.

GERMANS FLAY COLONEL.

Veterans of Kaiser's Army Declare He Is Spiteful Against Empire.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 31.—Resolutions expressing disapproval of recent published utterances of Colonel Roosevelt were adopted today by the Federation of Associations of German Veterans, meeting with the Kriegerbund of North America at the closing session of that organization, which is composed of former members of the German Army, now living in the United States. The resolution condemned what is styled Mr. Roosevelt's "spitefulness against the German people."

After a spirited debate today the Kriegerbund voted to admit to membership certain veterans of the Austro-Hungarian Army. Many members opposed the measure, arguing that no matter what the present state of feeling was between Germans and Austrians it might change. Austrian membership finally was limited to those veterans who can read and write the German language.

Protest was made in resolutions adopted by the federation against the sale of arms and ammunition to belligerents, and the Government was asked to hold to strict accountability the "pro-English press," which, the resolution charges, is attempting to arouse hatred in the United States.

In an address to the delegates, Frans Erling of St. Paul said that, whatever the outcome of present negotiations be- [illegible] States [illegible]

ITALIANS REVERSE BORDER ADVANTAGE

Have Now Fought Their Way to Positions Dominating the Austrian Frontier.

CONSTANTLY ON OFFENSIVE

More Gains Recorded Yesterday—Troop Trains Reported Moving Incessantly in Gorizia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUGANO, Switzerland, Aug. 31.—With the conquest of Cima Cista Mountain, over 7,000 feet high, in the Val Sugana district of the Trentino north of Borgo, which was held by a strong detachment of Austrian infantry and machine guns; with the recently gained Cima Salubil Mountains, near Armentera to the south, together with the increased territory taken on the Upper Isonzo, where the entire surroundings of Plezzo (Flitsch) are in Italian hands, and also the progress on the Santa Lucia and Santa Maria heights on the western front of Tolmino, the work of isolating the Austrian fortresses and towns and of consolidating the gains already made by Italy goes steadily on.

Less than four months of war have sufficed to reverse the relative positions of Austria and Italy on the frontier, which had so long been a peril to Italy's security and a threat to her national pride.

Italy is now constantly on the offensive and dominates one Austrian position after another, while the enemy, who boasted that he would have no difficulty in sweeping down immediately over Lombardy and Venetia, is reduced to an unsuccessful defensive accompanied by terrible losses of men and war materials.

The Lombardy-Trentino frontier was the result of the Italo-French war against Austria in 1859. when France concluded peace without the knowedge of Italy and Austria made the boundary. Seven years later Austria made the Venetian-Trentino boundary and that west of the Isonzo in similar circumstances, after the Italo-Prussian war against her.

ROME, Aug. 31, (via Paris.)—The official communication from the Italian General Headquarters, dated Aug. 31 and made public here tonight, says:

On the plateau northwest of Arsiero our troops attacked a strong position on Monte Maronia, north of Monte Maggio, and drove out the enemy. The enemy then concentrated an intense fire from pieces of every calibre on our new position, which, nevertheless, we retained and strengthened and in which we are now solidly established.

Around Plava, on the middle Isonzo front, groups of our crack riflemen boldly pushed forward against the enemy's lines and succeeded in silencing the few machine guns and trench mortars with which our adversary, for the past few days, had been hampering our approach to his works.

An incessant movement of troop trains at the Gorizia station is reported.

On the Carso front during today and yesterday, (Aug. 30,) a number of small actions occurred. The results were in our favor.

In the Monte dei Sei Busi zone our troops have occupied more trenches, in which we picked up arms and munitions abandoned by the enemy. Some progress also has been made east of Cave di Selz.

The enemy's artillery has resumed the bombardment of houses at Monfalcone.

VIENNA, Aug. 31, (via London.)—The following report on the operations along the Italian frontier was issued today:

On the southwest front today and yesterday there was no fighting of any importance. Two enemy attacks near San Martino and attacks against the southern part of the bridge-head of Tolmino and on our position in the Flitsch Valley were repulsed.

SOARS AGAIN OVER TRIESTE.

D'Annunzio, Returning, Is Acclaimed at Ancient Grado.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VENICE, Aug. 31, (via London.)—Gabrielle d'Annunzio once more has flown in an aeroplane over Trieste on a special mission. Returning, he stopped at Grado, visiting the ancient Roman remains of the sixth century. He was recognized by the people and spoke words of congratulation to them on their restoration to the fatherland, from which they had long been parted.

The inhabitants responded with emotion, acclaiming Italy and her poet, whose patriotism and energy made him worthy to sing her greatness. Women and children covered the poet with flowers.

NEBRASKAN SAILS AGAIN.

American Steamer Torpedoed by Germans Has Been Repaired.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 31.—The American steamer Nebraskan, which was badly damaged by a German torpedo off the southern coast of Ireland on May 25, sailed from this port for Delaware Breakwater today, repairs having been effected.

The torpedoing of the Nebraskan caused a grave impression in Washington. The vessel at the time was on her way from Liverpool to Delaware Breakwater in ballast. After an investigation Germany expressed regret for the incident and readiness to make reparation, assuring the United States Government that the attack "was not meant for the American flag, but is to be considered an unfortunate accident." The Nebraskan was placed in drydock at Birkenhead, where repairs recently were completed.

HUNGARY BARS NEWSPAPER.

Journal Published Here Attacked Teutons in Ignatius Lincoln Case.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 1.—The Budapest correspondent of The Morning Post sends the following:

"A decree of expulsion from Hungary has been issued against the Hungarian-American newspaper Vilagossag, edited by Louis Tarczai, brother of Ignatius Tribich Lincoln. This is the first case of a Hungarian newspaper dealt with in this manner. It is charged that the Vilagossag attacked the Austrian and German Foreign Ministers for not assisting in the defense of Lincoln."

MOVIES CURE DEAF-MUTE.

Wounded Soldier Recovers Faculties at Entertainment in Liverpool.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Robert Beck, of Chicago, who was made deaf and dumb by an injury sustained while fighting with the British army, suddenly recovered his speech and hearing today.

Beck, who was a motor cycle policeman on the Chicago force when the war began, became a dispatch bearer with the British troops and was struck down by a sniper's bullet in Flanders. He was taken to Liverpool.

From the day of his injury he had been unable to hear or speak, until he was taken with other convalescents to a motion picture entertainment in Liverpool. While watching a comic picture he suddenly burst out in [illegible]

RAMESES
The Aristocrat of Cigarettes
Also in Week End Tins
Stephano Bros.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BELGIAN DIPLOMAT SENSED WAR PLOT

Continued from Page 1.

excessive harshness of its conditions and by reason of the short delay allowed to the Belgrade Cabinet to carry them out, could have been drawn up without the knowledge of the German Government and without its active collaboration, when it involves for it the gravest consequences.

"What proves still more the perfect accord between the two Governments is their simultaneous refusal to prolong the period allowed to Serbia. The desire for immediate and unavoidable hostilities must have been the same in Berlin and Vienna.

"The paternity of the plan and the suggestion of the measures to be employed are attributed here in the diplomatic world, by reason of their very cleverness, worthy of a Bismarck, to the brain of a German rather than an Austrian diplomat. The secret has been well kept and its execution pursued with marvelous rapidity.

"Observe that if the secret aim of the statesmen of the two empires is not really to generalize the war and force Russia and France to take part in it, but only to wipe out the power of Serbia and to prevent her from pursuing her occult work of propaganda, the result is the same. It is impossible that the foreseeing of this result has escaped the clear-sighted eyes of the directors of the German Empire.

"In the one as in the other of these suppositions, the intervention of Russia would seem inevitable. They must have coldly faced this complication and prepared themselves to give energetic support to their allies.

"The prospect of the European war has not made them hesitate for an instant, even if the desire to unchain it has not been the motive of their conduct.

Reported Kaiser "Mortified."

The Daily News prints as "a most intersting document" a dispatch, dated Aug. 4, 1914, from the Belgian Minister at Berlin, giving a summary of a dramatic conversation he had on that day with Herr von Jagow, the German Foreign Secretary, relating to the German demand for leave of passage through Belgium. Herr von Jagow said:

"'We have been compelled by absolute necessity to make upon your Government this demand. It is for Germany a question of life and death. In order that she may not be crushed, she must herself first crush France, and then turn against Russia.

"'We have been informed that a French army is preparing to pass through Belgium in order to attack us on our flank. We are bound to prevent such an attack. If the Belgian Army does not blow up bridges and allows us to occupy Liège and itself retires to Antwerp, we promise not only to respect Belgian independence and the life and property of the inhabitants, but also to pay you indemnity.

"'It is with a feeling of extreme mortification (la mort dans l'ame—the death in the soul) that the Kaiser and his Government have been obliged to take this decision. To myself it is the most painful step that I have ever taken in all my career.'

"Baron Beyens's reply was: 'What would you say if we were to yield to a similar menace on the part of France? You would say that we were cowards, incapable of defending our neutrality and of leading an independent life. By way of acknowledgment of our loyalty you are about to turn Belgium into a battlefield between you and France. Europe will condemn you, and you will have England against you, as she is one of the guarantors of our neutrality.'

"'On being pressed,' Baron Bevens continues, 'Herr von Jagow admitted that we could not reply to the German demand otherwise than in the way we did reply, and that he understood our reply. He several times repeated the expression of his sorrow that things had come to such a pass, but I replied that nations no more than individuals could live without honor.'"

GERMANS BID FOR COTTON.

Offer to Buy 1,000,000 Bales at 15 Cents a Pound.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—German business men have transmitted to the United States an offer to buy 1,000,000 bales of cotton.

The price offered was 15 cents a pound, payable on delivery of the cotton in a German harbor.

At 15 cents a pound this reported offer from Germany involves the expenditure of $75,000,000.

WELSH MINERS WIN; NEW STRIKE AVERTED

Surface Workers to Get Same Bonus as the Others—Runciman's "Face Saved."

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Official announcement was made today that the dispute which threatened another extensive strike in the Welsh coal fields had been settled.

The agreement provides that the award made by Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, after the previous strike shall stand. The mine owners undertake, however, to conclude a supplemental agreement which will give to the engineers and other surface workers not included in Mr. Runciman's award the same bonus as that granted to the miners.

The exclusion of the surface workers was the chief source of dissatisfaction, and consequently the men have obtained what they demanded. Under today's agreement this has been accomplished without the necessity of upsetting the Ministerial award, so that ostensibly Mr. Runciman has not been reversed.

DON'T RECALL KAISER TOAST

American Officers Explain Also They Don't Understand German.

Special to The New York Times.

ASTORIA, Oregon, Aug. 31.—Upon being asked about the report that he was one of two United States Army officers who drank toasts to German success, Captain Leonard T. Waldron replied that he did not remember the incident. He said he did not understand German and would not be guilty of any breach of neutrality if he knew it.

Lieutenant Gardner substantiated the statement of Captain Waldron, and added:

"I certainly drank no toast to any one or anything. During the conversation one of the gentlemen in speaking about the progress of the war did ask me which side I favored. I considered the question rather an odd one for a stranger, and the only reply I made was that 'I was for the United States at any and all times.'

"That was the nearest to a toast that I heard during the entire evening. What the three gentlemen might have been talking about in the German language I cannot say, as I don't understand that language, but they gave no toasts in which we joined. That much is certain."

COURT AGAINST LINCOLN.

Intimates "German Spy" Must Be Extradited to England.

Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, a former member of the British Parliament and an alleged spy in the service of the German Government, who is fighting extradition to England on a charge of forgery, was arraigned yesterday before Judge Veeder in the United States District Court in Brooklyn. Lincoln was taken to court from the Raymond Street Jail on the application of the British Consul in New York. The accused man was not ready to go on with the case, and the hearing was adjourned until Friday. Lincoln declares that the forgery charges are a part of a political plot to get him back to England to be executed as a spy.

"A state of war does not affect the situation in the slightest degree," said Judge Veeder. "Great Britain is not under martial law. Her courts are open, and it must be assumed that justice will be done. The defendant is wanted for forgery and can be tried for that offense only. He cannot be tried for any political offense that ocurred prior to the alleged commission of the crime for which extradition is asked."

GERMANY ASKS FOR MONEY.

Issues Appeal for Third War Loan, to Open in Fortnight.

BERLIN, Aug. 31, (via London.)—The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung printed an appeal today for subscriptions to the third German war loan.

It is understood that the subscriptions will begin within two or three weeks, and will be at 99, as compared with 98½ when the March loan was raised.

Lafayette Fund Seeks Aid.

The Lafayette Fund, with headquarters at the Vanderbilt Hotel, which has sent thousands of comfort kits to the soldiers in the French trenches, announced yesterday that it was making preparations to care for hundreds of children in France made destitute by the war. Contributions should be sent to the Lafayette Fund, Vanderbilt Hotel.

EXPECT BLOCKADE CONCESSION TODAY

Continued from Page 1.

tion, requisition, or confiscation, and that this would, of course, include all outward-bound traffic from the neutral country.

While the United States Government could not lend its aid in such an "official and formal manner" to procuring American-owned goods now in Germany for importers here that would even in the slightest degree amount to recognition of the British position in respect to noncontraband goods, especially from neutral ports, the foreign trade advisers of the State Department have for months been trying to aid American importers by presenting proofs of ownership of goods to the British Embassy.

This arrangement only applied to American-owned goods at Rotterdam, which had been actually paid for before March 1, and did not include goods which, while contracted for before March 1, had not been paid for by the American importers. This was because the British Government had insisted that it could not grant special permits for goods not paid for by American importers. First it was insisted by the British authorities that the goods bought before March 1 and actually paid for, should be moved before March 15. Later the time within which the goods must be moved was extended to June 15. Since June 15 the foreign trade advisers of the State Department had been unable until the past week to obtain any assurances that goods not actually paid for before March 1, although contracted for, might also receive permits.

Hopes of the foreign trade advisers were revived by the information that attorneys in London, representing American importers, had obtained special permits for the shipments of consignments of German goods ordered before March 1, but not paid for. It is understood that goods worth about $600,000, were affected by these permits.

Issuance of such permits seemed to indicate that the British Government had granted favors to attorneys at London which it had failed to grant to foreign trade advisers of the State Department acting as spokesmen for American importers claiming to have goods in Rotterdam worth about $150,000,000.

The matter was brought to the attention of the British Government, with the result that informal assurances were given that a plan would be perfected by which American importers could make applications at Washington for the issuance of similar special permits.

DENIES TALK OF "EMBARGO."

Von Bernstorff Says He Didn't Assert Berlin Was Checking Exports.

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, denied last night a report, published in an afternoon paper, that he had told callers that Germany would not cease to discourage exports to America, despite England's readiness to raise her blockade to some extent.

"The report is all wrong," he said through his secretary. "I have discussed the subject with no one, and I know nothing of any such policy. If I made an announcement on any subject it would be in the form of a written statement."

The article said that the Ambassador stated that Germany would discourage exports to America, because it would amount to a recognition of the legality of the English blockade, if goods were allowed to come over now, which could not come when the blockade was in full force, and because Germany was unwilling to allow any goods that England might need to come within reach of the British fleet. It was said that the Ambassador "made it clear to callers that the German Government would not permit goods, now within its borders, to reach the United States by grace of the British Government," and that "what amounts to an embargo, though not officially proclaimed, is raised against exports."

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

ENGLAND TELLS OF GERMAN TRAP

Foreign Office Says Proposed Agreement of 1912 Would Have Tied British Hands

BUT LEFT GERMANY FREE

Russia and France Would Have Been Left to Fight Against the Dual Empire.

BRITISH OFFER NOT ENOUGH

England Willing to Agree Not to Join Any Alliance—Word "Neutrality" Objected To.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The British Foreign Office tonight issued a lengthy statement concerning the negotiations between Great Britain and Germany in 1912, compiled from the official records in the Foreign Office. The statement follows:

"An account of the 1912 Anglo-German negotiations was published in the semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung last month. This account was misleading, and, no doubt, was intended to mislead. It made it appear that the British Government had at that time rejected what would be regarded in many quarters as a reasonable offer of friendship from Germany. In these circumstances it may be as well to publish a statement of facts compiled from the official records here.

The German Formula.

"Early in 1912 the German Chancellor sketched to Lord Haldane (then British Lord High Chancellor) the following formula as one which would meet the views of the Imperial Government:

First—The high contracting parties assure each other mutually of their desire for peace and freindship.

Second—They will not, either of them, make or prepare to make any unprovoked attack upon the other or join in any combination or design against the other for the purpose of aggression; or become a party to any plan of naval or military enterprise, alone or in combination with any other power, directed to such an end, and declare themselves not to be bound by any such engagement.

Third—If either of the high contracting parties becomes entangled in war with one or more powers in which it cannot be said to be the aggressor, the other party will at least observe toward the power so entangled benevolent neutrality, and will use its utmost endeavor for the localization of the conflict. If either of the high contracting parties are forced to go to war by obvious provocation by a third party, they bind themselves to enter into an exchange of views concerning their attitude.

Fourth — The duty of neutrality which arises out of the preceding article has no application insofar as it may not be reconcilable with existing agreements which the high contracting parties already have made.

Fifth — The making of new agreements which render it impossible for either of the parties to observe neutrality toward the other, beyond what is provided by the preceding limitation, is excluded in conformity with the provisions of Article 2.

Sixth — The high contracting parties declare they will do all in their power to prevent differences and misunderstandings arising between them and other powers.

"Unfair and One-Sided."

"These conditions, although in appearance fair as between the parties, would have been grossly unfair and one-sided in their operation. Owing to the general position of the European powers and the treaty engagements by which they were bound, the result of Articles 4 and 5 would have been that, while Germany, in case of a European conflict, would have remained free to support her friends, this country would have been forbidden to raise a finger in defense of hers.

"Germany could arrange without difficulty that the formal inception of hostilities should rest with Austria. If Austria and Russia were at war Germany would support Austria, as is evident from what occurred at the end of July, 1914, while as soon as Russia was attacked by two powers France was bound to come to her assistance. In other words, the pledge of neutrality offered by Germany would have been absolutely valueless, because she could always plead the necessity of fulfilling her existing obligations under the Triple Alliance as an excuse for departing from neutrality.

"On the other hand, no such departure, however serious the provocation, would have been possible for this country, which was bound by no alliances, with the exception of those of Japan and Portugal, while the making of fresh alliances was prohibited by Article V. In a word, as appeared still more evident later, there was to be a guarantee of absolute neutrality on one side, but not on the other. It was impossible for us to enter into a contract so obviously inequitable, and the formula accordingly was rejected by Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary.

The British Formula.

"Count Paul Wolff-Metternich, then German Ambassador to Great Britain, upon this pressed for counterproposals, which, he stated, would be without prejudice and not binding unless we were satisfied our wishes were met on the naval question. On this understanding Sir Edward Grey, on the 14th of March, 1912, gave Count Wolff-Metternich the following draft formula, which had been approved by the Cabinet:

England will make no unprovoked attack upon Germany and pursue no aggressive policy toward her. Aggression upon Germany is not the subject and forms no part of any treaty, understanding, or combination to which England is now a party, nor will she become a party to anything that has such an object.

"Count Wolff-Metternich thought this formula inadequate and suggested two alternative additional clauses:

England will therefore observe at least benevolent neutrality should war be forced upon Germany.

Or,

England will, therefore, as a matter of course, remain neutral if war is forced upon Germany.

"This, he added, would not be binding unless our wishes were met with regard to the naval program. Sir Edward Grey considered that the British proposals were sufficient. He explained that if Germany desired to crush France England might not be able to sit still, though if France were aggressive or attacked Germany no support would be given by his Majesty's Government or approved by England.

Germany's "Real Object."

"It is obvious that the real object of the German proposal was to obtain the neutrality of England in all eventualities, since, should war break out, Germany would certainly contend that it had been forced upon her, and would claim that England should remain neutral.

"An admirable example of this is the present war, in which, in spite of the facts, Germany contends war had been forced upon her. Even the third member of the Triple Alliance, who had sources of information not open to us, did not share this view, but regarded it as an aggressive war.

"Sir Edward Grey eventually proposed the following formula:

The two powers being mutually desirous of securing peace and friendship between them, England declares that she will neither make nor join in any unprovoked attack on Germany. Aggression upon Germany forms no part of any treaty, understanding, or combination to which England now is a party, nor will she become a party to anything that has such an object.

"Sir Edward Grey, when he handed this formula to Count Wolff-Metternich, said that the use of the word 'neutrality' would convey the impression that more was meant than was warranted by the text. He suggested that the substance of what was required would be obtained from the more accurately expressed words 'will neither make nor join in any unprovoked attack.'

The German Naval Bill.

"Count Wolff-Metternich thereupon received instructions to make it quite clear that the Chancellor could recommend to the Emperor to give up the essential parts of the Novelle (the bill then pending for an increase of the German navy) only if we could conclude an agreement guaranteeing neutrality of a far-reaching character and leaving no doubt as to any interpretation. He admitted that the Chancellor's wish amounted to a guarantee of absolute neutrality, failing which the Novelle must proceed.

"Count Wolff-Metternich stated that there was no chance of a withdrawal of the Novelle, but said that it might be modified. It would be disappointing to the Chancellor if we did not go beyond the formula we had suggested.

"Sir Edward Grey said that he could understand that there would be disappointment if his Majesty's Government were to state that the carrying out of the Novelle would put an end to the negotiations and form an insurmountable obstacle to better relations. His Majesty's Government did not say this, and they hoped that the formula which they had suggested might be considered in connection with the discussion of territorial arrangements, even if it did not prove effective in preventing an increase in the naval expenditures.

"Sir Edward Grey added that if some arrangement could be made between the two Governments it would have a favorable, though indirect, effect upon naval expenditures. As time went on, it would have, moreover, a favorable direct effect on the public opinion of both countries.

"A few days afterward Count Wolff-Metternich communicated to Sir Edward Grey the substance of a letter from the Chancellor, in which the latter said that as the formula suggested by his Majesty's Government was, from the German point of view, insufficient, and as his Majesty's Government could not agree to the larger formula for which he had asked, the Novelle must proceed on the lines on which it had been presented to the Federal Council.

"The negotiations then came to an end, and with them the hope of a mutual reduction in the expenditure for armaments by the two countries."

LIFE INSURANCE LOSS BIG.

46,000 Claims Against British Industrial Companies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—It is estimated that the war has cost the life insurance offices in the British Empire $27,500,000 so far.

The number of claims of the British regular line life offices are not available, but the claims of the industrial offices now number 46,000, which is 4,000 more than a month ago.

DR. BOBO IN CUBA.

Says He Left Haiti Because His Popularity Would Provoke Disorder.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Aug. 31.—Dr. Bobo, one of the leaders of the recent revolution in Haiti, is now at Santiago de Cuba.

In an interview he explained that he left Haiti because he thought his immense popularity there was sure to provoke public disorder.

WARWICK MADE CONTROLLER

Wilson Appointee Has Been Long in the Federal Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—President Wilson today announced the recess appointments of Walter W. Warwick of Ohio to be Controller of the Treasury, to succeed George E. Downey, who has been appointed to the Court of Claims, and Charles M. Foree, to be Assistant Controller of the Treasury. Both appointments are promotions within the service. Mr. Warwick has been in the Controller's office for many years, and since 1913 has been Assistant Controller. Mr. Foree is Chief Clerk in the Controller's office.

Mr. Warwick came to Washington many years ago as private secretary to the first Controller of the Treasury after the reorganization of the department by act of Congress. President Taft sent him to Panama as auditor, and while Mr. Warwick was on the Isthmus offered him a place on the local Federal bench, which Mr. Warwick declined. Later President Taft made Mr. Warwick a member of the so-called Cleveland Efficiency Commission, which was organized in an effort to put the business of the Government on a business basis.

Policeman, Off Duty, Saves Girl.

Policeman James H. Redmond of Jamaica rescued Miss Lillie K. Grote, 362 East 156th Street, the Bronx, who became exhausted while swimming at Rockaway Park yesterday afternoon. The policeman, who is on his vacation, was training for a two-mile swim in which he intends to participate on Labor Day, when he heard the young woman's cries for help, swam out, and brought her to shore.

PRESIDENT WANTS AN ARMY OF 300,000?

Continued from Page 1.

Meyer and Charles J. Bonaparte arraigned Secretary of the Navy Daniels. Mr. Thompson said he had received requests from all parts of the country for copies of the speeches and asked that they be published. Mr. Menken and other officials replied that they were not in a position to spend money for that purpose. There were other disagreements and finally a quarrel. Mr. Thompson accused Mr. Menken of playing Democratic politics and Mr. Menken replied that on the contrary he had been accused of assailing the Administration.

Mr. Thompson and Cushing Stetson then founded the American Defense Society, with an Advisory Board that included Theodore Roosevelt, Charles J. Bonaparte, Truman H. Newberry, Hudson Maxim, Major George Haven Putnam, Frederic R. Coudert, and Commander Roland R. Riggs, U. S. N., retired. Recently R. W. Neeser, J. Bernard Walker of The Scientific American, and ex-Secretary of War Dickinson, who accepted membership in the American Defense Society, have sent in their resignations.

The society has so far failed to get membership in the Conference Committee on National Preparedness, which now consists of the Navy League, National Security League, Army League, Aero Club of America, American Legion, Automobile Club of America, Red Cross, and American Institute of Engineers.

HEADS NAVY LEAGUE BOARD.

Robert L. Bacon Accepts Chairmanship of Executive Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Robert L. Bacon, former Secretary of State and former Ambassador to France, who is now serving at the rooky camp at Plattsburg, has accepted the Chairmanship of the Executive Committee of the Navy League, according to announcement from the league's offices here this afternoon. Mr. Bacon has been an active member of the league for some time and yesterday was elected a Director in New York.

Other members of the Executive Committee are Perry Belmont of Washington, John Callan O'Laughlin of Washington, Ralph Beaver Strassburger of Norristown, Penn.; Charles A. Fowler of New York, and Colonel Robert M. Thompson of New York, President of the league and ex officio member of the Directorate.

The league is now working for the creation of a naval reserve of 50,000 men made up of graduates of Annapolis, former warrant officers and non-commissioned officers of the navy, and former enlisted men.

MAY PREPARE IF THEY WISH.

Pennsylvania R. R. Gives Its Men Time to Drill at Their Own Expense.

The Publicity Bureau of the Pennsylvania Railroad yesterday issued a statement denying a report circulated in Philadelphia that the road was preparing to place an army of 100,000 of its employes at the disposal of the United States Government in case of war.

What the railroad has done is to notify all department heads of the Pennsylvania system east of Pittsburgh that any employes who wish to take two weeks in addition to the regular two weeks' vacation for the purpose of attending military training camps may do so. No salaries will be paid during the extra vacation. This order affects about 150,000 men.

WINGED TORPEDOES IN BIG SKY ATTACK

Allies to Mass Bomb-Carrying Aircraft Under Automatic Control, Says A. B. Lambert.

LATEST EVOLUTION OF WAR

President of St. Louis Aero Club Describes a New Destruction Engine Which Guides Itself.

"At the end of six months there is going to be the greatest aerial attack by the allied forces in Europe that the world has ever seen," said Albert Bond Lambert, President of the Aero Club of St. Louis and a prominent member of the Aero Club of America, yesterday before leaving New York for his home.

"During the three years that I spent studying the science of aeronautics in France I knew a great many persons who have been taking an important part in the handling of the aerial service of the Allies," he continued, "and since the beginning of the war I have been able to keep in close touch with events in this line abroad through them. While I am not at liberty to make known the sources of my information regarding the coming mass attack with aeroplanes, I can say that they are many.

"The sensational feature of the attack will be that not a single aviator's life will be risked. Since the idea of building torpedo-carrying aeroplanes originated in this country the Allies have been experimenting on it continuously. They have now perfected a small aircraft which can carry a huge torpedo, or bomb, and which can be mechanically adjusted before it is sent into the air, so that it will fly and guide itself until the moment is reached for it to drop the torpedo. The torpedo is set free by a time-clock arrangement, and can be dropped accurately as far as twenty-five miles away from the original starting point of the little aeroplane.

Drops Its Bomb and Is Lost.

"No aviator accompanies the aircraft and torpedo; it is run entirely like a mechanical toy, and once it has dropped the bomb it is allowed to go wherever it will and destroy itself in its unguided descent to earth. When it is considered that it costs from $5,000 to $8,000 to make a modern torpedo, and that the little aeroplanes that will be used for these aerial bombs cost only $2,000 to construct, it can be seen that the abandoning of the machine in mid-air will not mean any great loss, as war expenses are rated.

"The Allies are now building great numbers of these little aircraft and the word has gone around that a grand air bombardment is to take place about the first of the year. I do not know whether specific points at which the aerial torpedoes are to be launched have been decided upon as yet, but from the descriptions that I have received of the manner in which they work it appears that they will prove invaluable as weapons.

"There is no defense against them. They are simply a matter of evolution, as the modern dreadnought and the submarine were matters of evolution, and a defense against them has not yet been devised. The submarine proved a greater weapon than the cruiser for certain purposes; the aerial torpedo will undoubtedly prove a far greater weapon than the old form of aeroplane.

"If the Dardanelles have not been captured by the time this air raid takes place, undoubtedly the aerial torpedoes will be used there. They will enable allied ships to stand out of range of the Turkish guns and to demolish the Turkish forts with aircraft that do not carry men. This form of aircraft must undoubtedly prove of the greatest efficacy wherever there is a bombarding fleet.

As It Would Affect New York.

"Suppose New York were being bombarded by a hostile fleet, for example. Safely beyond reach of our guns, twenty-five miles or more out in the sea, the enemy could send these aircraft over our heads timed to drop their bombs on the fortifications at Sandy Hook and directly in New York City. We would be at the mercy of the invading fleet with no method to strike back at them.

"While this highly effective modification of the old aeroplane is being worked out in Europe, it is based largely on ideas which originated in this country and which our country has thus far failed to develop for its own defense. It was never imagined that an aeroplane could be left to itself in the air, without a guiding aviator, until such devices as the Sperry stabilizer were invented. Sperry lives in Brooklyn, and he has received $50,000 for creating the gyroscopic stabilizer, but he received this amount not from the United States, but from the French government.

"The principle by which the little aircraft are guided, while flying, without a controlling hand is much the same as that by which water torpedoes are guided. Water torpedoes can now be made to run around a ship in a circle, or to describe the figure eight in the water. This is done by means of the gyroscope and the effect the water has on it. The same idea is carried out in the air."

Says Zeppelins Have Been Busy.

Mr. Lambert said that a mistaken idea had gained currency in this country regarding the effectiveness of the Zeppelin.

"It has been concluded here that the Zeppelin is a failure," he said, "but this is far from the truth of the matter. One instance in which its effectiveness can be seen is this: From two to three hundred of England's best aviators are spending all of their time in the vicinity of London, and about five hundred of their best aircraft are kept there, to ward off Zeppelin attacks. The fact that Zeppelins have appeared over London several times, has made this necessary. Thus an important part of England's air fighting division is kept always at home.

"But the most important feature of the success of the Zeppelin is to be found on the Russian front. Only on rare occasions have we heard of Zeppelin attacks on this front. And yet the Allied airmen know that Germany has had a large percentage of her Zeppelins on the eastern front. They have done more than make attacks with them. They have been able to use them of observation purposes behind their own lines.

"The aeroplane cannot do this work satisfactorily; it must move too rapidly. The German officers have been enabled by their Zeppelins to ascend far over their lines and study the grouping and massing of their own forces as it compared with that of the Russians. And then, by hurried movements and massed plunges against the Russians' weakest spots, they have been able to play havoc with the greater numbers pitted against them.

"If the Russians had had anything like the number of Zeppelins and aeroplanes that the Germans had they would never be in retreat at the present moment."

Thinks United States Is Negligent.

Mr. Lambert, who has made approximately 3,000 flights in aeroplanes of his own, believes that the most revolutionary development of the present war has been in the field of aviation, and that the United States should pay more attention to the improvement of its aerial defense. He is the President of a large drug manufacturing company in St. Louis. When asked yesterday if he had ever given any consideration to the question of preparing poisonous gases for the use of the American Army in the event that it was involved in a war, he said:

"No, I don't think we need devote any time to that. I don't think the American Army will ever have to wage that kind of warfare."

THE COLD WAVE SPREADS.

Extends from Rocky Mountains to Atlantic and Into the Gulf States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Summer's coldest weather was spread today over the northern part of the country from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic and southward well into the Gulf States. Warmer weather is in prospect for tomorrow. New low temperatures for August were reported to the Weather Bureau generally from the Ohio Valley, Indiana, Illinois, Eastern Missouri and Texas. Light frosts occurred during the night in portions of Michigan, Indiana and Illinois.

In the Far West high temperatures continued.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 31.—All low temperature records for the month of August since the establishment of the Weather Bureau in this city in 1870 were broken when the mercury went to 44 degrees at 6 o'clock this morning. The previous low record was 46 degrees, made Aug. 23, 1900.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 31.—This city today experienced the coldest August day in the history of the local Weather Bureau. The Government building thermometer registered 46 degrees, while the Clifton Observatory reported 43 degrees.

TOY AIRSHIP MAKES RECORD

Hand-Started Monoplane Model Makes 3,537 Feet.

At the second of the series of model aeroplane contests for the Aero Club of America prizes and the Henry S. Villard Trophy, held yesterday afternoon at the Garden City Aerodrome, a model monoplane owned and flown by Wallace A. Lauder, President of the Summit (N. J.) Model Aero Club, broke the world's record of 2,336 feet for model monoplanes. In the second flight of the hand-launched machine it flew 3,537 feet and was in the air four minutes. It reached a height of 500 feet.

Only one club, the Summit Model Aero Club, was represented. The flying conditions were ideal, and there was a ten-mile wind blowing out of the East. Mr. Lauder's machine in its first flight covered 2,273 feet. The second contestant was Carter Tiffany, Secretary of the club, whose model flew 1,843 feet.

The judges, representing the Aero Club of America, were Henry Woodhouse, G. Douglas Wardrop, Howard Huntington, Walter H. Phipps, and Burt M. McConnell.

DANIELS CORRECTS LODGE ON NAVY

Asserts Senator Misquoted Him as Saying Ships Were Fit for Any Emergency.

POINTS TO LAST TWO YEARS

Shows Rapid Upbuilding—Won't Make Political Capital by Blaming Republicans.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 31.—Secretary Daniels of the navy has written to Senatory Henry Cabot Lodge the following letter, in answer to the speech made by the Senator at the Republican gathering at Riverside last Saturday:

U. S. S. Dolphin, Bar Harbor, Me.,
Aug. 29, 1915.

Senator H. C. Lodge, Boston, Mass.:

Dear Senator: The Boston papers of Sunday, reporting your speech at Riverside, quote you as making this statement:

"Secretary Daniels said, 'The American Navy is fit for any emergency.'"

I never made any such statement to anybody, at any place, at any time. What I did say in my speech in Boston after the naval review, which made the Governor's Conference and others proud of the splendid ships in the review, was: "We should steadily strengthen the American Navy so that it will be fit for any emergency."

We are both agreed in favoring a larger and a stronger navy and deploring the fact that a too-small program during past years denies us as strong a navy as we would have if every Congress for twenty years had voted as much for new construction as the Sixty-third Congress. If every previous Congress had been as generous to the navy as the Congress elected with President Wilson, we would now have almost as many battleships and submarines as the General Board recommended.

As you may not have the facts before you, I am sure you will be glad to have your attention called to the fact that during the first two years of the Wilson Administration five dreadnoughts were ordered, as against two during the last two years of Taft's, and the Sixty-third Congress ordered twenty-six submarines, as against twelve ordered by the Sixty-second Congress. If every previous Congress had done as well for the navy in these particulars, there would be less cause to worry about the navy of today.

I agree with you that the next Congress should increase the number of men in the navy, so as to have enough trained men for the new ships authorized. It may be interesting in this connection to state that when President Taft went into office the number of enlisted men in the navy was 47,515. When Wilson was elected President there were only 47,347 enlisted men in the navy, or a decrease of 169 for the four years, though in the meantime Congress authorized an increase of 4,000.

Since I became Secretary of the Navy we have increased the enlistments 5,824 men, enough additional personnel to enable us to commission fully twenty submarines, four battleships, four destroyers, six gunboats, six cruisers, and three monitors, increasing the number of commissioned vessels forty-one over the number commissioned on March 1, 1913.

These facts should be widely known, because the public is entitled to know what progress has been made in the increase of their navy. Instead of being satisfied with the navy as it is today, I am strongly in favor of steadily increasing it in every material unit experience teaches us necessary, as well as increasing the personnel.

There should be no partisan politics injected in a naval program. Your party has been in entire control of government from 1897 to 1913. If I were disposed to make political capital out of the fact that the navy is not as strong as it should be it would be easy to say: "If there is lack of preparedness the fault lies at the door of the party that has been in full control for many years."

The navy will not be strengthened for me to charge your party for neglecting the navy from 1897 to 1913, or for you to seek to lay all the blame for what the navy lacks to my party because in two years it has not created as powerful a navy as we both favor. Our appeals should rather be made to the American people of all parties to favor a strong and well-proportioned navy, equal to any emergency. Sincerely yours,

JOSEPHUS DANIELS.

Chokes to Death on Lima Bean.

Mrs. Rebecca Scandlen, 76 years old, of 6 Maple Street, Brooklyn Hills, Queens County, was eating her midday meal when a particularly large lima bean became lodged in her throat yesterday. Her family, frightened when she began to suffocate, hurriedly summoned a physician, but he arrived too late. Mrs. Scandlen had choked to death before he got there.

COSTUME WELCOME TO WARDEN OSBORNE

Continued from Page 1.

lowed with placards and banners welcoming "Tom Brown" back home.

But it was the shipping department that had the distinction of being the first in New York to name Warden Osborne as a Gubernatorial candidate. On one side of a great banner, waved in the air by one of their members, who was wheeled along in a decorated barrow, was "Welcome, Tom Brown." They stopped in front of the stand, and all removed their caps to cheer the standard bearer [illegible]. On the other side of the banner, above and below a picture of the Warden, was this:

Tom Brown,
Our Next Governor.

Reliable reports have it that the cheering could be heard across the river when the prisoners saw the banner. A man whose record includes several arrests for repeating at the polls was among the first to offer his services [illegible] the Warden ran for office after his term was finished.

Osborne Tells of His Trip.

When all the men had paraded past they prevailed upon the Warden to speak to them, and he told of having made speeches in their behalf while he was at Bar Harbor and Newport. Newport society had become especially interested in them, he said, and he told of the formation of a council there to work for prison welfare. Many persons of influence had become interested, he told the men, and he had advised them to visit Sing Sing for first-hand knowledge of the conditions.

He denied that he had made any reflection in his speeches [illegible] the staff at Sing Sing.

Deputy Warden Johnson, who has resigned, and will be succeeded by Ellis C. Church, made a farewell speech to the prisoners. He expects to leave soon to head a reformatory. Professor Whitin and Father Cashin spoke briefly.

CELEBRATE OPENING OF ARK

Rare Rite Observed on Behalf of European Jews.

The ceremony of the Opening of the Ark, which has not been celebrated in this country for many years and which is one of the most solemn rites of grief of the Jewish faith, was observed last night in the synagogue of Congregation Beth Hamidrash Hagodal, 65 Norfolk Street, on behalf of suffering Jews in Europe. There Rabbi Israel Rosenberg of Paterson presided at a meeting of twenty-five rabbis and 1,000 members of the congregation.

After the rabbis had assembled on the platform with their backs to the congregation one of them drew back a curtain and opened the doors of the ark. The rabbis began a chant of the prayer "Ovinoo Malkeynoo," and slowly the women and men of the congregation joined in. When the ark had been closed and the chant ended Rabbi Margolis proclaimed Sept. 5 a day for general fasting, in sympathy for the 8,000,000 suffering Jews in Europe and Palestine, and ordained that on each of the approaching holidays a silver collection should be taken for them in all synagogues.

It was arranged to issue to each synagogue in the United States subscription blanks for the relief of Jews abroad. These are numbered, and through them it is hoped to obtain an approximate census of the Jews in this country.

FOR A JEWISH CONGRESS.

Chicago Meeting Plans Unification of 3,000,000 Jews in America.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—Resolutions calling for an American-Jewish congress to formulate plans for the unification of the 3,000,000 Jews in the United States were adopted at a meeting here tonight of the Lawyers' Jewish Congress Committee. The resolutions provided for the calling of an American-Jewish congress, to be convened on a representative plan, at which demands would be formulated on behalf of all Jews and action taken to expedite the granting of those demands.

American Jews, it was stated, comprised the largest Jewish population of any neutral country, and it was believed for that reason their demands would carry more weight.

THE CAYMANS DEVASTATED.

Majority of Cocoanut Trees Blown Down—Jamaica Aids Islanders.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 31.—A report received by the local Government from the Commissioner on Cayman Brac, to the northwest of Jamaica, indicates that the Cayman Islands suffered unparalleled damage in the West Indian hurricane of Aug. 13. Three-quarters of the 270 houses on the island were completely demolished, and 8 per cent. of the cocoanut trees were destroyed.

While the blow was not so severe on Little Cayman, half of the cocoanut trees were wiped out and several schoooners were washed ashore.

As indicating the force of the storm at Cayman Brac, the new Government buildings, including the Post Office, the Collector's office and the Court House were carried completely off their foundations, while a store building 30 by 40 feet in dimensions was lifted bodily and landed on the opposite side of a forty-foot highway.

The schooners Blondyke and Connolley were driven ashore and the schooner Curacao, from Nasau, with a cargo of oil and gasoline, was lost. Much wreckage and two bodies were washed ashore.

Other schooners blown on shore were the Ithamar, loaded with lumber for Jamaica, and the Ocean Flower, the latter being completely wrecked.

Fifteen hundred persons are virtually destitute. Relief in the form of foodstuffs has been sent from here.

COLORADO PLOT CHARGES.

Mine Workers' Detectives Accused of Conspiring Against Militia.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 31.—A conspiracy to disrupt the Colorado National Guard and to obtain wholesale indictments of State officers and coal mine operators was charged in a partial report of the military court of inquiry made public tonight by order of Governor George A. Carlson.

The alleged conspiracy, according to the report, was entered into by a party of detectives under direction of A. M. Belcher of West Virginia, general counsel for the United Mine Workers of America, and C. D. Elliott, former Adjutant General of West Virginia.

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NEW YORK FIRM BIDS LOW.

Wells Bros. May Build Westchester $600,000 Court House.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 31.—There were fifty bidders who appeared before the Westchester County Building Commission this afternoon and submitted bids for the erection of the new $600,000 court house. The commission, which consists of Robert S. Brewster of Mount Kisco, George E. Mertz of Portchester, and Arthur W. Lawrence of Bronxville, opened all the bids and found that the lowest was submitted by Wells Brothers of New York City.

Their bid is $543,000 for an Indiana limestone building, and $87,500 additional if Mohegan granite is used. The bids for the erection of the new $500,000 penitentiary and tuberculosis hospital, which is to be erected on the Alexander Smith Cochran estate at Eastview, will be asked for in a few days.

MORE TROOPS GO TO GUARD TEXAS

Continued from Page 1.

people. This was in November, 1910. They were all good shots, and won the first skirmish with the Federals at San Andreas without difficulty. This gave him a following, and the battle of Pedpaneles followed. There it was that Orozco, having never seen a machine gun before, charged one single-handed and succeeded in capturing it, admitting afterward that he did not know what the machine gun could do. Mal Paso was the next battle, and then Orozco joined with Madero in the Spring of 1911, when he besieged Juarez but did not succeed in taking the town. It was then that Madero crossed the line and joined Orozco's force after Garibaldi and Eduardo Hay had joined.

Facing superior forces, he remained in the field throughout the Madero revolution, escaping the pursuing federals by his knowledge of the mountains and the mobility of his mounted men. When Madero became President, Orozco accompanied him to Mexico City, but following a disagreement over large sums of money, Orozco alleged to be due him, he and his father abandoned their allegiance to Madero and again took to the hills.

With the fall of Madero, Orozco joined the adherents of Huerta and became one of the most active of the military chiefs of the latter. He took part in scores of engagements and skirmishes in Chihuahua, Durango, Coahuila and Nuevo Leon.

Determined efforts were made to capture Orozco and his band, but he always managed to slip through the net.

He was one of the nine Federal Generals at the battle of Ojinaga. The majority of the Federal officers and more than 4,000 men were interned in the United States after that disastrous defeat by the Villa forces, but Orozco made his escape and soon organized another command.

Thoroughly familiar with the border, he slipped in and out of Mexico apparently at will, although immediate execution was the kindest fate he might expect if captured by the Constitutionalists or the Villistas. He was equally successful in avoiding United States troops and Federal officers. He is known to have lived for months within a short distance of El Paso, but although a dozen expeditions were organized to capture him, he always received warning in time to make his escape to the hills.

His band finally was broken up last August with the advance on Mexico City of the Constitutionalists under Obregon, Jesus Carranza, Pablo Gonzales, and Gutierrez, while Villa's troops held the road to his old haunts to the north. He again slipped through the lines, however, and made his way into the United States.

With the arrival in the United States of General Huerta, Orozco joined his former Chief and accompanied him on the journey to El Paso which culminated in the arrest of both at Newman, N. M., last June by United States officials. After being released on bond he again escaped a few nights later and since that time it is supposed he has been in the vicinity where he was killed.

CARRANZA REFUSES ANY OUTSIDE HELP

Says No Nation Has a Right to Interfere in the Internal Affairs of Mexico.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Aug. 31.—In a conversation with General Carranza today, he was asked why he would not enter the peace conference.

"Under no consideration," he said, "would I permit interference in the internal affairs of Mexico, as no nation has the right to interfere in the internal affairs of any country. No one has any right to interfere in the domestic affairs of a private house, to tell the owners how they must settle their affairs. Any one doing so must expect to meet resistance, which naturally could not be overcome except by overwhelming force." Asked if an embargo on arms would shorten the revolution, he said:

"I do not think so, as we had to start against Huerta without arms when Huerta had immense supplies of all kinds of munitions. He was defeated in spite of that fact, the very evident reason being that the Constitutionalists had the people supporting their movement."

General Carranza added that he had captured 3,000,000 rounds of ammunition from Villa at Aguascalientes which were, however, of different calibre than those used by the Constitutionalists.

The First Chief was gratified by the spirit of cohesion displayed by the Generals and Governors to whom the note was sent, as without exception and without suggestion, he said, they had referred the answer to him, showing they were a unit with no possibility of a split in the movement.

Asked when the revolution would be over, he said he thought it would end within six months, as within three months the Constitutionalists would be in Juarez. All organized resistance would be finished in less time if Villa would accept battle, as the Villa forces, he said, were degenerating into bandits, while the Zapatistas never made a stand.

"The fact that Villa is steadily beaten," he said, "shows that the Mexican people as a whole are suporting the Constitutionalist Government."

"What steps have been taken by the Government to relieve the food situation?"

"The Government has purchased large quantities of food, selling it at cost; has started large public works giving work to thousands of unemployed, revoked duties, so merchants could import food supplies, and is rapidly repairing railroads, to permit the entrance of large quantities of foodstuffs held for lack of communication. We have purchased 7,000 tons of wheat and corn from one hacienda, showing the immense quantities existing in the interior. With railroads open, we would have enough supplies until the new crops."

Questioned further about political developments, General Carranza said he would not talk of political movements, as it was not the right time, until the revolution was over, when elections would be called. He added his enemies had painted him black in the press of the United States because he was honest and never could be handled by the large interests. He was confident, however, the world would realize he had only the interest of the future of Mexico at heart.

SCOTT REPORTS TO WILSON.

President Gets First-Hand Data on Conditions Along Border.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—President Wilson got a first-hand report of conditions on the Mexican border today from Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff of the Army, just returned from El Paso, where he conferred with General Villa and other Mexican leaders.

General Scott told the President the Pan-American peace appeal was favorably received throughout the territory controlled by the Villa Army. The General said he expected the Pan-American conferees would meet again soon.

The Pan-American peace appeal now has been delivered to all military and political leaders in Mexico. Several leaders in remote sections have just been reached by courier, and to give them time for reply there probably will be no meeting of the Pan-American conferees until next week.

General Carranza's reply still is lacking, but it has been authoritatively declared that the conferees will proceed irrespective of his attitude.

Major Gen. Scott also conferred with Lansing today and reported the result of his conference with General Villa and other Northern Mexicans. General Scott said Villa and his adherents were sincerely anxious for peace.

"General Villa," said General Scott, "is earnestly desirous for peace in Mexico, and he is willing to sacrifice any personal ambitions and to eliminate himself if necessary in order to bring it about."

Advices reaching here today from Mexico City indicated that some of the foreign diplomats there were preparing to set up de facto relations with Carranza upon his arrival at the old capital. None of the representatives of foreign Governments accompanied Carranza when he moved his Government to Vera Cruz.

Today's reports said that conditions in Mexico City on account of food shortage still were bad.

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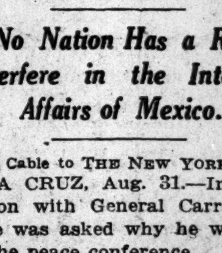

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Sewing Basket—(at right) Tan English wicker body, colored morocco cover and rim, satin lining to match. Inside cover fitted with scissors, thimble, knitting, darning and milliner's needles, bodkin, and two packages of sewing needles. 8¼ x 6 x 3¼ inches.....$6.75

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ADOPT TAX ARTICLE AS UP-STATE WARNS

Constitutional Convention Indorses Proposal Giving State Board Increased Powers.

MAY REVIEW ASSESSMENTS

Check on Acts of Local Authorities—Real Estate Unduly Burdened, Saxe Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—By a vote of 109 to 29 the Constitutional Convention today adopted the proposed new article on taxation. The opposition came from up-State Republicans, who expressed fear that the measure would deprive local Tax Assessors of much of their present powers and centralize all functions connected with taxation in the Tax Department at the Capitol.

Russell Wiggins, a Republican delegate from Orange County, warned the convention that the new article contained much dynamite. Ex-Justice Alphonso T. Clearwater of Ulster, after the article had been adopted, moved that it be submitted to the voters as a separate proposal, which would make it possible to defeat it without destroying all the other work of the convention. Judge Clearwater expressed solicitude for the rest of the Constitution, just as his motion was declared out of order by President Elihu Root, who occupied the rostrum.

Here is the full text of the article on taxation as it will go into the revised Constitution, if ratified by the voters:

1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended, or contracted away, except as to the securities of the State or a civil division thereof. Hereafter no exemption from taxation shall be granted except by general laws, and upon the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house.

2. Taxes shall be imposed by general laws and for public purposes only. The Legislature shall prescribe how taxable subjects shall be assessed and provide for officers to execute laws relating to the assessment and collection of taxes, any provision of Section 2 of Article X. of this Constitution to the contrary notwithstanding. The Legislature shall provide for the supervision, review, and equalization of assessments.

3. For the assessment of real property, heretofore locally assessed, the Legislature shall establish tax districts, none of which, unless it be a city, shall embrace more than one county. The Assessors therein shall be elected by the electors of such districts or appointed by such authorities thereof as shall be designated by law. The Legislature may provide that the assessment roll of each larger district shall serve for all the lesser tax districts within its boundaries. No such tax district larger than a town, except a city, shall be established, until the law providing therefor shall have been adopted by a vote of the majority of the people voting thereon in such proposed district at an election for which provision shall be made by law. The Legislature may, however, provide for the assessment by State authorities of all the property of designated classes of public service corporations.

One new feature of the article is the power it vests in the State Department of Taxes to assess the property of designated classes of public service corporations in rural counties. There have been many abuses under the present system when that work was done by the local assessors. The Tax Department also will have enlarged powers of review over local assessments and over the equalization of taxes.

Alfred E. Smith, Tammany Democrat, in discussing these new powers, said that they were called for by present conditions in many up-State counties. He read from a list of assessed property in the town of Esopus, Ulster County, where many large corporations, for some reason, have established their chief offices.

The American Drug Syndicate, a $10,000,000 corporation, according to Mr. Smith, paid taxes on $18,000 worth of property in Esopus. The Brumbacher corporation, with $80,000 capital stock, was assessed for $400. The assessment against Gunther's Sons, furriers, a $10,000,000 corporation, was $8,000. Altogether, Mr. Smith said, there were corporations capitalized at $33,000,000 which paid taxes on an aggregate of $60,700 on their property.

"There should be the broadest possible authority," Mr. Smith said, "to get at taxable property wherever it may hide, to the end that taxes may be equalized and no section of the State be discriminated against."

Commissioner Martin Saxe, Chairman of the Committee on Taxation, warned the delegates that New York had lagged far behind other States in the matter of tax laws and that personal property here was not taxed as it should be, while real estate was made to bear unduly heavy burdens.

"You can go no further in taxing real estate without bringing about ruin," said the Commissioner. "We should take warning from some of the States in the Northwest where such conditions now obtain. Before 1925, the burden on real estate will be so heavy that extreme measures may be called for in dealing with personal property which ultimately may be exempted by law from local taxation in order that the State may reach it in its quest for added revenues."

FOR ELECTIVE MAGISTRATES.

Plan Permitting Different Borough Systems Indorsed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—With the aid of the Tammany delegates to the Constitutional Convention, the Republican delegates from Brooklyn managed today to keep in the new judiciary article an amendment adopted when the article was on second reading, providing that legislation may be enacted for the election of City Magistrates in any borough of New York City. The Sullivan element in Tammany Hall for many years has urged a measure of this kind on the Legislature.

De Lancey Nicoll, an Independent Democrat, at one time District Attorney of New York County, offered an amendment for the elimination of the provision in question, but under the rules of the convention Mr. Nicoll, who was a little late in offering the amendment, was unable to debate it and was defeated. When the final viva voce vote was taken, the ayes had it with what appeared to be a very substantial majority. The amendment which will inject into the organic law a provision which has been opposed consistently by civic organizations in New York City was offered by Alfhet R. Jenks, one of the Republican delegates from Brooklyn.

Under the present system City Magistrates are appointed by the Mayor. There is nothing in the present Constitution to prevent the Legislature from enacting a law to provide for filling places in the Police Courts by election, but the present Constitution embodies no provision which would sanction any plan for appointive Magistrates in one borough and elective in another.

On the strength of the defeat of Mr. Nicoll's amendment it was predicted tonight that the Republican organization in Kings would be in a position at the legislative session next year, provided always that the election results in the return of a Republican majority in the Assembly, to put through a law providing for the election of Magistrates in Kings, where the vote is fairly evenly divided between the two leading parties, while in Manhattan, with its heavy Tammany vote, the Magistrates would continue to be appointed by a Democratic Mayor who is more in sympathy with the local Republican than with the Tammany organization.

The convention, while the judiciary article was on third reading today, repudiated the action of its Judiciary Committee, of which ex-United States Attorney General Wickersham is Chairman, by rejecting the provision recommended by that body under which the official [illegible] be continued. While leading lawyers are firm supporters of the proposal that Judges of Courts of Record, who have retired under the age limit after at least twenty years' service, may be appointed official referees, up-State Republicans frequently have expressed the opinion that it concealed a plan to pension Judges which would not meet with favor among their constituents.

The motion to strike out this provision from the judiciary article was offered by President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell University. His amendment was adopted by a vote of 85 to 29. It was said tonight that this action would not prevent the Legislature from continuing the practice which grew up under a statutory enactment. The belief was expressed, however, that the views expressed in the convention might carry such weight with the lawmakers that the statute under which the official referee system was created might be abolished. Chief Judge Willard Bartlett of the Court of Appeals is one of many advocates of the official referee system.

An amendment offered by John C. Leggett of Allegany, which would have prohibited outright the appointment of retired Judges as official referees, was defeated.

That section of the judiciary article which deals with the reorganization of the intermediary civil courts in New York City received lengthy discussion, after Mr. Wickersham, on behalf of his committee, had offered an amendment which would have nullified the amendment adopted on second reading, giving to Judges of the reorganized and enlarged City Court equity jurisdiction in civil actions "equal to that now exercised by County Courts." Mr. Wickersham succeeded in having this stricken out, but it was replaced by an amendment offered by James F. Donnelly, a Democratic delegate from the Bronx, providing:

"Such courts shall have likewise the equity jurisdiction now possessed by the County Courts, but such jurisdiction shall be exercised only within the respective counties of such city (New York) by the Judges elected within such counties."

Delegates from the outlying counties complained that unless this jurisdiction was given to the branches of the City Court which would be established in their districts they would be compelled either to go to Manhattan or Brooklyn to attend regular sessions of the Supreme Court in equity proceedings. Foreclosures of mortgages, filing of mechanics' liens, and partition suits are included in this category. The Donnelly amendment was adopted by a vote of 70 to 34.

Ex-Senator John G. Saxe, supported by Henry L. Stimson, managed to get through an amendment under which the City Court will be limited in jurisdiction to litigation involving judgment for $3,000 or less. In the article as drafted by the committee the amount was fixed at $5,000.

After it had been debated and amended, the judiciary article was laid aside for reprinting. As soon as it is returned from the Public Printer it will be put back on third reading and undoubtedly will go through in its revised form without further debate.

Superintendent James Jenkins, Jr., of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities yesterday announced opposition to the proposal authorizing elected Magistrates. The Courts Committee of the bureau, he said, had sent out hundreds of letters opposing the amendment on the ground that it would make impossible a unified administration of the courts, a unified system of probation, and a unified system of statistics.

KILLS EDUCATION ARTICLE.

Convention Recommits Proposal Urged by President Schurman.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—The Constitutional Convention today rejected the education article recommended by its Committee on Education, of which President Jacob Gould Schurman is Chairman. It was exposed to fire from two quarters. One group, composed largely of New York City Democrats and led by ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, opposed it on the ground that it would increase the control of the State over private schools. The other group, headed by John Lord O'Brian of Buffalo, a Republican Delegate at Large, opposed it on the ground that the article would prevent the State from assuming broader powers of supervision of private schools than it exercised at present, and that policy of that sort was unwise. Here is the full text of the proposed education article:

The State shall continue its supervision and control of the education of children in its free common schools, and shall exercise such supervision and control elsewhere than in such schools as it now possesses, and no powers in derogation thereof shall be conferred upon the local authorities of any civil division of the State. The Legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a system of free common schools wherein all the children of the State may be educated.

Dr. Schurman urged that this article did nothing but write into the Constitution what was the practice at present. Justice O'Brien expressed the opinion that there was no need of Constitutionalizing a status quo.

Others denounced the measure as "unwise," "dangerous," and "slippery." Finally on motion of John B. Stanchfield it was recommitted by a vote of 80 to 50. The convention leaders tonight expressed the opinion that it could not be revived.

STATE TO OUST SQUATTERS.

Clause for Their Protection Eliminated from Proposed Constitution.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—After a bitter fight the Constitutional Convention today eliminated from the proposed new conservation article the so-called "squatter" section, which would give to trespassers of continuous residence on State lands in the Adirondacks an opportunity for continued occupancy of their present sites under revocable, nontransferable licenses granted by the Conservation Commission.

"I predict," said ex-Commissioner H. Leroy Austin, "that thousands of acres of forest lands belonging to the State will be burned over when the present occupants of such sites are dispossed. I predict that millions of dollars worth of damage will be done to State property as a result of the proposed change. The occupants of these forest lots came there before any decent title existed to Adirondack lands and they feel in their hearts that they have as much right there as any of us have in this Convention."

Louis Marshall, who helped to draft the section, said that the committee had followed the "dictates of prudence, together with a sense of justice," and that even if the squatters had no legal right they certainly had equity rights to their sites. He said that there were about 600 such squatters on the State's lands.

Ex-Commissioner James S. Whipple and Leader Wickersham both urged that the squatter section be excised.

"There is no excuse for granting this extraordinary exception to successful trespassers on State lands," said Mr. Wickersham. "It will not benefit the poor people, if expelled, may burn up the State's forests certainly should not be designed to arouse pity for them in our hearts."

Alfred E. Smith succeeded in pressing to adoption an amendment incorporating in the article the clauses of the present conservation law making any person engaged or interested in lumbering or water-power development ineligible as a Conservation Commissioner. He also forced through an amendment which he said was required to obviate any construction of the article by the courts which would prevent development of the State's water power for the public use under State ownership and control.

DISCUSS HOME RULE PLAN.

Low Revised Proposal Successfully Resists Attacks.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—It became evident at the night session of the Constitutional Convention that the Low home rule proposal would go through in practically the form in which it was reported by the Cities Committee. The proposal was under discussion on the third reading, and every attack on any of its vital features was repulsed.

Alfred E. Smith sought to have the power of the Legislature to pass on charter amendments modified. His amendment would have given the Legislature power to establish a rule under which charter amendments coming within the twilight zone where State and city functions meet should be submitted to the lawmaking body for nullification on petition of a percentage of the electors of the municipality concerned.

Meier Steinbrink, a Republican from Kings, made a futile fight to have incorporated in the Constitution a provision assuring policemen of court review in cases of dismissal for cause.

"This is the most preposterous proposition I ever heard of," said Henry L. Stimson. "Isn't it time we turned our attention to the protection of the citizen rather than that of the policeman? We have had many demonstrations to convince us that our police system is not by any means the last word when it comes to police discipline. Court review very largely has been responsible for that condition. The prosecution of police officials by our present Governor to my mind indicates that plicemen have had too much protection."

Ex-Deputy Commissioner Newburger said that court review was needed for the protection of policemen in doing their duty.

"Policemen frequently are the victims of political intrigue," he said. "Political cliques frequently succeed in destroying policemen who have incurred their wrath by doing their duty, largely because of the present lack of court review."

E. E. Franchet of Niagara succeeded in putting through an amendment under which cities will be free to adopt their own charters without legislative concurrence "unless and until the Legislature shall enact laws inconsistent with the amendments." The original draft of the home rule proposal gave municipalities power to amend their charters only within the powers definitely delegated to them under the Constitution.

NO FAVOR FOR VETERANS.

Committee Opposed Extension of Privilege in the Civil Service.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—The Civil Service Committee of the Constitutional Convention reported today against any change in the present provisions governing appointment and promotion in the State service, thus administering what is considered a death blow to the proposal intended to grant preferment to Spanish war veterans, volunteer firemen, members of the militia and others.

The report was commended by the Civil Service Reform Association in a statement filed with the delegates.

The Civil Service Reform Association issued a statement last night in which it said:

"The Civil Service Reform Association is opposed to any further creation of privileged classes in the civil service, on the ground that it is unjustifiable and detrimental to good administration. For this reason it is opposed to granting any further protection or further preference to veterans of the Spanish war, the Philippine insurrection or the Boxer rebellion and other special classes. In our opinion the interests of the service itself should be paramount to the personal interests of any class. We would not deny any proper recognition to those who fought in the wars of this country, but we hold that this recognition should take some other form than preference in the civil service."

RAISES LEGISLATORS' PAY.

Salaries of $2,500 and Mileage Favored by Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—The Constitutional Convention today adopted the Ray B. Smith amendment giving the Assembly power to meet of its own motion for the removal of Judges or to begin impeachment proceedings, and the proposal of its Committee on Legislative Organization raising the salary of lawmakers from $1,500 to $2,500, and giving them in addition railroad fare to and from their homes once every week. At present they receive only an allowance of 10 cents a mile after each session.

RUSH SHORT BALLOT PLAN.

Leaders Predict Final Action at Friday's Session.

ALBANY, Aug. 31.—Majority Leader George W. Wickersham said today that the short ballot and departmental reorganization proposal probably would be called up on Friday for final action.

It is believed that little time will be required to pass the proposal. Leaders say that the subject has been discussed thoroughly from every angle.

Only slight changes in the draft as finally submitted were made by the convention before it was advanced to final passage at an evening session.

The most important amendment gives the Governor power to appoint the Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Secretary of Charities, Tax Commission, and the Commissioners of Accounts, Health and Agriculture, without the consent of the Senate.

MINE EXPLOSION KILLS 16.

After-Damp of Gas Blast Overcomes Men in Johnstown Colliery.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., Aug. 31.—Sixteen miners, mostly foreigners, were killed by a gas explosion in the Orenda mine of the Merchants' Coal Company at Boswell today. Three hundred men were working in the mine at the time, and it was at first believed that all had escaped, with the exception of one, Joe [illegible], who was instantly killed. When the débris near the entrance was removed tonight, however, rescuers found the bodies of fourteen others, who had been overcome by the after-damp. John Beegle, a motorman, died in a local hospital of injuries, and the condition of three others who were badly burned was critical.

'BIG BILL' EDWARDS ON TAMMANY SLATE

Will Be Named for Sheriff with Judge Swann for District Attorney.

MAY FUSE ON JUDICIARY

Five Sitting Justices of Supreme Court and Frank Tierney Likely to be Named.

Tammany made up its slate for the county offices last night. Judge Edward Swann of General Sessions was selected for District Attorney and ex-Street Cleaning Commissioner "Big Bill" Edwards for Sheriff. Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy made the selections after a long conference with his political advisers and the district leaders. The official announcement of the selections will be made today, when the Executive Committee of the Democratic County Committee will meet at Tammany Hall.

Most of the district leaders were opposed to the selection of Edwards for Sheriff, although they admitted that Judge Swann would be satisfactory to them. Friends of City Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan fought hard for him to the last hour, but he was finally told that his chances were gone and that he might consider himself available for a Supreme Court Justiceship within a year or two.

William J. Lee's friends said last night that their candidate for Sheriff might wipe Edwards's name off the slate before noon today.

Secretary Thomas F. Smith, who has been attending the Constitutional Convention at Albany, was at the hall yesterday for the first time in many weeks.

It was learned that Tammany will very likely indorse today the Supreme Court Justices designated by the Republicans, and who are now on the bench. These are Justices Clarke, Greenbaum, Shearn, Delehanty, and Finch. Frank Tierney will be selected as the candidate from the Bronx. There was considerable trouble over the selection of Justice Finch, who is a Republican, but Mr. Murphy was finally induced to accept his candidacy. The meeting of the Tammany Executive Committee will be held at 12:30 o'clock today.

The first designating petitions from Manhattan were filed yesterday with the Board of Elections. Thomas M. Farley, candidate for Alderman in the Eighteenth District, who hopes to defeat James J. Nugent, the present incumbent, A petition for Julius M. Leder for Assemblyman from the Twentieth District and another for Frank J. Ryan, candidate for Alderman from the Twentieth District, were also filed. They are candidates for the Progressive and Independence League nominations. The total number of petitions filed to date is fifty-three, of which forty are from Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond, and thirteen from Manhattan and the Bronx.

McCOMBS IS OUT FOR EDWARDS

National Chairman Calls on Democrats to Support "Big Bill."

William F. McCombs, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, at the Manhattan Club last night issued a statement calling upon all Democrats in New York County to support William H. Edwards for Sheriff. He said:

"I have taken great interest in the general movement for the nomination of former Street Cleaning Commissioner William H. Edwards in the approaching Democratic primaries for Sheriff of New York County. This movement has gathered force among persons of all shades of opinion in the Democratic Party. I am more than delighted to state that I indorse Mr. Edwards unqualifiedly.

"I have known him well for twenty years, and have had every opportunity thoroughly to gauge his integrity and ability. As Street Cleaning Commissioner of the City of New York he hade a record of efficiency that has never been excelled. One of the features of his administration was the human interest he took in the men under him, thereby gaining their loyal and enthusiastic support, thus making the great success of his department possible.

"There is no man in this county who has a broader acquaintance or who is more generally popular and appreciated both for his human qualities and for his executive ability. He will appeal to the young and virile Democracy of New York. The new blood in the party will welcome his candidacy with peculiar delight. If he should be successful in the primaries—of which personally I have no doubt—I think his election is absolutely assured. I call upon all Democrats in the County of New York to support him to the utmost."

J. J. FITZGERALD FOR BENCH.

Brooklyn Democrats Put Register O'Loughlin on Slate.

The Democratic Executive Committee and the Democratic Advisory Committee of Fifty of Kings County held a joint meeting yesterday afternoon and designated the organization candidates for nomination at the primaries of Sept. 28. The slate was put through without any serious opposition. Edward T. O'Loughlin, Independence League, was named to succeed himself as County Register. O'Loughlin is said to have won the place on the strength of a promise of newspaper and other support from William R. Hearst.

The other designations made at the meeting were as follows:

For Justice of the Supreme Court—Congressman John J. Fitzgerald.

For Judges of the County Court—John F. Hylan, Robert H. Roy and ex-Secretary of State Mitchell May.

For District Attorney—Magistrate Howard P. Nash.

For County Clerk—Postmaster William E. Kelly.

For Sheriff—Edward Reigelmann.

QUINN DEFENDS ALDERMEN.

Says Criticism of Eleven Weeks' Vacation Is Not Material.

Declaring that an Alderman is at the beck and call of his constituents for 300 days a year, Alderman William F. Quinn yesterday made answer in the form of an open letter to the criticism of the Bureau of City Inquiry that the Aldermen take vacations of eleven weeks each year. In his letter Alderman Quinn said:

"Your criticism is conclusive that the record of the board is a thorn in the side of the general plan for which your society was formed and is proof that there is really no material criticism to be made of its record."

TANNER COMES HERE ILL.

Republican Chairman to be Operated on Today in Hospital.

Frederick C. Tanner, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, arrived here from Albany at 6 o'clock last night and will undergo an operation for appendicitis at the Post Graduate Hospital this morning. Mr. Tanner went from the Grand Central Terminal to his home at 12 Gramercy Park in an automobile, accompanied by Dr. John Endemann and Mrs. Stewart L. Woodford, widow of his former law partner.

As Chairman of the Committee on Governors and State Officers, in charge of the short ballot proposal in the Constitutional Convention, Mr. Tanner tried to continue his duties in Albany in the fight over the short-ballot amendment. On Monday his condition became so serious that he was excused from further attendance in the convention to permit him to come to New York for the operation.

J. A. YOUNG FOR BENCH.

Westchester Republicans Name Their Primary Slate.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The Republican County Committee of Westchester met this afternoon and designated the folowing candidates for nomination:

J. Addison Youn gof New Rochelle, and A. S. H. Seeger of Newburgh, for Jusitces of the Supreme Court, Ninth District.

George F. Blakely for Assembly, First District; William S. Coffey, Second; Walter W. Lord, Jr., Third, and Floyd Hopkins, Fourth District. All are serving in the Assembly at the present time.

George Engel of Yonkers was named for Coroner. Engel has been a Supervisor for eight years. Coroner James P. Dunn of Yonkers, Democrat, has declined to be a candidate again this year.

KINGS REPUBLICAN SLATE.

John McCrate Named for Register and Schnitzpan for Sheriff.

Th Republican Executive Committee of Kings County met at 192 Montague Street, Brooklyn, last night, and designated this ticket for the primaries:

For Supreme Court—Justice Stephen Callaghan, now serving by appointment of Governor Whitman.

For County Judges—County Judge Harry E. Lewis, George Freifeld, present Municipal Court Justice, and Marcus B. Campbell.

For District Attorney—James C. Cropsey.

For County Cleark—Charles S. Devoy.

For Register—John McCrate.

For Sheriff—William Schnitzspan.

The name of Register E. T. O'Loughlin was offered by Deputy Register Alfred Hobley, and Mr. O'Loughlin received two complimentary votes. Assistant District Attorney George Voss, Mr. Cropsey's candidate for County Judge, received a few votes.

NEW LAW AIDS OUR SAILORS.

Last Year Shows Increase of 36,000 Men in American Ships.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The development in the merchant marine under the impulse of the new registry law and the war trade during last year is reflected in the increase in the number of seamen shipped, reshipped, and discharged by United States shipping Commissioners during the last fiscal year, the total number being 414,744, compared with 378,772 the preceding year.

The New York Commissioner reports 247,833 men, an increase of 43,486; New Orleans reports 27,687, an increase of 16,121; Seattle, 52,263, an increase of 2,796, and San Francisco, 29,285, a loss of 25,093.

Of 218,541 men shipped (including repeated voyages of the same men) 65,196 were native-born Americans, 29,965 naturalized Americans, 29,395 British, 25,252 Spaniards, and 21,853 Scandinavians. The Germans and Austrians reported number 13,002, but New York reports that seamen, believed to be German, shipped as of Swiss or Dutch birth.

These figures do not include 6,233 Asiatics shipped at Hongkong.

Ruoff Quits Connolly Machine.

Leonard Ruoff, County Clerk of Queens, who was not indorsed for renomination, has sent a letter to Leader Keating, resigning from the Executive Committee of the County Committee. He said that he would lead an independent fight in his home district, in Ozone Park, Queens, for a place on next year's County Committee.

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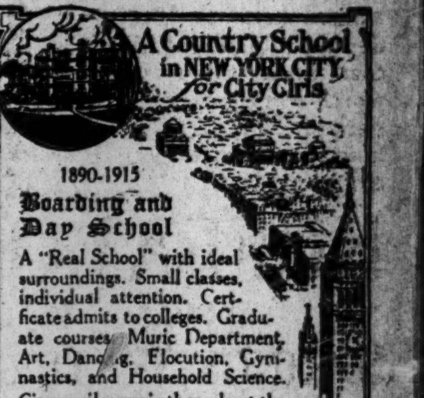

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CHINA
(A September Affair)

ALL through September in the China, Glass-ware and Lamp Sections, there will be the most seductive offerings to tempt Madam-of-the-Household.

A Tea-Set, for example, of imported, thin chinaware decorated in an Oriental design, consisting of 15 pieces—tea pot, sugar bowl, cream jug, 6 cups and 6 saucers, now sells for $1.25.

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SUSPECT CHOLERA ON HOBOKEN SHIP

German Liner President Lincoln Quarantined by City and Federal Officials.

15 CASES UNDER SCRUTINY

Teutonic Refugees from the Orient Now Living on the Vessel May Have Brought the Disease.

The Hamburg-American liner President Lincoln, which has been tied up since the beginning of the war at a pier in Hoboken, and which has been used for months past as an asylum for German refugees who have left their homes in the Far East on account of the war with Japan and are on their way back to Germany, was put under quarantine last night on account of the discovery of fifteen cases of a disease which it is thought may be Asiatic cholera.

The quarantining followed a visit of inspection paid yesterday afternoon to all the ships interned in Hoboken by Dr. S. L. Williams of the United States Public Health Service and Chief Medical Officer of the Immigration station at Ellis Island; Dr. Charles G. Lavender, bacteriologist of the Port of New York; Dr. Joseph L. Stack, President of the Board of Health of Hoboken, and Inspector Fred Anderson of the latter organization.

It is believed that the germs of the disease have been brought by some of the refugees from the Far East, and it is said that a perfectly healthy person can carry the germ of cholera for some time before it gives any evidence of its presence and activity. Germans exiled from the Orient came here, stopped for a time on the President Lincoln, and then took ship for some neutral country to make their way back home.

At present thirty-seven of them are still on board the boat, besides the remnant of her crew—from 150 to 200 men. The crews of the various ships tied up at the piers intermingled a good deal. There was a public dining room on the docks where sailors from all the ships dined, and from time to time men would be moved from one vessel to another as the exigencies of the situation required. In this way there was much intercourse between the crews of the various ships.

A few days ago an employe of the company reported to the health authorities the presence of a suspicious disease, and the matter was reported to Surgeon Gen. Rupert Blue, Chief of the Public Health Service, in Washington. He ordered today's inspection, the result of which was the quarantining of the President Lincoln, and an order by Commissioner Stack closing the public dining room on the pier.

Dr. Stack said later that there were fifteen persons on the boat suffering from vomiting, cramps, and other symptoms of cholera, but the nature of the disease is as yet uncertain, and bacteriological experts are coming from Washington today to make another inspection. There was a rumor current yesterday that the disease discovered was bubonic plague, but Dr. Stack's statement did not warrant that theory.

It is considered probable that the authorities do not consider the danger as serious. Otherwise they presumably would have quarantined the other vessels, whose crews have been intermingling with the crew of the President Lincoln. The Federal authorities refused to discuss the matter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 31.—Surgeon General Rupert Blue said tonight that he had not heard what disease, if any, officers of the Public Health Service had found on the President Lincoln. He said he received a telegram from the New York office this morning saying that an inspection of the President Lincoln should be made. He authorized the inspection and ordered that a report be made to him as soon as possible, but up to a late hour tonight he had heard nothing further. Dr. Blue said he understood only that the President Lincoln was to be examined.

LIVES WITH BROKEN BACK.

Dr. Carr Believes New Device Will Save Henderson's Life.

Frank Henderson, an iron worker, of 259 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, six hours after his back had been broken in a six-story fall, demanded of the Bellevue nurses and doctors last night that he be lifted into a position at the Ward 9 window from which he could see the moving pictures in the hospital court. Dr. Frank Carr refused the request, but declared he hoped by a device never before used in Bellevue Henderson would recover to see many picture shows.

The appliance devised by Dr. Carr is composed of wooden splints, arranged in cruciform, one line supporting the body, which is paralyzed from the middle of the back down, and a crosspiece holding the outstretched arms, the whole being incased in plaster casts. After the casts had been placed, Henderson said he felt comfortable.

Henderson fell from the sixth floor of a building in Thirty-seventh Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, yesterday afternoon. In his descent he loosened a plank, which fell upon him and broke his back.

WIRES PARENTS OF WEDDING

Yonkers Girl Runs Away with Son of Russian Count.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lowa of 44 Caroline Avenue, Yonkers, received a telegram yesterday from their daughter, Ella, aged 20, saying she was married. She left home on Saturday, ostensibly to dine with friends and did not return. Her telegram announced her marriage to Paul Von Bartmer of Utica, an automobile dealer, and said to be the second son of a Russian Count now residing in this country. The couple are on their honeymoon up State.

The Von Bartmer family formerly lived here. The Lowas had objected to their daughter's acquaintance with the young man, and the elopement followed a clandestine correspondence of a year.

SIEGEL ASSETS BRING $3,700

Stock in Enterprises Allied with Bankrupt Concern Sold by Auction.

At a bankrupt auction sale yesterday some of the assets of Henry Siegel & Co., consisting largely of stock in the Siegel enterprises, were disposed of, the sale realizing $3,700. About 100 persons were present, among them several creditors of the bankrupt firm.

Naval Cadets Inspect the Canal.

PANAMA, Aug. 31.—The battleships Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin, with 860 midshipmen who are on the annual practice cruise, arrived at Panama today on their return from the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and passed through the canal. The squadron will remain at Colon for twenty-four hours to take on coal and give the cadets an opportunity to see the canal before returning to Annapolis.

Munroe Denies Neglecting Duty.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 31.—G. Rowland Monroe of Newark, one of the Rirectors of the wrecked Roseville Trust Company of Essex County, filed answer today to the $500,000 suit instituted by the State Department of Banking and Insurance against twelve Directors of the bank. Monroe denies any neglect of duty as a Director. Harvey Mott, another defendant, also filed his answer, which was substantially the same as Munroe's.

ENGLISH WAY AND OURS.

Two Letters Show Why American Trade with Panama Languishes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—A report to the Department of Commerce this week from Special Agent Garrard Harris, at Colon, Panama, commenting on the methods of American exporters in dealing with South and Central American customers, incloses two letters illustrating the difference between the way English business houses treat their patrons and that of manufacturers and jobbers in the United States.

In May there was a large fire in Colon and many business firms were burned out. A few weeks afterward one of the largest business firms there received letters in the same mail from an English house and a New York firm. The Colon firm had dealt with both of them for several years and was known to them as a responsible and safe customer. The commercial agencies also rated the firm as having first-class credit.

The English letter was most cordial and in part follows:

"We have many trading friends in the city of Colon, and we are anxiously awaiting news to hear that none of them have suffered from the fire. We realize full well that business cannot be very brisk on the Isthmus, and that this fire, coming along at this time, must indeed make matters very awkward for people in the city of Panama. We wish to take the opportunity of expressing our sincere regret at the disaster. Of course the burdens of the present situation in England are falling heavily on all of us, but we are meeting the situation. Give yourself no occasion for worry at the state of your account. We know how conditions are. Send on your orders, and they will be filled as usual and upon the usual credit terms."

The letter from New York was brief and matter-of-fact, and ran like this:

"Dear Sir: Owing to war conditions, we are compelled to curtail our lines of credit, and the terms in future will be" &c.

The terms offered were practically cash. The contrast between the letters naturally had an effect on the minds of the Colon merchants, and Mr. Harris says that it is obvious that American trade in that quarter will not be likely to supplant that of European competitors.

GIFTS TO AEROPLANE FUND.

Flying Boat Worth $7,500 and $10,000 from Society Woman.

The National Aeroplane Fund received a check for $10,000 and a $7,500 flying boat yesterday. The announcement was made by the Aero Club of America, which founded the fund to supply aeroplanes and develop aviation corps for the National Guard and Naval Militia.

A prominent New York society woman, who had already given $1,000 to the fund, gave the $10,000. This sum will be expended in the purchase of a standard type military aeroplane, to cost $7,500; a course of training for two officers and two mechanics, $1,600; and the rent of hangars and general equipment expenses, $900.

Governor Whitman and Major General John F. O'Ryan, commanding the National Guard of this State, have been notified of the gift of money. The $7,500 flying boat was presented by a sportsman of this city and is the second that will be available for the Naval Militia. The first was given by the Curtiss Aeroplane Company, which also gave courses for the officers who will operate it, Ensign L. H. Harris and Electrician Robert H. Kahl of the First Battalion of the Naval Militia, who are now in training at the Curtiss School to qualify as instructors.

The National Aeroplane Fund has received altogether, cash subscriptions of $21,501 and flying boats and courses of instruction valued at $16,500.

RECRUITS INTRENCH AND REPULSE REDS

Victory for Defending Blues in War Game Battle Near Perry's Mills.

STRUGGLE FOR A BRIDGE

Reds Wipe Out Blue Cavalry, but Later Shatter Themselves in a Frontal Assault.

Special to The New York Times.

PERRY'S MILLS, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The Business Men's Regiment fought for nearly ten hours today without a let up or a bite to eat. The cause of it all was a retreat that started at Rouse's Point at 7:10 o'clock this morning, which carried the defenders nearly eight miles due west of Fort Montgomery, where they dug themselves in and successfully stopped the onrush of the Red Army under Colonel J. T. Dickman. It was a real test for the bankers, lawyers, and other men of affairs who constitute the enlisted personnel of the provisional regiment of infantry, and they had to make a stand in the face of a regular organization that outnumbered them more than two to one.

Today's action was for the first four hours an advance guard action, in which the regular troops did most of the fighting, while the Blue Army, the backbone of which was the Business Men's Regiment, trudged rapidly on until it reached a point near this place, where it hastily intrenched itself and awaited the coming of the main Red Army. The Business Men's Regiment, in order to get to the place where it was to make its final stand, had a two-hour start on the Red Army.

The Blue force consisted of the Business Men's Regiment, a squadron of the Second Cavalry, under Captain Frank O. Whitlock, and a battery of the Third Field Artillery. Opposing this force was a Red Army under Colonel Dickman, made up of the entire Thirtieth and Third Regiments of Infantry, two squadrons of the Second Cavalry, machine-gun detachments, and a battery of field artillery.

The pursuing Reds, with the Third Squadron of the Second Cavalry, under Captain Joseph H. Herron, acting as the advance guard, started after the Blues shortly after 9 o'clock. Paul Revere never did any better riding than did the troopers under Captain Herron, whose orders were to get quickly in contact with the Blue rear guard, which was known to be commanded by Whitlock, and to capture or destroy it at any cost.

Struggle for the Bridge.

In the heart of the beautiful little border town of Champlain, on the Big Chazy River, Herron found his quarry. There was just one bridge over the Big Chazy that could possibly figure in today's manoeuvre, and that was the iron bridge at Champlain. Herron found the bridge protected on all sides by Blue troopers, who were backed up by a machine gun company, which was concealed in the shrubbery on the west bank of the stream.

Herron's troopers dismounted about half a mile east of the bridge and crept forward for the attack. A section of the Red artillery also came up and got in position to shell the position of the Blues beyond the bridge. The action was short and furious, and such a treat the good folks of Champlain never before enjoyed.

The Red artillery quickly silenced the machine guns of the Blues, and when Major Rivers came up with the rest of the Second Cavalry numbered among the Reds the command to charge was given. The dismounted troopers rushed forward with bayonets fixed, while the mounted reinforcements swept into action with sabres gleaming in the sun. It was the first sabre charge of the present war game.

The entire Blue cavalry were either captured or killed in this action the umpire so ruled.

"They are all yours, as well as the town," said Colonel Glenn, the chief umpire, to Captain Herron.

The Capture of the Champlain bridge made possible the hurried advance of the main infantry column of Reds, who had been held in reserve a mile back while the troopers of the two armies fought for the possession of the bridge. As soon as it passed into Red possession the Third and Thirtieth Regiments, which were to attempt to drive the Business Men from their intrenched positions further west, crossed the bridge and moved cautiously forward awaiting the definite location of the Blues by the mounted Red scouts.

The Victory With the Blues.

On a ridge on the southwestern edge of this village the scouts located the Blue line. Colonel McCoy, the Blue commander, had ample time to intrench, and scouts found the Business Men dug in in true European fashion, eagerly awaiting the advance of the Red infantrymen.

A chilly wind was blowing in from the north and the men in the trenches shivered with cold. They had been waiting more than an hour. The Red advance was a frontal assault. The regulars were concealed in a clump of woods about a half-mile distant from the Blue trenches. It was an advance by rushes, the men rushing out of the woods in small squads, sometimes only two or three appearing at a time.

The Blues welcomed the enemy with a deadly fire, and the umpires ordered the Reds back to their lines time and time again, ruling that the advance was impossible of accomplishment, and that, if necessary, the Blues, protected by their trenches and favored with a splendid field of fire, could hold a much larger army back for an indefinite period. As no flanking movement was attempted, the final victory went to the Blue army. At 4 o'clock the battle ended. The men marched a mile further west, where they pitched camp. They found a hot, steaming army meal awaiting them. They were all half famished.

"Another day like this and the Commissary Department will go broke," said a subsistence officer who witnessed the feast that followed the battle tonight. Another battle will take place somewhere in this part of the country tomorrow.

DYNAMITE TRAIN WRECKED.

7,000 Pounds of Explosive Blows Up, Killing Three Trainmen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—A train carrying 7,000 pounds of dynamite ran off the track at Pinole, Cal., today and blew up, killing Harold Bennett, engineer; Bert Talbott, fireman, and an unidentified laborer. Nothing remained of the train. Nearby powder plants were not damaged.

Pinole is on the shore of San Francisco Bay, fifteen miles from here.

M'ADOO OPTIMISTIC OVER OUR FINANCES

Says He Has Never Considered Issuing Bonds to Pay Expenses of the Government.

TO RE-ENACT WAR TAX

May Recommend That Congress Renew This Act—Favors Tightening Up of Income Tax.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury returned to his desk today after a vacation at North Haven, Me., and expressed himself optimistically as to the financial condition of the Government. The United States, he said, was in a better position than any other country in the world for raising funds for necessary expenses without imposing hardships upon the people. He had never considered issuing bonds to pay the expenses of the Government, he said, and he did not have any idea that such a step would become necessary.

"Some people are needlessly nervous about the Government," said Mr. McAdoo with a smile. "But I have lost no sleep over the financial situation, and if anybody is to be sleepless, it ought to be me."

Mr. McAdoo said that until the estimates for the coming year were received from all the departments, which would be not later than Oct. 15, it would be impossible to formulate any definite plan for making up a budget and providing the needed funds. He admitted, however, that it was likely that the so-called war tax, which expires by limitation in December, would be re-enacted.

Last year, when the tax was under consideration by Congress, Mr. McAdoo asked that the levy be imposed "for the duration of the war," with authority for the President, by proclamation, to determine when the war ended and the tax lapsed. Mr. McAdoo may repeat this recommendation when the renewal of the tax comes up this Winter.

Mr. McAdoo is also in favor of tightening up the income tax without, however, according to his present information, increasing any of the rates. It might be more correct to say that he favors improving the machinery of collection to prevent the escape of tax-dodgers. As the law now stands, a taxpayer is required to return his income clear of the allowed deductions. But these deductions, or many of them, are not returned, so that the collectors have little to show whether the deduction was allowable or not. Mr. McAdoo would have all gross incomes above the taxable limit returned with such deductions as the taxpayer thinks himself entitled to, and the Treasury Department would then pass upon the deductions, as is now done in regard to the tax on corporations.

The declining revenues of the Government have led to many suggestions as to how a dangerous deficit could be avoided. Mr. McAdoo said that he had not gone into any of these suggestions. He admitted, however, that he had heard of a plan to continue the present customs duty on sugar, which otherwise would go on the free list next Spring. The Underwood act provided for the free-listing of sugar by reductions extending over three years. Two of these reductions have been made, but in some quarters it is feared that if the final step is taken the Treasury would sorely miss the revenue from this source.

PICK UTICA AV. LINE STOPS.

Tentative Elevated Stations Selected by Service Board.

Tentative stations for the proposed Utica Avenue elevated line, Brooklyn, to be built by assessment, were announced yesterday by the Public Service Commission. The stations will be at New York and Remsen Avenues, Winthrop Street, Church Avenue, Avenues D, H, K, and N, at Flatlands, Fillmore, and Flatbush Avenues. A hearing on the proposed stations has been set for Sept. 17, when the final map will be approved. The subway is to run from Eastern Parkway to Flatbush Avenue, as part of the Eastern Parkway route, and is to be elevated from Utica Avenue to the Flatbush Avenue terminus.

Permission was granted yesterday for the B. R. T. to award to the Jobson-Gifford Company the contract for third-tracking the Broadway elevated line, between Mytrle Avenue and Aberdeen Street. The bid of this company, the lowest one put in, was for $400,441. The commission also awarded the contract for station finish on Routes 16 and 18, the Jerome Avenue and White Plains Road Elevated Railroad to the Altoria Realty and Construction Company, the lowest bidders, for $860,636.50.

The White Plains Road line is an extension of the Lenox Avenue Branch of the existing subway, or 180th Street, up White Plains Road to 241st Street, near the northern city boundary. This is a three-track elevated railroad.

Stabbed to Death by Business Rival.

John Lorito, a fruit peddler, 40 years of age, of 187 Boerum Street, Williamsburg, was stabbed to death yesterday morning by Tony Roselein, who owns a fruit store at 282 Bushwick Avenue. Roselein escaped and the police have sent out a general alarm. According to the police, Roselein has been annoyed every morning for some time by Lorito stationing himself with his push cart in front of the Bushwick Avenue store and trying to attract customers from his competitor. Yesterday they fought and the stabbing followed.

FIND F-4 DEAD AMONG DEBRIS

Continued from Page 1.

to use these submarines. The action of the F-4 was irregular in diving, the depth to which it might descend was uncertain, and the method of checking the descent of the submarine was found by the preliminary investigation to depend more upon the skill of the commanding officer than upon the mechanical appliances of the boat.

The board which made the preliminary investigation consisted of Commander Sumner E. Kittelle and Lieutenant Milton S. Davis, Hugh Brown, and Charles T. Westcott, Jr. The board examined former officers and enlisted men who had served on the F-4 and officers who had served on all the other F class submarines.

It is expected that the disclosures contained in the report on the F-4 will cause a great outburst of criticism in Congress and out. Commander Yates Sterling testified as to the dangerous condition of these boats last year before the House Committee on Naval Affairs. It is believed that failure of the proper officials to remedy the defects before permitting the dangerous manoeuvres which resulted in the loss of the F-4 with more than a score of lives will lead to a demand in Congress for the punishment of the negligent person or persons. Representative A. O. Gardner of Massachusetts, who has been leading a fight for improvement of the submarines in the navy, has publicly charged that the submarine flotilla was not in condition and that there were serious derects that should be remedied.

As a result of this preliminary investigation which was based on the inspection reports and other data, the board reported the following findings:

The Preliminary Findings.

1. That the structure of the hull of the F-4 was regularly inspected and the condition as to repair and upkeep was excellent, only the most minor corrosion having taken place.
2. That the structure of the hull of the F-4 had not suffered loss of strength by corrosion of hull plating.
3. That the propelling engines of the F-4 (Diesel oil type 4 cycle) have inherent faults and are difficult to keep in repair, but were kept in as high a state of efficiency as was practicable within the limitations of said design.
4. That, further, this condition of propelling engines obtains in all the submarine torpedo boats of the F class.
5. That, further, this unsatisfactory condition of the propelling engines had no bearing on the loss of the F-4, as this boat at the time of her loss was being propelled by the electric motors and storage batteries.
6. That the electric motors were in good condition, having been repaired by the ship's force, assisted by the navy yard force, at the United States Naval Station, Pearl Harbor, Territory of Hawaii.
7. That the storage batteries were in good condition within the limitations of design.
8. That, further, the storage batteries were always in a state of being more or less electrically "grounded," due to the leakage of electrolyte, or by capillary action of the electrolyte or moisture and poor insulation, or bad electrical contact, and that these said "grounds" have been noted to be of sufficient intensity at times to cause flame and the fusing of electrical connections.
9. That, further, the condition above stated is one which obtains in all the boats of the F class of submarines.
10. That, further, this condition is well known to the officers and men of this submarine torpedo boat division, and that due care is exercised in attempting to reduce this danger to a minimum.
11. That, further, this condition seems to be inherent in this type of storage battery.
12. That the storage batteries of the F-4 during the charging evolved excessive quantities of hydrogen gas, and, further, during the early stages of discharging quantities of hydrogen gas was evolved, and the fumes of hydrogen and of acid became noticeable in the interior of the boat on long dives.
13. That, further, this conditions obtains in a less degree on all the boats of the F class.
14. That, further, on the F-4 on March 6, 1915, while one electrical ventilator blower was stopped for a short period for minor repairs, probably from a "ground" in the ventilating blower's electrical circuit, a hydrogen explosion took place, which damaged the battery deck and broke several separators of the cells of the storage batteries.
15. That, further, the conditions under which an explosion of hydrogen is always possible obtain in all the boats of the F class.
16. That the covering over the storage batteries or the battery deck, in accordance with specifications for submarine torpedo boat No. 23, is to be "practically gas tight and watertight," which condition does not obtain, as this so-called battery deck does permit water to seep into the batteries.
17. That, further, the sea water has at times seeped into the cells of the storage batteries of the boats of the F class, causing the evolution of chlorine gas, which gas is quickly destructive of life.
18. That, further, a comparatively small amount of sea water can cause the liberation of sufficient chlorine gas to asphyxiate the crew of a submarine while in a submerged condition.
19. That, further, this condition obtains in all boats of the F class, and that in the F-1 a small quantity of sea water seeped into three of the cells of the forward storage battery, damaging the cells and liberating quantities of chlorine gas. No fatalities or injuries to personnel followed, as the boat was moored to the dock and the hatches were open at the time.
20. That the steering gear of the F-4 had in the past given trouble, but had been repaired.
21. That, further, the design of the said steering gear is good and satisfactory.
22. That all inspections of safety appliances, as far as can be ascertained, have been carried out, as required by the Navy Regulations and Orders from the Division Commander of this division.
23. That all inspections were regularly carried out by the commanding officer of the F-4.
24. That the F-4 was docked recently and the question of stability investigated by the officers of the navy yard and found to be satisfactory.
25. That, in general, the condition of the F-4 compared favorably with the other three boats of this type.
26. That, further, the F-4 was maintained at as high a state of efficiency as was practicable within the limitations and difficulties existing in this type of submarine torpedo boat.
27. That the action of the F-4 has, in common with the other boats of the same type in diving or in trimming down, been irregular and the depth to which such a submarine torpedo boat would descend is uncertain, and the method of checking such a descent is dependent more upon the skill of the commanding officer than upon the mechanical appliances of the boat.
28. That the officers and men of the F-4 were, insofar as can be ascertained, diligent and alert in the performance of their duties, and no reluctance was shown by them in operating the said F-4, even though the said officers and crew were well aware of the existing defects.
29. That no conclusion at this time can be drawn as to the probable cause of the loss of the F-4.

The Navy Department tonight received from Rear Admiral Boush at Honolulu a message which said that the debris was being removed from the interior of the F-4, and that several bodies have been found in the submarine, but have not yet been identified.

Acting Secretary Roosevelt said tonight that, if Rear Admiral Bousch desired, the cruiser Maryland, about ready to sail from Honolulu, would be held for a few days to bring the bodies of the F-4 victims to the United States.

SALE OF RELIABLE NEW PIANOS

These pianos sell regularly at $350. You save $140 by buying now. Many case designs and a wide variety of woods to choose from. TO-DAY ONLY **$210**

$5 Down, $5 Monthly

NEW 88-NOTE
Player-Pianos

Close affiliation with the largest factories in the country enables us to place these latest model 88-note players on sale. The regular price is $600. You save $140. TO-DAY ONLY.......... **$440**

CONVENIENT TERMS OF PAYMENT
12 ROLLS OF MUSIC and Fine Bench with Player
YOUR USED PIANO Taken in Exchange

KNABE
WAREROOMS, 5th Av. & 39th St.
Supreme in Victor Service—Convenient Terms

NOW!!
At All Seven Brill Stores—Our Great
Season End Clearance
Suits up to $25 At $13.50

One of the best clothes buying opportunities that has ever been offered to men and young men. Included are several hundred of the past season's choicest models and most desirable designs—many of them with silk sleeve linings and quarter silk lined—all of them well tailored and extremely smart.

Suits Up to $20.00 At $8.50
On Sale now at Five Brill Stores
Not on sale at 49th St. or 1456 Broadway

Brill Brothers
279 BROADWAY, NEAR CHAMBERS STREET
Broadway, at 49th Street Broadway, at 42d Street
UNION SQUARE, 14th STREET, NEAR BROADWAY
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IDLE FUNDS
In the hands of a trustee usually mean a breach of trust. For those required to keep all their funds invested, there are no better securities than our Guaranteed Mortgages, available in any amounts.
LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway, New York
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REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
NOT only the new styles first but also quality to the last.
See the stamp on the selvage—the label in the garment.
H.R.M. & CO. QUALITY SILKS

GIMBELS
Broadway and 33d Street
Store Opens 8:30, Closes 6.
Open All Day Saturday

MEN!
A Clean-up of $30 to $40 Suits at $17.50
Regular goods taken from stock and reduced, therefore, of GIMBEL quality. A splendid chance! All sizes, 33 to 48. Almost all fabrics, blue serge included. Many silk-lined. Suitable for Fall wear.
Fourth Floor

25,000 Pairs World-Famous Silk Hose at 40 to 60% Less
Bought from the four best known manufacturers in America and every pair FIRST QUALITY.

Women's $1.50 to $2.75 Italian Silk Hose, $1.15
Black, white and colors; all-over lace, insertion, hand embroidery and eyelet side clockings.

Women's $1.50 to $2.25 Thread Silk Hose, $1.15
Black, white and colors; double silk garter and foot with plain lisle interlining, medium and heavy weights.

Women's 35c Silk Hose, 3 Pairs for $1
Heavy quality boot silk, in a good assortment of colors.

Men's $1 Novelty Silk Hose, 55c
Plain colors with striped effects in various smart shades.

Men's $1 Silk Hose, 3 pairs for $1
"SECONDS," plain black only. All sizes.

See the Special Tables on the Main Aisle, Main Floor, Special force of salespeople.

September Sale of China, Crystals, Housewares and Lamps—*"With Ingenuity"*

$35
$67.50

From France come these wonderful "Elite" Limoges Sets—a veritable GIMBEL triumph, worthy of "The Store of Dinner Sets."

$125 Gold-Encrusted Dinner Sets, $67.50
The admiration of the china trade. Consists of 108 pieces and is perhaps the most extraordinary value of the sale.

$55 107-piece "Elite" Dinner Sets, $35
Decorated with a dainty pink floral festoon border. Coin gold handled.

$55 Coin Gold Band Dinner Sets, $35
108 pieces. Coin gold handled. A very beautiful Dinner Set indeed.

$85 "Elite" 108-piece Dinner Sets, $55
Full neat gold handled—floral border on an ivory ground. OTHER REMARKABLE VALUES in Dinner Sets from England, Austria, France and America.
Fifth Floor

ENGLAND SEEKING A WILLIAM PITT

Feels the Lack of a Great Statesman in Her Time of Stress.

LOOKING TO LLOYD GEORGE

He Has the Nation's Confidence to a Degree Unapproached by Any of His Colleagues.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—There is a curious political situation here. A cry for a William Pitt is going up, and so far it seems likely to be unanswered. The nation is asking for a leader, and he cannot be found. It is seeking direction, and it is told to "carry on" as usual.

On the one hand there are the people, for all their minor differences, willing to make any sacrifice to end the war; on the other is the Government that one day declares that the ordinary man does not realize the gravity of the crisis and the next refuses to do the specific things that most people consider necessary.

In the main it is probably the result of lack of imagination. The Ministers cannot realize that whenever and however the war ends, it will have left deep traces on the national life. They seem to think that everything will be just as it was before, and that immediately peace is declared the old questions and the old catchwords will have their old interest and significance. Yet already there is a change in some of the most sacred of British traditions.

Theoretically, of course, the normal political life of the nation is in a state of suspended animation. But the political truce came at a moment which made it peculiarly hard for the Radicals to admit that a change had come about. After years of exclusion from office, they had at last got in sight of the goal for which they had so long fought. They had removed the obstacles in their way at the cost of revolutionizing the British Constitution. They had destroyed the veto power of the House of Lords and had profoundly modified the position of the House of Commons. They were within a few months of attaining Home Rule, Welsh Disestablishment, and all the rest of the program, when the war came and all domestic questions were placed in cold storage until peace should be signed.

So it is natural that Mr. Asquith should try to wage the war as though it were a mere interlude in the nation's history. Of course he wants to win it and to win it quickly, but he does not want to do anything that will leave its mark on the life of the nation. He wants to be able to take up the political game precisely where he dropped it on Aug. 4, 1914.

But there is a growing feeling that that is impossible. People are suffering too much and thinking too hard to be content with the old ways of doing things. Already the most extraordinary steps have been taken by the Government merely as emergency measures. The railroads are under national control; the people are registered and catalogued; stringent regulations have been placed on the press and the liquor trade; certain important industries have been placed under semi-Government supervision.

With it all the cry is not against all these invasions of the rights of the person and property, but for more and greater invasions. The average man will do anything the Government asks him and only asks to have his zeal directed. Many men have enlisted who should not have done so, particularly fathers of families. Some of the energy of private individuals and societies may be turned in useless channels; but it all shows the deep earnestness with which the nation has thrown itself into the struggle.

Old Methods Forever Outworn.

Then, when the war is over, a great army of civilians is about to return home. When the sacrifices that army has made are remembered, when the grief and desolation of the relatives of those who have fallen are calculated, it is impossible to believe that for years to come the nation will permit the old slipshod methods to prevail. England is being schooled in a terrible school, and every class, every region is taking to heart its lesson.

So there is an outcry already, growing louder every day, for some great man who will face the situation as it is and take the measures it requires unflinchingly. The munitions scandal shook the confidence of the people in its rulers. The delay in interning enemy aliens is causing intense aggravation. The lack of positive action with regard to cotton is arousing angry comment.

Conscription is talked of more freely every day, and there is deep-seated resentment against the men responsible for labor troubles, whether they be capitalists drawing unwarranted war profits or miners striking for a small increase of wages. Definite strenuous action to meet the necessities that arise is the demand of the nation, and it feels bitterly that its Ministers are not rising to the occasion.

One odd thing is the comparative eclipse of Kitchener. It is natural enough when his record is remembered, but a year ago there was a tendency to forget what kind of man he really was. He was talked of as a magician, a man who could create armies and organize a State with one touch of a wand. He always was, and still is, the very reverse of that. He is never hasty; he is always for calculated delay. Organization and preparation, and then carefully timed action, were the secrets of his success in the Sudan, and he is employing the same method today.

So he has dropped out of the public eye. A paragraph in the newspapers announces that he has visited France or Aldershot; once in every three months or so he makes a speech in the House of Lords or at some great meeting. The rest of the time no one knows where he is or what he is doing, and—still more important—what he is trying to accomplish. He has the confidence of the nation absolutely; but he does not give it his. He calls on it for the most implicit trust, but if there ever were any who saw in him a possible dictator, an absolute ruler who could take command of the entire affairs of the nation, they have long since changed their views. Kitchener is a great Secretary of War, most men believe, but he is nothing else.

Of the other members of the Cabinet so far none has shown any signs of rising to the situation. Asquith would leave all things as they were and is unwilling to do anything decisive for fear of upsetting the old condition of affairs. Balfour, as one of the Unionist leaders, is in a delicate position in the coalition, and was, moreover, before he took office, practically identified with the Government's naval policy in an unofficial way.

Winston Churchill is discredited by his Dardanelles and Antwerp policies, and his injudicious and boastful speeches. Bonar Law is a new man, with no Ministerial experience, and is in any case shut away in the Colonial office, where he can have little direct influence on the war.

So the list might be continued until you come to the Minister of Munitions—David Lloyd George. The very men and newspapers that eighteen months ago were reviling him now hail him as the one strong man of the day. When the need of munitions became known he was made Minister of Munitions; when the Welsh coal miners struck he was sent down to pacify them; when recruiting was slack in Wales his personal influence aroused the patriotism of the principality.

Lloyd George's Larger Vision.

Cold analysis might say that as a matter of fact he has not yet accomplished much, and that to mention his achievement in the same breath with Kitchener's army is absurd. But the fact remains that he has at the moment caught the popular fancy, because he at any rate is willing to conceive great things, if he has not yet shown that he can carry them out. He does realize the immensity of the crisis and the necessity for exceptional measures, and so men turn to him as a source of inspiration.

For today, above all things, England seeks a strong man of far-seeing vision and disciplined imagination. In the past she has had her Pitt, her William III., and her Burleigh; in the present she has as capable soldiers and sailors as ever she had, but she has not yet found her one great statesman. In spirit, in devotion to the Motherland, in willingness for work and sacrifice, she is showing a temper finer than even that of the Elizabethan age, but she needs the man to direct it and turn her efforts to good account.

WOMAN HELD FOR FORGERY.

Edna M. Marks Accused of Thefts That May Aggregate $6,000.

Charged with forgery, Edna May Marks, 23 years old, of 116 West 11th Street, Assistant Secretary of the Southern Travelers' Association of 47 West Thirty-fourth Street, was held yesterday in $1,000 bail for examination on Sept. 10 by Magistrate Deuel in Yorkville Court.

Seymour H. Lieberman, Treasurer of the association, in an affidavit alleged that she forged his indorsement to a check for $5 for dues made payable to the association, cashed the check and appropriated the money.

A friend of Miss Marks asked that bail be fixed at $500, but Lieberman declared there had been many peculations and the books of the company showed a shortage of $6,000. Bail was fixed at $1,000 and was furnished by a surety company.

Almshouse Inmate Drowned.

The body of Robert R. Gordon of 574 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, was found in the East River yesterday. He was 74 years old, and for several weeks had been an inmate of the Almshouse on Blackwell's Island. No one connected with the Charities Department could explain last night how he was drowned.

Captain Finnegan Not an Attache.

Charles Clive Bayley, the British Consul General, said yesterday that Captain Finnegan, mentioned in THE TIMES yesterday in connection with an automobile arrest in Brooklyn as an attaché of the British Embassy, was in no way connected with the Embassy.

YUANSHIH-KAI URGES CHINESE TO AWAKE

President, Addressing Cabinet, Paints Gloomy Picture of the Country's Dangers.

FEARS FOREIGN AGGRESSION

Points to Fate of Korea, Poland, and Annam—Deplores Curse of Official Corruption.

PEKING, July 21, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—President Yuan Shih-kai at a recent Cabinet meeting uttered an impressive plea for united action in China, and one which made a deep impression upon Chinese officials. Its publication in English today caused much discussion among foreigners. The Peking Gazette characterizes the address as "couched in the usual language of over-emphasis," but makes no attempt to discount the dishonesty and inefficiency of Chinese officials, which the President denounced as a great menace to the republic at a time when outside pressure is threatening.

"Our suzerainty in Southern Manchuria has gradually gone into the hands of foreigners," said the President. "The foreign aggressor has come to their doors, but our people are still dallying in the midst of calamities. As I am advanced in age and have received the sacred and weighty trust from the Tsing dynasty, how can I let the country go to ruin when I am assuming the duties of chief executive of the republic? By all means I must save the country. To avert the impending disaster is the sacred duty which lies upon the shoulders of every one of us."

President Yuan Shih-kai is less than sixty years old and in the best of health, consequently his allusion to his old age is largely figurative.

"Sorrow comes into my heart whenever I review our present situation," were the opening words of the President's appeal to the Cabinet. "It seems to me that the general policy of the nations of the world is to conquer a weak country, to invade the country which has forfeited the confidence of the other nations, to force order upon the country which is in a state of chaos, and to take over by force the country which is on the verge of ruin. In other words, as many foreigners claim, it is the heavenly duty for the strong and civilized nation to annex and control a nation which is barbarous or semi-civilized.

Reposing Over a Kindling Fire.

"Our country does not manifest any sign of instability, chaos or the lack of confidence of other nations, and it is most unlikely that any nation for the present will invade or insult our country. But when we think of the neglect of discipline by our soldiers, the irregularities in administrative affairs, the calamities of floods and drought throughout the provinces, the selfishness of some officials and the lack of public spirit among the people, we cannot help realizing the fact that we are enjoying ourselves while reposing on a bed of straw with a kindling fire beneath it. How many of us know the strength of our nation, the tendencies of our people and the general conditions of the world? What portion of our country has been free from the disturbance and molestation of the banditti and outlaws, and what percentage of the officials are enthusiastic and strictly carry out their duty?"

After deploring what he regarded as the many shortcomings of China, the President continued:

"Some persons say that, on account of our vast country and population, the destruction of our country by an alien people is a matter of impossibility. Look at Korea, the area of which is not much smaller than Japan. Some Japanese papers have stated of late that, although China has changed the monarchy into a republican form of government, her internal affairs are just as deplorable now as in the late dynasty and that bribery and gambling among officials still prevail.

"During the Chino-Japanese war and the Boxer trouble our people were greatly stirred up and determined to 'lie on straw and taste the bitterness,' to prepare themselves for future emergencies. But when the anxious time was once passed they forgot everything. It is worth while to note that when the imperial government was gone, it was the dynasty that passed away and not the country. The new method of destroying a country nowadays is not only to overthrow the government, but also to destroy the languages of the people and the very race of the nation.

A Small Boat on a Wild Sea.

"We cannot be ignorant of the history of Poland and Annam. During the crisis of the recent Chino-Japanese negotiations it was a good sign that our people were greatly awakened by the threatening calamity. Should they again quickly forget the indignity the country received, the greater calamity of the country is bound to come."

President Yuan Shih-kai concluded his appeal with this warning:

"Now the situation of our country is comparable to a small boat wandering on a wild sea. It is not the time for us to pursue our pleasures and let things drift into the course of destruction. Above all do not forget the national disgrace of May 7. [The acceptance by China on May 7, 1915, of the Japanese ultimatum, under the terms of which Japan obtained extensive political and industrial concessions.] Take off your easy garments and cast away your habitual laziness and go ahead with all your effort to avert the fate of impending disaster, so as to protect the people and save the country."

FINDS NO RIDDER PROPERTY.

Sheriff Returns Judgments Against Editor Unsatisfied.

The Sheriff returned judgments against Herman Ridder, editor and publisher of the Staats-Zeitung, aggregating $158,441, to the County Clerk's office yesterday, and reported inability to find property which might be attached to satisfy them.

The judgments are in favor of Eugene H. Paul, for $113,821; Isaac Goldman, for $541, and the Greenwich Bank, for $44,580. It is said that proceedings will be started immediately to determine what property Mr. Ridder owns, in order to attach it and satisfy the judgments.

WICKS FOUND IN MICHIGAN.

Indicted Hempstead Water Superintendent Under Arrest.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 31.—Thomas J. Wicks, formerly Superintendent of Water Supply of Hempstead, was arrested this morning at Port Huron, Mich., according to a telegram received here from County Detective Emil Morse. Wicks disappeared shortly before the Grand Jury in June found indictments against him charging him with applying water rents to his own use.

On Saturday last County Detective Phineas Seaman learned that a registered letter had been sent from Hempstead to Wicks at Port Huron. Subsequently Wicks's sons, Kenneth and Mead, left Hempstead. Detective Seaman had Detective Morse trail them to Port Huron. Wicks's wife and daughter have been in Port Huron for some time.

Wicks lost his job in April when there was a change of administration. Two weeks later he swallowed bichloride of mercury tablets, in mistake for medicine, he said, and was for some time in the Nassau Hospital. When he recovered he disappeared. Then the indictment was returned against him.

ARRESTED FOR MAIL FRAUD.

Prisoners Alleged to Have Professed to Have Counterfeiting Scheme.

Morris Shultz, a jobber of 2 West 118th Street, and Joseph Lach, a presser of 97 East 117th Street, were arrested on a charge of using the mails to defraud, last evening on complaint of F. Rudolph Hoffman, a private detective of 620 West 135th Street.

Hoffman says the prisoners approached Joseph Miller of Wellington, N. J., with a scheme to manufacture counterfeit money. Miller communicated with Hoffman and made an appointment to meet Shultz yesterday at 110th Street and Seventh Avenue. Miller, according to the police, handed Shultz $50 in marked money as his share in the proposed illegal transaction, and Shultz and Lach were arrested.

HONOR TO THE PERSHINGS.

Wyoming Towns Suspend Business While General's Family Is Buried.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 31.—Funeral services for Mrs. John J. Pershing and her three daughters who perished in a fire at the Presidio, San Francisco, last week, were held here today, Bishop N. S. Thomas officiating. Commercial activity in the larger Wyoming towns was stopped during the services out of respect for the dead.

The funeral party, which arrived early today from the Presidio, included General Pershing; United States Senator Warren of Wyoming, father of Mrs. Pershing, and other members of the Warren family.

The funeral procession from the train to the home of Senator Warren passed between long rows of citizens and representatives of fraternal societies, who stood with bared heads. Mrs. Pershing and her children were buried in one grave at the Lakeview Cemetery.

Fisherman Killed by Train.

Benjamin Gansberg of 180 East 100th Street was killed by a freight train yesterday at the City Island station of the New Haven Railroad. He had stepped through a gate used by employes to the westbound tracks when the train struck him. He was on the way to meet a fishing party at Orchard Beach.

Wesson Oil
At Your Grocer's
for Salads & cooking
One-third the cost of imported olive oil that is anywhere near so good as Wesson Oil.
25 and 50 cent cans

WHITE TRUCKS
Awarded the GRAND PRIZE
BY THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL
EXPOSITION AT SAN FRANCISCO

THE ONLY GRAND PRIZE—THE HIGHEST AWARD
FOR MOTOR TRUCKS

Was conferred upon White Trucks by the Superior Jury of Award, as officially announced by the Secretary of the Jury under date of August Second.

This is the ONLY GRAND PRIZE received by any motor truck at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

This decision of the Superior Jury of Award reflects the opinion of the largest users of motor trucks throughout the world—and is in accordance with the actual service results of motor truck experience. The points of merit upon which the Grand Prize is awarded are identical with those that have determined the selection of White Trucks by America's foremost firms in every line of business.

White supremacy in the motor truck industry is thus recognized by the highest award that can be bestowed by the greatest exposition the world has ever known—just as this supremacy has been recognized by motor truck users for many years.

REGARDING OTHER CLAIMS

The decision of the Superior Jury is final in the matter of Exposition awards. Hence any announcements of other motor truck manufacturers, claiming to have received the Grand Prize and Highest Award for motor trucks at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, are automatically denied by this decision of the Superior Jury of Award.

THE WHITE COMPANY
BROADWAY AT SIXTY-SECOND STREET
Largest Manufacturers of Commercial Motor Vehicles in America

Out Today on All News Stands

SEPTEMBER
NUMBER
Current History Magazine
Published by The New York Times

UNBIASED—Gives the German Side of the War from Most Distinguished German Sources. For Example:

FACING THE SECOND YEAR:
"God Is With Us," by **Emperor William.**
A Year of the German Army's Achievements, by **Major Moraht,**
German Navy's Record, by **Captain Persius.**

Eyewitness Reports from German Great Headquarters
On Field Marshal von Hindenburg's Invasion of Courland.
Storming of Ban-de-Sapt and Battles of Les Eparges on the Western Front.

Maximilian Harden on "The Brave and Cheerful Briton."
Count Julius Andrassy on the "Guarantees of a Lasting Peace."
Dr. Theodor Schiemann, Berlin Professor and the Kaiser's personal friend, writes of "Russia on the Way to Revolution."
Herr G. Ast, German Socialism's Exponent, on "The Fight for Constantinople."
Professor Hermann Oncken of Heidelberg, author of "America and the Great Powers," discusses "American Opinion of Germany."
Kuno Francke of Harvard treats of "The Moral Right to Thrive on War."
Professor Leonhard of Breslau University states flatfootedly that there is "No Militarism in Germany."
Professor Schulze-Gaevernitz of Freiburg University tells of "The Collective Force of Germany."
Ludwig Ganghofer, the German novelist, describes his interview with "A Cheerful German Emperor."
Professor Max Sering of Berlin on "Germany Fed," and on "Self-Sustaining Germany," by the **War Committee of the German Industries.**

UNBIASED—Gives the Quadruple Entente's Side of the War from Most Distinguished Allied Sources. For Example:

FACING THE SECOND YEAR:
"Britain's Courage Undaunted," by **Sir Edward Carson.**
"War to Date, from a British Standpoint," by **Sir Gilbert Parker.**
"United France," by **President Poincare of the French Republic.**
"France Is Fit," by **Count Adrien L. de Montebello.**
Prospect of Russia's Second Year of War, by a Russian Military Expert.

ARTICLES BY DISTINGUISHED FRENCHMEN
Pierre Loti on "A Vision of the Battle Front."
Anatole France on "Through the Mouths of Our Guns."
J. H. Rosny on "England's Fighting Qualities."
Paul Sabatier on "France's Fight Against 'Kultur.'"
Jean Finot on "Russia's German Bureaucrats."
Emile Boutroux on "The Spirit of France."

ARTICLES BY BRITISH WRITERS
Israel Zangwill on "The War and the Jews."
Eden Phillpotts on "English and German Ideals of God."
C. M. Trevelyan on "Italy in War Time."
Charles Friedlander on "Britain's New African Colony."
British Men of Distinction in a "Tribute to Italy."

Full Text of Austria's Note on Munitions and the American Government's Reply

GUGLIELMO FERRERO, Italy's Historian, on "Where, When, and by Whom Was the War Decided Upon?"
"Touring Europe in War Time," by Mme. L. de Hegermann-Lindencrone.
Britain's Blockade—Official Correspondence With the American Government.
Review of the Month's Military Operations in Europe, by a Military Expert.
After Warsaw's Fall (with maps.)
The Western Fronts (with maps.)
Activity at the Dardanelles (with map.)
Italy's Attack on Gorizia (with map.)
Crisis in the Balkans (with map.)

Twenty Full-Page Cartoons from British, German, French, Italian, Swedish, and Spanish Sources.

☞ MAGAZINISTS OF THE WORLD ON THE WAR, CONDENSED FROM THE LEADING REVIEWS. ☜

Sixteen Full-Page Rotogravure Portraits of Personages Whom the War Has Brought Into Prominence.

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Current History Magazine
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On their fifth anniversary he asked, "Well, honey, have I made you happy?" and she answered, "No. You haven't." Married people will want to see what happened next in "Man of My Dreams" by Eleanor Hallowell Abbott—and single ones too—in this week's

Collier's 5¢ a copy
THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

To Hotel Gramatan
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A Labor Day Suggestion

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Such Accommodations As You Wish

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for Transients
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CIVIL SERVICE.

EXAMINATION FOR
Superintendent New York City
CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL & SCHOOLS,
RANDALL'S ISLAND.
Salary $3,500 Per Annum.
Open to Male Citizens of the United States.

Candidates, who will not be assembled for the written examination, must have had not less than two years' experience in an executive capacity in an institution for the sick insane or mentally defective. They should have a working knowledge of the development of public and private agencies for the care and training for mentally defective children; of record forms and modern methods of record keeping for agencies of this character. The Superintendent will be in responsible charge of the children's hospital and schools at Randall's Island, with a census of 2,000 children, most of them mentally defective. He will be held responsible for the proper care, custody, and training of the inmates. Subjects and weights are: Experience, 4; Duties, 4; Oral, 2; 70 per cent. required on each subject.

Applications will be issued from and received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, New York City, from **September 1 to September 16 at 4 P.M.**

Candidates will be assembled for the oral examination, when a physical qualifying examination will be given. For this examination vouchers will be accepted from persons resident or engaged in business outside the State of New York.

The minimum age is 21 years.

Requests for application blanks by mail must be accompanied by a stamped self-addressed envelope (9½x4¼ inches) bearing 4 cents in postage.

Municipal Civil Service Commission.

Have you read the new "Penelope" book by Kate Douglas Wiggin ?

Penelope's Postscripts

The New York Times says it is "just as vivacious and readable as the former books, and just as full of Penelope's unexpectedness of word and deed," while the *Philadelphia Press* says: "Age cannot destroy, nor familiarity lessen,' Penelope's power to charm. In these, her 'postscripts,' that power is as potent as ever."

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INSPECTOR OF FOODS (MILK)
(GRADE 2.)
Salary $1,200 Per Annum.

Candidates must have practical experience in dairying or other equivalent experience. Additional credit will be given for courses taken at a recognized school of dairying or agricultural college. The duties are to inspect milk and all conditions and methods surrounding its production, distribution, and sale, including dairies, creameries, and pasteurization plants. To instruct farmers and dealers in the improvement and correction of conditions found to be contrary to the regulations of the Department of Health. Applicants must be citizens of the United States and residents of the State of New York.

Subjects and weights are: Duties 5, 70% required; Experience 5, 70% required. A physical qualifying examination will be given.

Applications will be issued from and received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, New York City, from **August 30 to September 14 at 4 P. M.**

Requests for application by mail must be accompanied by a stamped self-addressed envelope (9½x4¼ inches) bearing four cents in postage.

The age limits are 21 to 45 years.

Municipal Civil Service Commission.

Belgium—Her Story.

The attempt of the Belgium troops to stem the onward rush of Germany's great armies. This is part of the record in pictures preserved in the bound volume of The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial, containing ten early numbers. Sent postpaid to any address, $1.00. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

LEITNER CONFESSES HE KILLED HIS WIFE

Private Detective Admits Shooting Her After She Had Attacked Him with a Hatpin.

MARRIED LIFE WAS UNHAPPY

Husband Says Trouble Started When She Began to Spend Nights Away from Home.

Standing before a table in the Coroner's Court in the Municipal Building yesterday morning Samuel Leitner, a private detective, confessed that he shot and killed his wife in his office at 52 East Eighth Street on Monday night. The tragedy came, he said, as the climax of more than ten years of constant domestic strife and his act was committed only after his wife had first attacked him with a hatpin and followed this up by attempting to grab the revolver that was on his desk.

The confession came unexpectedly, for, after an all-night grilling at Police Headquarters, the detective stuck to his story that his wife had been shot by "two men in gray caps," who had dashed out of the office and into the street after firing five bullets into her. Even when shown the revolver found hidden in the disused fireplace in his office Leitner would not admit his crime.

Finally Leitner broke down and told of constant bickering which apparently began when he found out that his wife in her girlhood had been an inmate of the House of the Good Shepherd and ended with the last quarrel which had to do with the payment of a deposit for rent on a flat into which they decided not to move.

"It was about 5:30 or 5:15, or maybe nearly 6 o'clock, I don't really know, when my wife came to my office. I—" Leitner paused.

"Go on," said Coroner Feinberg.

"Well, she told me she had been over in a department store in Fourteenth Street to see her sister," continued the prisoner. "Her sister wasn't there. I said, 'After we see the room we shall go to see mother.' With that my wife turned on me and said: 'What right have you telling my mother things about me?'

Attacked With Hatpin.

"With that she started in to make trouble. She had a hatpin in her hand and she started for me. The hatpin didn't worry me. She came toward me, and I grabbed her and threw her off. My gun was lying on my desk. She grabbed it and I jumped up and tore it from her hand. When I got the gun away from her I fired the five shots, and that finished her."

In the same even tone the detective answered the questions as the Coroner asked them. He said that after killing his wife he placed the revolver in the fireplace, where it was subsequently found. He thrust it through the stovepipe hole near the ceiling, and to get up there he used a short ladder which was in the rear room of the office. The cartridges he threw into a wash room.

While Leitner told his story his sisters-in-law, Annie and Dora Lubetsky of 71 Montgomery Street, Brooklyn, and his father-in-law sat near him in the court room. There were also in court detectives who had been at work all night gathering the details of the unhappy married life led by the Leitners. Early yesterday morning they visited the Leitner apartment at 1,213 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn. From the elder of the five children they learned that their father had a revolver, and that he frequently brought it home.

Wife Once Ran Away.

The story of the prisoner's married life was taken up by him as soon as he was brought before the Coroner. He said he was 33 years old and that he was born in Russia. His wife, he said, was Sarah Leitner, a daughter of Jacob Lubetsky, of 71 Montgomery Street. He said he tried to give his wife everything she wanted, but that seven years ago she ran away and he found her in a questionable house in Monroe Street. She finally returned and they went to live at 319 East Ninety-first Street. Then his wife started to stay out at night, he said.

"There my wife picked up with a woman named Dora and they went out to different places every day and met men who were married," continued Leitner. "The tenants told me my wife was bringing them into the flat when I was away. Then the wife of one of the men came to me about it. Soon afterward we moved again, and this time to East Ninety-second Street. Then she said she wanted five rooms and we moved to 201 East Eighty-seventh Street. We stayed there nearly a year. Sarah wanted a maid, as she said she was weak, and I got a girl for the children.

"Then she went out and left the girl there all day. She went out sometimes at 1 o'clock in the morning and came home at 2 o'clock the next morning. I spoke to her about leaving the children, and she said: 'Well, what have I got a girl for? She can look after the children.'"

Leitner said he found in a refuse pail a letter from a man whose name he had forgotten, in which the writer asked "Dear Sarah" to meet him as she had previously, and to come alone as he, the writer, did not like "the other woman." This letter continued: "You know, darling, how much I love you. I send you a carload of kisses. Don't forget to come Monday."

Had to Move Again.

"This letter was sent two months ago," said Leitner. "After that my wife wanted to move out where there was nice bathing, and we went to 1,213 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn. We stayed there two months up to last Thursday. About a week ago she came home from Coney Island early in the morning. Another woman with two children was with her. I said, 'How late you are in coming home,' and she refused to say where she had been and picked up a glass and threw it at me. She said the woman was going to stay with us, and I asked her if she didn't think we had enough children of our own, and she said, 'What do I care about your money? If you can't make enough go out and steal.'

"On Saturday I worked late, up to 3 A. M. on Sunday, and then I thought I would go back to the office instead of home. When I got there she was there and she wanted to know whether I was going to leave her with five children. 'If you do,' she threatened, 'I will get you with a hat pin or burn your eyes out with acid, so that no other woman will look at you.'"

His wife then attacked him, he said, and Leitner pointed to his shoulder to show where she had jabbed him with the hat pin. She chased him to the street. His narrative recited the quarrel over the deposit on the flat and his attempts to borrow a small amount of money on Sunday. Bickerings at home were transferred to the office. Then came the tragedy on Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Rae Lubin refused to discuss the case when seen yesterday at the toy and notion store kept by her husband at 1,589 Third Avenue. Leitner, before being taken to the Tombs, repeated his confession in the Homicide Bureau of the District Attorney's office.

JEALOUS, NOT INSANE.

Italian Who Locked His Wife in Flat for Four Years Is Released.

Keeping his wife locked up for four years in three small rooms with the windows sealed with wax and adhesive plaster did not signify insanity under the statutory meaning but merely abnormal jealousy on the part of Giuseppe Plenetta, a Hester Street cigarmaker, Dr. M. S. Gregory of Bellevue reported yesterday to Justices O'Keefe, Fleming, and Freschi in Special Sessions. Plenetta was released under suspended sentence on his promise not to let his jealous disposition interfere with his wife's enjoyment of light and fresh air.

Plenetta was arrested on July 19 by agents of the Children's Society, after a complaint had been made at Police Headquarters that a woman and child were held prisoners in a room at 111 Hester Street. Detectives entered after they had seen the cigarmaker open the door. He tried to get a revolver from a table drawer, but was seized before he could reach it. His wife, Theresa, and two-year-old son, Louis, were released from their prison.

Judge Rosalsky, before whom Plenetta was brought for carrying a revolver, sent the man to Bellevue for observation. There Dr. Gregory made observations on which he made his report yesterday to the Justices of Special Sessions. Sentence was suspended on the concealed weapon charge also.

An Appeal from the Tenements.

Through vacations in the country and steamboat excursions, the Children's Aid Society has brought this Summer a ray of sunshine into the lives of more than 15,000 women and children of the tenements. While the contributions from the public for this immense work has been most generous, the society will face a deficit unless further contributions are received. They may be sent to Edwin G. Merrill, Treasurer, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

19 Years for Robbing Immigrants.

Joseph Baransky, said to be a member of a gang which makes a practice of enticing immigrants to a room under the pretense of getting them jobs and then robbing them, was sentenced to Sing Sing for nineteen years and six months yesterday by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions on a charge of highway robbery. He had previously served three years for a similar crime. It was alleged that on July he held up a Russian and stole $20.

DR. OGLESBY'S WIFE PUT IN SISTERS' CARE

Court Appoints Committees for Insane Woman Sent by Husband to Ward's Island.

ORDERED TO RETURN NOTES

Wife's Relatives Accuse Husband of Plying Her with Drugs Till She Became an Addict.

Justice Greenbaum of the Supreme Court yesterday appointed Miss Kate Oglesby, of Mohegan Heights, Yonkers, and Mrs. Moselle Oglesby Peters a committee of the person of their sister, Mrs. Mabel C. Oglesby, wife of Dr. James Van Pelt Oglesby, who is now an inmate of the State Hospital for the Insane. The New York Life Insurance Company was also appointed a committee to take charge of her estate, and the court signed an order directing that Dr. Oglesby turn over to this committee two notes in his wife's name, one for $4,083.34 made by Eugene V. Haynes and the other for $2,000 signed "Albert I. Oglesby," of which $1,750 still remains unpaid.

The decision marks the end of a suit that has been in the Supreme Court for some months. Mrs. Oglesby, who is a daughter of the late Zenas W. Oglesby, a banker and railroad builder of Quitman, Ga., was committed to the Ward's Island Hospital as a public patient in April by Judge Beall of Yonkers on the application of her husband.

Her aged mother, Mrs. Kate Oglesby, who is a former President of the Daughters of the Confederacy, assisted by Mrs. Oglesby's sister, the wife of Congressman Wilson R. Oglesby of Westchester, a brother of Dr. Oglesby, then fought Dr. Oglesby's petition to be appointed a committee to take charge of the person and property of his demented wife. The Oglesbys of Georgia are not related to Doctor and Congressman Oglesby, except by marriage.

In the course of the hearings on Dr. Oglesby's petitions, the mother of his wife, said that he had led her daughter to become a drug addict. Dr. Oglesby also came in for bitter criticism from his wife's relations, in which it was said Congressman Oglesby concurred, for sending his wife to a State institution, when her income was more than $400 a month from the money and property left to her by her father.

Dr. Oglesby denied in court that he had given morphine to his wife, except when he prescribed it for her when she was suffering from neuralgic pains. However, he did testify that he sent her half a dozen hypodermic needles for administering the drug. Mrs. Oglesby's mother said that he gave his wife morphine, "I well remember how he plied her with it," she said. "It is not only stamped on my memory, but it is seared on my heart." She added that she had seen her daughter under the influence of morphine and declared that drugs had been sent to her by her husband. She had vainly pleaded with her son-in-law, she said, but once when she mentioned the subject, she testified he answered: "I could have only one motive and that could be to get possession of her property."

Mrs. Oglesby is said to have inherited a share amounting to about $59,000 in the trust fund created by her father, her income from it amounting to more than $3,000 a year. There are also other property and possessions that came to her under his will.

Her sisters said yesterday that she would be immediately removed from the State Hospital and placed in a private sanitarium, where she would be supported from the income of her property.

WILL ENFORCE FOOD LAWS.

Director Brown to be Lenient at First with Small Dealers.

Lucius P. Brown, recently made Director of the Health Department Bureau of Food and Drugs, announced yesterday that, having familiarized himself with local conditions, he was prepared to direct a vigorous campaign to better food supply conditions.

"Inasmuch," he said, "as some of the regulations are highly scientific and technical, first offenders, particularly smaller dealers, will be handled with some measure of leniency. After a first warning, however, the bureau will proceed relentlessly against keepers of unclean stores, sellers of unfit foods and other violators of regulations. The bureau will be much more severe in its handling of the larger dealers, who are in a better position to familiarize themselves with the law."

INDICT WOMAN'S ASSAILANT.

Alice Henry Names Another Man She Says Helped to Beat Her.

With her face bearing marks of a brutal beating, Alice Henry, chief State's witness against Mortche Goldberg, appeared before the Grand Jury yesterday and gave testimony which resulted in the indictment of Frank Morris, or "Kid Mohawk," for assaulting her on Wednesday in a lunchroom at Thirty-fourth Street and Seventh Avenue. Goldberg, against whom the woman is to be a witness, was indicted during the vice inquiry of 1912 and 1913 for keeping a disorderly house. Morris was indicted on two counts—robbery in the first degree and assault in the second degree. Nothing was brought out before the Grand Jury yesterday to connect any of Goldberg's lieutenants with the attack on the woman, but it is hoped that there will be a confession which will clear up the case. Morris is under arrest in $5,000 bail, which he has not been able to furnish. He will be arraigned today before Judge Crain in General Sessions.

Alice Henry gave to the Grand Jury the name of a man who, she said, was with Morris when she was attacked. A warrant was issued for his arrest. Her story was corroborated by Albert Goldberg, proprietor of the restaurant; Joseph Goldberg, who was there when the assault occurred, and Patrick Lane, a cabman, who said that after the assault Morris asked him to drive him away "in a hurry."

CRASH STOPS JAMAICA LINE.

Steel Crane Falls on Trolley Tracks and Injures Two Workmen.

A big steel crane seventy-five feet long, used by contractors in constructing a viaduct across the Queens Boulevard at Fisk Avenue, Winfield, to be later used by trains of the Long Island Railroad, collapsed when hoisting a two-ton steel girder yesterday morning. James Syron, 36 years old, of 690 Westchester Avenue, the Bronx, engineer in charge of the crane, suffered a compound fracture of his left leg, and Michael Tripreto, 50 years old, a laborer of 80 Way Avenue, Corona, suffered internal injuries, and both men were sent to St. John's Hospital, in Long Island City. Several other workmen were slightly hurt.

The crane stood on a temporary track on top of the embankment, about twenty-five feet above the roadway, and when it collapsed it tore down telegraph and telephone wires and fell across the tracks of the Manhattan and Queens trolley road, which operates between East Fifty-ninth Street and Jamaica, blocking traffic for more than an hour.

All This Furniture Only $1.25 a Week

Read what the happy wife in the picture is saying:

"Just think, John, all this pretty furniture—8 pieces—for only $79. Isn't it a bargain? And we only have to pay $1.25 a week—could anything be easier than that?

"There were so many sets to choose from that I had a hard time selecting the one I wanted; but it looks even prettier here at home than it did in the store. Look at the grain of the wood in the quartered oak table top; and the chairs—real leather upholstery!

"I'm always going to Cowperthwait & Sons—they told me that after a little while I can get some more of the things I want without increasing the amount of my payments. Won't that be fine?"

Why don't **you** do as so many other thrifty couples do and furnish **your** home on credit? You can get a single piece or a whole outfit on our liberal terms. No red tape to opening an account and we give you a year and a half to pay.

Let us show you the pretty suite pictured above and the rest of our big stocks—you will marvel at the quality for such low prices. Our big Harlem Store at **3rd Avenue and 121st Street** is well worth a visit.

COWPERTHWAIT & SONS
"Oldest Furniture House in America"
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Just as Good Beer

This RHEINAROON in anger soon
Will tell the dealer here
That nothing could be "just as good"
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Rheingold Beer

People who have once tasted Rheingold Beer are seldom satisfied with any other brew.

S. Liebmann's Sons Brewing Co.

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FOLKS are often surprised to find themselves in secret sympathy with the prep-school daughter of the house—with all her enthusiasms and exaggerations.

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Bless her heart, she's one of the most devoted friends of Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes. And she knows how to eat them—with good top-milk poured in at the side of the dish, not to soak the flakes, but to accompany them—and *little if any sugar*.

Maybe some one *you* know would like these filmy, golden flakes—most delicate of all the cereals—with their crispness between the teeth and their ever-alluring, fresh-from-the-oven taste.

Remember, *please*, that you don't know corn flakes unless you know Kellogg's—the original Toasted Corn Flakes—their goodness insured by our responsibility to over a million homes.

Then too there is the *WAXTITE* package that keeps the fresh, good flavor in—and all other flavors out.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 1, 1915.

MR. ROOT'S MEMORABLE SPEECH.

Mr. ROOT's speech in the Constitutional Convention Monday made a profound impression on those who heard it, and will make a profound impression on the public. It is much more than oratory, though so considered it fulfills the highest standard of the orator's art, orderly arrangement, logical and convincing reasoning, fullness of matter, dignity of manner, grace, persuasiveness, crystalline clearness, fervor with restraint, power sustained and increasing to the end. In the peroration there is a fine imaginative quality, an austere pathos, which makes it literature, as, indeed, the whole speech is:

> Mr. Chairman, there is a plain old house in the hills of Oneida, overlooking the valley of the Mohawk, where truth and honor dwelt in my youth. When I go back, as I am about to go, to spend my declining years, I mean to go with the feeling that I can say I have not failed to speak and to act in accordance with the lessons that I learned there from the GOD of my fathers. GOD grant this opportunity for service to our country and our State may not be neglected by any of the men for whom I feel so deep friendship in this convention.

"It is a small college, and yet there are those who love it": somehow Mr. WEBSTER's simple reference to the Dartmouth of his affection comes to mind at the thought of that "plain old house in the Oneida hills."

That toward the twilight of his years Mr. ROOT is in the full noon of his intellectual force is news to no one. But this speech and his whole course in the convention, of which he is the most powerful member, testify to an ability most unusual among men of ripe age, the power of being contemporary in feeling with the younger generation, of taking the form and pressure of present time, of remaking their stock of ideas, of casting aside the political habits of thought, the prepossessions of a lifetime. Age may or may not bring wisdom. It usually brings an invincible conservatism, an unshakable attachment to old ways, distrust of innovations. The new notions of the new generation do not reach it. "It has served my time" is a sufficient defense of what the younger men find an abuse, an evil.

Mr. ROOT has seen political government-in-government, the now outworn autocracy, the rule of the boss, for the boss, by the boss, in a time when one might almost say each man was for party and no man for the State; the reign of the boss, distributer of patronage. It must not be thought that men were meaner or more ignorant in the heyday of the "machine" than they are now. Many admirable, and some heroic, figures flourished under the old system. The nomination of LINCOLN might be rudely described as a "deal" in which the Pennsylvania boss, SIMON CAMERON, had a hand. The Republican Party came to be regarded as a good in itself, as having some character of sacredness, and its "glorious history and achievements," "pointed to with pride," blinded the faithful to the evils of the boss business and "invisible government." Oldsters remember how CHESTER A. ARTHUR, so dignified and unexceptionable a President, was regarded as the type of the "machine" politician, as Collector of New York put on a par with the Butlerian Collector of Boston, the long forgotten SIMMONS. There were good men under the old political fashion, and the fashion was approved by the majority. It is no longer approved, it is abhorred by the young men, but it still finds honest adherents.

Mr. ROOT was an "organization Republican." He was of his time. Now he is of this time. The strut and dash of CONKLING, his political suicide and that of "Me Too," the political recovery and long rule of that Easy Boss, about whose relations with himself Mr. ROOSEVELT has formed so curious a legend; "I am a Democrat" HILL, CORNELL and the "Young Scratchers," Stalwart and Half Breed, have passed. What remains is the Mugwump, by whatever name now surviving, the passion for honest, responsible, representative government. Now, when Mr. ROOT speaks with full conviction and power against irresponsible government by means of patronage and the boss, be they remembered, the earlier reformers—CURTIS, Mr. CONKLING's "man milliner," and all the once despised "cranks" and Mugwumps, who preached reform in the desert. From the successors of these pestilent innovators, powerfully aided by independent newspapers, we have the short ballot and the reorganization and simplification of the State Government, now near their triumph. Let us honor all these mostly obscure workers, while giving its meed to a great speech of a great man.

HOBBLING THE PRESIDENT.

THOMAS NAST first pictured the Democratic Party as an ass, and its behavior at that time and subsequently made the characterization seem so apt that it stuck. When the skies seemed darkest for the Republicans their confidence was strong in the Democrats. That confidence was usually justified on the eve of a Presidential election by some foolish performance that lightened the skies for the Republicans and changed defeat into victory for them.

Of late the Democratic Party, through its representatives, has behaved itself in a way to make the characterization seem out of date. It is never too late to mar, however, and some outgivings by Democratic leaders indicate that the President will have need of all his strength to keep his party from refreshing the hopes of the Republicans by opposing or trying to weaken his program of preparedness. It is said, indeed, that he will face "a hard fight" in his coming endeavor to have Congress put the country in a position of defense.

If the President were a swashbuckling militarist there might be some excuse. But the country understands him by this time and knows that whatever he proposes in the way of preparedness will be proposed because he thinks it necessary, and that what he thinks necessary is pretty sure to be necessary. The question of preparedness will be to the front in the campaign of 1916, and the performances of Colonel ROOSEVELT show clearly that in the mind of that expert politician there is a great opportunity to put the Democrats at a disadvantage. The President's insistence on preparation will deprive the Republicans of their ammunition, if it is heeded, but not if the Democrats in Congress play into Colonel ROOSEVELT's hands and handicap their own candidate with a record for which he will have to apologize.

This, of course, does not especially trouble the Democrats who are planning to thwart his policy. They are concerned not so much with Democratic victory in the nation as with their own fortunes in their Congress districts, and they, the obstructionists, come from communities where military preparation is unpopular. These communities are in the central part of the country, in States which would be the last to feel the weight of a foreign attack, where the expense of preparation looks larger than its necessity. If Mr. KERN can carry Indiana he will regret a Democratic defeat in the nation, but there will be solace for him.

Mr. BRYAN is still influential with a strong element in the Senate and House, and may be trusted to exert his marplot powers to the utmost, without regard to the effect on his party or the country. With him and with those who take their cue from him in Congress there is no use in arguing. They cannot prevent a measure of preparation, but they may be able to take the "starch" out of it, and even their unsuccessful attempt to do this will be fuel for the Republicans. It will avail the President little to go before the country on an honorable record of having urged preparation and won it if the reply is made that it was won only by Republican votes and in the face of opposition by the majority of his own party, headed by Majority Leader KITCHIN. His friends will hope that his campaign will suffer no such handicap.

THE ECSTASY OF BORROWING.

Nothing could have been more unexpected as an economic experience than that this country, having already more gold than it can use, should be obliged at the same time almost unwillingly to receive large additions to its hoard from Europe, where it is increasingly precious. The intelligence of Wall Street regards these importations of gold with misgivings. We do not need the gold; but that is not the point. Each dollar of incoming gold represents a potentiality of between five and six dollars of credit expansion, and there now is more credit in bank reservoirs than can be legitimately employed.

Steadily for nearly ten months, that is, since the opening of the Federal Reserve banks for business, bank loans have been expanding faster than the volume of trade, industry, and speculation. Under the Federal Reserve law the gold reserve required to be held against deposits was so reduced as to increase the lending power of a dollar about 25 per cent. Thus, by the taking effect of the act, more than 7,000 banks were automatically enabled enormously to expand their loans. That alone would have sufficed to take care of all the growth likely to take place in general business for two or three years; but, in addition, the new Federal Reserve banks began to lend, thereby increasing the supply of credit at a time when the danger already was that without their aid it would increase too fast. And now, in addition to the enormous expansion in currency and loans that has taken place and could still take place on demand, the Secretary of the Treasury proposes to force $30,000,000 of Government money into the banks of the South to be used as a basis of perhaps $150,000,000 special credit, this to be loaned to cotton planters at 6 per cent., in order that they may not have to bear the loss due to overproduction of cotton and the derangement of the market for the staple. Moreover, the Government is advertising to agricultural borrowers the fact that country banks can borrow unlimited amounts of money from the Federal Reserve banks at 4 per cent., wherefore they are justified in demanding to be accommodated by their banks at 6 per cent.

We are now evolving the practical definitions of elasticity and flexibility as applied in this country to currency and credit. An elastic currency is one that will expand so long as there is any elasticity left, and flexible credit is credit there is never going to be an end of. Contraction is impossible. Let anybody propose to contract the currency, to shut down the lid on credit, or to raise the price of credit to discourage extravagant use of it, as the Bank of England does in England, as the Bank of France does in France, and see what will happen. All the money lunatics would become articulate at once. Let anybody really try to bring about contraction, and see the heavens fall! The Federal Reserve Board has the power to curtail credit supplies, but so has almost any institution the power to destroy itself. Fancy the Federal Reserve Board agreeing with the intelligence of Wall Street to advance the rate of discount, namely, the price of credit, in order to force borrowers to liquidate! Mr. LA FOLLETTE would prove at last his conspiracy of "one hundred." Mr. McADOO might find a way to print fiat money, or Congress might authorize him to sell bonds and lend the proceeds direct to the victims of bankers' avarice.

So, one may as well be reconciled to what is in the way of taking place, and make the best of it. There is danger of a wild, disastrous inflation, and there is apparently no effective disposition in the land to stop it. Bankers who protest are misunderstood for their pains and abused besides. They are suspect before they speak. Everybody knows that they wish money to be scarce and dear for the sake of their own dividends. So, why shouldn't a banker go on making dividends as everybody else does, without responsibility for what will happen in the future? The public will not worry. Neither will it hear. It has been told that this country has a panic-proof banking system and believes it, little knowing what a miracle that would be, if true.

ASSOCIATED DIPLOMATIC PERSONALITY.

A curious problem of double diplomatic personality may suggest itself to Mr. HENRY MORGENTHAU, Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Turkey, if that accomplished and astute American representative should ever find time to take a vacation from his difficult and important duties. Suppose that in some ebb of the tide of troubles his physician should prescribe rest and change of scene, bid him betake himself to the frosty Caucasus, or otherwhere in parts of the Muscovites.

It will be remembered that Mr. MORGENTHAU's distinguished predecessor, Mr. OSCAR S. STRAUS, was not permitted by the Russian Government to enter the Russian domain as a private American citizen.

Mr. MORGENTHAU has just become the representative of the Russian Government in Turkey, the protector of Russian interests and citizens in that country, in a sense the Russian Ambassador. He is Russia in Turkey.

Well, then, Mr. MORGENTHAU's medico ordains for him a trip to Russia. As an American citizen he applies, through the American Ambassador, to the Russian diplomatic representative in Turkey for a visé of his passport. After due deliberation the Russian diplomatic representative in Turkey, though having considerable unofficial and personal knowledge of the applicant, refuses to visé the passport. Thus, by means of his Russian double, Mr. MORGENTHAU closes to his American self all the Russias.

Amid his serious responsibilities, no doubt Mr. MORGENTHAU appreciates the true Gilbertian, ironic humor of the diplomatic duplication; and the joke is not on him.

We have considered only Mr. MORGENTHAU's diplomatic duplication, with special reference to his first personal and his official Russian personality. As a matter of fact and mathematics, it is a case of diplomatic novemplication. Mr. MORGENTHAU is diplomatic agent at Constantinople for eight nations in Europe and Ambassador of his own nation. Were there six or seven "Miss Beauchamps" in Dr. MORTON PRINCE's studies in the dissociation of personality? At any rate, Mr. MORGENTHAU beats that "record" by his nine associated diplomatic personalities, and his own personality makes ten. More will be added unto him if the Balkan States come into the fray. On Monday he became an Italian, a Black Mountaineer, and a Russian, three new official personalities, in a day. But he is equal to his associated personalities, and in spite of complications and his work for many nations, he is American.

THE ONE OBSTACLE.

The persistent obstinacy of CARRANZA is the only obstacle to the consummation of the plans set forth in the Pan-American note. VILLA and ZAPATA have both accepted the proposals, and, while VILLA has undoubtedly lost power, the position of ZAPATA as actual ruler of the State of Morelos and terrorizer of a large part of the neighboring country has not been weakened in four years. But, although CARRANZA is still far from the realization of his hope to gain control in Mexico sufficient to justify his recognition as de facto ruler, the work of pacification could be better carried on with his assistance than without it. He has gained nothing lately. His boasts deceive nobody. His removal to the capital is still postponed because of his wholesome fear of ZAPATA. In fact, his position is such as to warrant the belief that if he were really the patriot and the constructive statesman he claims to be he would accept the invitation of the United States Government and the Latin-American republics and welcome a conference of all the belligerents, confident of his power peaceably to gain control by that means.

With or without CARRANZA's co-operation, however, unless our Government and its Central and South American associates change their plans, the peace conference will be held at a time and place appointed by them, and unless CARRANZA abandons his present attitude he will be left as the only revolutionist in Mexico, and unable to renew his supply of arms and ammunition. Major Gen. SCOTT, who has lately been making observations on the frontier at the request of the State Department, is firm in his belief in the good intentions of FRANCISCO VILLA; he insists that VILLA is willing to discard his own ambitions and eliminate himself as a personal factor in the Mexican situation for the sake of a good Government. That ZAPATA will be equally tractable is scarcely likely, but the only intelligible item in ZAPATA's plan from the first has been the return to the poor farmers of Morelos of the land which was stolen from them in the cientifico régime. The institution of a just land tax would probably be sufficient to meet that condition.

The outlook at present, however, is not very encouraging. CARRANZA has been the chief revolutionist. Vain and obstinate as he is, he has been the one comparatively respectable figurehead in the prolonged effort to establish a popular Government in Mexico. Obviously, he is quite incompetent to establish such a Government, or any other, without aid. The fidelity to him of some of his Generals is questionable. In his safe retreat at Vera Cruz he is a forlorn figure, who might be regarded as comic if the circumstances in which he is involved were less serious. His expensive propaganda in the United States has failed utterly. But his acceptance of the good offices of the Pan-American intermediaries would greatly strengthen his position and make him the most important factor in the establishment of a new provisional Government.

"We ought to be doing something" is a remark frequently heard from citizens, restless because they fear that the Government is dangerously lax in its provisions for national defense. This indicates a frame of mind not to be deplored. Citizens who feel that way ought to be striving to do something themselves. The Government is not in need of suggestions or advice. But there is room for a large number of able-bodied young men in the National Guard. Use your influence to induce young men to enlist. Use your influence with employers to induce them to encourage service in the State's soldiery among their employés. Also, spare no pains to let the Representative in Congress of your district know how you feel about the need for preparedness. Urge your friends in the district to do likewise. That is a sure way to decrease any opposition there may be in Congress to the execution of the excellent plans of the War and Navy Departments. Citizens who thus wisely exert themselves will have less reason to worry.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Relation of Success to Conservatism. When a man calls himself a "conservative" it is always in a tone indicative of his sincere belief that of such as he is, if not the Kingdom of Heaven—he wouldn't like to say that, whatever his private opinion may be—at least the kingdom of good, sound, safe, and sane citizenship. If asked to explain his conservatism he says that he stands for the preservation of whatever has stood the test of experience, and, while he hotly denies antagonism to change of any sort, as such, he consciously or subconsciously views them with suspicion, and he approves them belatedly, if ever.

In short, the conservative belongs by temperament to one of the two parts into which humanity is pretty equally divided—the part which puts on the brakes instead of opening the throttle—and if he has a settled tendency to do it too often and too hard he still serves a useful and necessary purpose in restraining his radical neighbor from working after his opposite kind with an equal excess of zeal. As a matter of fact, change in everything goes steadily on in spite of him, and the only real grievance alleged against him by careful critics is that he accomplishes his designed end with a patience-trying air of superiority—a fault, by the way, from which the temperamental innovators are by no means always exempt.

One passage of Mr. ROOT's great speech before the Constitutional Convention should give the more self-satisfied conservatives cause for thought. For it was to them that he referred when he said, "You cannot make any improvement in this world without overriding the satisfaction that men have in things as they are and of which they are a contented and successful part." That put in kindly phrase what was expressed harshly—and with no more accuracy—by him who defined the conservative as "the man who is getting along well in bad conditions and fears or knows that he wouldn't do as well if they were changed."

There is no question that contentment and conservatism go together, with success in the immediate neighborhood. This is not the same thing as saying that the radicals are all failures, or that incompetence is invariably the basis of their discontent with things as they are, but it is a fact that failure and incompetence, having little to lose and much to gain, tend naturally toward the reformer's camp.

Turns From Defense to Criticism. Perhaps the most striking of the rather numerous indications lately to be seen in Germany of the reappearance there of something that vanished at the beginning of the war is to be found in the article by Captain L. PERSIUS on submarine warfare, printed in translation from the Berliner Tageblatt by THE TIMES yesterday.

The something is that the Germans are no longer all of one mind about everything military and governmental. Not only are some of them at last using facts as the basis of opinion, but they are expressing the opinions, even when they are more or less like the opinions of non-German critics—and they are not shot or even sent to a fortress for doing it, either.

Captain PERSIUS was for months a close competitor of Count REVENTLOW as a fiery defender of all that Germany had done or could do, and again and again has scornfully dismissed as treasonable folly suggestions for a mitigation of the "frightfulness" of her submarine warfare. But though the Count is still as fierce and firm as ever, the Captain has evidently seen a light. He does not yet admit that the work of the submarines is in need of defense as intolerably inhumane, but he does admit that the undersea boats have accomplished far less than was hoped and expected from them—that they have harassed British commerce without inflicting upon it an amount of injury properly to be called serious.

As news, this is old, out of Germany—and out of hyphenated circles in the United States—for it is what the English have been saying all along, and proving, too, by just such statistics as those used by Captain PERSIUS in his article. He might have gone a little further and added to his admission as to the military ineffectuality of a ruthless submarine warfare on merchantmen the admission that its all too great effectuality in exciting against Germany the hostility of neutrals convicted of unwisdom the originators and executors of the plan and proved that the use of submarines should promptly be brought within the limitations fixed by international law. In the circumstances, however, the Captain is pardonable for crediting his readers with the intelligence needed for drawing that very obvious deduction. That he has drawn it himself is certain, and again the German-Americans find that they have been—and are—more German than the Germans at home.

Joining and Sundering. A Methodist clergyman of Cleveland, the Rev. J. L. BOYER, has views of his own on the divorce question, and he expressed them with some vigor in last Sunday's sermon. Evidently Mr. BOYER is not a cautious man, afraid of startling his own congregation or of exciting outside criticism, for not only did he declare himself a believer in divorce as an evil preferable to several others, but he denounced as hypocrites those who bemoan the number of divorces without doing anything to remove the causes that lead to them.

And Mr. BOYER manifested a special impatience with the foes of divorce who are constantly making solemn repetition of the phrase "whom GOD hath joined" as an argument against it. "Whom GOD joins together," said he, "there is no danger of man ever sundering," and then he added: "Just because a preacher uses that expression is no infallible sign that GOD had anything to do with it."

Observation of marriage as it is lived does seem to have a tendency to confirm the truth of that statement, but, coming from a pulpit, it is sufficiently unexpected to give the unprepared mind something of a shock. Of course, there be pulpits many from which it would never be heard—all those, for instance, the occupants of which talk more often of "priests" than of "preachers" and claim to speak with more, or at least with other, authority than Mr. BOYER apparently does.

A Lafayette Fund.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just read in THE TIMES that Sept. 6 will be the anniversary of Lafayette's birth. Would it not be a good way to celebrate it by starting a subscription of 5 or 10 cents from each patriotic American to be given to the Lafayette Fund for the wounded French soldiers? M. E. S.

New York, Aug. 28, 1915.

WE WHO WALK IN VERY QUIET WAYS.

We who walk in very quiet ways,
  To whom the word of strange and violent death
Comes over garden walls on sunny days,
  When all the fruitful earth seems to have breath;
We cannot think blood stains the trodden wheat,
  We cannot think that apple-trees are torn,
And streets like our own little village street
  Lie ruined and forlorn.
Our harvests wait unspoiled the reaper's hand,
  Our children play unravished in the sun,
We walk with quiet men who understand
  Tomorrow's work is what today begun;
Yet over common task and careless word,
Ring out such sounds as we have never heard!

LOUISE DRISCOLL.

THE NATURAL OLD MAID.

She Goes to College and Then the College Is Blamed.

New York, Aug. 30, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I should like to apply a little plain common sense to the elaborate statistical article of Mr. and Mrs. John Martin in THE TIMES of Aug. 29.

The first statement, that there are fewer marriages among college girls than among girls who do not go to college, is self-evident—and unimportant. Any one who knows life could go through a freshman class and almost inerrantly pick out those girls who will marry and those who will not—and there will be found a larger number than in most groups of those who, either from complete lack of magnetism, or because of a certain aloofness of nature, combined with an almost impossibly high standard, are practically sure not to marry, in the youthful mating season at least. It is not that the college turns out old maids, but that the natural old maid goes to college, and often becomes an extremely valuable member of the community.

The second point is that a comparison of Yale men and Vassar and Wellesley women shows that, of those who do marry, the Yale men have more children. This is an absolutely unfair comparison, as the economic problem, which is by far the most important factor in determining the number of children among educated people, presses far harder in the average college woman's family than in that of the college man. Ask any woman who has been trying to raise money for the Smith and Wellesley endowment fund and she will tell you that it does not need statistics to prove this.

There remain only the figures of Mary Roberts Smith showing that there are twenty-two more children per 100 families among their sisters and friends than among college women who marry. These figures are much the least startling of all the statistics in the Martin article and are the only ones that are entitled to any consideration whatever. While the numbers investigated by Mrs. Smith (337 college women and 389 others) are far too small to justify any safe generalization, if we accept them as indicative of the facts, we may either consider this the price we pay in quantity for something very well worth while in quality as the article admits, or, again, referring to our knowledge of life, rather than to misleading figures, we may recall the many marriages we have known contracted in later life between college women and men with whom their intellectual interests have thrown them; marriages that probably never would have taken place at all with women who led a narrower life.

The whole article, in fact, like so much of the current academic criticism of women, is the product of the closet rather than a rational criticism of life as it is lived. There are many perplexities and difficulties confronting us, Heaven knows, but let us not conjure up non-existent ones from terrifying figures that mean just nothing at all.

This dispute over figures does not, of course, go to the root of the doctrine which the article was intended to prove. It sometimes seems as if life would be much simpler if the Lord had made the world on the simple anti-feminist plan, with the capacity for work all in one sex, and for love and family life all in the other. Unfortunately heredity persists in confusing the issue, since girls will inherit their father's characters, and vice versa. No sane person will deny that at the present time it is an extremely difficult matter for a woman to gain from life and give to life what she feels that she might if conditions were different. Perhaps the best thing that women can contribute to the world is a rational technique that will make this as simple as it is now complicated.

JESSICA G. COSGRAVE.

The Speed Trap's Justification.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Under the title "The Speed Trap Revived," Mr. Bishop, a resident of Lenox, clearly entertains a fancied and unreasonable grievance against Berkshire County for reviving an "antiquated method of increasing the revenues of small towns," and advocates disloyalty to Berkshire County by bestowing custom on hotels and in towns where it will be more appreciated.

To the writer and to many others it would seem from observation of many motorists in this region that the "increase of revenue" of these small towns is not the cause of the speed trap revival, but that the basic cause is the desire on the part of these small towns that there should be at least a few survivors of disaster left to bestow their custom on Berkshire hostelries. If motorists stoutly and defiantly refuse to observe and obey speed regulations, and to disregard signs, the only resource left to the authorities is to re-establish speed traps, and thereby establish authentic records against violators of the law. Instead of carrying out the dire threat of "shunning these localities and bestowing custom on hotels where it will be more appreciated," if Mr. Bishop and other speed lovers will observe speed regulations and continue to bestow custom upon Lenox hostelries, all will be as happy as a marriage bell. F. S. STURGIS.

Lenox, Mass., Aug. 27, 1915.

Mosquitos and Real Estate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to thank you on behalf of the mosquito-afflicted inhabitants of the Borough of Queens for your excellent editorial on mosquitos. Since 1907, when I came to live in this mosquito-ridden borough, I have been much interested in, and have given much thought and study to, the whole question of mosquito extermination. Inasmuch as the salt marsh mosquito constitutes the overwhelming majority of the mosquitos in this borough, it is difficult to arouse any interest in the abolition of the comparatively few local breeding places where the fresh-water mosquito breeds. As many of these mosquitos are of the malaria-carrying Anopheles, they are a much more serious menace to health than any number of the salt-marsh variety. If the people of Queens could be brought to realize that the abolition of the mosquito would result in an enormous increase in real estate values—many times the cost of exterminating the mosquitos—we would soon be rid of them. Heretofore real estate men—many of them—have frowned on any agitation of the mosquito question, imagining, as does the ostrich, that if his head is under the sand he cannot be seen by others. We dwellers in Queens do not wish to be mean, but really we are delighted that the good people of Manhattan are being bitten. We feel that, were it not that mosquitos have penetrated even to the citadel at Centre and Walker Streets, we in Queens might writhe unheard. DAVID T. MARSHALL,

Vice President of the Queensboro Mosquito Extermination Association.

Hollis, L. I., Aug. 30, 1915.

Odor Still There.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can you explain the awful stench that seems to come from the river and permeates Riverside Drive, and often extends as far as Central Park? This stench, of a most nauseating character, usually comes in the evening. I should think that property owners who exact large rents for their Riverside Drive apartments would take the matter up, but so far I have not seen a word concerning one of New York's greatest nuisances. WILLIAM W. JEFFERSON.

New York, Aug. 28, 1915.

THE WAR CANKER IN PREPAREDNESS.

Now to Increase Our Armament Against Cripples and Bankrupts Will Weaken Our Voice in the Councils of Peace.

By WASHINGTON GLADDEN.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 28, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As one of the much-berated class of American citizens who are not convinced of the wisdom of increasing our armament, naval or military, at the present time, I should like to offer a few reasons why those holding like opinions should not be consigned to execration as "mollycoddles" or "sissies" or public enemies. For my own part I am not conscious of any lack of respect for the honor of my country nor of readiness to protect her from unjust attacks. Nor am I relying upon any merely sentimental trust in the goodness of other nations. I am only trying to use my common sense in observing the conditions which now exist and in considering what are morally certain to follow the close of the war. Surely there is no nation on the face of the earth of which we need to be afraid except the nations engaged in the present war. And which of these nations is likely to be in a condition to attack us when this war is over?

The Allies are all our friends; it is irrational, it is unnatural, it is even indecent to discuss or consider the possibility of war with any of them. Granting that the Teutons, on the other side, may be suspected of predatory purposes, is there any probability that they will be in shape, when peace is concluded in Europe, to prosecute a war upon the American Continent three thousand miles from their own coast, with, presumably, two or three of the strongest European fleets, besides our own ready to dispute their passage across the Atlantic? And even if any of these nations should have a grudge against us, how absurd is the fear of invasion from them under present conditions. No matter how this conflict ends, every one of them will emerge from it shattered, crippled, exhausted. How could they recruit their armies for such a stupendous undertaking? The best of their fighting men will be in their graves. The best of them, believe me, will not be anxious for any more fighting just now.

All these nations will be practically bankrupt. Are any of their Legislatures going to vote the funds for such an invasion of the United States? Really, it seems to me that any American who can read, and who has taken any pains to inform himself concerning what is going on in Europe today, what the war is doing to the nations engaging in it, and what their condition is sure to be when the war ends, and who, with these facts in his mind, can work himself up into a hysterical fear lest some or all of these nations are coming over here to attack us as soon as the war is over, must be in a serious condition of health and would do well to consult his physician.

What the physical and financial condition of these belligerent nations will be at the end of the war anybody who knows a little arithmetic and owns a lead pencil and a writing pad can easily figure out. Their psychological condition may be uneasily predictable, but it doesn't take much of a seer to make a shrewd guess at that. My own conjecture is that some highly important changes in men's ways of thinking about many things are coming to light as the result of this conflict. I expect that these belligerent nations will come out of this war in a very different state of mind from that in which they entered it. I assume that it will be plain to a good many millions of average human beings in the desecrated armies and in the desolated fields and in the ruined factories and over the broken hearthstones, that war, at its very best, is a hideous insanity, a fiendish foolishness; and that a demand for putting an end to it, such as the Heavens have never heard, will arise from Christendom. I cannot think it possible that the world can pass through such an ordeal as that which is now wringing the heart of humanity and come out unchanged. For we must remember that nothing like this has ever happened to the world before.

Never has the mind of the race been so stirred with great questionings; never has the heart of man been so torn with shame and sorrow and anguish as during these eventful months. For this is retribution. The nations are getting just what they have bargained for. They are eating the fruit of their own doings. They have sown to the wind and are reaping the whirlwind. Is it creditable that they will learn nothing from all this lessoning? Not to me. There is nothing visionary or sentimental about this conclusion. It is simply based upon an estimate of how human nature is likely to act under certain circumstances. It is incredible that human beings should fail to learn, under this fiery tuition, the stupidity of militarism.

When, therefore, at the end of this war the nations shall come together to settle terms of peace, it is rational to expect that the central question will be how to make an end of the war. Indeed, most if not all of these fighting nations now protest and asseverate that the thing which they are fighting for is to put an end to war. By that time they will perhaps be logical enough to admit that a good way to put an end to war is to stop fighting.

It is rational, I insist, to believe that that congress of the nations will seek diligently for some way of preventing war. It is not silly or sentimental or unpatriotic for Americans to cherish that expectation. But if they are warranted in cherishing that expectation they are not warranted at this juncture in increasing the armament of this nation. To do so is to proclaim our belief that such an expectation is delusive.

We expect to have some part in that congress. Suppose that, with that in view, we proceed to build a dozen new warships and increase our army to half a million men, and then suppose our representatives, appear in that august tribunal, met to find a way of putting an end to war, with this announcement: "The United States desires peace. It aspires to be the leader of the nations in the path of peace, and by way of signalizing this ambition it is proceeding to double its fleet and multiply its army by five." I fear that the announcement would not be convincing.

It may be that if a league of peace is formed it will be necessary to provide an international police to enforce its decrees. I am not convinced that such a provision would be necessary, but if it were insisted upon by the other nations I would not have our nation refuse to bear her part in it. It is possible that our navy is large enough now to furnish our quota for such a force; if it is not, the additional vessels could speedily be provided. But if a world peace or anything approximating to it is to be looked for as the result of the present war, then the present increase of our fighting force is irrational and unpolitic, not to say reprehensible. There is no national fear of present aggression on the part of any of the nations of the earth, and it is only decent to wait until after the coming conference of the nations has indicated the direction of international policy before we begin to increase our armament.

WASHINGTON GLADDEN.

OUR NATIONAL MUSIC.

It Will Be Greatly Influenced by the Negro Melodies of the South.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to the very interesting letter in THE TIMES, referring to the essay on Southern music, by Professor Albert Mildenberg, as published in your Sunday Magazine, I venture to add a few words, the result of great interest and much research in my personal acquaintance of many years with the well-known English negro composer, Coleridge Taylor, and the famous American authority, Harry T. Burleigh, both of these men being grave and earnest musicians, yet each pursuing entirely different paths in the development of their art. In the case of Coleridge Taylor it has been a steady advancement of a great talent for composition along serious lines, with no leaning toward development of a race peculiarity or special influence, it being simply the following out of the classical as well as higher form of musical compositions following those of all of the modern celebrated European composers.

Regarding Mr. Burleigh, his work has been a development of an idea which has had as its main inception and essential character the bringing out of the peculiar and individual negroid qualities, so far as the themes and rhythm are concerned, of course, seriously treated, but nevertheless with the idea of establishing a splendid and delightful color in his work, and the existence of a characteristic that he attributes solely to the Southern plantation negro.

It is but just and fair to presume that the charming melodies sung by the Southern plantation negro, such as "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot" and "Steal Away to Jesus" and the numerous other spirituals that I have heard unlimited times during my investigations in the South, throughout that glorious "Land of Dixie," are of absolutely pure negro origin, and this fact no doubt reinforces the contention of Professor Albert Mildenberg's argument that we must look to these fundamental principles of melody and rhythm produced by these very Southern negro singers, and maintained by them to this very day in their original form, for the very essence of the music from which our American folk-song exists and may be further developed.

The more treatment they will undergo at the hands of the trained and skilled musicians the further away from their intrinsic value they will be drawn, the more will they lose their entire individuality. The natural melodies in their original form, free from harmonic treatment by technical musicians, will of themselves be a potent factor in our future musical development.

ALBERT J. WEBER.

New York, Aug. 28, 1915.

Store Glasses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this cosmopolitan city we have departments of nearly every description, all tending toward the maintenance of health, safety, and the general public welfare. However, I desire to call attention to a subject of great importance, notwithstanding its having evidently been overlooked. I refer to the sale of eyeglasses in the small department stores, particularly the 5 and 10 cent stores. These spectacles are sold to ignorant parents for their children. Adults also buy them for their own use. After trying them on they select a pair, apparently feeling satisfied that they are the proper lenses for their eyes. I know of several cases where great suffering (known to result in serious eye affections) has been traced to the use of these glasses, and in some instances almost to total blindness, where patients had to be taken to public institutions and become public charges. WINSTON S. IRVIN.

New York, Aug. 28, 1915.

A PRISONER'S GRATITUDE.

Testimonial on the Work of Chaplain Waring at Leavenworth.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

About the 6th of September Chaplain George J. Waring will enter upon his duties at Governors Island as Chaplain of the Atlantic branch of the United States Disciplinary Barracks. The Eastern branch is to be congratulated on the acquisition of such an asset for progress, enlightenment, and humane prison methods as Chaplain Waring has proved himself to be. During his year's incumbency of the office of Chaplain at the Disciplinary Barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., he has set a pace in prison progress that will be extremely hard to better. An enumeration of the beneficent changes he has made or advocated there would be equivalent to giving the history of the phenomenal progress of that ancient penal institution. Suffice it to say that almost single-handedly he overcame the inertia which must always be overcome when any move contrary to hoary precedent, whether right or wrong, is contemplated.

His was the plan to grant practically unlimited writing privileges to the inmates—a plan which was advocated in various papers of the country after it had been in operation at the military prison for some time. He diverted the men's minds from harmful introspection by organizing theatrical entertainments, with talent taken from among the inmates. A good instance of the thoroughness with which he does whatever he undertakes was given when he took his entire minstrel troupe of over sixty prisoners outside of the prison and presented their really excellent program before many institutions, penal and others, of the neighborhood. Such a move was entirely unprecedented in prison annals, and was heralded far and wide over the country. The morale of the entire prison body was raised through this treatment of its members as human beings not devoid of all honor.

He broadened the reading privilege, improved the school system, and, more important than all for the inmates, he was their stanch and dependable champion. We will miss his genial good humor and his ever ready helpfulness here, and the Fort Jay detentioners are correspondingly the gainers.

A GRATEFUL PRISONER.

Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Aug. 27, 1915.

Love of the Flag.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why not make more general use of our country's flag until the present unrest and agitation subsides and conditions become normal? If men, women, and children wore miniature flags or red, white, and blue ribbons on their coats or waists as an emblem of patriotism and American honor, it would go a long way toward establishing a deeper and more far-reaching respect and love for our flag and country. Such a public manifestation of loyalty in the individual would signify in the most impressive manner the potential of unity in the masses. Let our children, our men, and our women, then, whether they are laborers in the nation's vineyard or are pleasure-seekers in the mountains or at the seashore, adopt this standard of patriotism; let our automobiles, our cabs, our railroad trains, our ships and boats display the Stars and Stripes whenever it is possible as a symbol of a united people standing for liberty, enlightenment, and righteousness. In short, let all of us who are true Americans show that we are in spirit willing to do and die for America and to ever uphold the honor of her flag.

EDWARD J. SUPER.

New York, Aug. 27, 1915.

MANAGERS BANISH CUT RATE TICKETS

Also Agree That 50 Cents Premium Only Will Be Allowed Hotel Agencies.

TO HAVE CENTRAL BUREAU

Where All the Brokers May Obtain Their Seats to Sell—Bound to Cut Down Passes.

After a series of meetings extending over the last two weeks the theatre managers have reached a unanimous decision to eradicate the evils that in recent years have crept into the selling of tickets. At a meeting held yesterday afternoon in the Hotel Astor at which representatives of all the first-class theatres in Manhattan were present the final details of the plan were worked out. The managers who blocked a similar movement last Spring by refusing to agree to abolish cut-rate tickets are now heartily in favor of the plan.

The three evils dealt with are those of exorbitant prices charged by hotels and other agencies, the selling of tickets at box offices and agencies at prices below the regular schedule of prices, and the issuing of passes. The first two named are of more importance to the general public, for more people are affected by them.

Under the new agreement no agency will be allowed to charge more than a 50-cent premium for seats under penalty of having its supply cut off. A central agency will receive tickets from the various theatres and the other agencies will call upon the distributing agency for such seats as they need to supply their clientele. The managers feel that the booking agencies are a convenience to a considerable public, that it would be impossible to eliminate them and that it would be much more practical and satisfactory to regulate the prices they may ask. The privilege of returning unsold seats, it is thought, will counterbalance the loss to the agencies from the extra premiums they have hitherto charged.

The practice of selling tickets below the box office schedule will be stamped out by the theatres refusing to do so and by cutting off the supply to the cut-rate agencies. There are a number of these in the Times Square neighborhood that obtained their tickets direct from the managers during the latter half of last season. At some time during the run of the majority of plays last season it was possible to see them at half the usual price by patronizing the cut-rate offices. The contract adopted binds the managers to maintain the regular schedule of prices.

The issuing of passes has been used largely, as a means of filling a theatre in the case of a play that has not established itself or has exhausted its public. It has been found that this is detrimental to the business, for it is a psychological fact that the average person who once goes to the theatre on a pass never wants to pay after that if by any means he can graft his way in. The contract cuts down the number of passes that may be issued to a minimum.

A committee of five managers will meet today to adjust the final details of the matter.

WILL WED GEN. SCRIVEN.

Miss Elizabeth McQuade Engaged to Chief Signal Officer of U. S. Army.

Mrs. Peter McQuade of 299 Tompkins Avenue, New Brighton, announced yesterday the engagement of her second daughter, Miss Elizabeth McQuade, to Brig. Gen. George Percival Scriven, Chief Signal Officer of the United States Army. The romance began at Gloucester, Mass., this Summer, where both were visiting. The wedding will be celebrated quietly early in October at the bride's home in New Brighton, and Miss Betty Scriven, a daughter of the bridegroom, will be the maid of honor.

Miss McQuade is a sister of Victor J. McQuade, the Master of the Richmond County Hunt, and is herself an expert horsewoman. She has one sister, Miss Mary McQuade. General Scriven is a widower with two daughters, the Misses Katharine and Betty Scriven. His first wife, Miss Bertha Bragg, was the daughter of General Edward S. Bragg. He was graduated in 1878 from the United States Military Academy, West Point, and was fifth in his class. He has been military attaché in Mexico and Rome, attended the Russian coronation, and was detailed with the Turkish forces in 1897. He served in Cuba and in the Philippines, where he was on the staff of General Wesley Merritt.

General Scriven was Signal Officer of the Chinese Relief Expedition and was recommended by General Chaffee to be brevetted Lieutenant Colonel for gallant conduct at Yangtsum on Aug. 6, and at Peking on Aug. 14 and 15, 1900. He is the author of various documents and received a gold medal from the Military Service Institute for his paper entitled "Nicaragua Canal and its Military Aspects." He is a member of the University and New York Athletic Clubs, and of the Army and Navy, Metropolitan, and Riding and Hunt Clubs of Washington, where his home is, at 2,009 N Street, N. W.

BREESE FAMILY WEDDINGS.

Brother and Sister to be Married in Southampton on Oct. 9.

There are to be two weddings in the family of Mr. and Mrs. James Lawrence Breese on Saturday, Oct. 9. The first will be that of their son, Robert Potter Breese, whose marriage to Miss Beatrice Claflin, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Claflin of New York and Lakewood, N. J., will take place at noon in St. Andrew's Church on the Dunes at Southampton, L. I. Miss Eleanor Lamson is to be the bride's only attendant and Mr. Breese will have Gerald de C. May, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry May of Washington, as his best man.

The second wedding to immediately follow that of Mr. Breese is to be that of Miss Frances T. Breese and Lawrence McKeever Miller, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman Miller of Tuxedo. It will be celebrated at the Breese villa, the Orchard, at Southampton, and the guests will motor over from the church marriage of the bride's brother to attend it. The double reception will be held at the Orchard for Mr. Breese and his sister.

MISS WURTS ENGAGED.

Daughter of Yale Professor to Wed James L. Boyce.

Professor John Wurts of Yale and Mrs. Wurts have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Bertha Wurts, to James Leonard Boyce, a son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Leonard Boyce of Chicago.

Miss Wurts made her début in New York several years ago, when she spent part of the Winter with her cousin, Miss Laura Jay Edwards. She is through her father a lineal descendant of John Jay, the first Chief Justice of the United States. The wedding will take place in December at West Haven, Conn.

Mr. Boyce owns a fruit farm at Hamilton, Mont., where they will spend a part of their time after their marriage.

Kahle-Pickhardt Engagement.

Mrs. Marcell Kahle of Bridgehampton, L. I., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Helen Kahle, to Dr. Otto Carl Pickhardt, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Pickhardt of New York. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

TAFT IS JAPAN DAY ORATOR.

Speaks at Panama-Pacific Exposition for Closer Friendship.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—William Howard Taft was the principal speaker at the celebration of Japan Day at the Panama-Pacific Exposition today. The ex-President spoke to several thousand persons, half of them Japanese. He paid a tribute to the late Emperor Mutsuhito, whom he had known personally, and added:

"The United States and Japan must maintain the strongest kind of friendship. We must come closer together by dealing justly with each other."

Thousands of Japanese from all parts of the State participated in the celebration, which ended tonight with a lantern parade and a display of Japanese fireworks. Throughout the day Japanese contests of all kinds were carried on in lavish fashion. The anniversary of the birth of the Emperor of Japan was made the motive for the day.

INDORSE WILSON FOR 1916.

Kentucky Democrats in State Convention Demand His Renomination.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 31.—Kentucky Democrats, in State Convention here tonight, unanimously indorsed President Wilson as the standard-bearer of the party in 1916. Kentucky is the first State to take such a step. Two thousand delegates cheered the resolution for several minutes when it was presented by the Resolutions Committee. The resolution reads in part:

"We beleve that his mastery of the situation (European) requires his renomination in 1916, and we indorse him as the party's most efficient and trusted leader in the coming national election, believing that patriots without regard to party recognize Woodrow Wilson as the one man best suited to bear the burdens and perform the herculean tasks now confronting the President of the United States."

Brooklyn Bull Moose Slate.

The Kings County Progressives named the following primary slate last night: Supreme Court Justice, John R. Taylor; County Judges, William S. Miller, Charles J. Ryan, and George H. Ittleman; District Attorney, Robert H. Elder; Sheriff, Frederick H. Shomburg; Register, Westervelt Prentice; County Clerk, Franklin S. Tomlin.

ADDRESS CHINESE STUDENTS

Minister and Admiral Point Out Opportunities Here.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Aug. 31.—The Chinese student conference at Wesleyan University today was addressed by Kai Fu Shah, the Chinese Minister, and Admiral Wei Ha, who is a member of a commission which is visiting industrial plants in this State. The students, when they greeted the speakers, gave a special college yell, which embraced several words in Chinese and the American "Rah, rah, rah."

Admiral Wei Ha spoke in his native tongue and urged the students to make the most of their opportunities, as China needed them. He spoke also for closer friendships between China and the United States.

Mr. Shah spoke in English, saying that before he left China President Yuan requested him to pay special attention to the students in this country. He said that China felt grateful to this country for remitting the Boxer indemnity, and that it would mean fully 10,000 students sent to the United States for their education.

Miller-Cook Wedding Thursday.

George Everitt Miller, a brother of Walter Miller, who married Miss Patty Austin in New York a few days ago, and Miss Regina Elsie Cook, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Henry Cook of 815 Ditmas Avenue, Brooklyn, will be married on Thursday evening at the bride's home. Miss Cook will have Miss Lena Bossong as her maid of honor, and little Miss Jessie M. Johnson, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse W. Johnson, will be the flower girl. Mr. Miller will have his brother, Walter Miller, as his best man. Another brother of Mr. Miller, Dr. Frank Miller, was married on June 30 in Atlantic City to Miss Elizabeth H. Young, making three weddings in the family in two months.

Brooklyn Amateur Actors to Wed.

The marriage of Miss Ruth Bowers Davison, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvah Davison, and a "leading lady" in Brooklyn amateur theatricals, and Percy Stewart will take place on Thursday night, Sept. 23, at the home of the bride, 75 Lenox Road. Mr. Stewart is also prominent in the Spotlight Club.

"Battle Cry of Peace" at Vitagraph.

"The Battle Cry of Peace," the motion picture produced by the Vitagraph Company to present the case of the unpreparedness of the United States for war, will be placed on exhibition in the Vitagraph Theatre next Thursday. The theatre will be closed the first half of the week, and when it reopens a new scale of prices, from $2 for box and rear orchestra seats down to 25 cents, will be charged. A symphony orchestra will play, and some special effects have been arranged by S. L. Rothapfel, who has been engaged to stage the entertainment.

Refuses to Enjoin Epoch Company.

Supreme Court Justice Clarence J. Shearn yesterday refused the application of George H. Davis of San Francisco for an injunction restraining the Epoch Producing Company from disposing of the western rights to "The Birth of a Nation" to any one but himself. The plaintiff had entered into negotiations with the motion picture company for the rights for several Western States for which he offered $100,000. It was shown these had fallen through when he refused to bind himself to exhibit the picture at a certain scale of prices.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Leonard Willey and Edward Griffin are the latest additions to the cast Charles Hopkins is assembling for his production of a dramatization of Stevenson's "Treasure Island." The former will play the role of Captain Smollett and the latter Black Dog.

Two hundred contestants and officials in the national tennis tournament being played on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills will see May Irwin's performance in "No. 13 Washington Square" at the Park Theatre tonight.

The Candler Theatre will begin its new season tonight with the presentation of a new play by Max Marcin entitled "The House of Glass."

Frank Gillmore has been chosen by William Faversham for the role of Rene de Tierrache in "The Hawk" when that drama is sent on tour.

The first performance of the new Herve-Philipp-Paulton musical comedy, "Two Is Company," will be given in New Haven Monday night, Sept. 13. Georgia Caine, May de Sousa, Claude Fleming, Clarence Harvey, and Ralph Nairn are in the cast.

Burton Holmes is on his way back to Chicago from a six-months' tour of America in search of material for a new series of illustrated travel lectures. "Florida," "Dixie," "California," and "The Exposition" will be four of his subjects.

Andreas Dippel will send "The Lilac Domino" on tour from Sept. 23 to May 15. Helene Morrill will sing the role of Georgine, and others in the cast will be Humbird Duffey, Amparita Farrar, and Mlle. Vota.

Billie Burke, accompanied by her husband, Florenz Ziegfeld, left yesterday for California, where she will act a series of pictures that will later be shown here in the Knickerbocker Theatre by the Triangle Film Corporation.

Andrew Mack is to return to the legitimate stage this season in some of the Irish dramas of his early repertoire, and later in a new play. The comedian is under the management of Edward E. Pidgeon.

On the St. Paul, due tonight or tomorrow, are Mr. and Mrs. Zellah Covington, the former the co-author of "Some Baby!" the farce at the Fulton. The Covingtons were on the Arabic.

CANADIAN INDIANS MAKE LAND FERTILE

The Shuswaps Learned to Irrigate Fields and Made Columbia Valley a Beauty Spot.

RANCHERS WERE DRIVEN OUT

Railroad Opens Up Part of British Columbia to Settlers Who Have Prospered.

Railroad construction has just been completed through the upper Columbia Valley, in British Columbia, which has opened up for development one of the beauty spots of the world. This heretofore almost inaccessible country is the natural pocket between the Selkirk and the Rocky Mountain ranges, and it lies beyond the famous Big Bend near the headwaters of the Columbia River. The upper Columbia River and the Windmere Lakes are in a beautiful district where the deep blue horizon is jagged with the snowy mountain caps.

Long before the railroad trains ran through the valley and before there was thought of its agriculturial possibilities a band of Shuswap Indians followed the river to its source in search of salmon. They stopped near the Windmere Lakes. From fishing they turned to farming and varied the monotony of agriculture by hunting and stock round-ups. These Indians took advantage of the mountain torrents that raced across their chosen lands, diverted these streams, built lateral ditches and irrigated their fields. The results were such that the few ranchers followed their example.

Next some progressive agriculturist wanted fruits. He planted trees and they flourished, he planted berries and they blossomed as though blessed by a genii. A thousand dollar yield was easy for an acre set with strawberries. Other men followed the pioneers and outside capital came.

Ranchers Were Driven Out.

As the settlers increased the ranchers went out. Pasture lands became orchards, and the railroad crept to Windmere. In the Spring of 1912 the last herd of cattle on the east side of the river was rounded up and sold. Following their departure came the thousands of workmen constructing the extension of the Canadian Pacific from Golden South to link up with the Crowsnest Pass branch at Fort Steele, tapping the prairies from each end and affording a simple haulage problem in place of the complex railroad problem of the great hill at Field, B. C. That railroad has just now been completed, trains run through the valley and the country is open to settlement. Another change is taking place in the valley. Summer homes and hotels are being built and hunting lodges have been erected. Earl Grey, the former Governor General, has built a house on the lakes. Large properties are owned there by the heirs of the Duke of Sutherland.

Although there are launches and steamboats on the river and one can often hear the blast of the automobile horn the sides of the valley are still inhabited by the elk, moose and deer.

Aside from its beauty the Government road affords interesting moments when the mind is taken back to the pioneer days. At one point the trail is passed which leads to the spot where a heavily laden whisky agent was murdered for the money he carried, at another place the whisky smugglers who gambled and fought while waiting the opportunity to run a cargo over prohibited territory were camped. Only a few years ago up toward the top of the pass, a red-headed horse thief with a Winchester rifle across his knees put to rout a Sheriff's posse that had followed him grimly for two long days.

"What do you fellows want?" the pursued asked when the pursuers reached the narrow point in the trail.

"Wer'e after you, Red," the Sheriff replied at the head of his column.

"Well," drawled Red, shifting his rifle until the muzzle pointed at the posse. "Ye had better not try to get me here, ye had better go back a ways."

The Sheriff was wise in men and conditions. He knew that Red was too advantageously situated to be taken. He also knew how effectively Red could fight if he got started. So he retreated and sometime later Red slipped away.

Great Soil for Fruits.

Red reached Montana with his stolen horses and there found a ready market for them. Some years later Red was hunted out of Montana and in time he found his way back into the valley again. It is on record that he turned to the land and prospered. He paid for the stolen horses and lived for years near the spot where he had defied the Sheriff's posse.

Two tribes of Indians live in the valley, Kootenays and Shuswaps. The former are the original inhabitants, the other tribe having settled there sixty years ago. The Kootenays are high-spirited, law-abiding, but jealous of their dignity and condition. They refuse to till the soil, but will work for the white man and own some good stock themselves.

The irrigated land for fruits, gardens, and homes are the great object in the valley now. The soil—with water—will raise the fruit, but there is sometimes a tendency shown in cases of sale to leave impressions differing more or less considerably from fact. Every foot of the valley is beautiful to look upon, but every foot will not raise fruit or other agricultural products. Only that which is accessible for water is desirable for such purposes, and it is feared that some has been taken up which will not bear the test of practical development in spite of assertions of original owners or selling agents. A man who was recently in the valley said:

"If a man buys a horse he should look at it, if he buys a gold mine he should have it examined first, if he buys a diamond he makes sure it is real. So with fruit lands, they are there, but not in the profusion that some declare. Those intending buying should let reason guide them and go see for themselves. If the country is seen it needs no verbal boosting, it boosts itself. But it should be seen. There may be ten productive farms at one point, and the next five miles may be eye-pleasing stretches of timber, sand, and non-irrigable upland. Much formerly unfertile land has been made fertile by irrigation, but all of it cannot be treated in this way."

ENGLISH PRELATE ILL.

Archbishop of Canterbury Will Not Be Able to Work for Weeks.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The announcement was made at Lambeth Palace today that the Archbishop of Canterbury last week had a serious return of the illness from which he suffered two years ago.

It was added that though his steady convalescence was expected, some weeks must elapse before he would be able to resume work.

BRADY DROPS $4,000 GEM.

Cotton Broker Who Finds It is Now "Diamond Jim's" Friend.

In the wee sma' hours yesterday morning—if you want to call three small—"Diamond Jim" Brady was dancing with (name deleted by Censor Brady) in the Domino Room of Bustanoby's in Columbus Circle, when something fell with a dull thud—but not enough of a thud to tell Mr. Brady he had lost a $4,000 diamond from one of his famous jockey cuff links.

When the dance was over Mr. Brady stopped dancing because there were no more dances, and told everybody he was going home. On his way straight home he telephoned from Healy's restaurant to Bustanoby's that he had lost the diamond.

There was excitement at Bustanoby's. Wasn't "Diamond Jim" Brady a good customer, and wasn't a $4,000 diamond a $4,000 diamond? Everything was searched, searched until dawn, and then the search did not cease. Anxious searchers went to the ash dump, the garbage dump, and other places to look for the diamond.

Suddenly, about noon, Victor—he's the head waiter who has just come back from fighting for France—Victor remembered he had seen a man, who is a frequent visitor to Bustanoby's, a cotton broker, he was said to be, pick up something from the floor about the time Mr. Brady was dancing with, (name deleted by Censor Brady.) The upshot of it was that the cotton broker received a call from a representative of Bustanoby's, who reminded him that a diamond was missing.

"Sure," the broker is quoted as saying. "I picked up 'Diamond Jim's' diamond. I have wanted for years to meet Mr. Brady, and now I have a means of introduction. I can meet him now and I believe he will be glad to see me."

Mr. Brady was. And last night he confirmed the report that the broker had called at his home, Eighty-sixth Street and Central Park West, and obtained the coveted introduction in exchange for the diamond.

ARREST EXPELLED MINISTER

Author of Book Attacking Methodists Caught Begging.

Rufus T. Cooper, who is said to have been expelled from the Methodist ministry and membership in the conference in Minneapolis, Minn., May 28, 1912, was arrested at Mount Vernon last night for begging a meal at a restaurant. He pleaded not guilty to a charge of vagrancy. He had $2.50 in his pockets and was well dressed. He said he lived in Springfield, Mass., and was a book agent, but business was poor and he was seeking a job as chef.

He admitted he had been arrested in Minneapolis in 1912 for disorderly conduct at a Methodist conference and had been sentenced to ninety days in the workhouse. City Judge George C. Appell reprimanded him and ordered him to leave the city.

Cooper is the author of "Jesuitism in Methodism, or the Ecclesiastical Politics of the Methodist Episcopal Church Under the Limelight," which is an attack on the Methodist Board of Bishops, whom he calls "would-be Popes." It contains an account of his expulsion from the Church and his experience in the Minneapolis Workhouse, where he learned to cook. He has held several pastorates in New York City and in Pennsylvania.

MOVIE SHOW AT BELLEVUE.

Five Hundred Patients See Pictures on Screen on Lawn.

Bellevue Hospital had a movie show last night under the auspices of Miss Elizabeth Graham, who has charge of the social service work. More than 500 patients, some in wheel-chairs, others on foot and some of the smaller children in the arms of the nurses, witnessed the performance.

Owing to the chill weather many of the older invalids were unable to venture out on the lawn, where the screen was placed, and sat in the windows of the main building of the hospital and watched the pictures.

New Jewish Information Bureau.

The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, of which ex-Judge Leon Sanders is President, announced yesterday that it had established at its offices, 229 East Broadway, a bureau through which dependent Jews in the war zones may be more readily located by their immigrant relatives in this country seeking to render them assistance. The society has made arrangements with similar national organizations in Russia, Austria, Germany, England, and France so that communication may be re-established between separated relatives when inquiries are received in New York for persons on the other side of the Atlantic.

MAJOR GEORGE K. SHAW.

Associate Editor of the Peace Forum Dies in His 73d Year.

Major George K. Shaw, an associate editor of the Peace Forum and formerly well known in the Middle West as a newspaper proprietor and publisher, died on Monday at his home, 931 Fox Street, the Bronx, in his seventy-third year. He was born in Bangor, Me., and went West when a young man. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in a Wisconsin regiment. After the war Major Shaw went to Minneapolis, and at one time he was the proprietor of both The Minneapolis Journal and Tribune. Later he went to St. Paul, where he bought The St. Paul Despatch. Fifteen years ago he retired from active newspaper work and came here to live.

Major Shaw was a member of the Loyal Legion and the Sons of Revolution.

EX-PRESIDENT FLORES DIES.

Head of Ecuadorian Government from 1888 to 1892.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Aug. 31.—Antonio Flores, former President of Ecuador, is dead here.

Señor Flores was elected to the Presidency of Ecuador in 1888 and served the term of four years.

John A. McNab.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 31.—John A. McNab, for more than half a century head of the McNab & Harlin Manufacturing Company of this city, with offices at 55 John Street, New York City, died at his Summer home in West Oakland, N. J., and his funeral was held this afternoon in Oakland, with the interment in Paterson. Mr. McNab, who was 71 years old, was a poet, writer, ornithologist, and horticulturist. Among his books of poems to be published were "The Song of the Passaic" and "The Legend of the Lake." He lived in retirement for the last twenty years, spending his Summers here and his Winters at Lake Como, Fla.

Major Henry H. Baker.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 31.—Major Henry H. Baker, Vice President of The Times-Picayune Publishing Company, died today at his home here, aged 73. Major Baker served four years with the Confederate Army, and for many years he was advertising manager of The Times-Democrat before its consolidation with The Picayune.

SPEND LABOR DAY HOLIDAYS
—AT—
White Sulphur Springs
—WEST VIRGINIA—
MOST CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE IN AMERICA
THE GREENBRIER
EUROPEAN PLAN
OPEN ALL THE YEAR
FINEST BATH ESTABLISHMENT IN AMERICA
Extra Compartment Cars leave Friday, Sept. 3d, at 3:03 P. M.
Staff of experienced Physicians in attendance

J. G. METCALFE DIES; A RAILROAD PIONEER

Ex-President of the Mexican International Succumbs in His 67th Year.

EXPERT FOR SPEYER & CO.

A Director of London Underground Line and Active in the South American Field.

Jacob G. Metcalfe, former President of the Mexican International Railway, a Director of the London Underground Railway Company, and recently consulting railway expert for Speyer & Co., bankers of this city, died yesterday at Pocono Summit, Penn., in his sixty-seventh year. He was one of the pioneer railroad men of this country.

Mr. Metcalfe was born in Cambridge, Ohio, and after being educated in the public schools went into railroad work as a telegraph operator. Later he became chief dispatcher of the "Panhandle" line at Dennison, Ohio, after which he occupied the same position at Logansport, Ind. From 1883 until 1888 he was successively Superintendent of the Louisville and Cincinnati division of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad; then Superintendent of the St. Louis and Henderson divisions, and after this became Superintendent of the South & North Alabama Road and the Birmingham Mineral Road.

Mr. Metcalfe then served with various roads until 1900, when he became General Manager of the Denver & Rio Grande. A year later he became General Manager of the Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad, where he remained until June, 1902, when he was appointed President of the Mexican International Railway. For a year, starting in April, 1904, he was Vice President of the National Lines of Mexico.

In 1905 Mr. Metcalfe became a consulting expert on railroad matters and was appointed Vice President of the Manila Railway Company, and retained this position until his death. He made extensive personal investigations in foreign countries and took an active part in solving the transportation problems of Peru, Chile, and Ecuador. At the time of his death he was Vice President of the Bolivia Railway Company and a Director of the Missouri Pacific Railroad. Mr. Metcalfe was called to London to help solve the problems of the London Underground Railway Company, of which he became a Director.

He was a member of the Railroad Club and the Ohio and Kentucky Societies of this city. His home was in Morristown, N. J., and he is survived by his wife, who was Miss Lucy Garrison of Louisville, Ky., and by four sons and a daughter.

THOMAS E. H. CURTIS DIES.

Art Collector Offered $500,000 Aid to New Institute of Arts.

Thomas E. H. Curtis, said to have been one of the founders of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, and known for many years as an art collector, died early yesterday morning at Atlantic City, where he had been spending the Summer, in his sixty-fourth year.

He formerly lived in this city, and went to Plainfield, N. J., twenty years ago, where he built a large home at 511 West Eighth Street. His art collection, comprising tapestries, rugs, and china, is said to be one of the finest in this country, and a number of his Roman and Phoenician specimens of glassware are now on exhibition at the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

The collections are said to be worth more than $1,000,000, and the late J. Pierpont Morgan offered him $400,000 for his collection of Roman Phoenician glass. In addition to his art objects, Mr. Curtis was a numismatist and a member of the Gem Club, all the members of which are stamp collectors.

Among the most precious objects in his art collection are vases of murrhine glass, inlaid glass, and rare specimens composed of strips of glass of various colors. Several of the rarest specimens came from the ruins of Antioch, the ancient capital of Syria, and others came from Rome and Egypt. In 1908, one of his finest pieces of Etruscan art was obtained from an excavation near Tyre, in Syria. This is a rare specimen of a terra cotta sarcophagus for holding the ashes of the dead, the only other funeral urn similar to it in this country being the one in the Museum of Columbia University.

Mr. Curtis was deeply interested in French art, and was one of the founders, and, at the time of his death, a Trustee and Vice President of the Museum of French Art.

When Archer M. Huntington gave the site for the National Institute of Arts and Letters on Broadway and 155th Street, last January, Mr. Curtis announced that he would give $500,000 toward the erection of the building. He was a graduate of New York University and a former member of the New York Stock Exchange.

Mr. Curtis is survived by his sister and three daughters.

Mrs. Susan P. Wingate.

Mrs. Susan P. Wingate, the wife of General George W. Wingate, died yesterday at her home, 1,100 Dean Street, Brooklyn. She was born seventy-three years ago in Westville Centre, Franklin County, N. Y., and was a daughter of Buel H. Man and Louisa D. Man of that place. Mrs. Wingate was for years a worker in behalf of the Home for Aged Men in Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, and was also interested in other charitable and church work. Besides her husband she is survived by two sons and two daughters. General Wingate is a prominent Brooklyn lawyer, a veteran member of the Board of Education and President of the Public Schools Athletic League.

Richard H. Burdsall.

Richard H. Burdsall, President of the First National Bank of Port Chester, N. Y., died on Monday at his country home in North Egremont, Mass., from heart disease. He lived in Port Chester and was an officer in many corporations, among which were the Russell, Burdsall & Ward Nut and Bolt Company, of which he was Treasurer, and the Yonkers Trust Company and the Westchester Fire Insurance Company, of which he was a Director. Mr. Burdsall was also a member of the Board of Governors of the Port Chester Country Club and of the Board of Education and the Society of Friends. His wife and two sons survive him.

Julius Payerk, Explorer and Painter

VIENNA, Aug. 31.—The death of Julius Payerk, polar explorer and painter, is announced.

Crouch & Fitzgerald
Reliable Luggage
The Club Bag, 18 inch $17
Light Weight Case, 24 inch $14
WARDROBE TRUNKS
14 West 40th St.
154 Fifth Ave., at 20th St.
177 Broadway

CHARLES T. WILLS DEAD.

Builder and Banker Was Prominent in New York Civic Life.

Charles T. Wills, banker, builder, and contractor, with offices at 286 Fifth Avenue, and who lived at Belle Haven, Conn., died yesterday in a hospital in Greenwich, Conn., in his sixty-fourth year. He was one of the leading builders of this city, and began life as a bricklayer when 17 years old.

Mr. Wills was the founder and President of C. T. Wills, Inc., and among the buildings his firm erected are the New York Stock Exchange, the Chamber of Commerce, the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, the Morgan Memorial at Hartford, Conn.; the Morgan Library, the American Bank Note Company Building, and All Angels' Church. Mr. Wills was a Vice President of the Garfield Safe Deposit Company, a Director in the Garfield National Bank and the United States Mortar Company.

He was active in the civic life of New York, and was a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the American Museum of Natural History, the Board of Trade and Transportation, the Mechanics and Traders' Exchange, the American Institute, and a number of other bodies. He was also a member of the Union League, the New York Athletic, the Republican, and the Indian Harbor Yacht Clubs, and of the Automobile Club of America.

John D. Long Buried.

HINGHAM, Mass., Aug. 31.—The funeral of John D. Long, former Secretary of the Navy and once Governor of Massachusetts, was held today, and was marked by extreme simplicity. The service in the Third Unitarian Church consisted of scripture reading and prayer. There was no eulogy.

Obituary Notes.

LEON EDWARD MULLER, active in Democratic politics in Richmond Borough, died on Monday at his home, 1,061 Fingerboard Road, Grasmere, S. I., in his sixty-third year. He was born in this city and lived in the Eighth Ward until he sold his business and retired. His wife and three daughters survive him.

EDMUND C. HUNGERFORD, known as "Eddie Coleman" in racing and theatrical circles, died on Monday at his home in Bay Shore, L. I., in his forty-fourth year. He was a familiar figure at the old Guttenburg track, and at one time owned a number of thoroughbreds. Mr. Hungerford was a promoter of minstrel companies, which toured under the name of Coleman's Minstrels. His widow survives him.

MARTIN RICHARD ROMAINE is dead at Geneva, N. Y. He was 80 years old and was born in the old stone homestead at Rochelle Park, N. J., where Miss Anne Romaine now resides.

Former Police Recorder ELIJAH DOREMUS of East Orange, N. J., 77 years old, died in the Homeopathic Hospital, Newark, yesterday. Born in Morris County, Mr. Doremus was a descendant of one of the oldest families of Northern New Jersey. In 1852 he removed to East Orange, where he had since made his home. Mr. Doremus served as Auditor for twelve years in the East Orange Township.

Mrs. RUTH SPIER IRISH, wife of Dr. Robert L. Irish, who has an office at 314 Second Avenue, Manhattan, died on Monday at her home, 375 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn. Her father was the late William Hadden, in early days with the Western Union Telegraph Company.

Mrs. MARY O'CONNELL, widow of Edmond O'Connell, a retired business man of Sheepshead Bay, died on Monday at her home, 2,154 Eighty-fourth Street, Sheepshead Bay. She was 53 years of age and left a daughter.

Mrs. ANNA GARMS ALBERS, wife of Henry Albers, a retired merchant, died from diabetes on Monday at her home, 240 Decatur Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Albers was a member of the Ladies' Aid Society and the Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church, in Manhattan. She was also actively interested in the work of the Wartburg Orphans Farm School, of which her husband is a trustee. Besides her husband she left a son, Henry Albers, Jr., who is an attorney in this city, and a daughter.

JAMES WALSH, a journeyman shoemaker for Hanan & Son and a member of Peconic Council, Royal Arcanum, and of the Holy Name Society of St. Mary Star of the Sea Church, died on Monday at his home, 24 Second Street, Brooklyn, aged 68 years.

JOHN J. FORAN, employed in the New York Custom House for more than fifteen years, died at his home, 568 Park Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, leaving a widow and four sons.

ANDREW AUGUSTUS FORBUSH, 85 years old, one of the old-time builders of Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, 297 New York Avenue.

JOHN TURNER, for twenty-seven years cashier for Minden's Restaurant in Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, 204 Harmon Street, aged 57 years.

Mrs. KATE F. REDDING, widow of Captain John W. Redding, a veteran of the civil war who served with Company A, Fourteenth Regiment, of Brooklyn, died in Milton, N. Y., on Monday, at the age of 78 years.

MICHAEL BUECHLER, formerly active in political circles in the Eastern District of Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, 434 Humboldt Street, in his seventy-fourth year. Mr. Buechler was a native of Germany, but had lived in the Eastern District since 1865.

HENRY TIETJEN, 70 years old, a retired grocer for many years in business at Park Avenue and Ryerson Street, Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, 193 Lenox Road, Flatbush, from heart disease.

EDWARD P. BRIDGMAN, aged 81, one of the few survivors of the band that fought under John Brown at Osawatomie, Kan., in 1856, died at his home in Madison, Wis., yesterday. Mr. Bridgman served with the Massachusetts regiment during the civil war.

The Rev. HENRY J. CUTLER, pastor of St. Mary's Catholic Church for nearly twenty-five years, and one of the best-known priests in Virginia, died in Alexandria, Va., Monday night. He formerly was Vicar General of the Diocese of Virginia. He was 66 years old, and a native of Ireland.

JOHN H. FOW, a well-known lawyer of Philadelphia, and for many years prominent in Pennsylvania Democratic politics, died yesterday at his Summer home in Spring Lake, N. J. He was 64 years old.

THOMAS THORSEN, a former Secretary of State of South Dakota and National Committeeman of the Republican Party in South Dakota, died on Sunday at his home in Canton, S. D., in his sixty-eighth year. He was born in Norway and came to this country with his parents in 1854. Mr. Thorsen was President of the First National Bank of Canton.

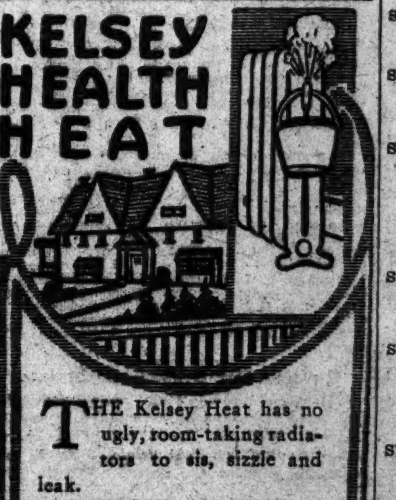
ROBERT H. PARK, a retired fire Captain of Newark, N. J., died yesterday at his home, 282 Littleton Avenue, after an illness of three years. On several occasions his daring nearly cost him his life while fighting fires. Captain Park left a wife, three sons, and four daughters.

Mrs. ELLEN SPLAN MARSHALL, Matron of the Essex County Hospital for the Insane for the last twenty-five years, died Sunday night at the hospital in her seventy-third year. She was the widow of Roger Marshall, a former Newark Alderman.

Mrs. MARY G. SHELDON, widow of Lewis Sheldon of the firm of Sheldon & Co., died on Monday at the Presbyterian Hospital in her seventy-fifth year. She lived with her brother, General Anson G. McCook, at 33 West Fifty-fourth Street, and was taken ill at her Summer home in Monticello, N. Y. Mr. Sheldon was born in Steubenville, Ohio, and is survived by two brothers.

GUSTAVE A. BERGMAN, Quartermaster and pilot of steam vessels for thirty-five years before he retired, died recently at his home in New Rochelle, N. Y., in his sixty-third year. He was a native of Sweden, and is survived by his widow and two daughters.

Professor FIDELIS ZITTERBART, a musician and composer, died on Monday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. C. J. Braun, Jr., in Pittsburgh, Penn., in his seventy-first year. He was a member of the New York and Brooklyn Philharmonic Societies and of the Onslow Quintet Club of this city. Professor Zitterbart was also a Director of the Pittsburgh Philharmonic Society, and also of its successor, the Beethoven Society.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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

SOLOW.—Aug. 31, 574 St. Nicholas Av., to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Solow, (nee Koch,) a son.

Married

Brooklyn.

KOEHLER—MOGG.—Aug. 28, Louise Mogg to Harry Koehler.

STECKING—MARKGRAF.—Aug. 28, Ardell Markgraf to Henry A. Stecking.

Newark.

FRANZ—RITTWEGER.—Aug. 28, Carrie Rittweger to George Franz.

HODAPP—HOLLAND.—Aug. 29, Gretta E. C. Holland to Frank Hodapp.

MIKELES—MARX.—Aug. 29, Dora Marx to Dr. Frank M. Mikeles.

UNGER—SCHENKEL.—Aug. 29, Anna B. Schenkel to Samuel Unger.

Long Island.

WEIDENBECK—WARNECKER.—Aug. 25, Long Island City, Meta Warnecker to Maxwell E. Weidenbeck.

Died

BAER.—On Tuesday, Aug. 31, Samuel Baer, beloved son of the late Kaufmann and Emily Baer, and brother of Blanche, Meyer A., Emma Levy, and Lettye Frey. Funeral from his late residence, Cumbermede Road, Palisades, N. J., at convenience of family.

BLAKE.—On Aug. 28, 1915, Alfred Louis, aged 11 years, youngest child of Thomas C. and Anna Quinn Blake. Funeral Wednesday, 9:15 A. M., from his late residence, 538 West 149th St., thence to St. Catharine's Church, 153d St., near Amsterdam Av. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

BLUHM.—Aaron, beloved husband of Ernestine, father of Leo, Julius, Philip, and Lewis Bluhm, suddenly, on Aug. 30. Funeral services at his late residence, 235 West 102d St., on Thursday, Sept. 2, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

BOWSKY.—On Monday, Aug. 30, at New City, N. Y., Margaret, widow of the late Max Bowsky. Funeral Thursday, Sept. 2. Interment at Kensico Cemetery on arrival of 2:13 train from Grand Central Station.

BURDSALL.—Suddenly, at Great Barrington, Mass., on Second Day, Eighth Month, 30th, Richard H. Burdsall of Port Chester, N. Y., in his 59th year. Funeral service from his late residence, Port Chester, N. Y., on Fifth Day, morning, Ninth Month, Second Day, at 10 o'clock at Friends' Meeting House, Purchase, at 11:15. Kindly omit flowers.

BURGE.—On Tuesday, Aug. 31, 1915, at his late residence, 1,959 Boulevard, Jersey City, Jacob, beloved husband of Mary A. Burge, aged 76 years. Relatives and friends; also Bay View Lodge No. 146, F. & A. M.; Alpha Chapter No. 1, E. S.; Allegania Lodge No. 183, I. O. O. F., and Alleghania Lodge 108, K. of P., are respectfully invited to attend the services at Faith Reformed Church, Bergen Av. and Wegman Place, Jersey City, on Thursday, Sept. 2, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

CLARK.—On Monday, Aug. 30, 1915, at City Island, N. Y., Howard Gates Clark. Funeral service at his late residence, 46 East 81st St., on Wednesday evening, Sept. 1, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

HARRISON.—At East Orange, N. J., on Monday, Aug. 30, 1915, Phebe A. Harrison. Funeral services will be held from her late residence, 25 South Munn Ave., on Wednesday, Sept. 1, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken at 2:51 P. M.

HUNGERFORD.—Edmund, aged 43. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Wednesday, 10:30 o'clock.

LIEBMANN.—Anna, suddenly, at Larchmont, Aug. 29, beloved wife of Louis Liebmann and mother of George W. and Florence Levi. Funeral services will be held at the Fresh Pond Crematory Wednesday, Sept. 1, 11 A. M. Please omit flowers.

MECKES.—At Flower Hospital, on Tuesday, Aug. 31, Lena A. Meckes, beloved wife of Louis Meckes. Funeral services at her late residence, 950 Ogden Av. on Thursday, Sept. 2, at 1 P. M. Interment at Woodlawn.

METCALFE.—At Pocono Summit, Penn., on Aug. 31, J. G. Metcalfe of Morristown, N. J., in his sixty-seventh year. Services and interment at Louisville, Ky.

MULLER.—Leon Edward, beloved husband of Janet, Aug. 30, 1915, at his residence, 1,061 Fingerboard Road, Grasmere, Staten Island. Services at 8 P. M. Thursday. Funeral private.

MYERS.—On Sunday, Aug. 29, at Lima, Peru, Charles Hamilton Myers, only and beloved son of Robert Hale and Isabel Hamilton Myers.

PALMER.—In Cincinnati, Ohio, on Aug. 29, Susan, widow of George E. Palmer. Services and interment at the grave, Greenwood Cemetery, on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

SAVAGE.—At his residence, Morristown, N. J., Robert, eldest son of the late George and Julia Gilbert Savage. Funeral at Hartford, Conn.

SHAW.—On Monday, Aug. 30, Major George K. Shaw, associate editor The Peace Forum. Funeral from his late residence, 931 Fox St., Thursday morning, 10 o'clock. Minneapolis papers please copy.

SHILSTONE.—Weehawken, N. J., Aug. 31, Henry, aged 60 years 10 months, beloved husband of Catherine Shilstone, (nee Klug,) and father of May Kugler, (nee Shilstone,) and Arthur Shilstone. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, No. 17 3d St., Thursday, 8 P. M. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

STRONG.—Henry Mortimer, on Tuesday, Aug. 31, 1915, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral services Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock from his late residence, 680 Lafayette Av.

SULLIVAN.—On Sunday, Aug. 29, after a brief illness, Isabella Sullivan, Principal of Grammar Department, Public School 170. Funeral services at New Church, (Swedenborgian,) 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs., on Wednesday, Sept. 1, at 10 A. M.

SULLIVAN.—Associate Alumnae of Hunter College of the City of New York: Members are requested to attend funeral services of Isabella Sullivan at New Church, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs., Wednesday, Sept. 1, 10 A. M.
ELLA W. KRAMER, President.

WALKER.—Albert H., suddenly, on Tuesday, Aug. 31, at Hotel Majestic. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WATERMAN.—Thatcher Gray, at 1,791 Marmion Av. Funeral services Thursday at Sandwich, Mass. Please omit flowers.

WILLS.—At Greenwich, Conn., Aug. 31, 1915, Charles T. Wills, in his 64th year. Funeral service at First Presbyterian Church, Greenwich, Conn., on Thursday, Sept. 2, at 3 P. M. Special coach will be on rear of train leaving Grand Central Station 2:04 P. M. and returning at 4:06 P. M. Autos will meet train on arrival at Greenwich Station.

WINGATE.—On Aug. 31, 1915, Susan Prudence Wingate, wife of General George W. Wingate, in her seventy-third year. Funeral at her late residence, 1,100 Dean St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Sept. 2, at 3 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

ADAMS.—James R., 451 West 44th St., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, noon.

Died

BAUER.—Carl F., Aug. 30, aged 56. Funeral, 994 2d Av, today, 1:30 P. M.

BOYLE.—Margaret, 238 East 30th St., Aug. 29. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FROELICH.—Pauline, 163 East 123d St., Aug. 29, aged 46. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

JENICKE.—Marie F., 2,334 Belmont Av., Bronx, Aug. 28. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

KAHN.—Adolph, 252 West 105th St., Aug. 29.

KELLER.—Francis X., 127 West 51st St., Aug. 29. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

KELLY.—Edwin F., 45 Perry St., Aug. 29.

KENNEDY.—Catherine, 72 East 121st St., Aug. 30.

KOHN.—Henry, 359 West 45th St., Aug. 29. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

LENAHAN.—Mary, 49 Lexington Av., Aug. 28. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MEANY.—William J., 438 East 77th St., Aug. 29. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PLOCHER.—Frederick, 608 10th Av., Aug. 29. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

RYALL.—Michael, 218 East 34th St., Aug. 28. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHACHTZABEL.—Annie, 686 Trinity Av., Bronx, Aug. 29. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

SIEMER.—Elsa, 91 Amsterdam Av., Aug. 30, aged 41. Funeral tomorrow.

SPELLMAN.—Joseph J., 420 East 145th St., Aug. 29.

STAPLETON.—Rosanna, 1,733 Amsterdam Av., Aug. 30. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

WINGATE.—Fred A., 65 Bank St., Aug. 30. Funeral service today.

Brooklyn.

ALBERS.—Anna, 240 Decatur St., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

BAKER.—Mary A., 320 Washington Av., Aug. 30, aged 81. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BOEHME.—Katherine M., 267 11th St., Aug. 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BUECHLER.—Michael, 434 Humboldt St., Aug. 29, aged 73. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BURKHARDT.—George, 80 Knickerbocker Av., Aug. 30.

CAMPBELL.—Ann G., 100 South Elliott Place, Aug. 31, aged 78.

CORCORAN.—Ann, St. Peter's Hospital, Aug. 30. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DONOVAN.—Jane, 80 Smith St., Aug. 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DRISCOLL.—Ellen K., 73 Driggs Av., Aug. 30.

FINGER.—Elizabeth, 183 Keap St., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

FORAN.—John J., 568 Park Place, Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

FORBUSH.—Andrew A., 297 New York Av., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

GRIFFIN.—Florence, 26 Hoyt St., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HARTER.—Anna, 1,430 De Kalb Av., Aug. 30, aged 65.

HEINTZ.—Sebastian, 399 Central Av., Aug. 29. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KRAUTH.—Frederick, 172 St. Ann's Place, Aug. 30, aged 74. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

KRUMM.—Rudolph E., 120 Livingston St., Aug. 29.

LARGE.—Eva, 222 Powell St., Aug. 29.

McKEAN.—John S., Aug. 30, aged 39. Funeral 506 Atlantic Av.

McLAUGHLIN.—Michael, 69 Talman St., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

McNIEVE.—James P., 38 Forest Place, Aug. 30, aged 33. Funeral today.

NAEDER.—Barbara, 1,398 Decatur St., Aug. 29. Funeral today.

O'CONNELL.—Mary, 2,158 84th St., Aug. 30. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

PAULSCRAFT.—Franklin A., 1,052 Jefferson Av., Aug. 30, aged 43. Funeral private.

POYNTER.—Sarah, 363 Willoughby Av., Aug. 29. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

SHIELDS.—Mary, 188 Franklin Av., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

TIETJEN.—Henry, 193 Lenox Road, Aug. 30, aged 71. Funeral private.

TURNER.—John, Aug. 30, aged 57. Funeral 706 Grand St., tomorrow.

VAN DE WATER.—Charles, 78 De Sales Place, Aug. 29.

VAN HUSEN.—Helen, M. E. Church Home, Aug. 30, aged 80.

WALSH.—James, 24 2d St., Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BARRY.—William, 59 Grand St., Jersey City, Aug. 30.

BOLAND.—Catharine, Newark, Aug. 31. Funeral Sept. 3.

BOOTH.—Thomas, 619 Jefferson St., Hoboken, Aug. 29.

BRADLEY.—Robert, 221 Clinton St., Hoboken, Aug. 29. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

CAHILL.—Elizabeth, 291 3d St., Jersey City, Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 7:30 A. M.

DASS.—William, 1,165 Summit Av., Jersey City, Aug. 28, aged 65.

DESCH.—Bertha, 54 Richmond St., Newark, Aug. 30, aged 20.

EVANS.—Mary A., 280 Halladay St., Jersey City, Aug. 30. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

GARRETT.—James R., Jersey City, Aug. 30.

GRUB.—Gustave E., 348 Bergen Av., Newark, Aug. 30, aged 35. Funeral tomorrow.

HAMILTON.—Barbara, 68 Bleecker St., Aug. 28, aged 71.

HELBLE.—Esebius, 624 Summit Av., West Hoboken, Aug. 29, aged 72.

HINKLEY.—William, 216 6th Av., Newark, Aug. 31.

HUGG.—Charles, 51 9th Av., Newark, Aug. 31, aged 61.

JONES.—William C., 228 Roseville Av., Newark, Aug. 28, aged 72.

KIERNAN.—Catherine, 188 3d St., Jersey City, Aug. 30.

KUBES.—Joseph, 180 Central Av., West Hoboken, Aug. 29, aged 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LAUER.—Edward, 808 Madison St., Hoboken, Aug. 29.

MORRIS.—Joseph S., 329 North 7th St., Newark, Aug. 30.

O'GRADY.—Charles, 212 12th St., Jersey City, Aug. 30.

PARK.—Robert H., 282 South Orange Av., Newark, Aug. 31. Funeral Sept. 3.

RAFFERTY.—Martin, 1,507 Clinton St., Hoboken, Aug. 29. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

SHAUGHNESSY.—Patrick, 269 Webster Av., Jersey City, Aug. 29. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

THUMSTADTER.—Frederick, 418 Monastery St., West Hoboken, Aug. 29, aged 71.

WHITLOCK.—Anna D., 20 Bidwell Av., Jersey City, Aug. 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ZIMMERER.—Karl, 284 Littleton Av., Newark, Aug. 29, aged 51.

Long Island.

BACHELOR.—Edward, Flushing, Aug. 29, aged 6 months.

COONEY.—John E. Woodhaven, Aug. 30, aged 40.

DIAMOND.—Mary E., Far Rockaway, Aug. 28, aged 51.

FULLER.—Emma C., Locust Valley, Aug. 29.

HUESTIS.—Matilda, 128 Radde St., Long Island City, Aug. 28.

LA BAU.—Gladys, Corona, Aug. 28, aged 7 months.

O'TOOLE.—John, Woodhaven, Aug. 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PENCZOK.—Celia, 60 Crescent St., Long Island City, Aug. 28, aged 29.

ROCCO.—Faust, 239 Potter Av., Long Island City, Aug. 28, aged 10 months.

SIEGELACK.—John, Glendale, Aug. 29, aged 35.

STURGES.—Alice, Rockaway Beach, Aug. 28, aged 2.

VERLIN.—Mary, Ozone Park, Aug. 29, aged 2.

WIESMANN.—Charles, Laurelton, Aug. 29, aged 54.

In Memoriam.

MACK.—In memoriam, my dear wife, Blanche Sherwood Mack. Entered life eternal, Sept. 1, 1914. "She is with God."

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GIANTS, DODGERS, AND PHILLIES DIVIDE DOUBLE-HEADERS—TWO VICTORIES FOR BRAVES

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 2; New York, 0.
New York, 7; Chicago, 1.
Pittsburgh, 5; Brooklyn, 3.
Brooklyn, 3; Pittsburgh, 2.
Boston, 2; Cincinnati, 0.
Boston, 2; Cincinnati, 0.
Philadelphia, 3; St. Louis, 2.
St. Louis, 7; Philadelphia, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington, 4; New York, 1.
Washington, 3; New York, 2.
(Eleven innings.)
Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 0.
Detroit, 9; Chicago, 8.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Newark, 6; Buffalo, 5.
Pittsburgh, 6; Chicago, 2.
Pittsburgh, 5; Chicago, 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Montreal, 1; Richmond, 1.
(Ten innings; darkness.)
Buffalo, 4; Jersey City, 1.
Jersey City, 8; Buffalo, 3.
Harrisburg, 7; Toronto, 3.
Harrisburg, 1; Toronto, 0.
Rochester, 4; Providence, 2.
Providence, 8; Rochester, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Philadelphia	66	51	.564
Brooklyn	66	57	.537
Boston	63	55	.534
Chicago	59	60	.496
St. Louis	59	64	.480
New York	55	61	.474
Pittsburgh	58	65	.472
Cincinnati	54	67	.446

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Boston	79	39	.670
Detroit	80	43	.651
Chicago	73	48	.604
Washington	62	57	.521
New York	55	62	.470
St. Louis	47	74	.388
Cleveland	46	74	.383
Philadelphia	36	81	.308

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Pittsburgh	69	52	.570
Newark	65	51	.560
St. Louis	66	56	.541
Chicago	66	59	.528
Kansas City	65	58	.528
Buffalo	60	67	.473
Brooklyn	57	67	.460
Baltimore	40	78	.339

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Providence	75	40	.652
Buffalo	69	41	.627
Montreal	59	54	.522
Harrisburg	54	59	.478
Rochester	53	60	.469
Toronto	53	62	.461
Richmond	50	67	.427
Jersey City	41	71	.366

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
(Two games.)
Cincinnati at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Washington.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at St. Louis.
Chicago at Detroit.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore at Brooklyn.
Newark at Buffalo.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Toronto at Harrisburg.
Buffalo at Jersey City.
Montreal at Richmond.
Rochester at Providence.

NO-HIT GAME WON BY JIM LAVENDER

Defeats Giants by Score of 2 to 0—Cubs Lose Second Game by 7 to 1.

There was a huge impediment to the progress of the Giants at the Polo Grounds yesterday, namely one Jim Lavender, pitcher for the Cubs. McGraw's men have been playing better ball lately. They played a snappy game yesterday, but the heroic struggle to land somewhere in the first division drew no sympathy from Jim in the first game of a double-header. He had carefully saved his one great day in baseball to shatter the ambitions of the Giants. Yesterday he pitched a no-hit game against the New York team, the second that has been recorded in the big leagues this season. That's the reason the Giants were defeated, 2 to 0. During nine innings the only Giant to make the acquaintance of the bases was Merkle, who reached first base in the second inning on Fisher's error and drew a pass in the eighth. In the second game the Giants bumped along merrily and won by a score of 7 to 1.

The work of Lavender was probably as near perfection as any ever shown by a pitcher. His mastery of the situation was supreme. The Giants were as helpless as infants before his delivery. Just how helpless is shown by the fact that only twice during the contest was the ball driven beyond the infield. One of those drives was by Larry Doyle in the seventh, and it was the closest approach to a hit that the Giants got. He somehow, whether by accident or design, hit the ball solid, and it lofted far out to centre. Cy Williams went back for it on a hard run and just managed to make the catch. And there was a creditable list of strikeouts, too, Lavender causing eight of the Giants to follow along this trail.

Schauer pitched a good average game. One wild pitch let Good score in the fifth, and Williams hit a home run. There you have the abbreviated accounting of the tallies which were scored by Chicago.

That run by Williams, however, deserves particular mention. When Ty Cobb was playing at the Polo Grounds some time ago he hit the ball into the alley between the grand stand and the bleachers in right field. Cy was emulating Cobb yesterday, for the hit went to the same place. Fortunately, there was no one on the bases to profit by the drive.

The second game took on a different complexion. It was in this that Rube Benton made his second start with the Giants, and he justified the confidence of McGraw. For the first inning it looked as if Rube was going to bid good-bye after a short stay. Two sharp hits bounded away after two were down, the second putting Schulte on third. With Zimmerman, he attempted a double steal and was nipped off at the plate. The threatened disaster being past, Rube steadied down and pitched a strong game.

Perhaps he gained some confidence from the fact that the Giants gave him a two-run lead in the first inning. The willows had been idle in the first game, but in this event they made up for lost time, and there was a perfect feast of hits. Four of them in the first inning, after two were out, produced two runs.

Chief Meyers was particularly adept in the hitting. All the talk about the Chief going back looked foolish yesterday. He started by going out on a fly to right. Then followed a single, and in the seventh the Chief reached the supreme moment of his life. He walloped the sphere to right, and you can gather some idea of the hit from the fact that Meyers reached third. When the Chief can take three bases on a hit you can bet that any one else would have gone twice around the trail on the same thing. In the next inning he doubled. The thing that Meyers did wrong was to try to steal second. He attempted that in the fourth. You ought to know the result. He was caught almost before he started.

A series of errors gave the Giants a run in the third, and Brainerd added another in the fourth, scoring on Meyers's single. In the seventh Meyers scored on a wild pitch after making that triple, and in the eighth two more runs were counted, Doyle, Fletcher, and Meyers making doubles and Brainerd a single. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Good, rf.	3	1	0	0	0
Fisher, ss.	4	0	2	0	2
Sch'te, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Zim'n, 2b.	4	0	1	1	4
Saier, 1b.	4	0	0	14	2
Will's, cf.	4	1	2	1	0
Phel'n, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1
Archer, c.	4	0	0	8	3
Lav'r, p.	3	0	1	2	4
Total	34	2	6	27	16

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Grant, 3b.	4	0	0	4	5
Rob'n, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	0	0	2	2
M'kle, cf.	2	0	0	1	0
Flet'r, ss.	3	0	0	2	3
Br'n'd, 1b.	3	0	0	10	1
Dooin, c.	2	0	0	5	1
Schang, c.	1	0	0	1	0
Sch'er, p.	2	0	0	0	2
*Meyers	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	0	0	27	14

*Batted for Schauer in ninth inning.
Errors—Fisher, Fletcher.

Chicago ....0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—2
New York ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Williams, Lavender. Home run—Williams. Stolen base—Phelan. Earned runs—Chicago, 2. Left on bases—New York, 2; Chicago, 6. First base on errors—New York, 1; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Schauer, 1; off Lavender, 1. Struck out—By Schauer, 3; by Lavender, 8. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and forty-one minutes.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Grant, 3b.	4	0	0	0	4
R'tson, rf.	4	1	1	4	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	3	2	0	2
M'kle, cf.	4	0	1	2	1
Fl'ch'r, ss.	4	1	2	2	3
Br'n'd, 1b.	4	1	2	10	0
Meyers, c.	4	1	3	8	1
B'ton, p.	4	0	0	0	1
Total	36	7	11	27	12

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ray, rf., cf.	4	0	0	5	0
Fisher, ss.	4	1	2	1	2
Sch'te, lf.	4	0	2	0	0
Z'm'n, 2b.	4	0	3	1	1
Saier, 1b.	3	0	0	8	1
W'ms, cf.	1	0	0	2	0
K'sely, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
P'lan, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0
Archer, c.	4	0	1	3	2
V'ghn, p.	2	0	0	2	2
*Sch'tz	1	0	0	0	0
Adams, p.	0	0	0	0	2
†B'han	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	9	24	10

*Batted for Vaughn in eighth inning.
†Batted for Adams in ninth inning.
Errors—Fisher, Zimmerman, Archer, Burns, Robertson, (2.)

New York ....2 0 1 1 0 0 1 2 ..—7
Chicago ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Schulte, Doyle, Fletcher, Meyers. Three-base hit—Meyers. Stolen base—Brainerd. Earned runs—New York, 6; Chicago, 1. Double plays—Merkle and Brainerd; Doyle, Fletcher, and Brainerd. Left on bases—New York, 5; Chicago, 8. First base on errors—New York, 2; Chicago, 2. Base on balls—Off Benton, 1. Hits—Off Vaughn, 7 in seven innings; off Adams, 4 in one inning. Struck out—By Vaughn, 3; by Adams, 1; by Benton, 7. Wild pitches—Vaughn, 2. Passed ball—Archer. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Braves Take Two Games.

BOSTON, Aug. 31.—Good pitching enabled Boston to take both ends of today's double-header from Cincinnati, each by the same score, 2 to 0. Nehf, who was in the box in the first contest, allowed only four hits and did not yield a pass. In the second game Hughes gave only three hits and one base on balls. Compton, the Braves' new outfielder, made a good showing in the second game, getting three hits and scoring both of Boston's runs. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
[illegible], rf.	3	0	0	3	0
Gowdy, c.	0	0	0	2	0
Evers, 2b.	2	1	1	1	5
S'g'rs, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
Magee, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
S'm'dt, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0
Smith, 3b.	2	1	0	0	3
M'v'le, ss.	2	0	1	1	1
Whal'g, c.	2	0	0	7	2
[illegible], rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Nehf, p.	2	0	1	1	0
*Connolly	1	0	0	0	0
Total	23	2	4	27	11

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1
H'rz'g, ss.	4	0	1	0	1
W'ms, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Kil'fer, cf.	3	0	1	2	0
G'fith, rf.	3	0	1	2	0
Wingo, c.	3	0	0	2	2
Wagn'r, 2b.	3	0	0	3	4
M'w'z, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0
Dale, p.	2	0	1	1	2
Lear, p.	0	0	0	1	1
†Von K'z	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	4	24	11

*Batted for Fitzpatrick in seventh inning.
†Batted for Dale in eighth inning.
Error—Wingo.

Boston ....0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 ..—2
Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Griffith. Stolen base—[illegible]. Sacrifice hits—[illegible], Schmidt, Nehf. Double plays—Groh, Wagner, and Mollwitz; Lear and Mollwitz. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 3. Bases on balls—Off Dale, 5; off Lear, 1. Hits—Off Dale, 3 in 7 innings; off Lear, 1 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Dale, 2; by Nehf, 7. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Quigley. Time of game—One hour and thirty-six minutes.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
C'pton, rf.	4	2	3	1	0
Evers, 2b.	4	0	1	0	1
S'gr's, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
Magee, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
S'm'dt, 1b.	4	0	0	10	0
Smith, 3b.	2	0	0	2	2
M'v'le, ss.	3	0	0	2	2
Gowdy, c.	3	0	0	5	1
Hughes, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Total	29	2	5	27	7

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh, 3b.	4	0	0	1	0
Herzog, ss., 1b.	4	0	0	2	1
W'ms, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Kil'fer, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
G'fith, rf.	3	0	2	1	0
Wingo, c.	3	0	0	10	0
Rodg's, 2b, ss.	2	0	1	1	3
M'w'z, 1b.	3	0	0	6	2
Wagn'r, 2b.	0	0	0	0	1
Sch'der, p.	3	0	0	1	2
Total	29	0	3	24	9

Error—Schneider.

Boston ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 ..—2
Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Compton. Stolen bases—Griffith, Compton, Magee. Earned runs—Boston, 2. Double play—Mollwitz and Wingo. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 3. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 1; off Schneider, 3. Struck out—By Hughes, 4; by Schneider, 8. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and O'Day.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Louisville—Louisville, 6; Cleveland, 5. (Eleven innings.) Louisville, 9; Cleveland, 0.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; Milwaukee, 2.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 4; Columbus, 0.
At St. Paul—Kansas City, 5; St. Paul, 4. (Ten innings.)

New York State League.

At Elmira—Binghamton, 5; Elmira, 3.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 9; Utica, 4. Utica, 2; Syracuse, 0.
At Troy—Troy, 4; Albany, 2. Albany, 4; Troy, 3.
At Scranton—Scranton, 2; Wilkes-Barre, 1. Wilkes-Barre, 1; Scranton, 0.

New England League.

At Lawrence—Worcester, 1; Lawrence, 0.
At Manchester—Lowell, 4; Manchester, 2.
At Portland—Portland, 3; Lewiston, 2.
At Fitchburg—Fitchburg, 6; Lynn, 2. Fitchburg, 1; Lynn, 0.

Colonial League.

At Brockton—Brockton, 1; Hartford, 0.
At Springfield—Springfield, 4; New Haven, 0.

Southern Association.

At Atlanta—Atlanta, 6; Memphis, 5.
At Mobile—Mobile, 2; Chattanooga, 0.
At Birmingham—Nashville, 11; Birmingham, 5.

MARQUARD WINS FOR THE DODGERS

"Rube's" Late Entry Into Game Prevents Pirates Cleaning Up Double-Header.

There is no doubt in any one's mind now that Rube Marquard, like all left-handers, is eccentric. Decidedly so. He won a game for Brooklyn yesterday. He went into the second game against the Pirates at Ebbets Field when the Dodgers were trailing, 2 to 1. Rube's presence in the game acted on the Dodgers just like a hyperdermic shot. Zip, they threw up their arms, stretched, acted very queerly, and won out. The score was 3 to 2. You couldn't drag Marquard back to the bush leagues now with a yoke of oxen.

The 10,000—yes, at least that many—fans didn't bubble over with so much joy at the outcome of the first altercation as they did over the second. Brooklyn lost the first game, 5 to 3, after they had it ready for plucking. Old Jack Coombs pitched great ball up to the ninth inning, when the Pirates banged him off the mound and won. A spunky, spontaneous rally did the trick and took the Dodgers completely off their feet.

By spliting even yesterday the Dodgers still hold second place in the National fuss, but, by jimminy, only by three points. Squire Ebbets had better call out the State militia and completely surround those three points or some one will steal them. Boston seems to be headed due north.

Larry Cheney, who has been wished onto the Brooklyns along with Marquard, pitched seven innings of the second game, and it wasn't his fault that Brooklyn was behind when he was subtracted for a pinch-hitter. Marquard showed a barrel of speed in the last two innings, and he gets credit for the victory.

You're right, Roger, these left-handers are lucky.

Kantlehner pitched the second game for Pittsburgh, and he distributed some high-toned twirling until the ninth, when the Dodger bats began to wave wildly. The Dodgers got one run in the second when Myers walked, took third on Getz's single and scored on McCarty's sacrifice fly. The Pirates tied the score in the fourth. With two out, Hinchman singled and scored on Hans Wagner's double. This was a double because Casey Stengel says he didn't see the ball in the sun. The alibi may be a perfectly just one because he surely didn't get it and had to duck his head to prevent being hit by the ball. The Pirates took the lead in the fifth when Gibson singled and Kantlehner went out at first base. Carey singled and Gibson and Carey worked a double steal, Gibson being called safe at the plate, after McCarty spilled the ball.

In the eighth, Daubert singled to centre and Stengel, trying to lay down a bunt, popped a fly back of the infield. Wheat's sacrifice sent the runners up a peg, and George Cutshaw ripped a double to left, which was a fair ball by about an inch, and Daubert and Stengel rushed home with the glad news.

Hinchman's bat played an important rôle in the Pirates' victory, in the first game, with a triple, a double, and a single. Al Mamaux pitched for the Pirates. Coombs held his own up to the ninth, when he crumpled. Otto Miller had three chances to win the game for the Dodgers, coming up to bat three times with runners on the bases. Three times he struck out amid nerve-racking moans.

The Pittsburghs got one run in the second on Baird's double and Gibson's single. Brooklyn got it right back when Cutshaw scored on a double steal with Getz. A walk to O'Mara, Daubert's sacrifice, and Wheat's single gave another run in the third, and a single by Cutshaw, followed by Getz's triple, brought the third Brooklyn tally.

Coombs's downfall came in the ninth. With one out, Costello, a pinch hitter, singled. So did Carey. Johnston singled to centre, scoring Costello. Coombs was taken out and Phil Douglass jumped into the breach. On a squeeze play, Collins was tossed out at first and Carey scored. Hinchman's triple scored Johnston. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	4	1	1	3	0
J'st'n, 1b.	4	1	1	9	2
Col'ns, cf.	4	0	2	0	0
H'ch'n, rf.	3	1	3	1	0
Wagn'r, ss.	5	0	0	1	3
Viox, 2b.	3	0	0	2	1
Baird, 3b.	4	1	1	0	4
Gibson, c.	4	0	1	9	1
Mam'x, p.	2	0	0	2	1
Kelly, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Cooper, p.	0	0	0	0	1
*Barney	1	0	1	0	0
†Costello	1	1	1	0	0
Total	35	5	11	27	13

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'Mara, ss.	3	1	0	0	3
Da'b't, 1b.	3	0	1	11	0
Steng'l, rf.	5	0	0	2	0
Wheat, lf.	4	0	2	2	0
C'ts'w, 2b.	4	2	2	1	3
Myers, cf.	3	0	1	5	0
Getz, 3b.	4	0	2	1	1
Miller, c.	4	0	0	5	1
Coombs, p.	3	0	0	0	2
D'glass, p.	0	0	0	0	0
‡Olson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	3	8	27	10

*Batted for Mamaux in seventh inning.
†Batted for Kelly in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Douglass in ninth inning.
Errors—Gibson, Wheat.

Pittsburgh ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 3—5
Brooklyn ....0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Baird, Hinchman. Three-base hits—Getz, Hinchman. Stolen bases—Cutshaw, Getz. Earned runs—Pittsburgh, 5; Brooklyn, 2. Sacrifice hits—Johnston, Collins, Daubert. Sacrifice fly—Viox. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 9; Brooklyn, 8. Bases on balls—Off Mamaux, 2; off Coombs, 3; off Cooper, 1. Hits—Off Mamaux, 6 in six innings; off Kelly, 2 in two innings; off Cooper, none in one inning; off Coombs, 10 in eight and one-third innings; off Douglass, 1 in two-thirds of an inning. Struck out—By Mamaux, 7; by Coombs, 3; by Cooper, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Orth. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'M'a, ss.	4	0	0	2	7
D'bert, 1b.	3	1	3	17	2
St'gel, rf.	4	1	1	2	0
Wheat, lf.	3	0	0	0	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	4	0	1	0	6
Myers, cf.	3	1	0	1	0
Getz, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1
McC'y, c.	2	0	0	4	1
Cheney, p.	1	0	0	1	4
M'q'rd, p.	0	0	0	0	0
§Olson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	3	6	27	21

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	5	0	0	3	1
J'ston, 1b.	2	0	0	8	0
C'lins, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
H'm'n, rf.	4	1	2	6	0
H. W'r, ss.	4	0	2	2	3
Viox, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2
Baird, 3b.	3	0	1	0	3
Gibson, c.	3	1	2	3	2
Kant'r, p.	3	0	0	0	2
*Harmon	0	0	0	0	0
†Gerber	1	0	0	0	0
‡J. W'ner	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	7	24	13

*Ran for Gibson in ninth inning.
†Batted for Kantlehner in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Johnston in ninth inning.
§Batted for Cheney in seventh inning.
Errors—H. Wagner, Getz, McCarty, Cheney.

Brooklyn ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 .—3
Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—H. Wagner, Cutshaw. Stolen bases—Johnston, Getz. Earned runs—Pittsburgh, 1; Brooklyn, 3. Sacrifice hit—Wheat. Sacrifice fly—McCarty. Double play—Carey, Baird, Gibson, and Wagner. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 8; Brooklyn, 6. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 1; off Kantlehner, 2; off Marquard, 1. Hits—Off Cheney, 6 in 7 innings; off Marquard, 1 in 2 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Cheney, (Gibson;) by Kantlehner, (Cheney.) Struck out—By Kantlehner, 3; by Cheney, 1; by Marquard, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Phillies Get Only Even Break.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31.—Philadelphia completed a successful home stand by breaking even with St. Louis today, the home team winning the first game, 3 to 2, and St. Louis winning the second, 7 to 2. The opening event was a duel between Rixey and Doak, the winning run being scored in the seventh inning on Paskert's single, an error by Huggins, and Cravath's single. With two men out and a runner on second base in the ninth inning Alexander took Rixey's place and fanned Gonzales.

St. Louis hit Demaree's delivery hard in the second game and won easily. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stock, 3b.	4	1	2	1	0
B'cr'ft, ss.	4	0	0	2	1
Pask't, cf.	3	1	2	2	0
C'v'th, rf.	4	0	2	1	0
L'd'r's, 1b.	3	0	2	7	0
W'ted, lf.	2	0	0	4	0
Nieh'f, 2b.	4	0	0	3	2
Killifer, c.	3	0	1	7	3
Rixey, p.	4	1	2	0	2
Alex'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	11	27	8

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'g'ns, 2b.	3	0	0	1	4
Hyatt, 1b.	0	0	0	2	0
Butler, ss.	3	0	1	1	6
B'sch'r, lf.	4	1	1	2	1
Long, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Wils'n, cf.	3	1	1	1	0
Miller, 1b., 2b.	3	0	1	11	0
Betzel, 3b.	3	0	1	2	1
Snyder, c.	3	0	0	3	3
Doak, p.	2	0	1	0	2
Griner, p.	0	0	0	0	1
*Dolan	1	0	1	0	0
†Roche	1	0	0	0	0
‡Gonzales	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	7	24	18

*Batted for Doak in eighth inning.
†Batted for Huggins in eighth inning.
‡Batted for Wilson in ninth inning.
Errors—Huggins, Long, Wilson, Cravath.

Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 .—3
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Luderus. Stolen base—Miller. Earned runs—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 2. Sacrifice hits—Paskert, Whitted, (2.) Double play—Rixey, Bancroft, and Luderus. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 9. Bases on balls—Off Griner, 1; off Rixey, 1. Hits—Off Doak, 11 in seven innings; off Rixey, 7 in eight and two-thirds innings. Hit by pitcher—By Griner, (Luderus.) Struck out—By Doak, 2; by Rixey, 5; by Alexander, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Byron. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes.

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Butler, ss.	5	0	2	1	2
B'sch'r, lf.	5	1	2	4	1
Long, rf.	5	1	3	0	0
Wils'n, cf.	5	0	1	1	0
Hyatt, 1b.	5	1	1	9	0
Miller, 2b.	4	2	1	2	2
Betzel, 3b.	3	1	3	1	1
Gonz's, c.	4	1	2	9	1
Ames, p.	4	0	1	0	1
Total	40	7	16	27	8

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stock, 3b.	5	0	1	1	2
B'cr'ft, ss.	3	1	1	0	4
Pask't, cf.	5	0	2	2	0
C'v'th, rf.	4	0	1	0	1
L'd'r's, 1b.	4	0	0	10	0
W'ted, lf.	4	0	1	4	0
Nieh'f, 2b.	2	0	1	3	2
Burns, c.	3	0	1	7	2
Dem'ee, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Mayer, p.	0	0	0	0	0
B'g'ner, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Becker	1	1	1	0	0
†Dugey	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	9	27	12

*Batted for Mayer in seventh inning.
†Batted for Baumgartner in ninth inning.
Errors—Butler, Wyatt, Stock.

St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 3 0 3 0—7
Philadelphia ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Bescher, Betzel, (2,) Long, Burns. Three-base hit—Long. Home run—Becker. Earned runs—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 2. Stolen bases—Butler, Miller. Double play—Gonzales, (unassisted.) Sacrifice hit—Bancroft. Sacrifice fly—Betzel. Bases on balls—Off Ames, 4. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Philadelphia, 10. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Ames, 7; by Demaree, 5; by Baumgartner, 2. Hits—Off Demaree, 12 in six innings, (none out in seventh;) off Mayer, 1 in one inning; off Baumgartner, 3 in two innings. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Eason. Time of game—Two hours and nineteen minutes.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Tom Seaton Saves Newark with Buffalo Men Waiting to Score.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Newark won from Buffalo today, 6 to 5. After the locals had made four runs in the eighth inning, needing one more run to tie the score, and with men on third and first bases, Tom Seaton relieved Reulbach and retired the side without further scoring. In the ninth inning he retired the side in order. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Newark	0 0 0 0 3 0 2 1 0	6	14	1
Buffalo	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 4 0	5	5	1

Batteries—Reulbach, Seaton, and Rariden; Anderson, Bedient, and Blair.

Two Games for Rebels.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 31.—The Pittsburgh Federal team defeated Chicago twice today by scores of 6 to 2 and 5 to 2. Hendrix was hit hard in the first game, while Allen was an enigma after the first inning. The visitors had a lead of two runs in the second contest when the locals bunched hits off Brennan and forged ahead. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	6	0
Pittsburgh	0 1 1 0 0 0 1 3 .	6	13	0

Batteries—Hendrix and Wilson; Allen and O'Connor.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	5	0
Pittsburgh	0 0 0 3 0 0 0 2 .	5	9	1

Batteries—Brennan and Wilson; Comstock and Berry.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT RICHMOND.

		R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	7	1
Richmond	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	8	0

Called on account of darkness.
Batteries—Dowd and Howley; Cottrell and Sweeney.

AT JERSEY CITY (FIRST GAME.)

		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0	4	9	0
Jersey City	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	0

Batteries—Beebe and Onslow; Bruck and Schwert.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	3	8	0
Jersey City	1 0 1 0 0 5 1 0 .	8	12	2

Batteries—Bader and Onslow; Verbout and Schwert.

AT HARRISBURG (FIRST GAME.)

		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	3	3	3
Harrisburg	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 5 .	7	9	4

Batteries—Luque and Kocher; Lee, Chabek and Reynolds.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	2	0
Harrisburg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 .	1	9	0

Batteries—Herbert and Kocher; Smallwood and Heckinger.

AT PROVIDENCE (FIRST GAME.)

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0	4	11	1
Providence	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	2	5	1

Batteries—Erickson and Williams; Schultz, Eayres and Case.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2	3	6	0
Providence	1 0 4 0 0 0 0 3 .	8	12	0

Batteries—Huenke and Williams; Eayres and Haley.

Marquard and Cheney Sign.

Marquard and Cheney, the pitchers who joined the Brooklyn Club yesterday, have both signed three-year contracts. Infielder Schultz has been released to Chicago, and in order to keep the club within the twenty-one player limit, Utility Player John Hummel was released yesterday. Hummel, however, will be resigned today, when the time of the player limit rule expires. President Tener was at the Brooklyn games yesterday and formally sanctioned the changes in the Brooklyn Club.

Cowler and Hemple Box Tonight.

At the St. Nicholas Rink tonight Tom Cowler will box Jack Hemple in the main ten-round bout.

Hemple saw Cowler box Gunboat Smith, and he told some one to get the Englishman for him as he was convinced that he could stop him long before the end of the tenth round.

Cowler said the same thing to his manager, Jim Corbett. That's the way the match was made. Corbett has asked Bob Fitzsimmons to assist him in the handling of Cowler.

YANKEES SPILLED IN DOUBLE-HEADER

Senators Only Slightly Outbat New York, but Make Their Hits Count.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 31.—Clark Griffith's Senatorial band handed the poor Yankees a double defeat here this afternoon to celebrate the homecoming from a successful Western invasion.

Donovan's clan could not hit Bert Gallia, Washington's moist ball hurler, and dropped the first game 4 to 1. The second battle was well within the Yankee grasp until Birdie Cree took a high dive after Shanks's line drive, permitting an ordinary single to go for a triple. This happened in the ninth inning and paved the way for Washington to tie the score. A base on balls followed by two clean singles in the eleventh put over the run which gave the Senators the bulky end of a 3 to 2 score.

New York played sensational ball in the field, not an error being charged against the visitors during the twenty innings of play.

Carroll Brown, who adorned the slab when the first game started, lasted four innings. He was batted hard enough in the fourth inning to convince Manager Bill Donovan that a new slabman was needed, so Manager Bill relieved Brown by substituting pitcher Bill Donovan, who looked so good during the remainder of the game that the crowd yelled madly for Clark Griffith to oppose him, but the old fox flatly refused.

The Yankees were only slightly outbatted in both games, but Washington was able to make hits count to better advantage.

Peckinpaugh's short stopping was decidedly the feature, the visitors' Captain robbing Washington of several well-intended hits. Owing to Maisel's illness Paddy Bauman played third base.

In the first game Washington netted four runs during the fourth inning from three passes, two singles, and a double off Brown. Then Manager Donovan went in to pitch for the Yankees and allowed only one hit in four innings.

Fisher was pitching steadily with a one-run lead in the ninth inning of the second game when Shanks's triple and Gandil's long fly tied the score. Foster drew a base on balls in the eleventh and scored on singles by Milan and Shanks. Gallia and Boehling pitched good ball for Washington, the latter being succeeded by Harper in the eighth inning, when he gave way to a pinch hitter. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Foster, 2b.	3	0	1	2	2
Milan, cf.	3	1	1	2	0
Sh'ks, 3b.	4	1	1	0	3
G'dil, 1b.	2	1	0	8	0
Acosta, rf.	3	1	1	2	0
Henry, c.	3	0	2	9	0
McB'e, ss.	2	0	0	1	5
Gallia, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total	27	4	6	27	11

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cook, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
P'p'gh, ss.	4	0	0	1	1
B'man, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2
Pipp, 1b.	4	0	1	8	1
Shelton, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
High, lf.	2	0	0	2	0
Boone, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3
N'm'r, c.	3	0	0	9	2
Brown, p.	1	0	1	0	1
D'van, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Cree	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	5	24	10

*Batted for Brown in fifth inning.

Washington ....0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 .—4
New York ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Acosta, Cook. Stolen bases—Foster, Gandil. Earned runs—New York, 1; Washington, 4. Sacrifice hit—McBride. Double play—Pipp, (unassisted.) Left on bases—New York, 6; Washington, 4. Bases on balls—Off Brown, 3; off Donovan, 1; off Gallia, 2. Hits—Off Brown, 5 in 4 innings; off Donovan, 1 in 4 innings. Struck out—By Brown, 2; by Donovan, 6; by Gallia, 7. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

SECOND GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moel'r, lf.	5	0	2	0	0
Foster, 2b.	4	1	0	3	5
Milan, cf.	5	0	2	0	0
Sh'ks, 3b.	5	1	2	1	1
G'ndil, 1b.	3	0	1	18	0
Acosta, rf.	3	1	1	3	0
Will's, c.	4	0	1	6	2
M'B'e, ss.	4	0	1	2	7
Boeh'g, p.	2	0	0	0	4
Harper, p.	1	0	0	0	1
*Kopp	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	3	10	33	20

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cree, rf.	6	1	2	1	0
Peck'h, ss.	3	0	1	5	6
Bau'n, 3b.	4	0	2	2	2
Pipp, 1b.	4	0	1	13	0
Shel'n, cf.	5	0	0	2	0
High, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Boone, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1
Nuna'r, c.	4	1	1	5	2
Fisher, p.	3	0	1	0	4
Total	37	2	†10	31	15

†One out when winning run was scored.
*Batted for Boehling in eighth inning.

Washington ..0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—3
New York....0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Left on bases—New York, 11; Washington, 6. First base on balls—Off Boehling, 4; off Fisher, 1. Hits—Off Boehling, 8 in 8 innings; off Harper, 2 in 3 innings. Struck out—By Fisher, 4; by Boehling, 2; by Harper, 3. Three-base hit—Shanks. Two-base hits—High, Acosta, Milan. Sacrifice hits—Fisher, 2; Peckinpaugh, 2; Boone, Acosta. Sacrifice fly—Gandil. Double play—Gandil, (unassisted.) Wild Pitch—Boehling. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

Cobb Finds Batting Eye.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 31.—Detroit defeated Chicago in an erratic contest today, 9 to 8. The Tiger runs were the result of hits bunched with fielding errors by the visitors. Dubuc's wildness enabled Chicago to tie the score in the seventh. The Tigers, however, came back with two runs off Faber in the eighth inning and scored their eighth victory out of nine games with Chicago on the local field this season. Cobb, who had gone to the plate nineteen times without making a hit, came through in the eighth with a single that won the game. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vitt, 3b.	4	1	2	1	1
Bush, ss.	4	1	0	2	6
Cobb, cf.	5	0	1	1	0
C'wf'd, rf.	4	1	1	2	0
Veach, lf.	5	0	0	4	0
Burns, 1b.	4	1	1	11	1
Y'ung, 2b.	4	2	3	4	4
Stan'ge, c.	4	1	1	2	1
Dubuc, p.	3	1	3	0	2
James, p.	1	1	1	0	3
Total	38	9	13	27	18

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'phy, rf.	4	1	1	2	0
J.C'ns, 1b.	5	1	2	10	0
E.C'ns, 2b.	3	1	1	2	2
J'kson, cf.	4	3	2	2	0
F'lsch, lf.	3	0	0	4	0
W'ver, ss.	5	0	1	0	5
Johns, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3
Schalk, c.	4	0	1	3	0
Russell, p.	2	1	1	0	0
Cicotte, p.	1	1	1	0	1
Faber, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	8	11	24	11

Errors—Weaver (2,) Schalk, Cicotte, Veach, Young, James.

Detroit ....0 0 0 0 1 6 0 2 .—9
Chicago ....0 1 0 0 1 0 5 0 1—8

Two-base hits—Burns, Young, James. Stolen bases—Vitt (2,) Cobb (3,) J. Collins. Earned runs—Detroit, 4; Chicago, 6. Sacrifice hits—Vitt, Crawford, Felsch, Faber. Left on bases—Detroit, 8; Chicago, 8. First base on errors—Detroit, 3; Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Dubuc, 2; off James, 1; off Faber, 1. Hits—Off Dubuc, 8 in 6 innings, (none out in seventh;) off James, 3 in 3 innings; off Russell, 9 in 5 1-3 innings; off Cicotte, 1 in 2-3 inning; off Faber, 3 in 2 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Dubuc, Murphy, Jackson, Johns. Struck out—By Dubuc, 1; by Russell, 2; by Faber, 1. Wild pitches—Dubuc, Faber. Passed ball—Stanage. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Chill. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

BELMONT PARK RACING.

Fifteen Days' Meeting to Conclude New York Turf Season.

After a two days' rest to enable horsemen to get their charges settled at Belmont Park after the trip from Saratoga, racing on the metropolitan circuit will be resumed today at Belmont Park. It will not only be the final meeting of the year for the Westchester Racing Association, but also the last racing in the vicinity of New York this year. The meeting at Belmont Park will continue until Sept. 15, when the horses will either go to the Maryland circuit or into Winter quarters.

The feature of today's card will be the running of the Municipal Handicap, at a mile and a quarter, in which those clever campaigners, Sam Jackson, Borrow, The Finn, Gainer, and Stromboli will try conclusions over a route which will test their abilities to the utmost. It is possible that there will be a couple more starters, but those named are the only ones that had been declared in readiness for the race when the list of probable starters was made up last evening. To divide interest with the handicap will be the Broad Hollow Steeplechase, for which a field of seven is named. As this includes some of the best of the jumpers, it should be productive of good sport. The entries follow:

First Race.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs; main course. He Will, 112 pounds; Sarsonet, 102; Gloaming, 105; Doublet, 113; True as Steel, 114; Song of Valley, 112; Tie Pin, 107; Sir William Johnson, 112; Presumption, 109; Maryland Girl, 105.

Second Race.—For two-year-old maidens; five and a half furlongs straight. Past Master, Trend; Jose, Gillis, Watercress II., Trumpator, and Dovedale, 112 pounds each; Vermont and Riconteure, 109 each.

Third Race.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Guy Fisher, 115 pounds; Daingerfield and Wooden Shoes, 107 each; Easter Star, 102; El Biod, Robinetta, Ben Quince, and Beethoven, 107 each; Carlton G., 110.

Fourth Race.—Municipal Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; $2,500; mile and a quarter. Sam Jackson, 124 pounds; Borrow, 121; The Finn, 112; Gainer, 111; Stromboli, 117.

Fifth Race.—Broad Hollow Steeplechase Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; $1,000 added; about two miles. My King, 130 pounds; Cherry Malotte, 155; Shannon River, 150; Bally Bay, 145; Cloud, 135; Skibbereen, 142; Adventuress, 132.

Sixth Race.—For two-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs straight. Tralee, 104 pounds; Plumose, Edna Kenna, 113 each; Daddy's Choice, 110; Little Alta, 105; Scottish Knight, 101; Sal Vanity, 110.

YEARLINGS GO CHEAPLY.

Fifty-seven Kentucky Thoroughbreds Sold for Only $28,350.

There was not a very active demand for Kentucky thoroughbreds at the sale of yearlings at Sheepshead Bay yesterday. Fifty-seven head were sold at auction for an aggregate of $28,350, an average of only $497 each, and all of the offerings were from the heart of the Blue Grass district. A scarcity of bidders and lack of sharp competition made the affair exceptionally tame, and was manifestly disappointing to breeders, who had counted on a lively demand, as the market is shy of yearling material for next season's racers.

George M. Odom, who conducts a public training stable, was the largest single purchaser, he taking ten in all, most of these being for Theodore Smith, according to the ex-jockey. Eleven of the produce of McGee sold for $6,875; thirteen of the get of Cyclades for $4,000; seven youngsters by Peep o' Day fetched only $2,650 and ten of the get of Ben Trovato, an untried sire, but a good and speedy race horse in his day, sold for a total of $3,150. The best prices obtained were:

Bay filly, by McGee-Josie L., by Top Gallant; W. H. Karrick, New York City	$2,600
Chestnut colt, by Jack Atkin-Chablis, by Artillery; J. E. Madden, Lexington, Ky.	1,500
Chestnut filly, by Ogden-Beatrice K., by Handsel; George M. Odom, New York City	1,650
First Ballot, ch. f., by Ballot-Zephyr, by Star Shoot; Edward F. Whitney, New York City	1,000
Bay colt, by Ogden-Country Fraud, by Deceiver; George M. Odom	1,650
Brown colt, by Knight of the Thistle-Result, by Compute; Quincy Stable, Brooklyn, N. Y.	1,725
Bay filly, by McGee-Lady Quex, by Juvenal; John E. Madden	700
Chestnut colt, by McGee-Sanfara, by Ingoldsby; John E. Madden	650
Bay colt, by Chuctanunda-Toplash, by Top Gallant; George M. Odom	600
Chestnut colt, by Trap Rock-International, by Enthusiast; Samuel Lewis, New York City	600
Brown colt, by Celt-Black Banner, by Masetto; George F. Johnson, Jr., New York City	800
Chestnut filly, by Cyclades-Allons, by Albert; R. J. Walden, Locust Valley, N. Y.	700
Bay colt, by Peep o' Day-Lauretta Burke, by Prince of Monaco; Thomas Platt, Lexington, Ky.	600

Burns Knocks Out Edwards.

Frankie Burns, the clever Jersey City boxer, made short work of Artie Edwards, another New Jerseyite, in the main event at the Wallace A. C., Rockaway, last night, knocking him out in the third round of a scheduled ten-round contest. The bout was one-sided from the start, with Edwards always on the receiving end. Burns had an advantage of four and a half pounds, weighing in at 119½ pounds. Burns settled the probable outcome of the bout when he rocked Edwards in the opening round with a stiff right to the jaw. Thereafter Edwards was never himself, and was an easy victim when Burns repeated the punch in the third session.

The semi-final of six rounds between New York boys, Young Goodwin and Young Goldy, was a fast exhibition throughout, with the honors resting with Goodwin at the finish.

Three Hits for Browns Off Mitchell.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 31.—Mitchell allowed only three hits and Cleveland shut out St. Louis in the first game of the series today, winning 6 to 0. Seven errors by the locals, four of which were charged to Lavan, paved the way for four of Cleveland's six runs. Graney got three hits in three times at bat, driving in four runs. Score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
C'pm'n, ss.	5	2	1	1	1
Roth, cf.	3	2	2	2	0
G'ney, lf.	3	0	3	7	0
Kirke, 1b.	4	0	0	6	0
Smith, rf.	3	1	0	2	0
T'ner, 3b.	3	0	0	0	4
W'm'y, 2b.	3	0	0	3	2
O'Neill, c.	4	1	2	6	0
M'ch'l, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Total	30	6	8	27	7

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, lf.	4	0	0	5	0
A'tin, 3b.	4	0	1	2	2
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	1	9	2
W'ker, cf.	3	0	1	0	1
J'bs'n, rf.	4	0	0	0	1
How'd, 1b.	3	0	0	7	2
Lavan, ss.	3	0	0	3	7
Agnew, c.	3	0	0	1	4
Weil'n, p.	1	0	0	0	0
M'Cabe, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	30	0	3	27	20

Errors—Shotten, Austin, Walker, Lavan, (4.)

Cleveland ....2 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 1—6
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Graney. Three-base hit—Roth. Earned runs—Cleveland, 2. Sacrifice hits—Mitchell, (2,) Roth, Graney, Turner. Double plays—Lavan, Pratt, and Howard; Austin and Lavan. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 6. First base on errors—Cleveland, 3. Bases on balls—Off Mitchell, 3; off McCabe, 2. Hits—Off Weilman, 7 in 5 innings; off McCabe, 1 in 4 innings. Struck out—By Mitchell, 6; by Weilman, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Wallace.

PETER SCOTT BEST WINNER AT YONKERS

Tommy Murphy's Trotter Takes $5,000 Purse in Grand Circuit Racing.

Grand Circuit racing opened yesterday at the Empire City track, Yonkers. The meeting is the first held in the metropolitan district in five years, and will continue until Saturday. Of the 3,000 spectators, probably half were followers of the trotter and pacer, who go from place to place with the racers, and had come down from Montreal, where the meeting closed last Saturday.

The program was made up of three races, the Greater New York, or 2:08 trot, for a $5,000 purse, being the feature. As a special attraction Directum I. was scheduled to beat the world's record of 1:58, pacing, driven by Thomas W. Murphy, but, owing to the condition of the track, this event was postponed until tomorrow. The famous pacer was jogged up and down the track in front of the grand stand and showed a fine turn of speed.

The get of Peter the Great took both the trotting events. The first and more important was the Greater New York, which was won by Peter Scott, a strapping big bay stallion, driven by Thomas Murphy.

There were six starters, among them, Lee Axworthy, 2:03¼, the unbeaten 4-year-old which recently defeated W. E. D. Stokes's champion colt Peter Volo in the fastest three-heat race on record. Lee Axworthy was bred by William Bradley, a New York contractor, and on the strength of his recent record race in Cleveland, started a strong favorite. Worthy Prince, driven by Walter Cox, was another contender, who many thought had a good chance of capturing the $5,000 purse.

The fact that he was competing against these stars in the trotting world did not in the least effect the racing qualities of Peter Scott, who took the race in three straight heats and in each case winning by at least two or three lengths.

Duchess, driven by A. McDonald, was distanced in the first heat, and eliminated. This left five starters in the final. Prince Worthy had the pole and led the field for the first half mile, with Lee Axworthy second, and Peter Scott a close third. There was little change in these positions, as the trotters turned into the stretch.

It was here that Murphy made his effort with the winner. The veteran driver went to the whip, and Peter Scott shot ahead to get on even terms with Prince Worthy. The latter was overhauled in a few strides, and the winner assumed the lead. Cox hung on gamely, but Murphy had the faster horse, and the son of Peter the Great just romped home, with a good two lengths to spare. Lee Axworthy was three lengths behind Worthy Prince.

It took five heats to decide the 2:15 class pace for a $1,000 purse. While there were six starters in the opening heat, Hal Connor, driven by "Pop" Geers, and Eddie Foy were distanced, which left four contenders. The race really narrowed down to a struggle between Queen Abbess and Hal S. The former lost the first two heats, Hal S. winning both. The mare then came back, and took the next two.

The final heat was one of the prettiest races of the afternoon. The four got away to a good start. Hal S. immeditely shot ahead and led the field until within fifty yards of the finish. But the pace was too hot for the gelding, and as Queen Abbess caught him ten lengths from the wire, he broke, and the mare flashed to the front, to win by two lengths. Murphy pushed Hal S. all he could, but the horse faltered when he had the race almost won. Peter S. finished consistently in third place in the first four heats and second in the last. The summary:

2:08 Class.—Trotting; purse, $5,000; best three in five heats.

Peter Scott, b. h., by Peter the Great, (Murphy)	1	1	1
Worthy Prince, b. h., by Prince McKinney, (Cox)	3	2	2
Lee Axworthy, b. h., (Andrews)	2	3	3
Rensens, ch. g., (Rodney)	5	5	4
Bonington, ch. h., (Geers)	4	4	5
Duchess, ro. m., (McDonald)	dis.		

Time—2:09½; 2:10; 2:09¾.

2:15 Pace.—Purse $1,000. Best three in five heats.

Queen Abbess, br. m., by Argot Hal, (Cox)	2	2	1	1	1
Hal S., ro. g., by Hal Chaffin, (Murphy)	1	1	2	2	3
Peter S., b. g., (Grady)	3	3	3	3	2
Patrick M., blk. g., (Rodney)	4	4	1	ro.	
Hal Connor, br. h., (Geers)	dis.				
Eddie Foy, gr. h., (Pitman)	dis.				

Time—2:08½; 2:09¾; 2:10¼; 2:13½; 2:15¼.

2:17 Trot.—Purse, $1,000; best three in five heats.

Jeanette Speed, blk. m., by Peter the Great, (Cox)	5	2	5	1	1
Red Gift, b. m., by Grattan Boy, (Dickerson)	4	3	1	2	2
Bettina, b. m., (Lemlin)	1	6	6	5	4
Brook King, blk. h., (McCarthy)	3	4	2	3	5
Great Bells, br. h., (Garrison)	2	5	4	6	3
Idora Worthy, b. m., (Rodney)	4	1	3	4dis	

Time—2:16½; 2:14¾; 2:16¼; 2:17; 2:18.

The first race today will be called at 2 o'clock. The three-year-old trotting Futurity, value $7,000; 2:07 pace, value $1,000; and 2:13 trot, for a $2,000 purse, will be decided.

Bugs Capture Round-Robin Polo.

Special to The New York Times.

ALEXANDRIA BAY, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The round robin of the Thousand Islands polo tournament was played today between the Bugs, Jitneys, and Beetles, composed of the four polo teams entered in the tournament. The play was for the cups presented by Mrs. Helen Lefevre. There were three games of four periods each. The first was between the Bugs and the Beetles, which resulted in a victory for the Bugs by a score of 7 to ¼. Only one goal was scored by the Beetles. The line-up:

Bugs—A. G. Miles, 3; Seward Cary, 4; W. H. Hulbert, 4; H. J. Wiser, 1. Total handicap, 12.

Beetles—F. R. Cortis, 0; E. Y. Clausen, 4; C. R. Little, 4; B. R. Huff, 4. Total handicap, 12.

Bugs—Goals earned, 7; less penalties, 0. Beetles—Goals earned, 1; less penalties, ½ for foul and ¼ for safety; total, ¼.

The match between the Bugs and the Jitneys went to the Bugs with a score of 3¼ to 2, and they won the Lefevre Cups. The line-up:

Jitneys—H. Vilas, 2; E. S. Burke, Jr., 5; J. B. Huff, 5; William McCawley, 0. Total handicap, 12.

Bugs—Goals earned, 4; by handicap, 0; less penalties, Hulbert, foul, ½; safety, Wiser, ¼.

Jitneys—Goals earned, 2.

The losers in the first two matches—the Beetles and Jitneys—played a match, and the victory went to the Jitneys with a score of 2½ to 3.

LIPPINCOTT DENIES CHARGE.

Athlete Says He Did Not Run in Fake Race at Ilion, N. Y.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Aug. 31.—Donald F. Lippincott, ex-Captain of the University of Pennsylvania track team and holder of the world's 100-meter record and joint holder of the world's mark for the 220-yard dash, today denied that he had participated in an unsanctioned race at Ilion, N. Y., last week for a big purse, and for which he has been suspended. He said:

"The statement that I participated in a fake race last week at Ilion, N. Y., is absolutely false. I have not had on a running shoe since the intercollegiate track and field championships on Franklin Field last Spring, in which I pulled a tendon. Futhermore, I was not outside of Philadelphia last week, when the New York statement alleges the race took place. Not only that, but I have been in New York State but once this Summer, and then in New York City only. I don't even know where Ilion is. The thing is almost too ridiculous to notice, but I consider it a contemptible piece of business on some one's part to give such a charge publicity, not only because it is false, but without even having brought it to my attention."

Last year Lippincott pulled a tendon in his right leg and was out of athletics for the remainder of the year, his injury costing the University of Pennsylvania the intercollegiate championship. This year the injury mended, but in the first heat of the intercollegiate 100-yard dash Lippincott pulled a tendon in the left leg and had to be carried off the field. He was advised by his physicians never to attempt to run again, and announced that he was through with athletics for all time.

CHINESE IN ATHLETICS.

Massachusetts Tech Triumphs at Students' Alliance Games.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Aug. 31.—Six colleges were entered in the Chinese intercollegiate track meet on Andrews Field here this afternoon in connection with the eleventh annual conference of the Chinese Students' Alliance, and a crowd of several hundred Chinese students, including a score or more of Chinese girls, watched the team from Massachusetts Institute of Technology win the meet with 42½ points. The University of Chicago was second with 30 points, while the Cornell students scored 16 points and the University of Pennsylvania athletes 11. Yale made 3½ points and Princeton brought up the tail end with a total of 3.

S. S. Kwang of Massachusetts Institute of Technology and W. K. Chang of Chicago were the stars for their colleges, each scoring 27 points. Fair time was made in some of the events, the 100-yard dash being covered in 0:10 4-5, while in the shot-put Chang made a record of 34 feet 11½ inches. Kai Fu Shah, the Chinese Minister to the United States, witnessed the meet.

Athlete Fahey to Live in Butte.

Michael J. Fahey, formerly junior national hop, step, and jump champion, who finished third in the recent senior championships at San Francisco, representing the Irish-American A. C., is going to Butte, Mont., to live. He will compete there for the Butte Athletic Club, an organization now in the course of formation. He asked yesterday to have his registration changed to Butte.

NAVY FOOTBALL STARTS.

Half Dozen Big Men in New Squad—Hardwick Aiding Coach.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Aug. 31.—A squad of sixty members of the new class at the Naval Academy, including a half dozen weighing in the neighborhood of 190 pounds each, and others who by their speed, strength, and capability pleased Lieutenant Ingram, head coach, and other officers who saw the practice this afternoon. During the Summer the squad has worked out twice a week, but now daily practice has begun and the squad is going ahead rapidly. Five teams were practicing signals and formations this afternoon, and special attention has been given to forward passing. Hardwick, the Harvard player, arrived tonight, and the main squad will begin work on Sept. 20.

Gilman, who played on Cornell and Colgate elevens, is the chief find this year. C. E. Smith, who played on Sewanee, is another big fellow. Other big men are Schilauer and Cooley, former enlisted men, and Williams. There are many fast and well-built youths who look good as ends or backs, among them Von Hinberg and Olsen, both strong punters.

SPORTING EVENTS.

RACING AT BELMONT PARK
BEGINS TODAY
SIX SPECIAL FEATURES, INCLUDING THE
$2,500 Municipal Handicap. $1,000 Broadhollow Steeplechase
AND FOUR OTHER GOOD RACES. FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY,
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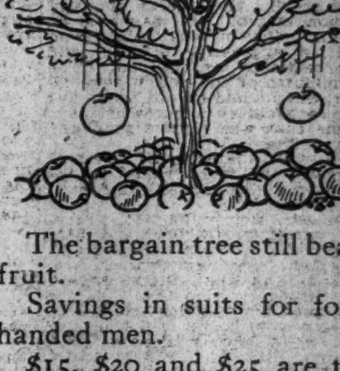

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Baseball, Polo Grounds Today, 2:30 P. M. GIANTS vs. PHILADELPHIA.

Baseball, Wash'n Park, 3:30 P. M. today. Tip Tops vs. Baltimore Feds. Bleachers, 10c.

PLAY IN NATIONAL LAWN TENNIS AND GOLF UNDER WAY

ALEXANDER STARS IN TENNIS OPENING

Veteran Defeats N. W. Niles in Brilliant Match on West Side Courts.

HARD CONTESTS ON TURF

Form Rules in First Day's Play for Championship—Big Gallery Watches Matches.

Keen tennis, for the most part on the best of turf courts—courts that were in better than fair condition despite too much rain crowded into the week before—marked the opening of the National Championship at Forest Hills yesterday. There were practically no upsets either in results, or the form of the favorites, the latter coming through the first round comfortably, if one excepts Nathaniel W. Niles, who was beaten in a really brilliant match by the veteran Frederick B. Alexander. Fortunately for one of the best crowds that ever turned out in the Metropolitan district the day's play was progressive in quality and not without its side-light, that side-light being a practice match between R. Norris Williams, 2d, the champion, and Clarence J. Griffin, the stocky Californian, who may be a formidable contender later in the week, and who is worth watching for the fun as well as the tennis that is in him.

Most of the matches went with the brains behind the ball, court generalship proving more than a match for the daring of youth, as in the case of the contest between Whitney and Throckmorton, but the young players, notably Law, whom Yale men will remember as a cool-headed kicker on the football field, and C. S. Garland, the last named victor over W. D. Cunningham, played a pretty enough game to convince anybody that another tennis generation is in sight. Garland played both fast and heady tennis, his methods being almost beyond criticism, and there was a crispness about his style that was in the nature of a promise of better things to come.

Maurice E. McLoughlin won his match handily from E. F. Kuhn, coming up to the net much more frequently than he has done in most of his recent matches, but still failing to display the fire that in the past has been associated with his style. Kuhn was hardly resourceful enough to draw out the ex-champion, and it remains for a later round to determine whether the whirlwind player of old is himself again plus what he has sought to add to his game, or a backslider despite the broadening process. Of course the real puzzle of the tournament is this same young man from the Pacific Coast, who in the end will either surprise those who think he has spent too much time experimenting with his game, or justify the faith of those who believe that he has been trying to reserve his game of games for the final round. Win or lose, he probably will go far, and put on the severe service and the overhead smashing that raised him high enough in the tennis world to make it profitable to try to improve an already remarkable game.

For the best of orthodox tennis, however, the kind of tennis that is a real lesson to the average follower of the game, the crowd turned to Alexander and Niles, and was not disappointed. It was only in the fifth set that the service became a deciding factor. Prior to that time both men sought victory through a thorough knowledge of the strategic value of the good court under their feet, shaving the side and back lines again and again, making difficult "gets" without waste of energy, and "foxing" each other out of position. Both men took the ball where they found it, stroking backhand or forehand as seemed handiest, without attempting to run around the ball, and intent at all times on placing.

Analysis of the points may or may not show something of importance, but it was plain throughout the five hard-fought sets that both men were masters of court generalship, and were depending upon that mastery for victory. They drove to the corners, they made smart cross-court strokes, but above all each kept the other from forcing the match save in the fifth set, when Alexander got his neatly placed service in thorough working order and went into a lead that Niles could not fight through. And as in all matches of that type Alexander, once in a comfortable position in the last set, improved mightily. To a prospective winner nothing is impossible, and it was so with the veteran of many a hard won match. He was able to abandon his policy of what might well be called an aggressive defense, and carry the battle to his opponent. The last five minutes of the match were all Alexander, and he had earned those five eminently satisfactory minutes by playing a game that was always good and frequently brilliant.

It may be that a later round will provide a match of more value to the average lover of the game, but that is doubtful.

Ward Dawson and William M. Johnston were carefully watched, and both were worth it. The California tennis type, whether from San Francisco, or further South in that State, repays thorough study. Johnston was in especially good form against Harold H. Hackett, and looks to be at the peak of his game, while Dawson disposed of J. G. McKay.

Among the newcomers, D. S. Watters, from Louisiana, took Alrich H. Man, Jr., into camp, but only after a five-set struggle, and while his play was an improvement over his form at Longwood, he seems still to need experience in first-class company.

The second day of the tournament finds practically none of the various selections for the title eliminated, and every prospect of the survival of the ranking players.

The West Side Tennis Club took care of an unusually large crowd for the first day of a tournament of national consequence, and took care of it well. The four courts enclosed by the big wooden stands were, of course, the centre of interest, and the Alexander-Niles match was staged on the choice court just in front of the clubhouse, where McLoughlin beat Norman Brookes not so long ago in a match that will go ringing down through tennis history, but in the morning there was tennis of quality outside the main inclosure, and plenty of room for those spectators who are bent, because of the love of the game, upon making a week of it.

NO REVERSALS OF FORM.

Favorites All Won Their Matches on Forest Hills Courts.

Under perfect playing conditions the first round of the all-comers tennis championship was completed near sundown last night, and to bring a series of brilliant contests to a fitting close Frederick B. Alexander, the former internationalist, and Nathaniel W. Niles played one of the most spectacular matches staged in the East since the Davis Cup matches, which were decided on the same courts last year. Rarely has the veteran been seen to greater advantage, and his triumph carried many of the oldtimers back to the time when he was practically invincible on the turf. The match was a justification of the judgment of the Executive Committee in selecting it as the feature event of the opening day, as the five sets bristled with court work that raised the game to its highest flights.

The Alexander-Niles contest was but one of a number that kept the galleries at the West Side Club courts excited.

FACTS ABOUT TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.

Thirty-fifth Annual Tournament for the Championship of the United States.

Place—West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. I.; seven miles from Pennsylvania Station.

Trains—Leave Pennsylvania Station: A. M., 9, 9:20, 10:02, and 11:05; 12 noon; P. M., 12:30, 12:47, 1:10, 1:24, 2:06, 2:45, and 3. Can be reached by trolley from Queensboro Bridge.

Number of Contestants—128.

Title Holder—R. Norris Williams 2d, Philadelphia.

Time of Start—10 A. M. Continuous play until sundown.

Number of Turf Courts—24.

Official Referee—Robert D. Wrenn.

Number of Reserved Seats—7,000.

Special matches on the four championship courts, 10:30 A. M.—R. Norris Williams, 2d, versus Frederick C. Inman; 11:15 A. M.—T. R. Pell versus E. H. Whitney; 2:15 P. M.—Wallace F. Johnson versus Walter Merrill Hall; 3:15 P. M.—Dean Mathey versus Maurice E. McLoughlin and Watson M. Washburn versus George M. Church.

TIME SCHEDULE FOR TODAY.

10:30 A. M.—G. W. Wightman versus E. D. Toland, J. S. O'Neale, Jr., versus B. C. Law, D. S. Watters versus Hugh Tallant, E. C. Thomas versus A. E. Copeland, J. B. Adoue, Jr., versus Richard Stevens, Frederick C. Inman versus R. Norris Williams, 2d, L. W. Knox versus L. I. Grinnell, J. H. Blackstone versus Walter L. Pate, William Rand, 2d, versus W. I. Plitt, W. S. Anderson versus Frank T. Hunter, G. A. L. Dionne versus P. A. Valle, C. J. Post, Jr., versus J. S. Pfaffman, W. A. Campbell versus J. T. Allen, W. Halsey Wood versus Leonard Beekman, C. L. Johnson, Jr., versus S. Howard Voshell, Ralph L. Baggs versus Benjamin M. Phillips, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen versus H. D. Harvey.

11:15 A. M.—E. H. Whitney versus T. R. Pell.

2.15 P. M.—Wallace F. Johnson versus Walter Merrill Hall.

2:30 P. M.—Louis Graves versus Ward Dawson, Clarence J. Griffin versus C. S. Garland, William M. Johnston versus C. C. Pell, Karl H. Behr versus G. W. Phillips, H. S. Parker versus Robert Le Roy, Craig Biddle versus E. W. Peaslee, Frederick B. Alexander versus Philip Roberts, Bernon S. Prentice versus A. H. Coffey, Irving C. Wright versus G. C. Caner, Abraham Bassford, Jr., versus Charles M. Bull, Jr., H. A. Plummer versus F. H. Harris.

3:15 P. M.—Dean Mathey versus Maurice E. McLoughlin, Watson M. Washburn versus George M. Church.

Four matches were played during the day on the specially inclosed courts, and each one brought out competition of a high standard. The gallery began to arrive shortly after the first match was started in the morning, and when the afternoon play was in full swing 2,000 persons were applauding the spectacular returns of the veteran Alexander.

Sixty-four matches were scheduled for the opening day's play, and of this number sixty-one were played, and only three defaulted. This is a record for national championship tennis. It was a bad day for the youngsters, as three interscholastic champions failed to survive the first round. Not a single reversal of form was recorded, and the majority of the victories were scored in an impressive style.

Far above the other, sixty contests the battle between Alexander and Niles commands outstanding attention. It was a contest between representatives of two different schools. Alexander, the possessor of skill, cunning and unlimited resources, matched his best efforts against the speed and cleverness of his young opponent, and in the end experience triumphed over youth and stamina. The pair played at top speed throughout, and to the great surprise of the majority of the spectators Alexander showed less apparent wear and tear than the Boston amateur.

Alexander started the contest with a speed and execution that threatened to overwhelm his opponent. He placed the ball with uncanny skill and smashed with a determination that bewildered Niles. The latter brought off a number of clever placement shots that cut the sidelines with accuracy and precision, which enabled him to equalize the first two sets. The veteran was driven to deuce before he captured the third set, and then led five games to 4 and 30 love on his own service in the fourth set. It was at this point Niles rallied, and for the first time during the contest really had his opponent on the run. The wily veteran, seeing things were going against him, settled back and Niles made the sets 2 all. Alexander then showed just what he is capable of when forced, and won the fifth and deciding set 6—2. The point score:

		Pts.	G.
FIRST SET.			
Alexander	4 0 4 0 5 4 4 6 4	31	6
Niles	2 4 2 4 3 6 0 4 2	27	3
SECOND SET.			
Alexander	0 4 4 5 6 2 2 4 2 4 0 3	36	5
Niles	4 1 6 3 4 4 4 0 4 2 4 5	41	7
THIRD SET.			
Alexander	1 8 6 4 2 4 4 2 2 7 4	46	7
Niles	4 6 4 1 1 2 4 4 4 5 1	40	5
FOURTH SET.			
Alex'dr.	5 4 1 1 1 5 2 4 5 2 3 9 0 4 2 4 0 1	53	8
Niles	3 1 4 4 4 3 4 2 3 4 5 7 4 2 4 1 4 4	63	10
FIFTH SET.			
Alexander	4 2 4 4 2 7 5 4	32	6
Niles	1 4 1 2 4 5 3 0	20	2

While Alexander was giving a brilliant exhibition on the first championship court, his former partner in doubles, Harold H. Hackett, Captain of the Davis Cup team, was being put to an ignominious rout by William M. Johnston, the brilliant young racquet wielder from San Francisco, on an adjoining court. Johnston scored a three-set straight victory at 6—1, 6—3, 10—8, and it was only the resourceful strategy of the Davis Cup player that enabled him to escape a more overwhelming score. He met Johnston's forcing tactics with good judgment mentally and at times more than held his own against the aggressive young Westerner, whose passing shots and ability to entice his opponent out of position earned him an easy victory. The point score:

		Pts.	G.
FIRST SET.			
Johnston	7 4 3 4 4 6 4	32	6
Hackett	5 1 5 1 1 4 1	18	1
SECOND SET.			
Johnston	1 9 3 4 2 4 4 4 4	37	6
Hackett	4 5 5 1 4 1 1 2 1	25	3
THIRD SET.			
Johnston	4 9 1 1 4 0 9 3 4 6 4 3 1 9 4 6 4 9	81	10
Hackett	2 7 4 4 1 4 7 5 0 8 2 5 4 7 1 8 1 7	77	8

B. S. Law of Philadelphia, the former Princeton football player, and Cedric A. Major, the Connecticut State champion, played the first of the special matches in the morning, and the former won, 3 sets to 1. Major opened his attack at top speed, and by clever driving and placing won the first set at 6—4. The Tiger gridiron star, however, refused to be flustered by Major's fiery start and played steadily, capturing the second and third sets at 6—2, 6—4. The rest did not improve Major's game and although he forced Law into a deuce fourth set, the Princeton player by steady working to the net during the volleys won points by final smashes, taking the last two games of the deciding set, 4—1, 4—1. The point score:

		P.	G.
FIRST SET.			
Major	6 4 5 3 4 4 4 0 5 4	39	6
Law	8 1 7 5 1 1 2 4 3 2	34	4
SECOND SET.			
Major	3 4 5 1 4 0 9 1	27	2
Law	5 6 3 4 1 4 11 4	38	6
THIRD SET.			
Major	0 4 2 4 2 1 4 4 1 2	24	4
Law	4 1 4 0 4 4 1 0 4 4	26	6
FOURTH SET.			
Major	4 4 2 3 4 3 2 2 4 4 1 1	38	5
Law	2 2 4 5 1 4 5 4 2 2 4 4	43	7

The Western delegation carried everything before them. Maurice E. McLoughlin, the former champion player, with a dash that was a reminder of his work on the same courts one year ago, when he defeated the celebrated pair, Norman E. Brookes and the late Anthony F. Wilding in the Davis Cup matches. He snapped the ball back and swept his opponent, E. F. Kuhn, off his feet with a score of 6—1, 6—1, 6—0. Clarence J. Griffin disposed of Sidney Thayer, Jr., the young Philadelphia schoolboy, in straight sets and Ward Dawson, who is making his first appearance in a national tournament, was forced to a five-set match to win from J. G. McKay, Montclair A. C., former Indiana State champion. The Californian's smashing tactics carried him successfully through.

R. Norris Williams, 2d, national champion, had a day off, as his opponent, Adrian Riker, defaulted. Williams, however, will have a good tryout today when he faces Fred C. Inman. The summaries:

All Comers' Singles.—First Round.—Louis Graves defeated Norman Johnson, 6-3, 6-4, 6-4; G. W. Phillips defeated H. L. Bowman, 6-3, 6-4, 6-0; H. S. Parker defeated Charles Chambers, 6-3, 4-6, 6-2, 6-3; E. C. Thomas defeated S. E. Palmer, 6-2, 6-3, 6-1; L. I. Grinnell defeated T. A. Robinson, 6-2, 6-2, 6-2; W. I. Plitt defeated B. da Silva, 6-1, 6-0, 6-2; Lieutenant W. S. Anderson defeated S. P. Henshaw, 6-4, 6-1, 6-1; Leonard Beekman defeated A. H. Allen by default; Bernon S. Prentice defeated W. D. Bourne, 6-0, 6-3, 6-1; A. H. Coffey defeated Harold Swain, 6-4, 6-4, 6-1; Benjamin M. Phillips defeated T. H. S. Andrews, 6-3, 6-2, 6-3; Irving C. Wright defeated R. J. Sommer, 6-0, 6-0, 6-0; H. D. Harvey defeated Irving Riker, 7-5, 6-1, 4-6, 7-5; Ward Dawson defeated J. G. McKay, 6-3, 2-6, 4-6, 6-2, 6-1; J. S. O'Neale defeated W. M. Blair, 9-7, 6-2, 6-2; B. C. Law defeated Cedric A. Major, 4-6, 6-2, 6-4, 7-5; A. E. Copeland defeated J. S. Eaton, 6-4, 7-5, 6-0, 6-4; J. H. Blackstone defeated F. A. Fall, 7-5, 4-6, 7-5, 6-1; Frank T. Hunter defeated M. Sargeant, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2; J. S. Pfaffman defeated Russell Brown, 6-3, 3-6, 6-0, 6-2; Ralph L. Baggs defeated Cornelius Boocock, 6-0, 6-1, 6-2; T. R. Pell defeated Alan Fox, 6-2, 6-0, 6-2; Frederick T. Frelinghuysen defeated E. F. Thomas, Jr., 6-2, 6-1, 8-6; G. C. Caner defeated J. S. Cushman, 6-2, 6-2, 6-1; S. Howard Voshell defeated R. B. McClave, 6-4, 6-4, 6-2; W. Halsey Wood defeated R. S. Stoddart, 6-3, 3-6, 7-5, 6-1; P. A. Valle defeated Middletrude Camp, 2-6, 6-4, 7-5, 6-4; C. J. Post, Jr., defeated F. W. Cole by default; J. B. Adoue, Jr., defeated P. S. Brinsmade, 3-6, 6-2, 6-3, 6-4; C. S. Garland defeated W. D. Cunningham, 6-3, 3-6, 7-5, 6-3; E. W. Peaslee defeated R. Rand, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2; L. W. Knox defeated J. W. Geary, Jr., 6-4, 4-6, 6-4, 6-2; E. D. Toland defeated Fenimore Cooper, 6-3, 6-4, 2-6, 8-6; D. S. Watters defeated Alrick H. Man, Jr., 4-6, 1-6, 8-6, 8-6, 6-2; Walter L. Pate defeated Dr. B. F. Drake, 3-6, 6-3, 7-5, 6-2; William Rand, 3d, defeated J. G. Thomas, 0-6, 7-9, 6-1, 5-7, 6-4; W. A. Campbell defeated Felix Doubleday, 6-2, 6-2, 7-5; J. T. Allen defeated P. W. Gibbons, 7-9, 6-1, 5-7, 6-0, 7-5; C. J. Griffin defeated Sidney Thayer, Jr., 6-2, 6-2, 6-7; William M. Johnston defeated Harold H. Hackett, 6-1, 6-3, 10-8; George M. Church defeated G. S. McKearin, 6-1, 6-0, 6-2; Wallace F. Johnson defeated E. H. Hooker, 6-0, 6-1, 6-1; Maurice E. McLoughlin defeated E. F. Kuhn, 6-1, 6-1, 6-0; Dean Mathey defeated Dudley Roberts, 6-1, 7-5, 6-0; G. W. Wightman defeated C. W. McMullen, 6-3, 6-1, 5-7, 6-4; Hugh Tallant defeated J. W. Anderson, 6-4, 6-0, 8-6; C. C. Pell defeated L. F. Turnbull, 6-1, 9-7, 9-7; Robert Le Roy defeated Dr. William Rosenbaum, 7-5, 6-3, 6-0; Richard Stevens defeated A. M. Kedder, 6-4, 3-6, 6-2, 6-3; R. Norris Williams, 2d, defeated Adrian Riker by default; Walter Merrill Hall defeated C. Burrows, 6-2, 0-6, 6-1, 6-2; Craig Beddle defeated Herbert W. Forster, 6-2, 6-3, 6-2; C. L. Johnston, Jr., defeated Arthur S. Cragin, 8-6, 10-8, 8-6; E. H. Whitney defeated Harold A. Throckmorton, 6-3, 4-6, 6-4, 6-1; Charles M. Bull, Jr., defeated Lyle E. Mahan, 4-6, 12-10, 6-2, 6-4; Karl H. Behr defeated H. C. Martin, 6-1, 6-3, 8-6; Fred C. Inman defeated C. L. Childs, 7-5, 6-2, 6-3; G. A. L. Dionne defeated Middleton de Camp, 7-5, 6-2, 11-9; Abraham Bassford, Jr., defeated G. H. Nettleton, 6-4, 7-9, 6-2, 7-5; Watson M. Washburn defeated E. J. Newhouse, 6-0, 6-2, 6-4; Frederick B. Alexander defeated Nathaniel W. Niles, 6-3, 5-7, 7-5, 8-10, 6-2.

WILL DECIDE SINGLES FIRST.

Doubles Title Round Set for Next Week—Two Records Made.

Any questions as to the playing of the challenge round in the tennis doubles championship was dispelled yesterday when a message was received from San Francisco stating that Thomas C. Bundy had started East. He will reach New York on Saturday, and will spend several days tuning up with M. E. McLoughlin, his partner. They will play William M. Johnston and Clarence J. Griffin, the challengers, probably the last day of the tournament. It will be the first time in the history of the all-comers tournament that the singles title has been decided before the doubles.

The sensation of the early session of the opening round was the victory of D. S. Watters, the New Orleans boy who holds the Louisiana State title. He held the early afternoon crowd keenly interested as he defeated Alrick H. Man, Jr., the former Yale Captain, in five hurricane sets.

President Julian S. Myrick, of the West Side Club, announced yesterday that 2,500 reserved seats for each of the remaining days of the tournament remain unsold and can be purchased at the ticket offices on the club grounds.

Several innovations have been adopted with success. One of these is a special telephone equipment from each umpire's chair of the twenty-four courts, to the official tables in front of the club house, for the speedy adjustment of any differences that may arise.

There was quite a gathering of oldtimers who, in other years, had set high the standard of American tennis. These included George Wright of Boston, Clinton L. Childs of Pittsburgh, A. L. Hoskins of Philadelphia, William A. Larned, Henry W. Slocum, George T. Adee and D. Johnson of Philadelphia, father of Wallace F. Johnson.

The result of the tournament is being watched closely by representatives and friends of the Newport Casino. The management of the latter believes the championship tournament will return to its original home. Even in the event of its continued success it is hardly probable that the tournament will come back to Forest Hills next year. The Mervin Cricket Club of Philadelphia with sixty turf courts will make a strong bid for the event next year. The Onwentsia Club of Chicago and Cincinnati are also in the field for the attraction, but it is almost certain to remain in the East.

When McLoughlin took the court with E. F. Kuhn as an opponent there was a general exodus from the stands, and the feature matches on the championship courts lost their attractiveness in the face of the auburn haired comet from the West. By a peculiar coincidence Karl H. Behr, who recently defeated McLoughlin, played his first round match on the adjoining court, and the spectators were able to compare the styles of the rivals for championship honors.

The scene around the clubhouse resembled a convention with the elaborate West Side Club color hat bands and badges which were very conspicuous. The hat band is of dark green with narrow horizontal stripes of red, white and blue in the centre of the ribbon. The badges are of different color according to the nearness of the wearer to the Executive Committee.

When Charles M. Bull, Jr., of the Crescent Athletic Club, and Lyle E. Mahan, former Captain of the Columbia University tennis team, took the fourth championship court, the spectators had an opportunity of seeing the two tallest men among the entrants in competition. Mahan is 6 feet 4 inches tall and Bull is only two inches shorter.

It seemed a play of fate that the two old-time doubles champions and internationalists should be playing on adjoining courts with such widely different results. Alexander won all the applause because of his brilliancy, while on account of his poor showing against Young, William M. Johnston, the former Captain of the Davis Cup team, hardly drew recognition.

During the contest between Alexander and Niles probably the most interested spectator was Mrs. Nathaniel W. Niles, who followed carefully every stroke of the match. During the latter stages of the contest she was plainly nervous, but when the end came she was the first to congratulate Alexander and cheer her husband by telling him he played a splendid game.

Two hundred contestants and officials in the National championship will form a theatre party at the performance of May Irwin and her company in her new comedy, "13 Washington Square," tonight at the Park Theatre.

Fred Alexander made sad havoc with the cold drinks on the stand of the umpire's chair. In the second game of the fifth set he returned the ball, but instead of going over the net the ball struck a tall glass of ginger ale and carromed on to the second one. Both glasses were smashed.

George M. Church, Captain of the Princeton team, and intercollegiate champion, will oppose Watson M. Washburn, another college star, in the second round. Church and Washburn have been playing doubles together this Summer.

Harold Hackett made a great stand in the third set of his match with William Johnston, and by his steadiness in returning all of Johnston's shots, forced the young Californian into a deuce set, and several times was within a stroke of the set. He could not maintain the pace, and finally lost after a long rally with a netted ball.

Two records were recorded for a first day's play. First was with but three defaults in sixty-four matches, and second, the fact that not a single upset occurred.

'CHICK' EVANS PUT OUT OF GOLF PLAY

Ned Sawyer Elimiantes Old Rival—Ouimet and Travers Easy Victors.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Aug. 31.—Ned Sawyer of the Wheaton Country Club eliminated "Chick" Evans of the Edgewater Golf Club in the first round of match play in the national amateur golf championship over the Country Club of Detroit links today, leaving only five Westerners to compete for the crown held by Francis Ouimet.

Sawyer's success was predicted by many, but that he should obtain a 6 and 5 verdict was never even dreamed of. This was the fourth time that these Chicagoans have been opponents in tournaments, and it was the first time that Sawyer was victorious. His previous defeats have been by 2 and 1 scores, having been beaten by "Chick" in the national tournament two years ago at the Western amateur tournament at Cleveland in the semi-final round last month and also at Denver. It was figured by the majority who started out with this pair Tuesday morning to witness the first half of their thirty-six-hole contest that Evans had Sawyer just about figured right, and had his "nanny" tied to a tree, and that it was a practical impossibility for Evans to be down at any stage of the match.

But Sawyer played the coolest, most deliberate and perfect game that he has shown here to date, equaling the course record of 72 strokes in his morning round, with 36 going out and 36 returning. This mark was made by Howard Lee last year, when there were fewer traps and the course was generally conceded to be easier. Sawyer had the Western amateur title holder 2 down in the first eighteen holes, and increased this lead when play was resumed in the afternoon by taking the first three holes and continuing the pace until he gained the deciding advantage.

Although it was expected that Dudley Mudge, the medalist in Monday's thirty-six-hole qualifying round, would survive his match with Hamilton Kerr after his brilliant medal play exhibition, it was about the only real surprise of the afternoon when he was beaten by 4 and 3.

The national amateur and open champions, Ouimet and Travers, had comparatively easy sailing, the former beating W. H. Gardner, 2d, of Buffalo, 8 and 7, while Travers surpassed even his fondest hopes when he slipped a 14 and 13 defeat across on George Crump of the Pine Valley C. C.

Jimmy Standish's defeat of W. C. Fownes, Jr., of Oakmont, who won the national amateur championship at the Brookline Country Club in 1910, was the prettiest battle of the day, and it is doubtful if a Detroit golfer was ever followed by as large a gallery as that which watched him beat Fownes by 1 up in 37 holes. It was a carefully played game from the start, and a missed putt lost the extra hole for Fownes, 5 and 4, and the match.

The Sherman brothers, from the Yahnundasis C. C., are still in the running, Tom having beaten George Rotan, 3 and 2, while Sherrill held a 2 up decision over Albert Seckel of the Riverside Golf Club. Max Marston, by coming back after being 4 down at the fifth, defeated Jesse Guilford of the Bellevue C. C., 3 and 2. Marston draws "Jerry" Travers for the second round, however.

If "Chick" Evans had been able to grin and bear a reversal, the same as Ned Sawyer did, the Western wizard, who had a hunch, according to a confidential remark to a Chicago friend, that he had a better chance this year than ever to attach the national honors, might still be fighting for the crown. Evans played good golf, his medal score of the morning round being 75. In medal play he would have brought it down to a 74, as he was stymied on the seventh, knocking Sawyer's ball in. But "Chick" wasn't there in the pinch. When a pitch fell dead, when he overputted or didn't have quite enough of a swing behind his club on a long putt, the Edgewater crack winced and was plainly disturbed. He made no effort to hide the fact, either.

Sawyer's only opportunity to display lack of proper golfing temperament occurred on the eighth hole in the afternoon round, when he used a 6 to Evans's 4. This was the only hole "Chick" won in the afternoon round. Of course, Evans did win the fourth, fifth, tenth, and thirteenth holes in the morning, but his margins were due to extraordinary good work on his part rather than failures of Sawyer.

The only gallery of the day followed Evans and Sawyer. Their cards follow:

Sawyer, out	4 4 5 4 4 4 3 5 3	36	
Sawyer, in	4 5 4 5 2 4 5 4 3	36	72
Evans, out	4 5 4 3 3 4 4 5 4	36	
Evans, in	3 6 4 4 3 4 5 5 4	38	74

The day's scores:

R. A. Gardner beat L. L. Bredin, 1 up; T. M. Sherman beat George V. Rotan, 3 and 2; D. E. Sawyer beat Charles Evans, Jr., 6 and 5; Gardner White beat Paul Hunter, 7 and 5; Jerome D. Travers beat G. A. Crump, 14 and 13; Max Marston beat Jesse Guilford, 3 and 2; Hamilton Kerr beat Dudley Mudge, 4 and 2; Howard B. Lee beat Eben M. Byers, 5 and 4; Nelson Whitney beat Davison Herron, 7 and 6; John G. Anderson beat Reuben Bush, 2 and 1; J. B. Schlotman beat C. H. Gardner, 4 and 2; J. N. Stearns, 3d, beat George S. Lyon, 4 and 3; Sherrill Sherman beat Albert Seckel, 3 and 1; James D. Standish, Jr., beat W. C. Fownes, Jr., 1 up, 37 holes; Francis Ouimet beat W. H. Gardner, 2d, 8 and 7; A. C. Ulmer beat R. C. Hunter, 7 and 6.

The pairings for tomorrow's matches are: R. A. Gardner vs. T. M. Sherman, Sawyer vs. White, Travers vs. Marston, Kerr vs. Lee, Whitney vs. Ulmer, Anderson vs. Schlotman, Stearns vs. Sherrill Sherman, Standish vs. Ouimet.

EVANS FAILS AGAIN.

Pride of Golfers in West Vainly Tries for Amateur Title.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 31.—From an Eastern standpoint, first-round matches in the national amateur golf championship tournament were quite satisfactory. To be sure, all those who qualified did not win, but it is worthy of mention that "Chick" Evans, the pride of the West, was again brushed aside.

For several years Evans has been boosted and picked to win the blue ribbon in golf, only to disappoint his adherents, but at the same time he has been right along the undisputed leader among the amateurs of the Middle West. They say that misery loves company, and in this instance the Edgewater man is surely not alone, for among the other "down-and-outers" are those former national champions, W. C. Fownes, Jr., of Oakmont and E. M. Byers of Allegheny.

So far as Max Marston of Baltusrol is concerned, it may be as well to extend the hand of congratulation as to wait for another twenty-four hours. The New Jersey champion won a fine uphill match over Jesse Guilford after the Massachusetts golfer had started off with a rush, winning the first four holes. That was enough to take the nerve of any ordinary mortal, but Marston only stuck to his guns and played the harder.

After they had left the ninth tee in the morning where Guilford stood four up, Marston remarked: "If I could only get my putts working I would be all right. I would just like to get a hole or two and then get going." A moment later Max laid up a rare niblick approach practically dead to the pin. It enabled him to win the hole and from that moment the tide turned. Later on Marston made many other good shots, but the crucial point in that match was at the ninth. So fast did Max travel on the inward nine holes that he came home in 36, and in consequence retired for the intermission 2 up. Guilford hung on gamely in the afternoon, at one stage being only 1 down, but Marston would not be denied. Apropos of the congratulatory reference, let it be said that Marston has to play Travers in the second round tomorrow. If he goes as fast as he did today he will be certain to make things interesting for the national open champion.

Travers, by the way, had the easiest kind of a time, largely because George Crump had been suffering from a severe cold and he could do nothing right. As a result, one hole was about the same as another, so far as this match was concerned. Travers won by the exceptionally wide margin of 14 up and 13 to play. Travers went out in 38 and came back in 37 for a 75.

After working hard all day Fownes disappointed himself and his friends by spoiling it all on the extra hole. He and J. D. Standish had finished all square on the thirty-sixth green. Both hit fine balls from the next tee and reached the green on their second shots. There stood the Pittsburgh man on the large, beautiful green, only a few yards from the cup, yet he took three putts, thereby losing the hole and match. "I would like to forget that hole," said Fownes as he walked back toward the clubhouse.

Gardiner White, the Flushing golfer, had to smile every time he thought of the way he played the sixth hole against Paul Hunter in the morning. The distance is 424 yards, and after his second shot White still had an approach left, and it so happened that that was all he needed, for the ball found the bottom of the cup, the stroke doing the business—being a wrist mashie for a 3. White, by the way, had a 73 in the morning against Hunter, and that explains how it was that the New York golfer gained an early lead of six up.

Although Sawyer clearly outgamed Evans in their match, there was one visitation of hard luck in the morning that unquestionably had a decided bearing on the final outcome. It came at the seventh hole, the first time around. Standing on that tee Evans was 1 up. Neither man made the green with his mashie, Evans slicing to a trap and his opponent overrunning to the far side. Evans laid a beautiful shot out of the sand practically dead only to have Sawyer on third stroke lay "Chick" a dead stymie. In attempting to negotiate this Evans knocked the other's ball in the cup and that gave the hole to Sawyer in 3 to 4.

That made a big difference in a contest between a pair so equally matched as those two, for Evans, who a moment before appeared to have the hole won, lost it. It left the match all even instead of making Evans 2 up. Toward the end he clearly lost heart. Anyhow, "it's a long lane that has no turn." Sawyer had waited a good many years and doubtless the victory was all the sweeter in consequence.

John Anderson, the former Bostonian, now representing the Siwanoy Country Club, was pleased when he finished. At one stage he stood 4 down to Reuben B. Bush, the Southerner, but a shot at the long eleventh hole gave Anderson renewed hope. He had sliced his drive to a trap, but, taking a chance, used wood and actually got from this hazard clear across the ditch nearly to the green. The shot was probably 250 yards. Anderson made the match level at the end of the round and he did another stunt at the first hole in the afternoon when, after pulling his drive to the rough, he laid a 200-yard spoon shot to within twenty feet of the pin. He made the round in 73. Little wonder Anderson won. Even the margin was small.

WEINERT BEATS SAVAGE.

Jersey Heavyweights Box Ten Red-Hot Rounds in Garden.

Charley Weinert of Newark defeated Jim Savage of Orange in a ten-round bout at Madison Square Garden last night, which gives Young Weinert the heavyweight championship of New Jersey, a title which is nothing to sneer at. The superior boxing, the aggressiveness, and the stamina of the younger man were more than a match for the best that the veteran had to offer. But it cannot be denied that within Jim Savage there lies an indomitable courage which refused to bow before the incessant punishment administered by Weinert.

Nearly every boxing fan in Newark and Orange came over to the Garden in style. They rode in auto trucks and jitneys, and these, with the Gotham boxing enthusiasts, including a couple dozen women, made up a big crowd which gave the reopening ceremonies a big sendoff.

Young Weinert had the better of every round except the second, when Savage landed a few wild swings on the head and made Weinert cautious. In the other rounds Weinert hit the veteran hard and often. In the first round several jabs to the face started the blood from Savage's nose, and before the bout was over his face was cut and bruised and his left eye badly swollen.

In the fifth round Savage cut loose a right counter which caught Weinert in the left eye and brought out a swelling as big as a walnut.

It was one of the fastest bouts between "heavies" that has been seen around here in many a day. There was action every minute, and the new referee, who, by the way, was no improvement over the previous "third man" in Garden bouts, yanked the boxers apart every time the fast-tiring Savage tried to hang on to his youthful opponent to save himself.

The eighth round found Weinert rushing Savage to the ropes, where he smashed right and left hooks at his face and jaw until the Orange boxer was groggy and seemed ready to quit. During the later rounds of the bout Weinert hit Savage almost as he pleased. The continuity of his attack was only interrupted when Savage swung wildly and hopelessly trying to plant a knockout blow on Weinert's jaw. These blows were successfully blocked.

Savage made an attempt to rally in the tenth, but slipped to the floor, and Weinert, who was rushing at him, fell over him and almost went headlong out of the ring. Savage's attempts to get at his younger opponent failed throughout the bout, and, although Savage took a hard lacing gamely, he was decisively outpointed.

During one of the intermissions Joe Humphries announced that three big bouts had been arranged by the Garden management to take place during September and October. In the first exhibition, scheduled for Sept. 16, Johnny Dundee, the local lightweight, will box ten rounds with Johnny Griffiths, the Westerner who made a splendid showing in his first engagement here with Leach Cross. On Oct. 6 Willie Ritchie, former lightweight champion, will oppose Joe Shugrue. In the last bout arranged the principals will be Jim Coffey and Frank Moran.

NEW MOTOR CYCLE RECORD.

Arthur Chapple Drives Mile on Brighton Track in 0:37 3-5.

Arthur Chapple made a new motorcycle record for one mile at the Brighton Beach Motordrome last night when he raced around the wooden track in 0:37 3-5, one-fifth of a second lower than the previous track record for that distance, which he made last year. Chapple made a fine start and circled the track at top speed, keeping near the upper edge over the entire distance.

There were several close finishes in the motor-cycle races, and in the two-mile match race between George Sperl and Bill Brown it was by the closest possible margin that Sperl was returned a winner. There were only a few inches between the two riders over the entire distance, and Brown was in the lead all the way until the last few yards, when Sperl pushed his machine slightly to the front as they sped across the finish line.

George Mercier won the unlimited pursuit race in 4:33, with Stephen Quacinelli second. George Hamilton won the four-mile miss-and-out race in 3:00 1-5. George Mercier was second and Quacinelli finished third.

The four-mile scratch race between George Hamilton and George Mercier was closely contested. Hamilton crossed the finish line a short distance ahead of Mercier and won in 3:13 1-5.

Arthur Chapple was unable to overcome the one-lap handicap which he allowed the five other contestants in the four-mile handicap race and could not finish better than third. The Brooklyn rider tried hard to overhaul the field of riders, but Sperl and Quacinelli maintained a terrific pace during the four miles and each crossed the finish line a considerable distance ahead of Chapple. Sperl was a winner in 3:40 3-5, Quacinelli was second and Chapple third.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The lowest August temperatures of record were reported in the Ohio Valley, Indiana, Illinois, East Missouri, and Texas Tuesday morning. There were light frosts in Southern Michigan and portions of Ohio and Indiana, and low temperatures were general throughout the entire area east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the Northwest. There was a further rise in temperature in the Northwest during Tuesday that extended into the Central Rocky Mountain region, the Plains States, the Great Central Valleys, and the lake region. West of the Rockies there was a general and quite decided fall in temperature to nearly normal conditions.

There were showers in the South Atlantic States, the Michigan Peninsula, South Utah, Nevada, and the extreme North Pacific Coast, but elsewhere the weather was generally clear. Except for showers Wednesday along the South Atlantic Coast and in the Michigan Peninsula, fair weather will prevail Wednesday and Thursday east of the Mississippi River and in the Southwest, with rising temperatures over interior districts.

Winds Wednesday and Thursday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate northeast to east; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast, except east off the Florida coast.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, warmer, Wednesday and Thursday.

Southern New England—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer, except in extreme south portion.

New Jersey—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer in the interior.

Western New York—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday, partly cloudy; warmer.

Northern New England—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer, except on the East Maine coast.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	67	61	4 P. M.	80	70
6 A. M.	69	59	6 P. M.	78	69
9 A. M.	76	61	9 P. M.	76	66
12 M.	80	64	11 P. M.	75	63

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 64; for the corresponding date last year it was 74; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 70.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 60; at 8 P. M. it was 67. Maximum temperature, 70 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 58 degrees at 6:30 A. M. Humidity, 65 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 58 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.06 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.16 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

		Loss.
A. M.		
1:00	William St., bet. John & Fulton; subway	Slight
1:00	531 W. 160 St.; Louis Hehman	Slight
7:55	205 Duane St.; Charles Plunkett	$25
P. M.		
1:45	77 Perry St.; E. Bermeister	Slight
3:15	156 Reade St.; Egg Candlers' Union	$250
6:00	552 W. 34 St.; Kearney Oxygen Co.	Slight
8:00	111 Lenox Av.; Henry Young	None
8:30	64 Lafayette St., (auto;) John Cappoolince	$100
8:37	Webster Av. and 233d St., (auto;) Sigmund Wilmer	$530
10:40	City Island Av. and Cross St., (auto;) Francis O'Brien	Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments: Surgeon E. J. Donlin, 13 S. D., in charge of 17 S. D. in addition to his own, 3 days, 6 A. M., Sept. 5; Lieut. G. B. Starkey, 174, to 163, 10 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 1; Sergts. H. V. Callahan, 12, to 2 I. D., 15 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 31; R. V. McCauley, 21, to Comm'r's office, 10 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 2; G. F. Ferre, 22, to D. B., 15 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 30; C. B. Burns, 161, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in office of Borough Inspector, Brooklyn and Queens, 1 day, 8 A. M., Aug. 30; Patrol. A. Romer, 2, and A. Cava, 15, to D. B., 20 days, noon, Aug. 31; G. N. Faust, 15, and P. J. Fleming, 26, to 4 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 3; C. Naimoli, 21, to 16 I. D., 30 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 4; T. F. Jenkins, 26, to D. B., 10 days, 6 P. M., Aug. 31; G. F. Seltenreich, 29, to C. O. as chauffeur, 30 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 28; R. Tuxson, 32, to 4 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 1; G. C. Cole, 35, to C. O., duty in office of Property Clerk, 30 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 4; G. F. Chiquette, 63, to D. B., 5 days, 4 P. M., Aug. 30; G. Prigge, 63, to Comm'r's office, 6 P. M., Sept. 5, to 8 A. M., Sept. 12; A. M. Mullen, 63, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad 1, 15 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 3; G. Downey, 68, to Comm'r's office, 10 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 2; J. W. Torson, 143, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad 1, 15 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 4; H. J. Etherington, 143, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad 1, 15 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 2; A. Owens, 149, to 10 I. D., 20 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 1; F. Fassulio, 154, to 17 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Aug. 31; W. Sever, 154, to B. B. Squad, duty in Bur. of Inf., 14 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 8; A. Kollmer, 156, to 9 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 3; S. J. Brady, 156, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad 1, 8 A. M., Sept. 5.

To Bureau of Telegraph, precincts indicated, 30 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 1: F. J. Hedden, 1; F. J. Brickley, 167; C. E. Pearce, 274; J. J. O'Brien, 37; J. M. Sheehan, 169; G. F. Ring, 278.

To Comm's office, precincts indicated, 30 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 3: J. A. Hofgren, Jr., 2; A. D. Renton, 61; V. O'Toole, 147; T. J. Harvey, 31; P. P. McCahill, 66; J. J. Campbell, 170.

Assignment discontinued: Lieut. T. F. Schneider, 174, to 163, (temporary,) 4 P. M., Sept. 1.

Leaves of absence with full pay: Surgeon W. B. Brouner, 17 S. D., 3 days, 6 A. M., Sept. 5, (to be deducted from vacation.) Without pay: Patrol. F. J. Dougherty, 2, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 6; E. J. Grimes, 14, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 5; H. B. Weinstein, 29, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 8; H. J. McGarvey, 39, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 5; J. V. McNamara, 39, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 5; H. Amundsen, 42, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 4; L. J. Merkle, 274, 4 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 28; F. Lawless, C. O., 3 days, 12:01 A. M., Sept. 2.

Suspended without pay: Patrol. W. F. Raleigh, 162, 10:07 P. M., Aug. 30.

Amendment: So much of Paragraph 3, S. O. 198, c. s., as grants Probat. Patrol. H. L. Hills, T. S., 4 days' leave of absence without pay, 8 A. M., Aug. 26, is amended to read 2 days.

Revocation: So much of Paragraph 2, S. O. 190, c. s., as grants Patrol. F. F. Long, 81, 1 day's leave without pay from 12:01 A. M., Sept. 4, is revoked.

Fire Department.

The following will report to Fire, 1st Gr. A. J. Muir, at the 7th Regt. Armory, Park Av. and 67th St., for practice at 10 A. M. tomorrow:

C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 13; J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; A. Hothersall, Eng. 31; R. Bornholz, Eng. 36; J. J. D'Azevedo, Eng. 56; W. Clancy, Eng. 76; E. J. Donovan, Eng. 76; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 79; J. L. Dressler, Eng. 88; W. F. Gallagher, Eng. 213; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 214; T. S. Richards, Eng. 227; P. J. Metzger, Jr., Eng. 231; F. Ergenzinger, Eng. 237; F. M. Munn, Eng. 244; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 250; H. B. Escher, Eng. 262; A. G. Klein, Eng. 263; H. Brenner, Eng. 288; E. A. Woolley, Eng. 287, (2d Sec.;) W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 20; J. J. Schoppmeyer, H. & L. 22; E. S. Clements, H. & L. 35; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 40; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 45; R. C. Fraser, H. & L. 80; A. T. Cole, H. & L. 107; J. Miller, No. 3, H. & L. 115; E. Bernsen, H. & L. 127; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; G. Olsen, H. & L. 128; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137; J. J. O'Keefe, H. & L. 147; J. T. R. Murray, H. & L. 149; J. A. Stack, H. & L. 148.

Retired: Firem. 1st gr. J. D. Drew of H. & L. 104, (physically disabled,) on an annual pension of $700, 8 A. M., Sept. 1; Capt. J. Malliband, Eng. 277, Brooklyn, (on his own application,) on an annual pension of $1,250, 8 A. M., Sept. 1; Firem. 1st gr. T. McCann, Eng. 49, Manhattan, (on his own application,) on an annual pension of $700, 8 A. M., Sept. 1; Firem. 1st gr. P. Kreidler, Eng. 229, Brooklyn, (on his own application,) on an annual pension of $700, 8 A. M., Sept. 1.

Special leaves, without pay: Firem. 1st gr. M. Morris, Eng. 235, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Aug. 31; Firem. 1st gr. J. F. Thornton, Eng. 57, 60 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 1; Firem. 1st gr. J. F. Cummings, Eng. 57, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 1; Firm. 1st gr. J. Milasch, H. & L. 34, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 2; Firem. 1st gr. T. A. Power, Eng. 41, 48 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 5.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Associate Supt. John H. Walsh succeeds Associate Supt. William McAndrew today as Acting Superintendent of Schools in the absence of Dr. William Maxwell, who is recuperating at Ogunquit, Me., from a nervous breakdown.

Approximately 82,000 boys in the elementary schools during 1916 will need tools and shopwork instruction, the cost of same being estimated at about 30 cents per pupil, that being the basis upon which the Committee on Supplies has been requested by the Board of Superintendents to make up the budget for the coming year.

Applicants for permission to undergo examinations for licenses to teach certain subjects in high schools, to be conducted by the Board of Education in September and October, will not be eligible for a license if not over 21 and less than 41 years of age, except that in the case of an applicant for license an assistant teacher who holds a permanent license granted in and for the public schools of the City of New York the maximum limit of age shall be the fifty-first birthday.

Eager Kentucky Champion.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 31.—George Eager of Louisville today won the Kentucky tennis championship from Sheldon Arterburn in the challenge round of the tournament at Audubon Park. Eager's victory was in straight sets, 6—0, 7—5, 6—2.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BOLARIO, EMILIO, (May 18, 1907;) net estate, $66,073. Mrs. Coforina Bolari, widow of decedent, was given half of the estate and $2,000 in personalty; the rest passed to Eduardo Yela, brother of the decedent, and two nephews. Assets—Two lots at Harrison, Westchester County, $300; deposits, $8,937; loans and claims, $5,605; stocks and bonds, $71,150, and personalty, $57.

DEL POZZO, Mrs. MARIA, (Feb. 22, 1913;) net estate, $11,265. Marie Del Pozzo, daughter of decedent, was the beneficiary. Assets—Deposits, $11,815; jewelry and personalty, $2,119; bonds, $2,837; decedent conducted a restaurant at 211 W. 24th St.; the equipment, good will, and wines are appraised at $1,455; accounts due, $802; interest of the decedent in estate of Gennaro Del Pozzo, deceased, $1,544; additional personalty, $28. In the list of accounts due were: Antonio Scotti, $334; Enrico Caruso, $56; Andrea Segurola, $24; Antonio Canossa, $371, and H. Bogni, $15.

GODLEY, Mrs. BESS B., (Dec. 8, 1914;) net estate, $111,328. George McM. Godley, husband of decedent, was the beneficiary. Assets—Deposits, $271; stocks and bonds, $112,522; jewelry, $2,000. The decedent owned 712 shares Union Carbide Company, appraised at $102,528.

PLEINES, Mrs. HENRIETTA, (Feb. 18, 1915;) net estate, $20,704. John A. Pleines, son, was given $8,446; rest passed to Leana Deakos, Emma Hartung, and Annie L. Hathmaker, three daughters of decedent. Assets—Equity, $8,451, in 888 Ninth Av., appraised at $37,000; 539 W. 59th St., appraised at $12,500, and deposits, $545.

RIEPER, JOHN A., (March 7, 1914;) net estate, $96,700. Mrs. Eliza J. Rieper, widow, and Mamie A. Rieper, daughter, each received $48,350. Assets—Deposits, $39,751; personalty, $816; mortgages, $17,663; the decedent conducted the business known as the Rieper Manufacturing Company, maker and dealer in billiard cues, 147 to 151 Baxter St., valued at $40,000.

SEDGWICK, Mrs. MARY A., (March 26, 1913;) net estate, $82,447. Ella A. Cooper, daughter, was beneficiary. Assets—An equity, $7,000, in 12 E. 91st St., appraised at $30,000; an equity, $36,500, in 55 E. 66th St., appraised at $50,500; an equity, $23,500, in 34-36 E. 53d St., appraised at $87,000; deposits, $3,255; personalty, $50; stocks and bonds, $30,658.

TAUCHERT, OSCAR D., (April 17, 1915;) net estate, $58,788. Mrs. Ellwine C. Tauchert, widow, beneficiary. Assets—Deposits, $2,529; life insurance, $5,000; personalty, $50; and stocks and bonds, $56,072.

TYLER, FRANCIS L., (Dec. 24, 1913;) net estate, $8,787. Mrs. Rose V. Tyler, widow, beneficiary. Assets—Vacant lot Kenmore Place, north of Voorhis Av., Brooklyn, $3,126; deposits, $7,708; a mortgage, $1,011; it is stated in the report that decedent had loaned considerable money from time to time which was never repaid, but no list of the debtors is given.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BOOTH, THOMAS CHARLTON, (Aug. 12;) no realty; personalty more than $10,000; all to widow, Blanca M. Booth.

BURNS, EDWARD F., (July 28;) realty, $850; personalty, $1,000; to widow, Mary Burns.

GOULD, ELGIN R. L., (details elsewhere.)

HEATON, JEANNIE HAMILTON, (June 12;) no realty; personalty, $10,000; to Charles A. Heaton, Adelia A. Linnell, and Gwendolyn Kuehne, $100 each; residue to Jacob H. Cropsley.

SHINSKY, ELIAS P., (Aug. 9;) realty, $2,500; personalty, $5,000; to Annie S. [illegible]kel, Joseph and Charles Shinsky, value [illegible] known.

RESORTS.

$11 OVER LABOR DAY
Saturday Dinner to Tuesday After Breakfast.
ROOM & MEALS
Two Persons in One Room, $20.
HOTEL SHELBURNE BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y. Ocean Parkway Station.
OPEN ALL YEAR American and European Plan; 200 rooms; 75 private baths; running hot and cold water in rooms; surf bathing.
Fall and Winter Rates, Beginning Oct. 1, for One or Two Persons: $30 Per Month Room with Running Water; $40 Per Month Room with Private Bath.
SPECIAL SHORE DINNER (Noon to 10 P. M.) $2
NIGHTLY AT 8 AND 11, THROUGHOUT SEPTEMBER,
NED WAYBURN'S REVUE, "TOO MUCH MUSTARD"
With a Galaxy of Stars and a Bevy of Beauties.

NEW YORK.

Why Go to the Berkshires?
All Its Beauty and Grandeur at
RED SWAN INN
WARWICK, N. Y.
Fine 55-mile auto trip.
Most beautiful hotel in the State. Fine service, excellent golf links at hotel door.
Open during September.
HARVEST MOON DANCE SAT., 4TH INST.

Spend the Beautiful Fall in the Adirondacks Positive Relief from Hay Fever.
SARANAC INN
A Pleasure Resort. Open Until November 1.
ON UPPER SARANAC LAKE.
Excellent Hunting, Music, Dancing, Fishing, Golf and Tennis.
No Tubercular People. Terms $21 week up.
Greatly Reduced Round Trip R. R. Fare Sept.
HARRINGTON MILLS, Mgr. Upper Saranac, N. Y.
Also THE GRAFTON, Washington, D. C.

THE THOMPSON HOTEL
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
Finest location. Select. Excellent accommodations. Superior Cuisine. Unsurpassed Boating, Fishing, Golf, Tennis, etc. State Road. Booklet. EMERSON CLARK, Prop.

WALTON LAKE INN,
MONROE, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.
Boating, Bathing, Fishing. Own garden. Booklet, or 'phone 15 E. Monroe.
MRS. J. K. LYNCH.

THE HALL, Glen Cove, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York. Private Beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, boating, bathing, fishing. Absolutely fireproof wing. Private baths. References. Tel. 356—Glen Cove.

Booklet, September Hotel and R. R. Rates.
Raquette Lake House Raquette Lake, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND RESORT BOOK FREE at city offices, or send 10c. to G. P. A., L. I. R. R., Penn. Station, N. Y.

Ulster & Delaware R. R. Send for Summer Resort Book, 4c.

STAMFORD-IN-THE-CATSKILLS.
Folder & infor. at 1180 B'way, N.Y. F. H. Duffy, Rep.

NEW ENGLAND.

The IDEAL TOUR
Is the Ideal Way to the Most Famous Resorts of America
A THOUSAND MILES THROUGH NEW ENGLAND'S SCENIC WONDERLAND
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S RUN.
Illustrated Route Book or Large Map in Colors Free at 1,180 Broadway, or by Mail from
ALMON C. JUDD,
HOTEL ELTON,
Waterbury, Conn.

SEPTEMBER RESORT
CHATHAM BARS INN
CHATHAM, CAPE COD.
"A storm in the Fall or Winter is the time to visit it."—Henry David Thoreau.
STEAM HEAT.
SUN PARLORS.
OCEAN TERRACE.
Golf. Tennis. Motoring. Shooting.
N. A. Eldridge, Chatham, Mass.

Tour New England
Perfect Roads! Magnificent Scenery!
Bracing Air! For Road Map, address WM. M. KIMBALL, Sec'y, N. E. Hotel Ass'n, Draper Hotel, Northampton, Mass.
"The White Mountains of New Hampshire."
For Booklets write 171 Broadway.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Forest Park Hotel
FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
ON FOREST LAKE.
LABOR DAY
At this beautiful resort you can spend a most enjoyable vacation. Every modern improvement. Bathing, Boating, Fishing, Baseball, Tennis, Dancing, Bowling, Billiards and many other attractions. 3 hours from New York by D. L. & W. Excellent auto roads. Apply
ARTHUR LEDERER, Owner,
170 5th Ave., N. Y., or Forest Park, Pa.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE,
MOUNT POCONO, PA.
Catering to a clientele who appreciate the best; private baths; forty-second year; special Fall and Winter rates. Booklet.
W. C. & H. M. LEECH.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN. Rooms en suite with bath; Elec. lights, steam heat, phones in rooms. Dancing, saddle horses, golf, tennis, bowling. Garage. Bklt. back. R. R. to Cresco Sta. Pa. W. J. & M. D. Price, Canadensis, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA.

BUCKWOOD INN
Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa.
Open until October 15th.
Home of the Famous Golf Course
of the Shawnee Country Club.
T. Edmund Krumbholz, Mgr.
Winter—The Kirkwood, Camden, S. C.
18-Hole Golf Course.

NEW JERSEY.

PUDDING STONE INN
Spend the Autumn in the Woods
and Hills. In an hour you reach the big trees, the glen and waterfall. Extensive views; elevation 675. Newly erected, every convenience. Sports—tennis, canoeing, saddle horses; golf nearby. The bracing breezes will renew your energy. Excellent table; vegetables from our garden; pure water; French chef. One hour out, 26 trains, 10 minutes' walk to station. Open all year. Booklet.
G. N. VINCENT, Boonton, N. J.

The New Essex & Sussex Hotel
Directly on the Ocean.
Spring Lake Beach, N. J.
The de luxe hotel of the Atlantic Coast.
Open until September 15.
David B. Plumer, Manager.

One hour from N. Y., D., L. & W. R. R.
SPEND LABOR DAY AT
New Hotel Breslin
On Lake Hopatcong, Mt. Arlington, N. J.
OPEN UNTIL SEPTEMBER 15th.
300 rooms with hot and cold running water. 100 bath suites. Tennis, bathing, boating. Orchestra, dances. Cafe, Grill. Booklet, auto maps. Phone 1 Hopatcong. G. FRANK COPE.

$10 ALL EXPENSE LABOR DAY TRIP ASBURY PARK. TRY IT.
Two days' board, railroad fare; 30-mile auto ride, surf bath, Pryor's Band, the "Storm," Deal Lake trip, Steeplechase, fireworks.
UNIVERSAL TOURIST BUREAU,
Grand Central Terminal.
Phone Murray Hill 7720.

Elmwood Hotel,
43-45 So. Walnut St.,
EAST ORANGE,
35 minutes from Broadway, will give you room with private bath and first-class board, for two people, $18.00 to $30.00; for one, $10.00 to $15.00. Call or phone 2085 Orange.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES,
on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
"A RESORT IN ITSELF"
SWIMMING POOL TENNIS SURF BATHING
"ARBOR DANSANT"
FINEST CAFE AND DANCE FLOOR IN RESORT.
S. HANSTEIN, Prop.

THE LEADING RESORT HOTEL OF THE WORLD
Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean front, heart of Atlantic City. Fireproof, open always. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. "Lat-keller," grill, orchestra, dancing, garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

TRAYMORE
LARGEST FIREPROOF RESORT HOTEL
A Bold Original Creation
with the Local Color of Atlantic City
SUBMARINE GRILL

Hotel RUDOLF
On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths, running water in rooms. Orchestra.
JOEL HILLMAN, Pres. A. S. BUKETSER, Mgr.

Special Rates Over Labor Day.
ISLESWORTH

HOTEL PIERREPONT
Special Rates Over Labor Day.
MRS. GERSON L. KAHN.

CLARENDON HOTEL Virginia Avenue. Favorite House. For Spring and Summer guests. Free Booklet.

CHALFONTE, Atlantic City, New Jersey.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Niagara Falls" illustrated booklet free. Amer. Travel Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, N. Y.

To Western North Carolina Land of the Sky and California. Southern Railway, 264 5th Av.

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.
Resort Tourist Bureau, 1113 Broadway, New York.

MAPPING OUT THE DYESTUFF INQUIRY

First Thing Is to Find Out What Quantities of Each Color Have Been Used.

IT WILL SHOW THE NEEDS

Purpose Is to Remedy Present Conditions and Help Build Up a Domestic Industry.

Apart from receiving calls from several chemical manufacturers, Dr. Thomas H. Norton, commercial agent here to investigate the dyestuffs situation for the Government, devoted a good part of his day yesterday to mapping out the lines his inquiry is to take. It was made plain that the entire color situation is to be delved into, and not a single phase only, such as the present acute shortage of material.

One of the first things to be done in the development of the inquiry will be a study of past imports of German-made colors in detail to the end that the Government investigator may be in possession of the kinds of colors and intermediates actually consumed in the textile and other industries of this country. The Government's import statistics as published fail to differentiate colors and most classes of dyestuffs and, as a rule, lump all colors under a general designation.

Dr. Norton intends to find out just what amounts of a given color have been brought into this country. The importers, of course, are in a position to supply this information if they so desire, but it is understood that they are averse to opening their books for this purpose, alleging that to do so would be to reveal trade secrets which in some manner might become the property of rivals. It was regarded as significant, however, that the commercial agent lost no time in calling on Acting Collector Stuart for Custom House records, which will be scanned for the desired information.

It is thought important by Dr. Norton to have available a detailed survey of just what colors and intermediates have been in demand here. The feeling is that with these data in convenient form, domestic manufacturers will be in a better position to know exactly what is wanted, and then go ahead so far as possible with their manufacture. According to some, the handlers of the German dyestuffs are not particularly enthusiastic over the Department of Commerce investigation. It may be said, however, on good authority, that there is nothing hostile in any way, so far as Dr. Norton's investigation is concerned, toward the German color industry. The present investigation, it was said, is essentially for the purpose of seeing what can be done not only to remedy the present critical color situation but to lay the foundation, if possible, for a strong and permanent American dyestuff industry.

Another thing hoped to be accomplished by the investigation, it was stated yesterday, relates to the matter of greater economy in the use of dyestuffs by textile and other manufacturers. Dr. Norton is said to be of the belief that much wastefulness in the use of colors prevails, which by care could be eliminated. A man closely connected with the investigation had this to say yesterday regarding the need of greater economy:

"To use a war term, there ought to be 'attrition' in the number of colors used. At the present time, too many reds or too many blues, or what not, are used, when in many cases coming under my observation one color would suffice. This using of a great number of colors is costly and should be done away with wherever practicable. A case in point is the National Aniline and Chemical Company, which is producing, and has placed contracts with hosiery manufacturers for, a single black. The trade appears to be satisfied with the single color, while the consuming public, presumably, will not notice the change.

"Another weak spot in the industries using dyestuffs has been the almost universal ignoring of the part to be played by the chemist in keeping down color expenses. Some mills employ so-called chemists, but in many instances these men are little, if any, more than mere dye-testers. As a matter of fact, the chemist should be, and is, capable of adding much to the economies of manufacture, and it would seem that present conditions call for a better recognition of this profession.

"It may not, of course, be within the financial ability of smaller plants to engage the exclusive services of a competent chemist, but in cases of this kind it would seem that a group of mills in fairly close proximity could combine and attain the desired object."

Consumers as well as importers expressed interest yesterday in the statement issued by the British Ambassador at Washington that England is still willing to permit two shiploads of German dyestuffs to be brought to this country to be paid for in American cotton delivered in Germany. When the arrangement was first made last April, it was specified that the cargoes were to be consigned to the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and to be distributed by him. When it came to putting the plan into effect, the German Government refused to let the colors come out.

A Government official made the statement to a TIMES reporter yesterday that the plan was upset by the importers of colors here, who wanted to handle the dyestuffs themselves or else keep them out of the country. Much the same condition prevails at the present time, it was said.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

DAVID W. BIOW CO.,
520-522 BROADWAY
Tel. 6680-6681 Spring. Near Spring St.
To-day, Wednesday, Sept. 1, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sale,
Without Limit or Reserve,
Very Large Offering High-Class
CLOTHING
For Men, Youths, and Children,
Consisting of Men's and Youths'
Suits and Overcoats, Trousers,
Childrens' Overcoats, Reefers,
Also for account of whom it may concern,
1,000 Men's and Youths' Very Fine
Mackinaws and Overcoats.

Exceptionally High-Grade Stock
Ladies' Wearing Apparel
Coats and Suits, Evening Gowns,
AFTERNOON DRESSES,
STORM COATS,
AUTOMOBILE DUSTERS,
1,000 WAISTS,
SILK HOSIERY, GLOVES,
ELEGANT FIXTURES.
CHAS. JACOBS CO., Auctioneers, Sell
Today, Wednesday, Sept. 1, '15, 10:30 A.M.,
326 5TH AVE., NEAR 33D STREET.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 1ST, 1915,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
For Acct. of Whom It May Concern:

150 shs. Bank of Commerce, Meridian, Miss.
200 shs. United States Trust Co., Washington, D. C.
40 shs. Real Estate Trust Co., Washington, D. C.
3 shs. American Power & Light Co. common, V. T. C.
$10,000 Northampton, Easton & Washington Traction Co. Refdg. and Consld. Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1942.
$2,000 Northampton Traction Co. Refdg. and Consld. Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1942.
$10,000 Washington Farm Lands Co. 1st and Serial Mtg. 6 p. c. Bds., Series B, 2d lien, 1923.
15 shs. Demmerle & Co. common.
15 shs. Demmerle & Co. preferred.
100 shs. People's Theatre Co.
13 shs. Lawyers Title and Trust Co.
1 sh. Sun Printing and Publishing Co.
2 shs. Winchester Repeating Arms Co.
10 shs. Huguenot Trust Co., New Rochelle.
28 shs. N. Y., Chic. & St. Louis R. R. 1st prefd.
$10,000 Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. Refdg. and Impt. 4 p. c. Bds., 1955, U. S. Mortgage and Trust Co. Ctfs.
5 shs. Estates of Long Beach.
$1,000 Estates of Long Beach 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Bds., 1917.
5 shs. Bayview Realty Co.
10 shs. Thorne Manor Co.
300 shs. Villa Park Assn. of Great Neck.
$3,000 McKnight Realty Co. Debenture 1st Mtg. Bds.
33 shs. Equitable Trust Co.
$1,000 Augusta Southern R. R. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bond.
$1,000 Raton Water Works 5 p. c. Bond.
$2,000 Big Run Water Co. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bonds, 1942.
25 shs. City of New York Insurance Co.
10 shs. Mercantile Safe Deposit Co.
100 shs. Royal Typewriter Co. Prefd.
$1,500 Washington Farm Lands Co. 1st & Serial Mtg. 6 p. c. Series "B" Bds., 1923.
50 shs. Southwestern Traction Co.
All the right, title & interest of the Aetna National Bank in and to any future dividend or dividends which may be declared by the Trustee in Bankruptcy of the New York Commercial Bank, Bankrupt upon the Banks claim of $27,208.96, upon which there has been paid in dividends $12,516.39, leaving a balance of $14,692.57.
All the right, title & interest of the Aetna National Bank in and to any future dividend or dividends which may be declared by Thomas H. Roberts as assignee of one Bernard Abel upon the Banks claim of $12,000, upon which there has been paid in dividends the sum of $2,121.85, leaving a balance of $9,878.15.
$13,150 Promissory Note of C. E. Thurston & Co. to Aetna National Bank, indorsed by C. E. Thurston, dated Nov. 29, 1912, due 6 mos. after date, on which $5,675.53 has been paid, leaving balance of $7,474.47, with interest from date of note.
$4,550 Promissory Note made by J. D. Chalmers & Co. to Aetna National Bank, dated May 21, 1913, due 30 days from date on which there is now due $3,654.97, with interest from date of note.
500 shs. Cyclone Cooling Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE of the entire high grade stock, office and showroom fixtures, also the entire plant, INVENTORIED AT OVER $20,000, formerly of Weisel Bros., makers of Dressing Sacques, Negligees, Silk Tea Gowns and House Dresses. I. SINGER, Auct'r, Sells Tomorrow, Thursday, Sept. 2d, at 10:30 A. M., on Premises, 128-130 W. 27th St., New York, 4th Loft, the above stock, viz., 75,000 yards in original pieces Crepe de Chine, Chiffons, Taffetas, Crepes, Messalines, Albatross, Challis, Serpentine Crepes, Henriettas, white and printed Voiles, Shadow Voiles, Flannelettes, white Organdie, Lace Cloth, Venetian Crepes, Ginghams, Percales, Lawns, Dotted Swiss, etc.; 3,500 made-up garments, such as Dressing Sacques, Bath Robes, Negligees, Silk Tea Gowns, and House Dresses, Trimmings, Laces, Allovers, Embroideries, Ribbons, Spool Silk and Thread, and other findings.
Manufacturing Plant—Sixty Singer and W. & G. Sewing Machines, such as Merrow Style 60, Overlocking, Hemstitching, Chain Lock Stitch, High Speed, Zig-Zag, Button and Buttonhole Machines; Two 5 H. P. Ball and Keystone Motors, Shafting, Pulleys, Press Irons, Blowers, 15 Cutting Tables, Traveling Trunks, Dress Forms, Ballard Cutting Machine Up and Down, Singer Power Tables, Chairs, Baskets, etc. Office and Showroom Fixtures—250 feet hardwood Partition, Rolltop and Flat Desks, Tables, Safe, Typewriter, Wall Cases, Rugs, Chandeliers, etc. Auctioneer's Office, 582 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone 4241 W'msburg.

The entire high-grade stock
Office & Showroom FIXTURES
and the entire
PLANT
formerly of the Queen Manufacturing Co., retired, will be sold Friday, Sept. 3d, commencing 10:30 A. M., on premises.
By D. HARTMANN, Auctr.
For further particulars telephone Spring 4200.

TOURISTLESS EUROPE.

Switzerland Losing Millions on Account of the War.

American tourists returning from abroad have frequently more or less humorously related their experiences with the "brigands" who are sometimes to be encountered in the shape of purveyors to the touring needs. But even these "victims" must have their compassion excited by the present sad state of the tourist industry in Switzerland.

This enterprise, it has been officially computed, used to bring in the handsome sum of a hundred million dollars annually to the Swiss people. The national railways collected between three and four millions, the postal receipts were swelled about a million, and the telegraph and telephone and customs receipts credited a half-million at least to the visitors. As to the hotels—there were some 3,500 of them, with a capital of a quarter of a billion and a payroll of 43,000 persons, totaling $5,000,000 annually. This was the direct interest, but it is impossible to calculate the indirect dependence upon the traffic.

Last year the outbreak of the war, and a poor season before that, cut the receipts from tourists to 40 per cent. This year there is practically no business at all. Added to the heavy burden of maintaining armed neutrality, the loss of this hundred millions and the paralysis of such large interests have created a desperate situation in the little republic. The hotel men, according to Vice Consul Williams at St. Gall, have advanced the novel proposal that the Government create a system of mortgages on their furniture and other assets, interest to be postponed until two years after the war. A revival of the industry is, of course, expected when peace is restored. In fact something like a boom may be looked for. Never has Europe had so many ruins to offer.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

SOME THRIFTY GRECIANS

Make Money in a Curious Way Because of the War.

The following clipping from Commerce Reports has a historical as well as practical interest: "Many Greek steamers have lately been sold because of the special conditions on which they have been financed. It has been common for Greek Captains who have saved money to aspire to ownership and to be financed by a bank to the extent of a certain proportion of the value of a fine steamer. The present prices are so favorable that many of these single ship owners have been able to sell their property, pay off the bank's loan, and retire with a considerable sum in cash."

This individual enterprise and nerve, which remind one of the old Yankee skipper owners, is what enables the Greek merchant marine to live and thrive without any Government subsidies.

It has other bearings as well. The Greek of today is not only an individualist—as his ancestors have been for some five and twenty centuries—he is also a man inspired by a peculiarly fiery patriotism. The combination, even though it lacks the scientific organization which makes Germany terrible, gives Greece far more importance and power than her size and wealth would seem to warrant.—Chicago Journal.

TAKES IN ALL KINDS.

Great Variety Included in a College's Student Body.

A modern college draws from all sorts. There are the sons of men with generations of culture and education behind them. There are sons of parents who have clambered upward. There are other sons who have done the climbing themselves. And these sons range from the vapid to the brilliant, from the congenital snob and the congenital sycophant to the straight-minded man to whom may be applied the oft-abused term of "gentleman."

And by and large it is true that a man will get from college just about what he puts into it. If he specializes intelligently on comradeship, generous friendship, he will find college rich in such returns—and there are far worse returns for men than this. If he pledges his efforts on to research and study, even in the least sympathetic atmosphere he can get back the measure to which his mind is fitted.

If he looks upon college as an anteroom to the world of men in which he must later go about his life, with the world's differences, the world's mixture of work and play, with the world's opportunities for displaying leadership and for widening and deepening one's own mental resources—and if he is a balanced and good-humored individual—he will find nearly all American colleges funded with a generous store of good.—New Orleans Item.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyer's Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

FOR SALE.—For manufacturing purposes, remnants from cotton cloth, black leatherette, elderdown cloth, balbriggan, or knit cloth; fur remnants for slippers, mittens, gloves, buffing wheels, wiping and polishing, toys, small garments, infants' wear, clothing, furniture.
CHAS. W. BECKER, Commission Merchant,
P. O. Box 516,
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.

25,000 YARDS of low-priced corduroys wanted; odd lots bought. Star Waist Co., 786 Washington St., Boston.

THE PENN WAIST AND DRESS CO. is in the market for crepe de chines, taffetas, &c. 1,133 Broadway.

BUY FOR CASH job lot celluloid toilet articles, brass novelties, toys, souvenirs. Globe, 396 Broadway.

OPEN FOR 5,000 YARDS of white chinchilla, from $1.25 up; will pay cash. Rudinsky Bros., 27 West 24th.

WILL BUY quantity satin stripe tub silk. 1201, 39 West 32d St.

JOBBER IS LOOKING the whole week between 2 and 3 P. M. at cloaks, suits, skirts, and waists; giving immediate orders. 157 West 25th, 6th floor.

JOBBER LOOKING AT COATS, snappy styles; ready to place stock orders for cash. 146 West 25th, 12th floor.

JOBBER looking at ladies' coats and sport coats; ready to place orders. Benjamin H. Rubin, 142 West 24th.

JOBBER is looking at snappy suits and coats all week from 9 to 4. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

JOBBER LOOKING AT samples of coats and suits. 22 West 26th, 6th floor.

WE ARE CONTRACTORS of shirts, athletic underwear, night robes; want jobbers or manufacturer to furnish piece goods and we will cut, sew, press, and ship to trade; big saving. T 103 Times.

CONTRACTORS WANTED on silk waists, with samples. Apply Aronson, Room 1,118, 220 5th Av.

CONTRACTORS ON SILK and serge dresses. Queen, 1,161 Broadway.

MANUFACTURER CLOSING OUT 600 up-to-date petticoats, assorted colors and sizes; regular $18 a dozen, for $12. Wellworth Dress Co., 39 West 21st St.

HAVE lot of white Chinchilla coats on hand to close out; all latest models in lengths from 32 to 40 inches; price $2.75 to $6.50; also have big variety of sport coats, which are at present in great demand, from $2.75 to $5. Rudinsky Bros., 27-35 West 24th St.

HAVE A SNAPPY LINE of junior and misses' cloth coats, from $3.75 to $7.50. Prashker Bros., 27-35 West 24th St.

FOR SALE.—25 pieces navy French serge, at 72¼c; mill price, 77½c. Phone Mad. Sq. 5672. M. & J., 147 West 25th St.

CASH for high-grade women's suits, coats, skirts, waists, petticoats, and furs. Uneeda House, 8 Lispenard St. Franklin 4843.

ESTABLISHED dress concern wants a partner to invest five to ten thousand dollars. Z 202 Times Annex.

CASH PAID for job lots of women's apparel. Frank Jacobovitz, 10 Lispenard St. Fn. 1050.

FIXTURES for a cloak and suit store for sale. Shulsky Bros., 245 7th Av.

WE ARE OPEN FOR 100 PIECES OF NAVY MESSALINE, CHEAP FOR SPOT CASH. KAYANEE WAIST & DRESS CO., 536 BROADWAY.

Wanted for cash—Coats, suits, skirts, dresses, &c.; quantity no object. Gross, Franzblau & Co., 27 Greene. Tel. 886 Spring.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN to handle popular-priced skirt line for Middle West as side line on commission basis; big thing for right party. Address Box H 269 Times Downtown.

INTIMATE acquaintance wholesale notions, fancy goods, premium, and mail order buyers and leather manufacturers New York, Phila., Balto., and States. Outgrown present connection. Do you need a real salesman? 290 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with large following Middle and Northwest desires popular-priced line either cloth, coat, or suit. T 106 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.3¼@3¾ per cent. for the best names
Monday...3¼@3¾ " " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

In a Strange Position.

Wool sweaters are in a strange position just now. With business on them none too good at the moment, and prospects for a substantial improvement none too bright, prices on them are not only being fully sustained, but advanced. The increases are due to the rising costs of the raw material, which are said to be so marked as to overbalance the present lack of demand for the finished goods.

⁂

It Won't Be Placed.

The best evidence now is that the big Russian war order for underwear, which has been heard for some time in the local dry goods market, will not be placed. It is said to be due to the fact that satisfactory plans for the financing of so large an order could not be arranged. There are some in the market who have been skeptical about it all the way through. One of the leading selling agents, who usually gets in on all the big things that appear in the trade, said yesterday that he had heard a lot about the order in question, but had seen nothing.

⁂

Plaid Ribbons Active.

The style tendency in ribbons generally follows that set in silks, and plaid ribbons are following this rule. A number of large contracts have been placed for next year at prices that are fair, everything considered. The goods taken by the large distributors are of the plain variety. Moires have been well taken for next Spring in 60 lignes. Velvet ribbons continue to feature present operations, and one large handler of these goods is practically sold up on them to the first of the year. All widths in velvets are desired and there is a particularly heavy demand for the cheaper numbers. Hair bows are moving very freely.

⁂

Hard Coal Is More Active.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that "the pulse of the anthracite trade showed a perceptible quickening during the closing days of the month. Of course, this was largely a reflection of the eleventh-hour desire of the dealers to take advantage of the August discount, but at the same time it is doubtful if the reaction will be as severe as that which followed the price advances earlier in the season. For one thing, retailers have a lot of orders booked which they have been unable to fill, owing to houses being closed while the occupants were away on vacations. Consumers of bituminous coal are taking a little more tonnage on their contracts, as a general thing, but the spot demand in the local market does not show a corresponding gain. In fact, some say the past week was the dullest period in August."

⁂

Brisk Business in Silk Trade.

A very fair business is being placed on Fall silks. Plaids have taken an upward turn in the demand, and retailers are ordering them freely. Heavy satin goods are selling in the better grades, and in the darker shades for street wear. Black continues to be the favorite, and the demand for navy scarcely shows any let-up. So far the manufacturers have not been so seriously troubled by the dyestuff scarcity, but if the call for heavy colors keeps up, some of the producers may be hard put to it to supply their customers. The French houses are showing a large number of models made of gros grains, and it is generally believed in the market here that these goods will grow better as the season wears on. Taffetas and failles seem to be losing none of their popularity.

⁂

Petticoats Selling Well.

As the Fall season advances, the trade position of petticoats keeps growing stronger and stronger. An especially good demand is reported for taffeta petticoats, both plain and in Scotch plaid effects, and Jersey tops are wanted also. The darker shades, to harmonize with the outer garments, are the best-selling colors, while the best widths run from 2¼ to 2½ yards. Most of the models are smooth-fitting over the hips, with a marked flare from the knee down. Notwithstanding the large call for taffetas, soft-silk goods are by no means dead. Petticoats of messaline, peau de cygne, crepes, and other silks, as well as of a variety of cotton fabrics, are well up in the running. Plain and accordion flounces are among the favored trimmings, which also embrace silk embroideries, scallops, &c.

⁂

Hosiery Novelties Lead.

The best part of the business now being done in the local hosiery field continues to embrace novelties of all sorts. The new vertical stripes are taking well, and while there is some difference of opinion expressed regarding horizontals, there are signs enough that they are still wanted by the public. Nothing appears too extreme at the moment, and the hosiery makers seem to be trying to extend themselves to the last possible degree of futurist art in designing their offerings. Staple goods, especially cheap cottons, are being badly overshadowed. This is true not only of the jobbing end of the business, but of the business that is being placed by the jobbers for Spring delivery. Export trade in hosiery continues to expand in a healthy way.

⁂

Floods Injuring Jute Crop.

According to advices received in this market yesterday from Calcutta, floods in India threaten serious injury to the jute crop, and the market there is stiffening. Under the influence of the reports, jute was yesterday quoted at 25 pounds sterling per ton, delivered at London. A commerce report containing a forecast of the Indian jute crop for the current year shows a decrease of acreage under jute, as compared with 1914, of nearly 1,000,000, the 1915 total being 2,365,151. Much of the decrease is attributed to the sharp decline in prices which followed the outbreak of the war last year. Among jute merchants in Calcutta the official figures have been received with some skepticism, and are believed considerably to underestimate the acreage actually under jute at the present time. The sharpest acreage decreases are shown in Eastern and Northern Bengal.

⁂

Staple Burlaps Quiet.

While there is little demand in the local burlap market at the moment for staple forty-inch goods, which are in liberal supply and easier in price in consequence, there is quite a good business being put through on the odd widths, notably thirty-six and forty-five inch fabrics. Some of these goods, because they are scarce and hard to get, are commanding premiums. They are being used to considerable extent for special bags, and it is said that a great many of them are being made up into sugar bags. Stocks of wide burlaps, suitable for backing linoleum, are getting low here, and the linoleum manufacturers are making all sorts of representations to the Dundee mills in order to get goods through that are already on order. These prices were quoted here yesterday on forty-inch goods, spot and nearby arrival: 7½-ounce, 5.65c; 8-ounce, 5.75c; 10-ounce, 7.65c, and 10½-ounce, 7.75c.

⁂

Dress Goods Scarcity Predicted.

More than the usual number of predictions are heard this season of a scarcity of dress goods. So far the coat and suit trade has been rather disappointed over what the retailers have ordered. It would appear as if the buyers have taken just enough merchandise to supply them with models for window show purposes and to fill an occasional need. Despite the scarcity of initial business, however, most of the cutters-up expect an exceptionally brisk demand during the months of September and October. The dress goods mills are just about keeping up to their normal production marks and have not put in many anticipation orders. The dyestuff situation and the high prices of yards have made the mills cautious, and little has been done to provide for future needs. The high-grade coat and suit houses are taking gabardines and some whipcords.

⁂

Large Sales of Printcloths.

Yesterday was another big day in the local gray goods market, with the bulk of the business confined to printcloths. Buyers of sheetings and drills apparently took the day off to digest the advances made on these goods on Monday, but they are expected to "get busy" again in the next day or so. The business that was done on printcloths was of a pretty general nature, about the only wide constructions that were not rushed being 39-inch 72-76s and 38½-inch 64-64s, on which some business was done in a quiet way at 5⅛ and 4 cents, respectively. On all the other wide goods listed below, sizable spot and nearby business was done at the prices given, several of which represented advances over Monday's. Narrow goods were less active, but firm. For contract deliveries it was more or less of a question whether the mills would take an eighth above the spot figures, or whether they wanted even more of an advance. Fancies continued active. Spot prices on staple printcloths were:

39-inch, 80-80s	5⅝c	38½-inch, 65-56s	3⅜c
39-inch, 72-76s	5⅛c	38½-inch, 60-52s	3½c
39-inch, 68-72s	4⅝c	38½-inch, 60-48s	3⅜c
39-inch, 56-44s	3¾c	27-inch, 64-60s	*2⅝c
38½-inch, 64-60s	3⅞c	27-inch, 56-52s	2⅝c

*Asked.

EVER EAT A "SARVISE"?

An Ohio Editor Recalls It as One of His Boyhood Joys.

The other day, in a light article, we used the word "sarvises," in connection with a wildwood scene. The compositor asked about the word, for he could not find it in the dictionary, which he examined to see if the spelling was right. We told him it was one of the fruits of our boyhood days, that we had often eaten it, and we spelled it the way it was pronounced among the boys of our time, and they knew.

We then inquired of a dozen of the compositors and all but three had never heard of such fruit. But those three had gathered quarts of it and had eaten and enjoyed the fruit in halcyon days. "Sarvises" was not in the dictionary. Lexicography did not recognize the luscious fruit of boyish days. Then we searched broadcast amid the fields of literature for the word, and at last found it, more truly spelled, however. Youthful fancy had lovingly changed it to "sarvise" berry from service berry, which was its classic and original name.

The "sarvise" was simply an intimate and tender cognomen which the three compositors quickly recognized with a smile, but the old dictionary that had no sentiment called it simply service berry, which is a formal name, while there is something about "sarvise" that swells the heart, for we had picked sarvises for our first sweetheart away back in the century agone, and the gentle memory sanctifies the fruit in its old name.—Ohio State Journal.

HOW WE HAVE ADVANCED!

Compare Mr. Wilson's Trip to Philadelphia with Washington's.

"President Wilson started for Philadelphia by motor," begins an item in the current news of the day. Shades of the fathers! When George Washington traveled between Mount Vernon and Philadelphia it was a journey of days, "on foot or a-horse," and now it is just the matter of a morning's ride in an auto.

The finest trains that run on railroads make frequent trips between the cities, but even the opulent luxury of these triumphs of transportation is eschewed by the President for the more alluring pleasure and privacy of his machine. Moreover, George Washington fell ill of a slight cold and died because of the crudeness of the medical science of his time, while Woodrow Wilson is privileged to take his morning drive to Philadelphia to consult his oculist.

These contrasts serve slightly to mark our progress in ways of living, but what would Andrew Jackson riding into Washington from the Hermitage, or "Tom" Jefferson, traveling from Monticello to call on Washington at Mount Vernon, have to say about it?—Omaha Bee.

FEAR TROUBLE IN HARTFORD

Agitation Started for an Eight-Hour Day—One Strike Declared.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Aug. 31.—The fear that the eight-hour strike agitation is soon to be transferred from Bridgeport to this city and New Britain was partly strengthened today by the sudden walkout of eighty machinists at the National Marine Lamp Company of Forestville, the reported vote of polishers at Colt's to enforce certain demands, and the increased unionization of the big subsidiary plant here of the Niles, Bement, Pond Company. Further concern was caused in labor circles by the presence of a conciliation Commissioner of the Federal Department of Labor.

The workmen at the National Marine Lamp Company, most of whom are from New York, want more wages and an eight-hour day. Help was summoned from the Bristol Police Department when the strikers gathered at the factory gates and jeered the men remaining at the benches.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

DOW LUNCH COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Dow Lunch Company, with restaurants at 980 Eighth Avenue and five other places, by Austin, Nichols & Co., $2,148; L. & B. Frank, $12,151, and New York French Range Company, $1,681. A meeting of creditors was held on Monday, at which a committee of three was sent to ask the landlords for an extension and to arrange for a reorganization. One landlord refused, and intimated that dispossess proceedings would be taken on Sept. 1. To protect the company the committee filed the bankruptcy petition pending a reorganization of the company. Liabilities are $32,000 and assets probably $15,000.

ADELSON BROTHERS, manufacturers of knee pants, 22 Waverley Place, have assigned to Israel Rotkowitz. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed by Adeline Fried, $484, Max Rubenstein, $499, and Bessie Smith, $211. Liabilities are $25,000 and assets $5,000.

JULIUS LEVETT.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Julius Levett, hardware, Nyack, by Sickels-Loder Company, $317; Baer Brothers, $79, and Robert J. Masbach, $274. Judge Mayer appointed Benjamin Haas of Nyack receiver; bond, $1,000.

CAILLER & CO., INC.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of Cailler & Co., Inc., wholesale essential oils, 16 Cedar Street, with creditors at 25 per cent., payable 10 per cent. cash and 15 per cent. in notes. Liabilities were $68,245.

JOSEPH L. HIRSCH, men's furnishings, 52 East Twenty-third Street and 1,133 Broadway, has filed schedules showing liabilities $5,956 and assets $3,000.

LUIGI SILVAGNI, hats, 652 East 187th Street has filed schedules showing liabilities $1,983 and assets $253.

NATIONAL LITHOGRAPHIC COMPANY, 533 East Seventy-ninth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities $41,804 and assets $14,750.

LOUIS HAMBURGER & SON, mattresses, 617 East Twelfth Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities $2,756 and assets $768.

LEVISON BROTHERS & NEVINS, women's apparel, 54 West Twenty-first Street, have assigned to Abraham A. Silberberg.

FRANK & WASSERMAN COMPANY, INC., coats and suits, 43 to 47 West Sixteenth Street, has assigned to Bernard M. Ewing.

HARRY GOODMAN, furnishing goods, 767 Columbus Avenue, has assigned to Harold F. Grayev.

BERNHARDT, APTER, plumbing supplies, 1,195 Third Avenue, has assigned to Joseph Kleiner.

Reassignment.

WUNDER & PAUL, 61 West Forty-second Street, who assigned to Joseph J. Myers on June 27, 1914, have had their property reassigned to them.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 31.—George F. Shelvin Manufacturing Company, manufacturer of paper mill machinery, or Saratoga Springs; involuntary bankruptcy, with debts of $115,000.

Clarence Vandyck, proprietor of O. K. Vulcanized Works, Binghamton; bankruptcy, with liabilities of $13,936 and assets of $9,156.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 31.—Receiver named for International Poultry Sales Company, branch of International Correspondence School, and designed to teach poultry raising by mail.

CHICAGO.—James G. Kirk, real estate broker; voluntary petition; $28,611 due on Loop leases. Kirk took over the leases on parts of several Loop buildings and was unable to sublet the office space he had contracted for.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Helen B. Mortimer, housewife; debts, $47,500; assets, $300.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Albers, Rose—Franklin Simon & Co.	$282.41
Black, Madeleine—W. Watson	1,259.58
Brodkin, Nathan—S. Goldenthal	246.67
Chittick, William G., Jr.—O'Neill-Adams Co.	172.83
Dillon, Conrad G.—H. R. Patten	517.70
Desbauries, John L.—D. Toomey	175.05
Evans, Amos H.—C. S. Hirsch et al.	1,110.28
Engel, Haskel—J. Feinstein	115.90
Elsey, Herbert S.—Fisk Rubber Co. of New York	113.87
Flushing Grain and Hay Co., Inc.—Young Bros. Hay Co.	217.34
Friedman, Philip—R. Brown	112.41
Gardner, Harold D.—Vanderbilt Av. Building Corp.	168.99
Gallipoli, Pietro or Peter—A. C. Holding Co., Inc.	544.41
Harre, John H.—Varick Confectionery Co.	169.34
Klein, John—H. Frank	110.47
Kantor, Julius—F. Risser	165.17
Korn, Peter—P. A. Minakakis	938.28
Kemna, George—W. Brackmann et al.	350.25
Kinsley, Merton E.—O. Banks	247.67
Klein, Solomon—S. Grossbard	129.80
Le Calle, May Miller, or May S. Miller—O'Neill-Adams Co.	187.96
Loeb, Julius—P. H. Irvin	111.91
Meister, Wolf; Morris Meister, and Louis Murdick—N. H. Stone	103.41
Munro, Alexander J.—W. D. McNulty	283.38
O'Hara, Richard, and Morris Doner—R. Green	199.41
Newmark, Charles, and Aron Davis—M. A. Lazareff	1,038.70
O'Rourke, Patrick—Tompkins-Kiel Marble Co.	269.46
Parentin, Nicholas—Luyties Bros., Inc.	206.08
Parraga, Rafael E.—Stern Bros.	161.91
Power, Edwin F. M.—A. Weil	115.91
O'Farrell, Mary Ellen, individually, trustee—Lawyers Mortgage Co.	1,380.60
Reser, Edw. A.—National Nassau Bank of New York	319.43
Richards, Etta J.—Franklin Simon	192.16
Roedder, Hans—H. W. Stimpson	177.21
Southern, Edith M., or Edith Simmons—H. S. Beidleman	159.41
Same—Same	523.87
Seidell, Charles F.—A. H. Myers	174.81
Twombley, Eugenie—Zudkins & McCormick Co.	254.11
Wiener, Julius—M. Hein	366.54
Waterburg, Granville F.—J. F. DeBeau	348.09
Wood, Charles A.—A. Diaz	121.99
Westerfeld, Alfred E.—J. E. Hedges et al., receivers	1,030.24

In Bronx County.

Boettjer, Carl H.—A. E. Sheridan	$1,820.25
Bogumie, George B.—H. Herrmann Lumber Co.	213.39
Chinitz, Barney—C. Rothfeld	200.09
Charterkoff, Edward—Same	71.77
Hamilton, Harry T.—B. Printzman	19.26
J. Marcus Woodworking Co. of Williamsbridge and Joseph Marcus—H. Herrmann Lumber Co.	156.34
Kahran, Fritz—M. Koessel	297.73
Miller, Abraham—State Bank	124.31
O'Sullivan, John—A. M. Bollerman	79.72
Rubel, Benjamin, and Grazia Giglio—H. B. Claflin Corp.	93.11
Radgers, Max—M. Barr et al.	75.12
Roache, Cornelius A.—Staab Construction Co., Inc.	48.72
Skall, Barney H.—Grossman Bros. & Rosenbaum	75.47

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

Benkard, Edith—F. De Wolfe et al., Aug. 9, 1915	$212.77
Same—H. Lieberman et al., Aug. 9, 1915	381.22
Colasunno, Cronzio—Picken-Quin Co., Dec. 17, 1914	564.31
Keich, Margaret—H. Scheppner, March 5, 1914	224.72
Lundihn, Lee C.—S. Sprung, July 22, 1915	111.91
Equitable Surety Co., 1,482 Broadway Corporation, and Margaret Fitzgerald—Howell, Field & Goddard, June 14, 1915	943.00
Same—L. G. Lithgow et al., June 14, 1915	716.51
Gallagher, Patrick—L. B. Hasbrouck, Feb. 8, 1915	1,661.70
Silon Construction Co.—Kertscher & Co., March 22, 1912	10,373.75
Same—A. Larsen et al., March 22, 1912	782.15
Same—M. Arnstein, March 22, 1912	637.71
Radford, Guy B., and John Anderson—T. F. Devine, Jan. 29, 1908	139.41
Silon Construction Co., Bernard London, and Joseph Silverson—A. M. Marsich, Feb. 9, 1911	1,278.99
Same—Same, Feb. 9, 1911	1,049.94
Valley Stream Realty Co.—J. S. Cohen, by guardian, Nov. 14, 1914, (vacated)	373.83

In Bronx County.

Burke, Louise D.—M. S. Hyman, Feb. 26, 1915, (vacated)	53.09
Same—S. Hyman, Feb. 26, 1915, (vacated)	53.09
Same—J. Rodgiff, May 3, 1915, (vacated)	74.76
Same—R. Hyman, May 3, 1915, (vacated)	74.77

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY—J. Muhlfelder, millinery, &c.; 621 Broadway.

ALBOT, Mont.—A. S. Sachs, cloth dresses, skirts; Breslin.

ATLANTA—Smith & Higgins; W. P. Hudson, domestics, linens, white goods; 1,161 B'way.

ATHENS, Ohio—Zenner & Co.; T. W. Craig, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; Mrs. M. B. Schwelkert, corsets, muslin underwear; 23 E. 26th.

AUGUSTA—J. A. Mullarky Co.; J. A. Mullarky, dry goods, ready-to-wear, notions, furn. goods, laces, upholstery; Aberdeen.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Schloss Bros. & Co.; J. Schloss, woolens; 840 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; J. E. Berk, waists; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—I. Meyer & Co.; I. Meyer, manufacturers men's neckwear; Herald Sq.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; H. L. McLanahan, hats; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; S. Robertson, boys' clothing; W. B. Stanton, house furn. goods, china; 18 West 35th.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss B. Dooley, laces, trimmings; M. O. Leary, representing; S. Jacobson, upholstery goods; 220 5th Av.

BATTLE CREEK—The Specialty Store; J. Seaman, notions; Strand.

BEAVER FALLS, Penn.—M. Gordon, dry goods, clothing, &c.; Herald Square.

BENNINGTON—B. L. Nichols Co.; L. H. Nichols, coats, suits; Miss M. Buss, waists, dresses; Martha Washington, ninth floor; 105 Madison Avenue.

BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell Co.; J. Stewart, notions, leather goods; 220 5th Av.

BOSTON—Schultz & Guthrie; W. I. Guthrie, dry goods; Broztell.

BOSTON — S. Markowitz; M. Markowitz, laces, ribbons; Latham.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; T. N. Wilson, Miss O'Brien, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; Miss S. Dreyer, brassieres, corsets; 1,133 B'way.

BOSTON—T. Smith Co.; J. H. Mahoney, gloves, furnishing goods, boys' clothing; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Mrs. E. S. Adelson, silk waists; 15 E. 26th.

BOSTON—M. Feldman & Co.; M. Feldman, mfrs. cloaks, suits; Broadway Central.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; S. E. Emery, muslin underwear, petticoats; 31 Union Sq.; Gregorian.

BOSTON—Enterprise Cloak Co.; W. Wolbarst, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; R. M. Dean, notions; A. H. Shannon, dress goods, silks, 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss Walsh, E. A. Burdick, coats, skirts; S. M. Averill, lamps; 31 Union Square.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Biederman, ladies' suits; Mr. Sheffield, misses' coats; Mr. O'Brian, ladies' coats, suits; Mr. Tully, dresses, millinery; Mr. Koch, millinery; Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear, sweaters, aprons; Mr. Smith, infants', children's, junior coats, dresses, petticoats; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Fanning, men's, boys' furnishings, hosiery, gloves; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—Enterprise Cloak Co.; Mr. Wolbarst, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

BRIDGEPORT—Caesar Misch, Inc.; H. W. Walder, ready to wear; 1,261 Broadway.

BROCKTON—Fraser D. G. Co.; J. Fraser, dry goods; Broztell.

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina—Jose Batas, wash dress goods; Room 1,004, 377 B'way.

BUFFALO—Richard's; J. A. Rubin, coats, suits, waists, dreses; McAlpin.

BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; P. Bartholomew, rugs; 220 5th Av.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss L. Yaeckel, Miss Adams, ribbons; 18 W. 35th.

BUFFALO—J. M. Wilkinson & Co.; J. M. Wilkinson, children's wear, ladies' garments; Netherland.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; H. N. Ness, corsets; 2 Walker.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss E. Dean, blouses; 18 West 35th.

BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; J. M. Looby, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 31 Union Sq.

BUFFALO—Hamlin's; H. N. Desmarets, general mdse.; 351 4th Av.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; M. Benson, art, upholstery goods; 2 Walker.

BURLINGTON—Miss E. M. Brady, millinery; Albert.

CANTON—W. R. Zollinger & Co.; C. W. Zollinger, cloaks, suits, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear; W. R. Zollinger, general buyer; 1,270 B'way.

CHATTANOOGA—Edwards & Le Bron; O. K. Le Bron, jewelry; Imperial.

CHICAGO—G. A. Stevens & Bro.; J. H. Stevens, furs; 40 East 22d.

CHICAGO—W. A. Wiebold Co.; L. S. Lamitzen, jewelry, coats, pins, ornaments; 1,133 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Arbetman Bros. & Blair; S. Blair, piece goods; 39 W. 32d.

CHICAGO—A. F. Eames & Co.; A. F. Eames, wholesale flowers, feathers; 12 West 37th; Aberdeen.

CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; Miss J. Goldberg, women's, misses', children's coats, suits, dresses, furs; 15 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Weiskopf & Co.; L. Weiskopf, millinery; Wallick's.

CINCINNATI—Ogus, Rabinovich & Ogus; A. Biederman, millinery; 621 Broadway.

CINCINNATI—Green-Betts Co.; J. Green, clothing, hats; Park Avenue.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; F. Potts, linens, table covers; 18 W. 35th.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; F. A. Davies, representing; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; W. K. Scott, men's clothing; 71 West 23d; Wallick.

CLEVELAND—Sterling & Welch Co.; M. Sondheimer, lace curtains, draperies, shades; Imperial.

COLUMBUS — Morehouse-Martens Co.; P. Springer, linens, wash goods, white goods, domestics, men's furnishing goods; 1,270 B'way; Sherman Square.

COLUMBUS—Clark-Davis Co.; H. M. Clark, hats, silks, velvets, ribbons; 621 Broadway.

COLUMBUS—Queens Co.; A. J. Dransch, coats, suits, dresses, waists, skirts, petticoats; 15 E. 26th.

CUMBERLAND—The Imperial Co.; Miss F. Kelly, millinery; Breslin.

CUMBERLAND—S. T. Little Jewelry Co.; S. T. Little, jewelry, silverware; 80 Maiden Lane.

DALLAS—Our Best Store; I. H. Kamsler, millinery, notions, hosiery; 621 Broadway.

DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; J. E. Means, candy; 2 Walker; Herald Square.

DAYTON—L. Traxler Co.; D. E. Bigelow Co.; D. E. Bigelow, furniture, carpets, upholstery, blankets; 120 West 32d; Grand.

EASTON—Bush & Bull; W. O. Hagenbach, notions, leather goods; Sherman Square.

EMPORIA, Kan.—J. P. Ramseyer & Co.; J. P. Ramseyer, fancy dry goods, garments, millinery; Continental.

EVANSVILLE—Lahr-Bacon Co.; R. Kenny, suits, dress goods; 20 W. 22d.

FALL RIVER—Higgins-Fraze Co.; B. Goldstein, furs; Albert.

FALL RIVER—R. A. McWhirr Co.; J. Conn, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; O. D. Brown, domestics, linens, flannels; J. E. Bannister, upholstery goods, carpets; Mrs. M. V. Keele, corsets; 75 Spring.

FULTON, Ky.—R. N. Phipps, jewelry, silverware; 80 Maiden Lane.

GLENS FALLS—C. Marks & Co.; C. Marks, women's, children's ready-to-wear; Broadway Central.

GOLDSBORO, N. C.—A. M. Shrago furn. goods; H. I. Shrago, notions; 72 Leonard.

GRAFTON, W. Va.—W. Archdeacon Co.; W. Archdeacon, men's, boys' clothing; Wallick.

GREENSBORO, N. C.—Ellis, Stone & Co.; W. H. Stone, notions, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Wallick.

HARRISBURG—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; W. H. Bennethum, junior cloaks, suits; 230 5th Av.

HARRISBURG—Bowman & Co.; T. P. McCubbin, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway, sixth floor.

HARRISBURG—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; A. J. Kline, housefurn. goods; 2 Walker.

HAZELTON—Deisroth & Sons; J. S. Mackie, cloaks, suits, furs, laces, handkerchiefs, trimmings; 116 W. 32d.

HOLYOKE—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; P. Brennan, dress goods, linings; Navarre.

HOLYOKE—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; W. B. Wakelin, ladies' suits, laces, gloves; Miss H. Labarre, ribbons; Navarre.

HOLYOKE—H. P. Ducharme & Co.; Miss M. Ducharme, Miss D. Ducharme, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

HOLYOKE—Bearg Bros.; S. Bearg, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway.

HOLYOKE—Sample Cloak & Suit Co.; E. Miller, cloaks, suits; 1,270 Broadway.

INDIANAPOLIS—W. H. Block Co.; H. C. Block, gloves, hosiery, underwear, laces, embroideries, neckwear; J. R. Hayes, basement, ready to wear; 1,261 Broadway.

INDIANAPOLIS—W. V. Hargrove & Co.; W. V. Hargrove, coats; Normandie.

JACKSON, Tenn.—Marks Bros.; P. Marks, dry goods, clothing, hats, shoes, notions, carpets, furn. goods, millinery; Aberdeen.

KANSAS CITY—O. S. Kashishian, Oriental rugs; Broztell.

KANSAS CITY—Stock Yards Clothing Co.; H. T. Poindexter, jobs in mill ends, remnants, notions, furnishing goods, jewelry; Belleclaire.

KNOXVILLE—Myers-Bowman Hat Co.; E. L. Bowman, men's hats; Albert.

LANCASTER—Hager & Bro.; Miss E. Martin, laces, ribbons, neckwear, trimmings; 75 Spring.

LAWRENCE—Robertson-Sutherland Co.; Miss Snow, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.

LEWISTON, Me.—The Fashion; A. Singer, dry goods, notions, fancy goods, &c.; Breslin.

LEWISTON, Me.—Mendelson Bros.; M. Mendelson, ready-to-wear, dry goods, fancy goods; Breslin.

LEXINGTON—B. B. Smith & Co.; B. B. Smith, women's ready-to-wear; Grand.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; J. R. Collins, toilet, drug sundries, cutlery, photo supplies, souvenirs; 215 4th Av.

LOUISVILLE—Abe C. Levi Co.; H. Drautman, domestics; 200 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; E. Sterer, representing; 23 East 26th.

LOUISVILLE—J. C. Lewis Co.; J. J. Crotty, silks, velvets; G. Ross, dry goods; 116 West 32d; Cumberland.

LOUISVILLE—John C. Lewis Co.; Miss L. Huber, Miss M. Cole, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

LOWELL—Bon Marche; P. Duvall, domestics; F. A. Dubois, dress goods, silks; Latham.

LOWELL—J. L. Chalifoux Co.; B. W. Montague, rugs, furniture; 17 East 22d; Hermitage.

MERIDEN—Ives, Upham & Rand Co.; J. Martin, domestics, wash goods, linens, white goods; 75 Spring.

MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee Apparel Co.; H. C. Baer millinery; 264 5th Av.

MONTGOMERY—A. Rice, clothing, furnishing goods, hats, shoes, jewelry; 303 5th Av.

MURFREESBORO, Tenn.—R. E. Andrews, dry goods, notions, shoes; Arlington.

NASHUA, N. H.—Chamberlain-Patten Co.; W. H. Patten, notions, cloaks; Park Avenue.

NEW BEDFORD—New Bedford Dry Goods Co.; Miss M. A. Winsper, millinery; Mrs. A. C. McFarland, ready to wear; 75 Spring.

NEW BEDFORD—New Bedford D. G. Co.; H. J. McNelly, dress goods, silks; G. O. Doyle, cloaks, suits, hosiery; Miss L. T. Sylvia, women's, infants' wear; M. E. Cummings, representing; 75 Spring.

NEW HAVEN—E. Malley Co.; I. Koch, corsets; M. J. Tubridy, dress, wash goods, silks; 1,270 B'way.

NEW HAVEN—Shulman & Evans; Mr. Shulman, Mr. Evans, woolens; Park Avenue.

NEW HAVEN—Rappaport & Tucker; Mr. Rappaport, Mr. Tucker, woolens; Park Avenue.

NEW HAVEN—H. Wallick, woolens; Park Avenue.

NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; M. J. Allderige, notions, jewelry, toilet goods; 75 Spring.

NEW ORLEANS—The Tulane Shop; J. Burnstein, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.; Aberdeen.

NEW ORLEANS—M. Isaacs Co.; Miss H. Marks, fancy goods, jewelry; 148 W. 23d.

NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; E. S. Malvern, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 320 Church.

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; J. Bussey, wash goods, men's furn. goods; 75 Spring.

OGDENSBURG—Seaman & Mandigo; G. H. Mandigo, dry goods, notions, furnishing goods, carpets; Markwell.

PARKERSBURG—Brown-Kendall Co.; H. S. Brown, linens, notions, hosiery, furn. goods; Latham.

PAWTUCKET—D. Harley Co.; F. H. Borden, notions, furnishing goods, ribbons, jewelry, trimmings; Breslin.

PAWTUCKET—David Harley Co.; L. M. Rousseau, dress goods, silks; Latham.

PERU, Ind.—Miller Bros.; C. Miller, dry goods, general mdse.; Herald Square.

PATERSON—Regent Cloak Co.; B. H. Cohen, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; Miss A. M. Day, white goods, laces, embroidery, handkerchiefs, neckwear; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Oppenheimer, Greenbaum & Gross; H. Gross, mfrs. clothing; Continental.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Frank & Co.; M. Frank, mfrs. children's wear, infants' wear; 1,182 B'way; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. L. B. Walters, jewelry; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; C. M. R. Whitely, linings; D. S. Scott, furn. goods; B. F. Montague, gloves; B'way and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Lichtenstein, Reichlin & Co.; M. Lichtenstein, silk dresses; 1,261 B'way; Aberdeen.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Mr. Perrett, suits, coats, (basement); 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; W. Silverman, cotton, woolen goods; 7 W. 22d; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss M. Leverrier, muslin underwear; Miss A. M. Day, laces, hdkfs., ladies' neckwear; 1,261 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—Berg Bros.; Miss Furness, cloaks, suits, misses' wear; Miss Rosenberg, millinery; 71 West 23d.

PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; Miss M. McMahon, misses' coats, suits; Broadway and 10th.

PITTSBURGH — Kaufman & Baer Co.; J. Baer, men's, boys' clothing; 95 Madison Av.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; R. Walker, boys' suits; D. G. Kahn, knee pants, basement; 1,261 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; Clay Meyers, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—N. G. Bagran, ready to wear; 1,161 Broadway, Room 301.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; B. S. Bush, Miss H. Camp, cloaks, suits; 116 W. 32d.

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—The Wallace Co.; E. A. Baker, mdse' manager, cloaks, suits, furs, waists, wrappers; Marlborough.

PORT HURON, Mich.—Meisel Co.; G. C. Meisel, dry goods, notions, &c.; Imperial.

READING—Kline, Eppihimer & Co.; S. Heckman, carpets; D. Mould, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.

READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; R. J. Calm, housefurn. goods; 2 Walker.

READING—Lord & Gage; Miss M. Dennis, ladies' hosiery; 23 East 26th.

RICHMOND—Weisberger Co.; S. Weisberger, coats, suits, skirts, furs; Imperial.

RICHMOND—Miller & Rhoads; W. R. Scott, silks; A. S. Minter, neckwear, embroideries; 432 4th Av.

ROANOKE—New York Bazaar; L. M. Kohen, dry goods, &c.; Grand.

ROCKLAND—W. O. Hewett Co.; W. D. Talbot, dry goods, hosiery, gloves; 320 Church.

ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; G. Felter, staple notions; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER—Ryan & Granger; Miss S. Ryan, millinery; Park Avenue.

ROCHESTER—Ryan & Granger; Miss A. Granger, millinery; Park Avenue.

ROCHESTER—Godfrey-Gifford Clothing Co.; H. V. Clark, clothing, furn. goods, hats; Park Avenue.

SALEM—Almy, Bigelow & Washburn; Mrs. A. S. Almy, representing; 2 Walker St.; Murray Hill.

SAGINAW—A. Sobel, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO—Roos Bros.; G. Casner, men's, boys' clothing; 303 5th Av.

SAVANNAH—B. Karpf, suits; 116 W. 32d, Room 1,607.

SCHENECTADY—H. S. Barney Co.; H. A. Miller, wash goods, comforts, blankets, ribbons, gloves, &c.; 75 Spring St.; Sherman Sq.

SCRANTON—Clarke Bros. Stores; Mr. Jennings, furs, cloaks, suits, women's, misses', children's wearing apparel; 116 West 32d.

SCRANTON—Epstein's; M. L. Epstein, ready-to-wear; Strand.

SHAMOKIN—Shapiro & Bro.; P. J. McCormack, cloaks, suits, waists, skirts; Grand.

SHEBOYGAN—J. & W. Jung Co.; D. E. Jones, cloaks, suits, waists, muslin underwear, corsets; Navarre.

SHEBOYGAN—H. Prange Co.; A. W. Marthals, clothing; 353 4th Av.; Park Avenue.

SPRINGFIELD—Crawford-Plummer Co.; J. D. Dorgan, dresses, skirts; 12 W. 31st.

ST. PAUL—Schuneman & Evans; C. T. Schuneman, dry goods; 220 5th Av.

ST. PAUL—J. C. Greenberg & Co.; J. C. Greenberg, coats; 35 W. 31st, seventh floor.

ST. PAUL—Husch Bros.; J. Neiger, ready-to-wear; 364 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Jamerson's; C. R. Jamerson, men's clothing; Sherman Square.

ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; H. P. Polk, untrimmed, ready-to-wear hats; M. G. Weiner, silks, laces, ornaments, etc.; 621 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Hudson Bay Fur Co.; B. Gram, furs; Continental.

ST. LOUIS—Singer Bros. Cloak Co.; H. Singer, cloaks, suits; 634 Broadway.

SYRACUSE—Neal & Hyde; A. M. Robinson, furn. goods, knit underwear; 72 Leonard.

TERRE HAUTE—S. Stauch Co.; L. Cohen, jobs, Fall suits; 1,161 Broadway.

TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; E. H. Hubbard, stationery; 23 East 26th; Broztell.

TROY—G. V. S. Quackenbush & Co.; J. J. Madden, cloaks, suits; Imperial.

TROY—W. H. Frear & Co.; W. H. Ingraham, boys' clothing; Park Av.

TROY, N. Y.—Up to Date Store; I. L. Kaufman, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway.

UTICA—R. H. Wickes & Son; H. Wickes, clothing; Bristol.

UTICA—McNulty & Johann; W. F. Johann, cloaks, suits, etc.; Breslin.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; J. M. Buzzell, dress goods; 334 4th Av.

WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Mrs. C. Nobe, Miss H. Dyer, millinery; 315 4th Av.

WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Mrs. H. C. Shute, sweaters; 215 4th Av.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lathrop; J. A. Hobson, upholstery goods; 334 5th Av.

WATERTOWN—A. Bushnell & Co.; K. George, notions, furn. goods; Imperial.

WEST PALM BEACH—Palm Beach Dry Goods Co.; C. M. Greene, ready to wear, dry goods; Martinique.

WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; C. J. McCabe, domestics, linens; 2 Walker.

WORCESTER—Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co.; C. Heller, cloaks, suits, waists; 75 Spring St.

WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; C. H. Hughes, millinery, ribbons, infants' wear; 2 Walker.

YOUNGSTOWN—Youngstown Dry Goods Co.; G. J. Wallace, ready to wear, dress goods, linens, white goods; 72 Leonard.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Are Irregular—Interest Centres in Foreign Exchange Situation.

Most stocks yielded ground yesterday, but a fair degree of resistance was shown to the further selling by traders and to the liquidation prompted by newly felt concern over the unsettlement of foreign exchange. In the environs of the Stock Exchange these days almost everything is likely to be corelated in some way with the war-order business, which has played such a prominent part in recent stock-market events, and part of the concern expressed over the fall in sterling to $4.55 yesterday—that was a drop of 5½ cents for the day—was due to the fear that the low rate for sterling might have the effect of holding up further orders for munitions and other supplies for the belligerent governments. That was a far-fetched fear, for England and her allies are likely to continue to buy much-needed munitions with relatively little thought about the current or prospective rate of exchange. Moreover, a large part if not all of the payments which are now being made for munitions purchased here by Great Britain are not being provided by sterling drafts, but are being met either out of the gold which is being sent here or out of the proceeds of the American securities shipped to this side.

The business most likely to suffer should the exchange market become further unsettled is that part of our export trade which does not represent the necessities of war and which Europe could curtail if the state of the exchange market made it too costly to continue buying in this market on the present scale. Quite possibly the stock market, which did not concern itself at all about the exchange market outlook in the earlier stages of the decline, is disposed now to worry too much about the exchange situation. Should it be allowed to go to the length of seriously checking our export business, it would undoubtedly be a grave mistake, but the chances are that following the conferences shortly to be held here between the British and French financial delegates and our bankers measures will be adopted which will relieve the exchange market of a good deal of the pressure which has recently found reflection in the rapid decline in the value of the pound sterling in this market. This market can easily handle a large amount of bills which in the ordinary course of our exports of agricultural products would be drawn on English banks ,and there is a variety of other measures which can be resorted to with a view to bringing an end to the unsettlement which has recently made the course of exchange an important element in considering the outlook for our foreign trade. Our trade with other countries is all the more important to us at this time in view of the fact that home trade has not improved to anything like the extent to which our trade with other countries has grown.

It was noteworthy in yesterday's Stock Exchange trading that the railroads contributed a number of issues which showed net gains for the day, notwithstanding the reactionary tendency which brought declines in most of the industrials. This movement hardly went far enough to be considered important in itself, but it reflected several interesting tendencies which have been working in favor of the railroads and have shared but slightly in the improvement which has come about in the market in recent months. For one thing, many believe that railroad questions will receive more sympathetic treatment at the hands of public regulators. The more technical considerations favoring the railroads include the feeling among many traders that some part of the speculative interest which has caused such large advances in the industrials may be expected to extend to the railroads, and the fact that Wall Street itself would find advantage in a larger proportion of railroad shares among the stocks which are being carried in commission house accounts.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days.— 10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	3	4	4	4	5
New York	3	4	4	4	5
Phila.	3	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	..	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	..	4	4	4½	5
Atlanta	..	4	4	4½	5
Chicago	..	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	3	4	4	4½	5
Minneap.	..	4	4	5	5
Kan. City	..	4	4	4	5
Dallas	..	4	4	4½	5
San Fran.	3	3½	4	4½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days	2¼@2¼
Ninety days	2¼@2½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	2	2

ON TIME.

60 days	2½@2¾	5 mos.	3¼@3½
90 days	2¾@3	6 mos.	3¼@3½
4 mos.	3 @3¼	7 mos.	3¼@3½

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months	3¼@3¾	6 months	3¼@3¾
60 to 90 days	3 @3¼		

Other names.

4 months	3½@3¾	6 months	3¾@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.59	$4.55	$4.55
Cables	4.59½	4.56	4.56

Closing Rates.

	Demand, (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.55	$4.56
Paris	6.02	6.01
Switzerland	5.44	5.43
Scandinavia	25.40	25.45
Berlin	.80⅜	.80½
Austria	14.95	15.00
Russia	34.25	34.50
China—		
Hongkong	42.30	42.50
Shanghai	53.87½	54.00
Singapore	57.50	..
Greece	5.34	5.33
Holland	.39 7/16	.39⅝
India—		
Bombay	33.75	..
Calcutta	33.75	..
Italy	6.54	6.53
Japan—		
Kobe	49.37	49.45
Yokohama	49.00	49.25
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.62	49.75
South America—		
Buenos Aires	40.75	41.00
Rio	22.85	23.00
Spain	18.75	18.80

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.50½	$4.48¼	$4.50	$4.48

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $373,276,055; balance $19,601,692; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $450,681.

The local banks have lost $4,230,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c premium.

Bar Silver.

London, 23d, unchanged; New York, 46⅝c off ⅜c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Aug. 30.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$308,829	$15,173,034	$30,158,676
Int. rev., or.	987,361	28,125,906	57,380,184
Cor. & in. t.	34,947	1,570,261	9,935,426
Miscellan'us.	157,381	3,494,879	8,159,510
T'l rec'pts.	$1,488,519	$48,364,082	$105,633,798
Expenditures	2,128,426	61,600,108	134,871,576
Deficit	639,906	13,236,026	29,217,774

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, AUG. 31, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	603,048
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	97,004,854
Same period last year	45,989,158
Average price and change 50 stocks	77.54 — .15
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	78.79	Aug. 17	58.99	Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

*Closing average July 30, 57.77.

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
32⅞	33	300	Alaska Gold Mines	33	33	32⅞	33	— ½
37⅝	37¾	4,500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	38	38½	36¾	37½	—1
68½	70	700	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	69	69	68	68	—1
61¾	62½	1,300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	63½	63½	61¾	61⅞	—1⅛
94	95	60	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	95	95	95	95	...
64⅝	65	3,150	Am. Beet Sugar	66	66	63½	65	— ½
59¼	59½	11,800	Am. Can	59¾	60⅜	59¼	59¼	— ¾
105	105¾	600	Am. Can pf.	105	105½	105	105	...
69¼	69½	8,400	Am. Car & Fdry.	70¼	70⅜	68	69¼	— ¾
150	150½	2,800	Am. Coal Products	154⅛	154⅛	149	150	—3⅞
117	117¼	100	Am. Coal Prod. pf.	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	— ⅞
51	51⅜	600	Am. Cotton Oil	51¼	51⅜	51	51	—1
9¼	9⅜	3,610	Am. H. & Leather	9⅜	9½	9¼	9¼	...
39¼	39⅝	5,920	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	40⅞	41⅜	39	39	—1⅜
23¾	24	100	Am. Ice Securities	23½	23½	23½	23½	...
21⅝	21¾	13,220	Am. Linseed	23⅜	23⅜	20¼	21½	—1½
37½	38	850	Am. Linseed pf.	39¾	39¾	37¼	37¼	—2¼
53½	54⅛	3,700	Am. Locomotive	54	54⅝	53½	53⅝	— ¼
7⅜	7⅝	2,400	Am. Malt	7½	8	7¼	7½	...
27	28	1,200	Am. Malt pf.	28½	29¼	27¼	27½	— ½
80¼	80¾	3,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	80½	81	80⅛	80¼	— ⅜
106½	107½	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	107	107	106¾	106¾	— ¼
52	53	1,900	Am. Steel Fdries.	54	54	52⅝	53	—1
110¾	111	3,200	Am. Sugar Ref.	110¼	112¼	110	110¾	...
122¾	123⅛	500	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	123⅝	123⅝	122⅞	123	— ½
107	108	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	+⅜
33½	34	400	Am. Woolen	35	35	34	34	—1⅛
90	91	200	Am. Woolen pf.	90	90⅛	90	90⅛	— ⅛
6	8	20	Am. Writing P. pf.	9	9	9	9	...
72¼	72⅜	14,900	Anaconda Cop. Co.	73	73⅜	72¼	72¼	— ⅞
101¼	101⅜	2,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	101⅞	102	101⅛	101⅜	— ⅜
98	98¾	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	98½	98½	98¼	98¼	+ ¼
101¾	105	200	Atlantic Coast Line	103	103	103	103	...
82½	82⅝	39,300	Baldwin Loco.	81⅜	83¼	80¼	82⅝	+1⅝
81½	81⅝	1,210	Baltimore & Ohio	81⅞	81⅞	81⅛	81⅝	+ ¼
70¾	71	200	Baltimore & O. pf.	70½	70½	70½	70½	— ¼
1⅛	1⅜	100	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	...
286	291	500	Bethlehem Steel	292	292	285	291	...
139	150	100	Bethlehem Steel pf.	141¼	141¼	141¼	141¼	+1¼
85	85½	700	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	85¾	85⅝	84⅞	85⅝	+ ⅛
66⅝	66⅞	1,700	Butte & Superior	67	67	66¼	66⅞	+ ⅜
19⅝	19½	6,400	California Petrol	19⅜	19⅞	18⅞	19½	+ ½
45½	45⅝	5,250	California Pet. pf.	43⅝	45⅝	43½	45½	+2
150¾	151¼	2,600	Canadian Pacific	150½	151¼	150	151	+ ½
80	84	100	Case, (J. I.) Co. pf.	80	80	80	80	+1⅜
43⅝	44	2,700	Central Leather Co.	44¼	44¼	43⅝	43¾	— ⅝
47⅛	47¼	6,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	46¼	47½	45⅞	47⅛	+1⅛
30	30¾	800	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	30	30	29¾	30	...
82½	83	400	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	82¾	83	82¾	83	...
121	121⅛	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	121¼	121¼	121¼	121¼	+ ⅛
126	127	300	Chi. & Northwest	127⅛	127⅛	127	127	...
23¾	23⅞	46,700	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	21⅜	24	21¼	23⅝	+2⅜
46½	46½	3,900	Chino Copper	46⅝	46⅞	46	46⅜	...
42¾	42⅞	2,900	Col. Fuel & Iron	42	42⅞	42	42¾	...
49	50	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	49	49	49	49	+ ⅛
15	16	6,500	Comstock Tunnel	*15	16	15	15	...
84	85	600	Continental Can	85½	85½	84½	85¼	...
18⅛	18¼	12,700	Corn Products Ref.	18¾	18⅞	17⅞	18¼	— ¾
83¼	84¼	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	+ ⅝
74½	75	13,450	Crucible Steel	75½	76⅜	74½	74⅞	—1
101½	102	200	Crucible Steel pf.	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	— ⅛
117	119	400	Cuban-Am. Sugar	116	117	116	117	+3
139	140	200	Delaware & Hud.	138¼	139¼	138¼	139¼	[illegible]
3½	4½	600	Quicksilver pf.	4	4	4	4	—1
38⅛	39	400	Railway Steel Sp.	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾	—1¼
22⅞	23	3,300	Ray Con. Copper	23¼	23⅜	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅜
148½	148¾	13,400	Reading	149¼	149½	148	148⅜	— ⅜
80	84	150	Reading 1st pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	+1½
42¾	42⅞	3,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	43⅜	43½	42½	43	— ½
101	101½	300	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	101⅝	101⅝	101½	101½	— ⅜
¼	⅜	200	Rock Island Co.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	...
½	⅝	700	Rock Island Co. pf.	½	¾	½	¾	+ ⅜
5¾	5⅞	1,800	Rumely, (M.,) Co.	6½	6½	5¾	5¾	— ¾
9¾	10	200	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf.	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅜
5	5½	600	St. Louis & San F.	5⅛	5½	5¼	5½	— ½
6	6½	1,260	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	6	6½	6	6½	+ ½
14	14½	300	Seaboard Air Line	14⅜	14½	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅝
154¾	156	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	154¾	154¾	154¾	154¾	— ¼
88⅝	88⅞	4,400	So. Pacific x d.	89⅜	89½	88¾	88¾	— ¾
..	..	100	So. Pacific t. r.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	...
70	85	50	S. Porto Rico Sug.	77	77	77	77	...
15½	15¾	900	Southern Railway	15¼	15⅞	15¼	15⅝	— ⅛
48	48½	300	So. Railway pf.	49	49	48⅜	48⅜	— ⅜
108	109	2,600	Studebaker Co.	109⅞	109⅞	107½	108⅜	—1⅜
104½	105	200	Studebaker Co. pf.	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	+ ⅛
54¼	54¾	7,120	Tennessee Copper	56	56	53¾	54½	—1⅝
152½	154	1,300	Texas Co.	155½	155½	152⅝	152⅝	—3⅝
53¼	53¾	3,600	Third Avenue	53⅞	54¼	53¼	53¼	—1
92	94	59	Twin City R. T.	92	92	92	92	...
79	81	300	Underwood Typew.	81	81	81	81	+ ¾
100	104	200	Underw. Typew. pf.	100	100	100	100	—5
7	7¼	400	Union B. & P. Co.	7⅜	7⅜	7¼	7¼	— ¼
131¾	131⅞	10,500	Union Pacific	132⅛	132⅜	131½	131⅞	+ ⅛
82⅛	84	400	Union Pacific pf.	82¼	82½	82¼	82½	+ ½
51	60	100	Un. Dry Goods pf.	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	+2¼
24⅞	25	13,700	United Rys. Inv.	24½	26	24½	25	+ ⅞
40⅛	40½	2,800	United Rys. Inv. pf.	40½	41¾	40⅛	40⅛	— ¼
20⅞	21⅝	1,000	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	21⅝	21⅝	21	21	— ½
71½	72½	600	U. S. Indus. Alco.	73	73	71	71⅝	— ½
3½	4½	100	U. S. Red. & Ref.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	— ¼
49½	50	1,600	U. S. Rubber	50	50¼	49¼	49½	— ½
103¼	103¾	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	103⅞	103⅞	103	103	—2
75	75⅛	92,900	U. S. Steel	75⅝	75⅝	74⅝	75	— ⅜
112¼	112¾	1,150	U. S. Steel pf.	112½	112¾	112¼	112½	+ ¼
67¼	67½	3,400	Utah Copper	68¼	68¼	67⅛	67½	— ½
39¾	40	4,700	Va.-Car. Chemical	40½	40⅝	38⅞	39¾	— ⅜
57½	59	300	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	57	57¼	57	57¼	+ ¼
28¼	28½	100	Western Maryland	28	28	28	28	+ ¼
41	49	100	West. Maryland pf.	46	46	46	46	+ ⅞
74¾	75	4,000	Western Union Tel.	74	75¾	73½	74⅞	+1¼
115¾	116	29,900	Westingh. E. & M.	116⅝	117¼	115½	115⅝	— ⅜
180	183	300	Willys-Overland	180⅛	180⅛	180	180	—1⅛
105½	107½	500	Willys-Overland pf.	105	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
105	106	[illegible]	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Cents per share.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Demoralization in foreign exchange tended to unsettle the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange and there was a selling movement early in the day under which prices for a time gave way easily. At the lower levels, however, a good absorptive power was displayed, and the [illegible] decline. The market in the later dealings was nervous and irregular. A few stocks developed special firmness. It was noted that [illegible] a whole acted [illegible] industrials, [illegible] statements of [illegible] evidently exerting a sustaining influence.

MINING STOCKS.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Is the Market Tiring?

Brokers who spent the day on the floor said after the close yesterday that the market had been heavy, without being weak, which they explained by pointing out that while there had not been much liquidation, most issues appeared to have lost their buoyancy and were hard to advance. It was said that there had been a little too much good news on the Arabic controversy and too little on other matters. Brokers are mercurial, and they may go down town today prepared for another upward rush of prices, or if bad news has developed, for a wide-open break; but the prevailing opinion last evening held that the public had become satisfied with assurances that Germany has no wish to provoke a break with the United States and that the market will do little more than mark time until the foreign exchange situation is relieved.

⁂

A Good Month in Stocks.

The brokerage houses could not complain if the market were to quiet down for a few days. Their business in August was the largest in six years, with four 1,000,000-share days and no really dull sessions. For the month the total turnover in stocks was 20,418,336 shares, an increase of 6,091,000 as compared with July. The Exchange was closed in August of last year; in 1913 the month's total was only 6,081,000 shares, and in 1912 only 8,967,000. There was likewise a good increase in the bond department, in which sales totaling $73,030,000 were reported as compared with $20,412,000 two years ago. The smallest day's dealings last month amounted to 393,000 shares, which would have established a record for activity in some months of 1913.

⁂

Seats Higher.

A reflection of the changed status of the stock broker is seen in the advancing price of memberships. There was a sale announced yesterday at $60,000; an advance of $1,000 over the previous price and the highest figure for a membership privilege since "before the war"—that is to say, the European war.

⁂

Fostering Pacific Trade.

Pacific Coast importers are encouraged by evidences of a new interest in their welfare which has recently been shown by the Russian Government. In times past only those dealers who could afford to maintain their own agencies abroad were safe in dealing with most Asiatic firms. It now appears, according to the American National Bank of San Francisco, that in order to supply cargoes for return trips of war munition boats the Russian Government is anxious to facilitate shipments in this direction, and has promised to establish a rigid system of inspection at all shipping points where certificates will be furnished with each shipment, guaranteeing quality, weight and container.

⁂

Good Day for Rails.

Eight railroad stocks in which there was active trading yesterday moved up from ⅛ to 2⅜ points on the exchange Two others closed without changes and two others suffered small setbacks. However, if this movement depicts a beginning of a boom in the railroad stocks, it appears that it will not be very exciting compared with the rise in war order stocks. Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific lead again and gained 2⅜ points. Talk of an accumulation by independents still continues. Baltimore & Ohio, Erie, New Haven, Ontario & Western, Norfolk & Western, Northern Pacific, and Union Pacific all shared in the rises. Reading lost ⅜ point, while Reading first preferred, on small sales, gained 2½. Southern Pacific, which sold ex-dividend yesterday, lost three-quarters.

⁂

Railroad Reports Out.

Erie, for July, made a good showing. The gross earnings increased $253,547, but a further reduction in operating expenses enabled the management to show an increase in net operating income of $700,000. In the seven months of the calendar year Erie's gross totaled $35,287,167, an increase of $1,424,069, while net earnings amounted to $8,290,341, an increase of $1,257,790. Reading, for July, showed an increase in gross earnings of $580,000, but the net income decreased about $124,000. This probably accounted for the selling off in Reading common. New York Central and Pennsylvania earnings for July are expected today.

⁂

France Wants Steel.

France wants 300,000 tons of shrapnel steel at the rate of 50,000 tons a month for the next six months, according to The Iron Trade Review. Large orders for shrapnel rounds are said to be going begging because the steel mills are unable to meet specific deliveries. From the eastern battle front there have come inquiries for another 150,000 tons, but this demand also is said to have gone begging.

⁂

Corn Crop Not Assured.

The Summer harvests have been gathered with great difficulty in many districts on account of the frequent rains. The stimulation of high prices resulting from the war has caused extra exertions to be put forth by the farmer to obtain his grains. The harvest even of wheat and oats is now completed over two-thirds of the area, and the final stages of the ripening period have been passed in the northern part of the country. Only corn remains subject to about a month more of growth, and the farmers would like to see more hot weather than they have had. The cold which developed late in the Spring when the planting set in not only delayed operations but dwarfed early growth. In the northern part of the corn belt, especially, the prospects are not very bright, and it will take a long and warm Autumn to mature the crop.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Anglo-American	16½	17	16½	17
Atlantic Refining	590	600	590	597
Borne-Scrymser	270	280	270	280
Buckeye Pipe Line	101	103	101	103
Chesebrough Mfg.	730	750	730	750
Colonial Oil	135	140	135	140
Continental Oil	238	242	238	242
Crescent Pipe Line	46	48	47	49
Cumberland Pipe L.	50	52	50	52
Eureka Pipe Line	245	250	245	250
Galena Signal Oil	166	167	166	168
Galena S. Oil pf.	137	140	135	140
Illinois Pipe Line	147	149	147	149
Indiana Pipe Line	102	103	101	102
Inter. Pet. Co., Ltd.	9¾	10	9⅞	10⅛
National Transit	33½	35	34	35
N. Y. Transit	225	230	225	230
Northern Pipe Line	99	101	99	101
Ohio Oil	155	157	*155	156
Penn-Mex. Fuel Co.	58	62	58	62
Pierce Oil	12½	13	12½	13
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24	77	80	78	81
Prairie O. & G.	403	405	406	408
Prairie Pipe Line	177	178	178	180
Solar Refining	240	245	242	250
Southern Pipe Line	212	215	212	215
South Penn. Oil	342	345	345	348
So. W. Penn.	121	125	123	125
Stand. Oil of Cal.	306	308	307	308
Stand. Oil of Ind.	454	457	451	454
Stand. Oil of Kan.	410	415	385	390
Stand. Oil of Ky.	274	277	275	278
Stand. Oil of Neb.	335	340	334	340
Stand. Oil of N. J.	442	445	448	450
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	193	195	193	194
Stand. Oil of Ohio	465	475	465	475
Swan & Finch	130	133	130	135
Union Tank	84	86	84	86
Vacuum Oil	217	220	217	220
Washington Oil	35	38	35	38

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Aug. 31	$3,460,500
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	$524,740,200
Same period last year	425,061,100
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.08 — .01
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	84.48	Apr. 29	81.51	Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42	Feb. 4	82.73	July 30
Year 1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

*Closing average July 30, 82.73.

U S 4s, coupon
500 111¼
500 111¼
300 111¼
Jap Gov 4½s, ster l
1,000 73½
N Y Canal 4s, 1961
1,000 101⅛
N Y City 4s, 1957
2,000 94⅝
4s, 1959
2,000 94½
4½s, 1960
12,000 98
1,000 98⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

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25 Eureka P. L.
50 Illinois P. L.
25 Prairie Oil & Gas
25 S. O. of Cal.
50 S. O. of N. Y.

WE WILL SELL
50 Buckeye P. L.
50 Galena Sig. Com.
50 Prairie P. L.
25 So. West. Pa. P. L.
20 S. O. of Ky.
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The changed status of the stock of the

New York Central

is pointed out in a circular we have just issued. We believe the facts discussed to be of the greatest importance to investors and to be closely related to future prices of the company's stock.

Circular "C" mailed on request.

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Victoria Coal & Coke Co.
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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Decline in a Less Active Market—Bonds More Active and Higher.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 312,258 shares of stocks and $205,200 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 90,305; oils, 2,113; railroads, 200, and mining, 219,640. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am. Smelters Secur. pf. (a)	85	85	85	85
400	Am. Zinc	55	55	54½	54½
500	‡Can. Car & Fy.	101	103	100	102
400	‡Can. C. & F. pf.	116	116	114	115
12,000	‡Car. L. & P.	10⅜	11	9½	9⅝
100	Central F'dry	11	11	11	11
700	‡Cramp Shipbuilding	86	86	81	82
610	Driggs-S., w. i.	95	95	92	95
300	Electric Boat	545	545	540	545
35,000	Submar. Boat, w. i.	55½	55½	52⅝	53⅝
50	Emerson Pho.	14	14	14	14
250	‡Hall Signal	19½	19½	18⅝	19
450	‡Hendee Mfg.	37½	38	36½	37
85	‡Hopkins & Allen Arms	63	63	59	59
5,000	‡Int. Mer. Mar.	2½	3	2½	2½
3,300	‡Int. M. Mar. pf.	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½
100	‡Int. Mer. Mar. pf., new, w.i.	63½	63½	63½	63½
1,500	‡Inter. Motors	33½	33½	31	33½
750	‡Int. Motors pf.	64	67⅛	62½	67⅛
90	‡Inter. Nickel	182	182	181	181
1,750	Kath. B'ze pf.	3½	3⅝	3¼	3⅝
30	Kel. Sp'f'd T.	188	188	186	186
700	‡Lake Tor. B't	16	16	14	14
125	‡Lake Tor. B't 1st pf.	20	20	20	20
2,000	Mar. of Am.	4	4	4	4
10	Nat. Steel Car.	46	46	46	46
275	N. Y. Transp.	17	17⅝	17	17⅝
2,000	Cor. of R. & H.	6⅛	6⅛	5⅞	6
600	M. Rumely w.i.	25	25¼	25	25¼
2,200	‡Stand. Motors	12½	12½	11⅝	11⅞
2,000	‡St'l Co. of Can.	35	35	33½	34
2,500	‡St. Jo. Lead	13⅝	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝
5,800	Tri. Film ctfs.	6⅝	6⅞	6⅜	6⅞
2,500	U. C. S. new	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞
3,500	Un. Prof. Sh.	2¼	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
800	U. S. L. & H.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
100	U.S.L.&H. pf.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
300	Way. O. & G.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,500	‡World Film	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25	Buck. P. L.	103	101	102	—1
38	Eureka P. L.	249	245	249	—1
20	Gal.-Sig. Oil	167	166	166	—1
25	Illinois P. L.	148	147	148	—1
166	Indiana P. L.	104	102	104	+2
1,000	‡Inter. Petro.	10	9⅝	9⅝	—¼
60	Natl. Tran.	34	33½	33½	..
50	Ohio Oil	156	155	156	+1
200	Pierce Oil	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	..
12	Prairie Pipe L.	179	179	179	+1
45	South Penn Oil	348	341	341	—4
47	Stan. O. of Cal.	308	306	306½	—½
12	Stan. O. of Ind.	457	455	457	+6
13	Stan. O. of K.	400	390	400	+25
250	S. O. of N. J.	449	441	441	—9
40	S. O. of N. Y.	195	193	193	..
70	Union T. L.	84	84	84	—2
40	Vacuum Oil	220	217	217	—1

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	‡Wab. pf. (a)	41	41	41	41
100	‡Wab. pf (b)	22	22	22	22

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,600	‡Alaska Juneau	13½	13½	12⅜	12⅜
2,500	‡Alta-C. M. Co.	40	41	40	42
32,850	†‡Am. Com'der.	12½	14	12½	13½
3,700	†‡Atlanta	31	31	29	29
1,000	†‡Big Cot'wood	6½	6½	6½	6⅝
800	Big L. D. Co.	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝
1,500	†‡Booth	43	43	42	42
3,000	Braden Copper	8⅝	8⅝	8	8⅛
8,000	Butte & N. Y.	2⅛	3	2½	2½
100	Butte C. & Z.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
2,000	†Can. G. & S.	4	4	4	4
22,000	†Cashboy	4½	5	4½	5
500	‡Chile Copper	19	19	18⅝	18⅝
300	Con. N.-Utah	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
100	†C. O. D. Con.	4	4	4	4
200	Con. Cop. M.	1½	1½	1½	1½
1,000	Dia. B. Butte	2	2	2	2
2,000	†‡Emma Cop.	46	46	43	44
2,000	†‡Gen. Copper	38	38	36	37
400	Goldfield Con.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4,800	†‡Gold. Merger	19	19	18	18
300	†Gold. Flor'nce	47	47	47	47
100	Howe Sound	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
4,300	Jumbo Ext.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
22,000	Ken. Copper	52½	52⅝	51⅝	52⅝
200	Kerr Lake	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
4,500	†‡Kewanas	16½	16½	14	14
2,500	Mag. Copper	14⅝	14⅝	14¼	14⅝
100	Mason Valley	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
3,100	McIntyre	47	48½	47	48
240	†McKinley-D	24	24	24	24
100	Montana Con.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
29,000	†‡Mother Lode	25	26	24	25
3,500	†‡Nat. Z. & L.	37	37	35	36
2,350	New U.-Bing.	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
1,500	Nip. M. Co.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
14,000	†‡Oro	7	7½	6½	7
13,000	†‡Rex Con. M.	54	55	53	54
500	†‡Sand. Kendall	7	7	7	7
400	Stand. Sil.-L.	1½	1⅛	1½	1⅛
1,300	Stewart	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
16,000	†‡Success Min.	1⅛	1⅛	1	1
4,700	†Superstit. M.	24	24½	24	24½
500	Tono. Ext.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
300	†Tono. Jim B.	82	82	81	81
1,000	†Tono. Mid.	12	12	12	12
200	‡Wasatch	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,300	†W. E. Con.	57	59	58	59
2,500	†Wettlaufer Sil	10	10	9	9
400	‡W. K. Cop. pf	2⅝	2½	2⅝	2½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$50,000	Del. & Hud. cv. 5s, w. i.	102	102	101¾	102
200	Del. & H. rts.	⅛	⅛	½	½
30,000	‡Int. M. M., new 5s	77⅝	78	77⅝	78
100,000	Ken. Cop. 6s	163	167	162	165
25,000	Pierce Oil 6s	80	80	78	78

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in, compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Aug. 31. Bid.	Aug. 31. Asked.	Aug. 30. Bid.	Aug. 30. Asked.
Brit.-Am. Tob., ord.	13½	14½	14	14½
Br.-Am. Tob., ord. br.	14	15	14	15
Electric Boat pf.	535	545	550	560
Franco-Spanish Pet. (a prospect)	1	1¼	..	..
Intercon. Rubber	8	9	7	7½
Kelly Sp. Tire, new, 1st pf.	86	87	86	87
Mutual Profit Shar.	9	9½	9	9½
Pyrene Mfg. Co.	13¼	13⅝	13¼	13⅝
Savoy Oil	9	9½	9	9½
Sherman Carbide	8	10	8	10
Sherman Carbide pf.	10	14	10	14
Sterling Gum	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
RAILROAD.				
Wabash, w. i.	11½	12	11½	12
MINING STOCKS.				
Greene-Cananea	40	41	40	41
Kerr Lake	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
La Rose Consol	⅛	½	⅛	½
Majestic Mines	40	60	40	60
Tonopah Mining	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞
Tri-Bullion	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Tuolumne Copper	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
BOND.				
Calaveras 6s	190	210	190	200

MUNTIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Aetna Explosives	123	129	125	130
Aetna Explosives pf.	79	84	79	84
Am. & Brit. Mfg. Co.	10	16	10	15
Am. & B. Mf. Co. pf.	34	44	35	45
Atlas Powder	220	230	226	230
Atlas Powder pf.	95	99	95	99
Bliss (E. W.)	375	395	340	370
Bliss (E. W.) pf.	130	140	130	140
Canadian Explo.	325	375	325	375
Canadian Explo. pf.	101	110	101	110
Carbon Steel	25	30	26	32
Carbon Steel 1st pf.	47	52	45	50
Carbon Steel 2d pf.	25	28	28	32
Colts Arms	550	575	550	575
Driggs-Seabury	..	95	..	95
Du Pont Powder	695	705	695	705
Du Pont Powder pf.	96	100	96	100
Hercules Powder	385	400	385	400
Hercules Powder pf.	111	116	110	115
Hopkins-Allen	55	65	60	70
Hopkins-Allen pf.	95	105	95	105
Niles-Bement-Pond	114	117	114	117
Niles-Bement-P. pf.	97	104	97	105
Savage Arms	310	340	310	340
Submarine Boat	54	56	56	58
Winch. R. Arms	2,400	2,700	2,400	2,700

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
6s	Sept., 1916	102⅛	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝
6s	Sept., 1917	103⅛	103⅝	103⅝	103⅞
4½s	June, 1965	101⅝	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4½s	March, 1963	101⅝	102	101⅝	101⅞
4½s	Nov., 1957	101⅝	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4½s	May, 1957	101⅝	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅞	101⅛	100⅞	101⅛
4½s	May, 1917	100½	100⅞	100½	101
4¼s	March, 1964	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98¼
4¼s	March, 1962	97⅞	98	97⅞	98
4¼s	Sept., 1960	97⅞	98	97⅞	98
4¼s	March, 1930-60	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98¼
4s	May, 1959	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
4s	Nov., 1958	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
4s	May, 1957	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
4s	Nov., 1956	93½	94	93½	94
4s	Nov., 1955	93½	94	93½	94
4s	Nov., 1936	94½	..	94½	..
4s	May, 1917	99⅞	..	99⅞	..
4s	Nov., 1918	99⅞	..	99⅞	..
4s	May, 1919	99⅛	..	99⅛	..
3½s	Nov., 1955	84	..	84	..
3½s	Nov., 1954	85¼	86½	85¼	86½
3½s	May, 1954	85¼	86½	85¼	86½

Westinghouse Bonds Taken.

The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company announced yesterday that all of the company's new convertible bonds excepting $457,000 had been purchased by stockholders. The balance will be distributed pro rata among the depositing bondholders, who will receive cash for deposited bonds not taken up at the rate of 105 and accrued interest.

NEW "MOP" COMMITTEE

To Protect Bonds on Which Interest Will Be Defaulted Today.

A protective committee has been formed to represent the first collateral mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of 1920 and the trust 5 per cent. bonds of 1917 of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company. Moreau Delano of Brown Brothers & Co. is Chairman of the committee. The other members are Willard V. King, President of the Columbia Trust Company; Asa S. Wing, President of the Provident Life and Trust Company of Philadelphia, and L. Edmund Zacher, Treasurer of the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford. Morrell W. Gaines, 59 Wall Street, is Secretary of the committee. The Columbia Trust Company will be the depository, and bondholders have been requested to deposit their bonds.

It was announced that this committee would advance to depositing bondholders the amount of interest due today on the trust 5s, which interest will be defaulted by the Missouri Pacific. Similar action will be taken with regard to the interest due Feb. 1, 1916, on the collateral mortgage 5s in case that interest is not paid.

All of the classes of bonds which the committee seeks to have deposited figure in the proposed reorganization plan for the Missouri Pacific system. The reorganization managers are also seeking deposits of bonds, and the new movement is regarded as organized opposition to the proposed plan.

It was announced yesterday on behalf of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the readjustment managers, that holders of the Missouri Pacific defaulted first and refunding 5s, the trust 5s, and the collateral trust 4s could, on deposit of their bonds, secure an advance of the defaulted interest from the respective depositaries for the bonds. It is the intention of the readjustment managers to proceed with the reorganization of the Missouri Pacific along the lines of the "voluntary" plan announced some months before the receivership.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Kentucky Con	.02
Alpha Con	.02	Mexican	.53
Andes	.10	Occidental Con	.79
Best & Blecher	.07	Ophir	.33
Bullion	.02	Overman	.12
Challenge Con	.07	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.03	Savage	.09
Confidence	.15	Seg. Belcher	.03
Con. Cal. & Va.	.15	Sierra Nevada	.19
Gould & Curry	.04	Union Con	.46
Hale & Norcross	.05	Utah Con	.03
Julia	.03	Yellow Jacket	.16
Justice	.05		

TONOPAH.			
Jim Butler	.81	Comb. Fraction	.08
McNamara	.02	Diamondf. Daisy	.03
Midway	.10	Diamondf. B. B.	.01
Montana	.27	Florence	.45
North Star	.10	Goldf'ld Con. M.	1.30
Rescue Eula	.06	Goldfield Merger	.18
Tonopah Ext	2.37½	Jumbo Ext	1.47½
Tonopah Merger	.34	Lone Star	.03
Victor	.26	Silver Pick	.08
West End	.55	Vernal	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.18
		Rochester Mines	.27
Atlanta	.29	Round Mountain	.38
Booth	.41	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.04	Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'kpot.	10	10¼	Isabella	16¼	16½
Elkton	28½	30	Jackpot	6½	7½
El Paso	76	90	McKinney	37¼	38
Golden Cy.	176	177⅞	Portland	147	149⅝
Findlay	3⅞	4½	Vindicator	157	162
Gold Dol.	..	4	Rav. B. H.	2	4
Gold Sov.	2	3			

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Tin	33.25	34.00	33.00	34.00
Lead	....	4.90	4.85	4.95
Spelter	*16.00	....	*17.00	....
Antimony	28.00	29.00	28.50	29.50
Quicksilver	$89.00	$90.00	$89.00	....
Aluminium	†35.00	36.00	†35.00	36.00
Iron, No. 2X fdy.	15.50	16.00	15.50	16.00

*Sales. †Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted at 18@18¼c per pound in the open market. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	68	10	0	68	10	0
Copper, futures	69	15	0	69	15	0
Tin, spot	150	15	0	150	10	0
Tin, futures	152	0	0	151	15	0
Spelter	72	0	0	70	0	0
Lead	22	7	6	22	15	0

NEW YORK CENTRAL EARNINGS INCREASE

Net Income for Month of July Shows Gain of $1,343,283 Over Same Period in 1914.

BEST REPORT OF THIS YEAR

Surplus Revenue Since January Aggregates the Sum of $22,700,000, a Growth of $8,000,000.

The New York Central Lines for the month of July showed a great improvement in earnings compared with the same month last year, and the report is the best shown by the company this year. The New York Central proper, including the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, increased its gross earnings by $832,974 and its net by $1,343,283. Of the eight subsidiaries of the company only one showed a decrease in gross earnings for the month, but three showed slight decreases in the net. In the case of one of the subsidiaries, the Toledo & Ohio Central, there was a surplus of $93,978, as against a deficit in 1914.

Gross earnings for the New York Central proper for July were $13,862,471, and the net earnings were $4,375,816. The large increase in the net earnings was due in part to the saving of $580,843 in operating expenses.

The Boston & Albany increased its net by $122,490, the Michigan Central by $214,447, and the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie by $273,073. The Cincinnati Northern, while it showed an increase of about $9,000 in gross, fell off about $2,000 in net. The New York, Chicago & St. Louis had an increase of $44,000 in gross, but fell off $4,000 in net. The Lake Erie & Western fell off $18,500 in gross and $37,000 in net.

For the seven months of the calendar year the showing of the New York Central Lines is in striking contrast with the same period in 1914. Without an exception the associated lines show increases in net earnings, and on only one line—the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie—are the gross earnings behind last year's figures. In the case of the Cincinnati Northern a deficit has been turned into a surplus of $112,600, and in the case of the Toledo & Ohio Central a deficit has been turned into a surplus of $253,000.

The New York Central proper, for the seven months, had gross earnings of $69,415,454, an increase of $3,233,654. The net earnings for the period were $22,706,984, an increase of $7,976,341. The operatng expenses decreased $5,256,188.

HELPS WABASH-PITTSBURG.

Connection with Pennsylvania Insures Wider Coal Market.

A railroad connection between the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway Company and the Pennsylvania Railroad, which will be completed by Oct. 1, according to a member of the Wabash-Pittsburg Reorganization Committee, will greatly benefit the Wabash-Pittsburg by opening new fields for the sale of the road's coal. The Wabash-Pittsburg Company owns 15,000 acres of coal lands. The link between the two roads will be a short one and will be known as the Bridgeville connection.

Referring to Monday's meeting of minority bondholders of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway, at which a proposal to sell the railway company's coal lands was made, a member of the Reorganization Committee said yesterday:

"It will require a very large amount to redeem the coal property and $3,100,000 to pay the receivers' certificates. How do these gentlemen expect to sell off the property until they have found the money to acquire it?"

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Adventure	2	2	2	2
80	Ahmeek	100	100	100	100
290	Alaska Gold	33½	33½	33	33
63	Algomah	2⅛	2⅛	2⅜	2⅜
60	Allouez	54¼	54¼	54	54
1,234	Am. Zinc	55⅝	55½	54⅝	55
234	Anaconda	73⅛	73½	72¼	72¼
890	Ariz. Com'l	9	9	8⅝	8⅝
170	Butte & Bal.	4½	4½	4	4
1,335	Butte & Sup.	67¼	67⅝	66¼	66½
498	Cal. & Ariz.	64	65	63	64
19	Cal. & Hecla	567	567	560	560
42	Centennial	19	19	19	19
270	Copper Range	56	56	55	55½
20	Daly-West	3	3	3	3
360	East Butte	13⅛	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞
30	Franklin	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
654	Granby	86	86½	85	85
235	Greene-Can.	40⅛	40⅛	39	39
60	Hancock	16⅞	17	16⅞	17
65	Helvetia	30c.	30c.	25c.	25c.
100	Island Creek	48½	48½	48½	48½
5	Isl'd Creek pf.	89	89	89	89
21	Isle Royale	26⅞	27¼	26	27¼
5	Keweenaw	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
100	Lake Copper	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
20	La Salle	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
5	Mason Valley	2	2	2	2
71	Mohawk	73	73	72½	72½
550	New Arcadian	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10⅝
60	New Idria	9	9½	9	9½
210	Nipissing	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
220	North Butte	30	30	29⅞	29⅞
6	North Lake	2	2	2	2
10	Osceola	83	84	82	84
560	Pond Creek	17	17¼	16⅞	17¼
40	Quincy	84	85	84	85
250	Shannon	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7⅝
230	South Lake	6½	6½	6½	6½
25	St. Mary's Ld.	55½	55½	55½	55½
15	Sup. & Boston	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
230	Tamarack	53	53	53	53
150	Trinity	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
400	Tuolumne	47c.	47c.	47c.	47c.
30	U. S. Smelter	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼
100	U. S. Smelt. pf.	46⅝	46⅝	46½	46⅝
15	Utah Apex	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
240	Utah Con.	12⅞	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛
100	Victoria	2½	2½	2½	2½
10	Winona	3½	3½	3½	3½
270	Wolverine	65	65	64	64
100	Wyandotte	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
	RAILROADS.				
5	*Boston & A.	180½	180½	180½	180½
9	Boston El.	76	77	76	77
100	Boston & Me.	24⅝	25	24	24
25	C. J. & S.Y. pf.	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
10	Maine Central	97	97	97	97
100	Mass Electric	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
30	Mass Elec. pf.	35	35¼	35	35¼
1,940	N.Y., N.H.& H.	66	67¼	65⅝	67¼
6	West End	64	64	64	64
	MISCELLANEOUS.				
80	Am. Ag. Chem.	63	63¼	61⅝	62
92	Am. Ag. C. pf.	95	95	95	95
140	A. Sugar (cash)	112	112	112	112
47	*Am. Sugar	109½	110½	109½	110½
44	*Am. Sugar pf.	114½	114½	114¼	114½
350	Am. T. & T.	123⅞	123⅞	123⅜	123½
120	Am. Woolen pf	91	91½	91	91
1,860	A., G. & W. I.	12⅞	13	12½	13
3,752	A., G.& W.I. pf.	28½	29⅞	28	29⅜
10	Edison	232	232	232	232
40	Gen. Electric	174	174	173¾	173¾
44	Mass Gas	91	91	91	91
6	Mass Gas pf.	88	88	88	88
4	McElwain pf.	97	97	97	97
50	Mexican Tel.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
10	N. E. Tel.	130	130	130	130
10	Reece Button	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
309	Swift & Co.	120⅞	120⅞	119	120
291	United Fruit	134	134	133	133
79	United Shoe	49½	49⅝	49	49½
32	United Shoe pf	29	29	29	29
1,406	U. S. Steel	75⅝	75⅞	75	75¼
31	U. S. Steel pf.	112	112½	112	112½
980	Ventura Oil	12¼	12¼	11⅝	11⅜
160	Wol'ton Land	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
	BONDS.				
$4,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼
73,000	A.,G.& W.I. 5s	71½	72	71	71
11,000	C.,B.& Q. jt. 4s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
4,000	Mass Gas 4½s	91	91	91	91
1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, '32	100½	100½	100½	100½

*Ex dividend.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.50	.80	La Rose	.45	.50
Bay S Gas	.10	.11	Majestic	.48	.52
Begole	1	1¼	McK-Dar	.22	.25
Bingham	8¼	8½	Mines of A	2¼	2½
Boston Ely	.20	.30	Mex Met	.25	.26
Butte & L	.34	.36	Nev-Doug	.60	.64
Calaveras	1⅝	1⅞	New Baltic	3	3¼
Cal-Corbin	.04	.06	N Cornelia	7⅝	7½
Chief Con	.96	.98	Ohio Cop	.10	.15
Con Ariz	.75	.85	Old D'rcts	7¼	7½
Con Cop	1½	1⅝	Oneco	1	1⅛
Cortez	.40	.55	Riker-H	5⅝	6
Crown Res	.32	.40	S W Miami	1	1⅛
Davis-Daly	1¼	1⅜	Stewart M	1⅛	1¼
Eagle & B.	1⅝	1⅞	Tonopah M	5¼	5½
1st Nat C	2½	2⅝	Un Verde	6½	6⅝
Goldf Con.	1¼	1⅜	Utah Met	8⅞	8⅝
Houghton	3	3½	Yuk'n Gold	2⅝	2⅞
Iron Blos	.70	.74			

FINANCIAL BUSINESS. Stock Exchange developments dealt with in the Annalist by authoritative writers. Every Monday, ten cents. $4.00 a year. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Cons. Coal	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
10	Cons. Power	106	106	106	106
25	Fid. & Depos.	134	134	134	134
20	Mer.-Mec. Bk.	28	28	28	28
50	Nor. Central	82½	82⅝	82½	82⅝
70	Penn. W. & P.	67½	67⅝	67½	67⅝
100	Un. R. & El.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
	BONDS.				
$1,000	Atlanta C. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
1,000	A. C. L. cv. 4s	84	84	84	84
1,000	Balt. Cat. & E. M. 5s	100	100	100	100
1,000	C. F. & Y. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	City & S. 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½
12,000	Con. Gas 4½s	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼
2,000	G. & A. con. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	Minn. & St. P. jt. 5s	100½	100½	100½	100½
1,000	Norf. S. R. 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½
2,000	U.R.& E. 1st 4s	80½	80⅝	80½	80⅝
1,000	U.R.& E. inc. 4s	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
70	Am. Shipbdg.	41	41	41	41
210	Chi. Pneu. T.	79½	79½	79⅛	79¼
60	Chi. Ry., S. 2.	19½	19½	19½	19½
1	Com. Edison	136	136	136	136
10	H., S. & M. pf.	111	111	111	111
2	Mont. Ward pf.	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝
9	Nat. Carbon	141	142	141	142
20	Nat. Carb. pf.	122	122	122	122
45	People's Gas	115½	116	115½	116
14	Public Service	85	86	85	86
5	Pub. Serv. pf.	95	95	95	95
10	Quak. Oats pf.	104	104	104	104
265	Sears-Roeb'k	155¼	155¼	154½	154½
410	Stew. Warner	65	65	63⅞	64
131	Swift & Co.	119⅝	120	119½	119⅝
	BONDS.				
$11,000	Com. Edi. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	Peo. Gas ref. 5s	100½	100½	100½	100½
50,000	Swift 5s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am. Cement	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
19	Am. Gas	101½	101½	101½	101½
20	Am. Rys.	24½	24½	24½	24½
100	Anaconda	73	73	73	73
665	Baldwin Loco.	81⅝	83⅝	81	83⅛
195	Brill Co.	47½	48¼	46	46
770	Cambria Steel	54⅝	55	54⅝	54⅝
530	Chi. R. I. & P.	22½	23⅞	22½	23⅞
4,365	Elec. St. Bat.	66	66⅛	64⅞	66
630	Erie R. R.	29	29⅛	29	29⅛
495	Lake Superior	9½	9⅝	9½	9½
110	Lehigh Nav.	73⅝	73⅝	73½	73⅝
40	Lehigh Valley	71½	71½	71½	71½
80	L. V. Tr. pf.	32½	32½	32½	32½
4	No. Central	83	83	83	83
100	N.Y., N.H.&H.	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝
25	North Penn.	90	90	90	90
1,178	Penn.	54½	54⅝	54⅛	54⅛
61	Phila. Co.	45	45	44	44
100	P. Co. cum. pf.	42½	42½	42½	42½
5	Phila. Elec.	24½	24½	24⅛	24⅛
450	Phil. R.T. t. c.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
110	Traction	73⅝	73⅝	72½	72½
45	Ton. Belmont	4	4	4	4
10	Tonopah Min.	5½	5½	5½	5½
100	Union Traction	35	35	35	35
119	Unit. Gas Imp.	84⅝	84⅝	84½	84¼
2	Un. Cos. N. J.	221	221	221	221
8,706	U. S. Steel	75⅝	75⅝	74⅞	75¼
25	Warw. I. & S.	10	10	10	10
350	W. Cr. & Son.	85½	85½	81½	82
	BONDS.				
$2,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	87⅝	87⅝	87	87
900	Am. G. & E. 5s	86⅝	86⅝	86	86⅝
1,000	El. & P. Tr. 4s	73½	73½	73½	73½
2,000	Interst. Rv. 4s	58	58	58	58
5,000	Pa. Con. 4½s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
1,000	Phila. Con. 5s	84	84	84	84
1,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝
2,000	Sp.-Am. I. 6s	101½	101½	101½	101½
11,000	Un. Ry. Inv. 5s	70½	70½	70	70½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
230	Am. Sewer P.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17½
50	Am. Window Glass pf.	100	100	100	100
1,580	Am. Window G. Machine	18½	19½	18½	19½
30	Am. Window G. Mach. pf.	92	94	92	94
10	Caney Riv. Gas	26	26	26	26
390	Col'bia G. & E.	14¼	14¼	14⅛	14¼
[illegible]	Ind. Brew'g	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2½
225	La Belle Iron	42⅛	42⅝	42	42½
30	Mfrs. L. & H.	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝
360	Nat. Firepfg.	7	7	6⅞	6⅞
110	Nat. Fpfg. pf.	21½	21½	21½	21½
105	Ohio Fuel Sup.	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞
30	Pitts. Brew.	4½	4½	4½	4½
232	Pitts. Coal	34⅜	34⅜	33⅞	34¼
25	Pitts. Coal pf.	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
1,005	Pure Oil	17¼	17¼	17	17
10	U. S. Steel	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼
125	Westh. A. B.	141½	141½	141	141
	BONDS.				
$1,500	Columbia G. & Elec. 5s	74	74	74	74

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5 Winchester Repeat'g Arms Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
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25 E. W. Bliss Com. Stock
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UNION TRUST COMPANY, 80 Broadway

$150,000

Albany River-Front Co.

First (Closed) Lien Serial 6% Gold Bonds

Dated June 1, 1915 Due Serially Sept. 1, 1916-25

Coupon Bonds of $1000 Denomination, with privilege of registration as to principal

Guaranteed as to Principal and Interest by
THE HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

The Albany River-Front Co. hold valuable terminal property in Albany which is operated for the Hudson Navigation Co.

The earnings of the Hudson Navigation Company for the year 1914 were:

Gross Income	$1,453,884.23
Operating Charges	1,042,973.53
Net	$410,910.70

The payment of these bonds constitutes an operating charge of the Hudson Navigation Company, and are a charge prior to the bonded indebtedness of that Company.

THE NET EARNINGS WERE SEVENTEEN TIMES THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL ANNUALLY MATURING

The above statement shows a surplus of $410,910.70, to meet the interest charges on these bonds, amounting to $9,000 the first year and the $15,000 principal maturing each year.

The total cost of the development on which these bonds are a first lien is in excess of $250,000.

The legal matte s pertaining to this issue have been passed upon by our attorneys, Messrs. Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge.

Having sold a large part of these bonds, we offer the balance at

100 and Interest, to yield 6%

Full Description Furnished Upon Application

LIGGETT, HICHBORN & CO., INC.
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$500,000
Lackawanna Steel Company
6% Two-Year Gold Notes
Due March 1, 1917
Price 100 and Accrued Interest
Descriptive circular on request
Kean, Taylor & Co.
5 Nassau Street, New York
134 So. La Salle St., Chicago

FINANCIAL

Consolidated Gas Company of New York

130 E. 15th St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

Five Per Cent. Debenture Bonds, Dated May 1, 1888.

Notice of Redemption on November 1, 1915.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on November 1, 1915, the Consolidated Gas Company of New York will redeem all the outstanding Debenture Bonds of the above-mentioned issue, each for the principal sum of $1,000 and of the aggregate face value of $1,236,000. The said Debenture Bonds will be redeemed pursuant to the terms and conditions endorsed thereon, at par, together with the semi-annual interest due on the redemption date, upon the surrender thereof, duly transferred to bearer, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 22 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or after November 1, 1915. Interest on the said Bonds will cease on November 1, 1915.

New York, April 30, 1915.

Consolidated Gas Company of New York,

By GEORGE B. CORTELYOU, *President.*

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANN ARBOR RAILROAD COMPANY
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

To the Stockholders of the Ann Arbor Railroad Company: Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the By-Laws of the Ann Arbor Railroad Company, the annual meeting of the stockholders of said railroad company will be held at the office of said railroad company, in the Village of Durand, in the State of Michigan, on Saturday, the 18th day of September, 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of electing directors, of electing inspectors of election to act as such at the next annual meeting for the election of directors, and of transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock of said Railroad Company will be closed from 3 P. M. on September 7th, to 10 A. M. on September 20th, 1915.

H. B. BLANCHARD,
Secretary of the Ann Arbor Railroad Company.
August 18th, 1915.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF **Automatic Weighing Machine Company.**

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of AUTOMATIC WEIGHING MACHINE COMPANY for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on September 7th, 1915, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Transfer books will close August 24th, 1915, at 3 P. M. and will open September 8th, 1915, at 10 A. M.

In the event of your being unable to be present in person your stock may be voted by proxy, of which you will find a copy enclosed.

Dated August 24th, 1915.
HARRY D. BOWMAN, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee, at 12 o'clock, noon, Saturday, September 25, 1915.

The transfer books will be closed on Thursday, the 12th day of August, and reopened on the 27th day of September next.

H. R. WILLIAMS, Vice President.
July 2, 1915.

Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders.

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Peerless Iron Works will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 120 East 132d St., New York City, N. Y., on the 13th day of September, 1915, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing three Directors of said Corporation.

CHARLES J. SPECHT, President.
FRANZ BREUER, Secretary.

Lake Erie & Western Railroad Co.
New York, August 30, 1915.

For the purpose of the annual meeting of stockholders, to be held Oct. 6th, 1915, the transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, Sept. 8th, and will be reopened on Thursday, Oct. 7th, 1915. MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the Newport Velvet Hose Supporter Co. will be held on Sept. 8, 11 A. M., at the office of the Guarantor Co., 437 5th Av., for the purpose of authorizing its Board of Directors to dispose of its assets and liquidate its indebtedness.

TO HOLDERS OF
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal
1st Mtg. 4% Bonds and Certificates

A meeting of non-assenting bond and certificate holders will be called in a few days to ratify the terms of the proposed agreement for the deposit of securities with the EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, and also approve of the selection of a Bondholders' Committee which the Chairman of the meeting of the 30th inst. was requested to name. Security holders are requested to send their names and addresses to the undersigned.

DANIEL B. ELY, Chairman,
25 Broad St., New York.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL BREWING COMPANY

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee under the Mortgage of the Pennsylvania Central Brewing Company, dated October 25, 1897, invites proposals for the sale to the said Trustee of all or any part of Fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) of bonds secured by the said Mortgage, proposals to be addressed to the said Trustee at its office, Nos. 325-331 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, to be [illegible] upon Wednesday, September 15, 1915, at 12 o'clock M.

R. ELLIS, President.

THE WAR STOCKS AGAIN

These who accepted our opinions on the war stocks of May last have made profits of from 25% to 150% since that time in the issues which we passed judgment on.

We have now issued a further analysis of this group, from the standpoint of present conditions. This analysis is of vital importance, especially as the time to sell is distinctly pointed out.

A few extra copies of this new analysis are available.

Moody's Investors Service
35 Nassau St. New York
Tel. 1299 Cortlandt.

Chile Copper

As far back as last November The Financial World began to point to the probability of twenty-cent copper. Our readers consequently have had a proper appreciation of what might be expected in the metal market, and therefore find the articles by *Kupfer* on the leading copper producers so instructive and helpful. In this week's issue this well-known copper expert writes about Chile Copper.

Send for Copy.

The Financial World
18 Broadway New York

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That's what 20 industrials advised by us on May 27, 1915, show to date.

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Fifth Avenue & Forty-fourth St.
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BANKING HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 8 P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

The Mechanics & Metals National Bank
Of the City of New York,
20 NASSAU STREET
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $14,000,000.
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SAVE AND BE SAFE

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Begin NOW. Join the savers. Easy mailing system. A dollar will do to start. Anyhow, ask for Booklet A.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
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COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

KNIGHT & McDOUGAL,
New York and Chicago.

GEORGE M. PATCH this day retires from the firm of KNIGHT & McDOUGAL, and the business of that firm will be continued by the undersigned under the same firm name.
Dated September 1st, 1915.
WILLIAM KNIGHT,
ROBERT McDOUGAL.

THE ANNALIST

The most interesting financial journal in the world's newest financial centre—New York.

Business men follow the economic course of the war by reading it week by week.

"The Open Security Market," the investor's department, offers essential information regarding unlisted and inactive stocks and bonds.

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TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK

COTTON ADVANCES ON CROP ESTIMATE

Market Closes with a Net Rise of from 20 to 22 Points for the Session.

BULLISH NEWS WELCOMED

Little Credence Put in Reports of Foreign Buying—Weather Forecast Favorable.

Although rumors that foreign Governments were heavy buyers of cotton were put forward to account for the strength of yesterday's market, the real explanation appeared to lie in the conviction that Monday's report from the Bureau of Crop Estimates was inherently bullish and that higher prices were justified. Very little credence was placed in the report that German interests were buying vast quantities of cotton in the South or that Great Britain was preparing to buy 400,000 bales around present levels.

There is little doubt that sentiment is turning bullish, and traders are inclined to credit almost any rumor which will serve to boost prices. Some short interest appears to be still outstanding, and on the bulge yesterday there was heavy selling for the account of Southern shippers to hedge purchases of spot cotton.

For the time being the trade is disposed to believe that the crop outlook did not point to a crop of much more than 12,000,000 bales. These ideas would be changes as a result of favorable weather and an open Fall with late frost. Weather conditions are more settled, and the forecast for the Western belt suggested clearing skies and higher temperature. The New Orleans market was closed yesterday owing to special elections.

Liverpool both bought and sold, but was a seller on balance. The English market was steady and higher than due, and offerings of spot cotton from the South were said to be limited.

A comprehensive review of crop conditions in Alabama is contained in the following report of the F. B. Fisk Cotton Company of Montgomery, Ala.:

"While on certain lands the damage from drought was so severe that it has been impossible to recover it, since the drought was relieved there has been improvement in the appearance of the crop everywhere, the plant in many fields, especially on the bottom and prairie soils, having again commenced to take on fruit. Moreover, the rain will cause the bolls already on the stalk to grow larger and more thoroughly mature, and on the whole we consider that the outlook for the crop has improved. The yield, however, will no doubt be materially short of last year, owing to decrease in acreage and in use of fertilizers, and from the present outlook, based on normal conditions from now on, we would estimate the crop in Alabama at 1,200,000 bales."

The market opened at an advance of 3 or 4 points, but gained strength throughout the session, and closed firm, at a net advance of about 20 to 22 points. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 15 points advance. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance, 9.85 for middling. Sales, 625 bales. Futures closed firm.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Aug.	....	....	9.70 B	9.50 B
Oct.	9.88	9.67	9.85@ 9.86	9.66@ 9.67
Dec.	10.20	9.98	10.18	9.96@ 9.97
Jan.	10.34	10.10	10.30@10.31	10.10@10.11
Mar.	10.60	10.40	10.57@10.58	10.36@10.37
May	10.80	10.61	10.57@10.58	10.36@10.37
July	10.97	10.97	10.99 B	10.78@10.80

Total port receipts, 14,145 bales; last year, 6,325 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
New Orleans	2,562	1,569	....
Galveston	1,632	....	4,248
Mobile	94	26	90
Charleston	141	31	116
Savannah	5,451	2,588	943
Wilmington	8	41	....
Norfolk	397	934	85
INTERIOR RECEIPTS.			
Augusta	732	213	681
Memphis	40	1,013	55
St. Louis	....	203	....
Houston	7,542	2,126	5,630

Exports, 2,579; total thus far this season, 158,015; total last season, 16,107.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.		So. Spots.	Stocks.	Last Yr.
550	Galveston	9.50	102,867	45,673
2,600	New Orleans	9.38	111,807	49,531
—	Mobile	9.00	11,751	1,885
3,297	Savannah	9.00	65,214	12,525
—	Charleston	....	39,613	1,384
—	Wilmington	....	27,345	7,563
813	Norfolk	9.25	38,859	13,956
855	Augusta	8.75	64,282	10,216
50	Memphis	9.25	61,018	14,607
—	St. Louis	9½	....	14,121
1,091	Houston	9.50	....	....

The Liverpool market opened barely steady. There was a good business in spot cotton, with middling 8 points decline at 5.73d. Sales, 12,000. Receipts, 1,000. American, 400. Market closed quiet.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Light & Traction	326	330
Am. Light & Traction pf	108½	110
Adirondack Electric Power	14	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf	49	53
*Am. Gas & Electric	104	107
*Am. Gas & Electric pf	48	50
Am. Power & Light	59	63
Am. Power & Light pf	80	83
Am. Public Utilities	30	35
Am. Public Utilities pf	63	66
Am. Water Works & Electric	5	8
Am. W. W. & E. participating	15	19
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	56	62
Cities Service	44	47
Cities Service pf	52½	55
Colorado Power	17	19
Colorado Power pf	93	97
Commonwealth P., R. & L.	50	52
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf	78	80
Consumers' Power Co. 5s, 1929	90	91
Consumers' Power pf., Me.	90	94
Dayton Power & Light	30	35
Dayton Power & Light pf	85	87
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	91	93
Electric Bond Deposit pf	60	65
Electric Bond & Share pf	99	100
Empire District Electric 5s	72	77
Empire District Electric 5s pf	60	70
Federal Light & Traction	14	18
Federal Light & Traction pf	50	60
Gas & Electric Securities	60	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf	50	70
Great West. P. Co. 5s, 1946	81½	83
Lincoln Gas & Electric	10	20
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	13
Nor. Ontario Light & Power pf	47	52
Northern States Power	29	31
Northern States Power pf	85	87
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	45¼	47
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	84½	86
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	10	13
Republic Ry. & Light pf	41	46
Southern California Edison	69	73
Southern California Edison pf	93	97
*Standard Gas & Electric	5¼	6¼
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	29	30
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	4	6
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power pf	20	25
United Light & Rys	36	40
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	66½	69
Utah Securities	13	14
Western Power	14	16
Western Power pf	47	50

*Par value $50.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Alt. Coast Line	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.55	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.40
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.80	4.40
Can. Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.95	4.75
Caro., Cl. & Ohio	1915-'24	5	5.25	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	4.85	4.62
Chi. & Northwest	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.25
Chi., Ind. & Lou.	1914-'23	5	5.12	4.75
C., R. I. & P. Ry.	1915-'25	4½@5	7.15	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1914-'24	5	4.80	4.55
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'29	5	5.12	4.90
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.55	4.45
Erie	1914-'23	4½@5	5.05	4.80
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.65	4.45
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Louis. & Nash	1914-'23	5	4.50	4.30
Mo., K. & Texas	1914-'23	5	6.00	5.25
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	7.00	5.00
N. Y. Cen. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.00	4.70
Norf. & Western	1914-'24	4½	4.50	4.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.00	4.75
Penn. Gen. Frgt	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.38	4.18
St. L., I. M. & S.	1914-'24	5	6.25	5.00
Seaboard A. L.	1914-'23	5	5.00	4.85
Southern Railway	1913-'24	4½@5	5.00	4.70
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.40
Virginian Ry	1914-'19	5	5.05	4.80

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

They Include Reappraisements on Silk Nettings Imports.

The Board of General Appraisers has taken adverse action on protests by the Surgical Supply Importing Company, dealing with the classification under the Tariff act of 1909 of hollow glass containers and covers. The Collector took duty as blown or decorated glassware. This called for a tax of 60 per cent., whereas the importers claimed 45 per cent. as manufactures of glass. There was some testimony that the cost of molding was greater than the cost of blowing, but, as the testimony was not conclusive, the board affirmed the Collector.

The board cleared the files of the following protests on account of lack of testimony: Chicago Live Stock World, German Press and Plate Company, H. Jevne Company, Frank A. Miller, Lang-Stroh Company, Mattoon & Co., F. B. Shallus, H. M. Suermondt, the Strohmeyer & Arpe Company, P. Pastene & Co., H. S. Brown & Son, S. S. Pierce Company, and T. D. Downing & Co.

The war seems to be responsible for differences between shippers of silk goods from Lyons and the local Customs officials. One of these cases was decided yesterday by Judge Howell, sitting as a reappraisement officer. It had to do with Alençon silk nettings, 180 c/m, shipped to this country by G. Combier & Co. Some of the nettings were entered as having a value of 2.30 francs per meter, while the other lines were bought in at 2.55 francs per meter. Judge Howell, after hearing testimony, affirmed the local appraiser to the extent of holding that the proper foreign market value should be 2.70 and 3.25 francs, respectively.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

August, 1915.

*The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups combined for the month of August:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads				
Aug. 2	70.73	69.77	70.13	+.46
Aug. 3	71.15	70.22	70.64	+.51
Aug. 4	70.91	70.44	70.69	+.05
Aug. 5	71.46	70.32	70.87	+.18
Aug. 6	71.51	70.72	71.28	+.41
Aug. 7	71.44	70.85	71.03	—.25
Aug. 9	71.41	70.92	71.25	+.22
Aug. 10	73.05	71.56	72.74	+1.49
Aug. 11	73.76	72.59	72.82	+.08
Aug. 12	72.88	71.86	72.01	—.81
Aug. 13	71.90	70.84	71.03	—.78
Aug. 14	71.75	71.32	71.57	+.54
Aug. 16	71.77	71.22	71.49	—.08
Aug. 17	72.84	71.50	71.85	+.36
Aug. 18	72.12	71.58	71.78	—.07
Aug. 19	71.85	71.20	71.24	—.54
Aug. 20	71.31	70.58	71.10	—.14
Aug. 21	70.77	69.93	70.00	—1.10
Aug. 23	70.54	69.39	70.38	+.38
Aug. 24	71.00	70.19	70.68	+.30
Aug. 25	71.84	70.88	71.43	+.75
Aug. 26	72.10	71.70	71.86	+.43
Aug. 27	71.86	71.58	71.70	—.16
Aug. 28	71.84	71.46	71.70	....
Aug. 30	72.81	71.65	71.98	+.28
Aug. 31	72.38	71.68	72.09	+.11
Industrials				
Aug. 2	79.01	77.22	78.49	+1.05
Aug. 3	80.39	78.27	79.22	+.73
Aug. 4	81.32	79.41	80.79	+1.57
Aug. 5	82.36	80.19	81.23	+.44
Aug. 6	82.83	80.70	81.75	+.52
Aug. 7	82.30	80.65	80.91	—.84
Aug. 9	82.80	81.01	82.20	+1.29
Aug. 10	83.08	81.64	82.16	—.04
Aug. 11	82.82	80.82	81.38	—.78
Aug. 12	81.91	81.32	82.13	+.75
Aug. 13	82.96	80.91	81.86	—.27
Aug. 14	82.47	80.77	81.75	—.11
Aug. 16	84.72	81.86	83.81	+2.06
Aug. 17	85.25	83.14	83.90	+.09
Aug. 18	84.88	82.80	84.06	+.16
Aug. 19	84.59	81.74	82.19	—1.87
Aug. 20	82.05	80.02	81.79	—.40
Aug. 21	80.93	78.66	78.78	—3.01
Aug. 23	80.04	76.96	78.78	....
Aug. 24	81.21	79.15	80.95	+2.17
Aug. 25	83.89	82.01	82.64	+1.69
Aug. 26	83.87	82.54	83.07	+.43
Aug. 27	84.61	83.05	84.07	+1.00
Aug. 28	84.55	83.67	84.06	—.01
Aug. 30	84.72	83.25	83.41	—.65
Aug. 31	83.84	82.35	83.00	—.41
Combined Average.				
Aug. 2	74.87	73.49	74.31	+.78
Aug. 3	75.77	74.24	74.93	+.62
Aug. 4	76.12	74.92	75.74	+.81
Aug. 5	76.91	75.25	76.05	+.31
Aug. 6	77.17	75.71	76.51	+.46
Aug. 7	76.87	75.75	75.97	—.54
Aug. 9	77.10	75.81	76.72	+.75
Aug. 10	78.05	76.60	77.45	+.73
Aug. 11	78.29	76.70	77.10	—.35
Aug. 12	77.77	76.59	77.07	—.03
Aug. 13	77.43	75.87	76.54	—.53
Aug. 14	77.11	76.04	76.66	+.12
Aug. 16	78.25	76.54	77.65	+.99
Aug. 17	78.79	77.32	77.87	+.22
Aug. 18	78.50	77.19	77.92	+.05
Aug. 19	78.22	76.47	76.71	—1.21
Aug. 20	76.68	75.30	76.44	—.27
Aug. 21	75.85	74.24	74.39	—2.05
Aug. 23	75.29	73.18	74.58	+.19
Aug. 24	76.11	74.67	75.82	+1.24
Aug. 25	77.86	76.44	77.03	+1.21
Aug. 26	77.98	77.12	77.46	+.43
Aug. 27	78.25	77.29	77.88	+.42
Aug. 28	78.19	77.56	77.88	....
Aug. 30	78.76	77.28	77.69	—.19
Aug. 31	78.11	77.01	77.54	—.15

August Range This Year.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
Railroads	73.76	Aug. 11	69.39	Aug. 23	72.09
Industrials	85.25	Aug. 17	76.96	Aug. 23	83.00
Combined	78.79	Aug. 17	73.18	Aug. 23	77.54

*The Stock Exchange was closed during the month of August last year.

August Range in 1913.

Railroads	83.79	Aug. 13	80.89	Aug. 1	82.58
Industrials	59.90	Aug. 29	56.77	Aug. 2	59.65
Combined	71.65	Aug. 13	68.83	Aug. 2	71.11

August Range in 1912 and 1911.

RAILROADS.					
1912	96.94	Aug. 14	93.55	Aug. 1	84.91
1911	97.35	Aug. 1	87.17	Aug. 31	87.40
INDUSTRIALS.					
1912	72.87	Aug. 14	70.29	Aug. 1	71.94
1911	67.33	Aug. 1	59.09	Aug. 28	60.14
COMBINED AVERAGE.					
1912	84.65	Aug. 14	81.92	Aug. 1	83.47
1911	82.34	Aug. 1	73.40	Aug. 20	73.77

This Year's Range to Date.

Railroads	76.19	Apr. 19	66.13	Feb. 14	72.09
Industrials	85.25	Aug. 17	51.85	Feb. 24	83.00
Combined	78.79	Aug. 17	73.18	Aug. 23	77.54

Last Year's Range to Date.

Railroads	84.94	Jan. 28	66.35	July 30	66.78
Industrials	61.71	Mar. 26	48.48	July 30	48.76
Combined	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	57.77

Year's Range in 1914.

Railroads	84.94	Jan. 28	66.35	July 30	68.04
Industrials	61.68	Jan. 31	48.48	July 30	52.36
Combined	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20

Year's Range in 1913.

Railroads	91.41	Jan. 9	75.92	June 10	79.79
Industrials	67.08	Jan. 9	50.27	June 10	56.34
Combined	79.10	Jan. 9	63.00	June 10	68.06

Year's Range in 1912.

Railroads	97.28	Oct. 4	88.39	Dec. 16	90.27
Industrials	74.50	Sep. 30	61.74	Feb. 1	66.13
Combined	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.10

Year's Range in 1911.

Railroads	99.61	June 26	84.40	Sep. 25	91.37
Industrials	69.76	June 5	54.75	Sep. 25	63.83
Combined	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
American Cigar	110	111	110	111
American Cigar pf	97½	99	97½	99
Am. Mach. & F'dry	80	90	80	90
Conley Foil	320	350	320	350
J. S. Young	165	175	165	175
J. S. Young pf	107	110	107	110
MacAndrews & F	160	170	160	170
MacAndrews & F. pf	99	101	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob	180	190	185	190
R. J. Reynolds Tob	375	395	370	385
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf	119	121	119	121

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Cloudy and warmer in w., showers in e. Wed.; Thurs. fair, warmer; moderate n. e. to e. winds.

S. Car.—Cloudy and warmer in the interior, showers near the coast Wed.; Thurs. fair, warmer; mod. n. e. to e. winds.

Ga.—Cloudy Wed.; showers near the coast; warmer in n.; Thurs. fair; mod. n. e. to e. winds.

Fla.—Showers Wed., except fair in n. w.; Thurs. fair, except showers in n. e.; mod. n. e. winds, except e. over s.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Wed.; warmer in the interior; Thurs. fair; gentle to mod. n. e. to e. winds.

La. and E. Tex.—Fair Wed.; warmer in the interior; Thurs. fair; gentle to mod. e. to s. e. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair, warmer Wed.; Thurs. fair.

Okla. and Ark.—Fair, warmer Wed. Thurs. fair and warmer.

Tenn.—Fair, warmer Wed. and Thurs.

Ky.—Fair, warmer Wed. Thurs., fair, warmer in n.

Ohio—Fair, warmer Wed. Thurs., fair, warmer in e.; moderate s. to s. winds.

Ind.—Fair, warmer Wed. Thurs., fair, mod. s. e. to s. winds.

Lower Mich.—Fair, warmer Wed., possibly showers at night in n. Thurs., fair, mod. s. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Wed., possibly showers. Thurs., fair; cooler in n. w.; fresh s. w. winds.

Mo.—Fair and warmer Wed. and probably Thurs.

Wis. and Kan.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer Wed.

Minn.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer in e. and s. Wed.; cooler in n. Thurs.

Iowa—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer Wed.

N. Dak.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; cooler.

S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; cooler Thurs.

Neb.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer in e. Wed.

Ill.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer Wed. and in n. and ... Thurs.

MERCANTILE MARINE PLANS 3 IN NUMBER

De Forest Committee to Act Independently of Van Tuyl Stockholders.

WILL FIGHT BONDHOLDERS

No Assessment on the Stock and No $20,000,000 Treasury Securities in New Scheme.

The new Stockholders' Committee of the International Mercantile Marine Company, known as the De Forest Committee, it was learned yesterday, will act independently of the old committee, known as the Van Tuyl Committee, in its efforts to block the plan of reorganization proposed by the Bannard Bondholders' Committee. Efforts were made to combine the two stockholders' committees, but dissension resulted, and the De Forest Committee withdrew to fight the reorganization single-handed.

William D. Loucks, attorney for the De Forest Committee, in confirming the report that the two stockholders' committees had failed to agree on a course of action, said that the interests he represented would proceed immediately to perfect organization arrangements and start an active campaign against the adoption of the bondholders' plan. The committee will be enlarged, and the deposit of stock, both preferred and common, will be asked for.

It is the intention of the new committee, of which ex-Congressman Henry S. De Forest is Chairman, to draw up a modified plan for the reorganization of the International Mercantile Marine. This plan will eliminate any assessment on the stock. It will provide for greater returns for the stockholders in the securities of the reorganized company than does the existing plan, and it will eliminate the provision of the existing plan which calls for treasury securities of $20,000,000. The only point of similarity in the two plans, it is understood, will be a provision for the scaling down of the company's bonded indebtedness. The new plan will be more drastic in this respect than the present plan.

By agreement with the trustees of the two mortgages on which interested has been defaulted, no decree of foreclosure can be entered against the company before Sept. 15. This is the date on which the books will close for the deposit of the bonds with the Bannard committee. Any attempt to get a foreclosure decree entered on or after Sept. 15, it is believed, will meet with organized opposition.

The demand recently served by Mr. De Forest on P. A. S. Franklin, receiver of the Marine Company, that a suit for $10,000,000 be instituted against the Directors of the company, has not been answered. It is understood, however, that Mr. De Forest will take no action in the matter until the demand can be laid before a meeting of the Board of Directors on Sept. 9.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1915	100¾	101	2.50
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100½	100¾	5.25
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1917	100	100⅝	5.75
Argen. Govt.	6	May, 1920	98¼	98¾	6.30
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	99¾	5.05
City of Q'b'c.	5	Apr., 1920	98¼	99½	5.20
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1916	100	100⅜	4.95
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	99⅞	100⅛	4.97
French Govt.	5	Apr., 1916	97¼	97⅝	10.00
German Govt.	5	Jan., 1916	97½	98	9.50
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1916	99¼	100	6.00
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1917	99¼	100	6.00
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	99¼	99¾	6.20
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1916	99½	100	5.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	96¾	97¼	6.20
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	96¼	96½	5.75
Company Issues.					
Ala. Power	6	Feb., 1918	100	101	5.60
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100⅛	101¼	3.20
Am.T.&T.sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100¾	101	3.30
Ana. Copper	5	Mar., 1917	100¾	100⅞	4.50
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1917	99⅛	99⅜	4.60
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1918	98⅝	98⅞	5.10
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100	5.00
Can. North'n	5	Sep., 1917	98	98½	5.75
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	101⅝	102⅛	5.70
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	92⅞	92⅞	7.25
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1917	100	100	1.00
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	93	94½	11.30
Con. Power	6	May, 1917	98½	99¼	6.50
Con. Gas, Balt.	5	May, 1917	98	99	4.98
C. P. R. & L.	6	June, 1916	98	99	6.38
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	100	100¼	4.70
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅛	100½	1.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.55
E. Pow. & Lt.	5	1918	93	96½	6⅛
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	98¾	99	5.60
Grand Rap. E.	5	May, 1916	100	100⅝	4.51
Grand R. Ry.	5	June, 1916	100	100⅝	4.47
Hock. V. Ry.	5	Nov., 1915	100⅛	100⅝	1.50
Hav. El. Ry.	6	Sep., 1916	98½	100	6.00
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15,'18	100	100¼	4.95
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1917	99⅛	100	6.00
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100⅛	101	1.00
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	98¼	99¾	6⅛
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	95	98⅛	6.95
Minn. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	100⅛	101	5.50
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	99	100	6.00
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	95⅜	96¼	8.20
N.Y.C.& H.R.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	1.00
N.Y..N.H.&H.	5	May, 1916	100⅛	100⅝	4.25
No. States P.	6	June, 1917	99	100	6.00
Penn. R.R.cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100	1.00
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅛	100⅝	3.75
Sea. A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅛	100⅝	3.25
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	100	100⅝	4.40
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	98	98⅝	6.15
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100⅝	101⅛	4.10
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	98	98⅝	5.45
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15,'16	94	95	14.80
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101⅝	102⅛	4.75
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99	99⅝	5.15
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100⅛	100⅝	5.40
Wst.S.G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	98¼	99¼	6.58
West. Power	6	Mar., 1917	98¼	99¼	6¾
W. Va.T.& E.	6	June, 1917	96	98	7⅛

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Twenty-one corporations were chartered today with aggregate capital stocks of $1,518,000. They include:

Willite Road Construction Co. of New York, construction, realty, personal property, water supply, $1,300,000; F. F. Hesse, J. J. Benson, C. S. Reed, Yonkers.

Salinger & Co., dresses, wearing apparel, $50,000; N. T. Jackson, B. Tannenbaum, A. Levy, 121 East 106th St.

The Hubert & Howden Co., stocks, bonds, realty, $25,000; H. B. Edwards, M. Doebele, M. M. Halley, 263 9th Av., Brooklyn.

The Tupman Thurlow Co., food products, meats, animal products, cattle raising, tanning, warehousing, $25,000; same Directors.

The Equitable Audit Co., auditing, accounting, $25,000; D. Kelman, H. H. Winter, C. S. Dorney, 68 Wall St.

The Ritz Restaurant Co., Brooklyn, hotels, restaurant, amusement places, $15,000; M. Kamber, H. Salvin, H. Fink, 450 Riverside Drive.

Crown Buckram Mills, Manbuckram, cloth, frames for ladies' hats, $10,000; H. H. Menchor, J. Bloomfield, M. Rosenstein, 640 Riverside Drive.

Arkin Dress Co., ladies' garments, $10,000; H. Lewis, D. M. and L. Arkin, Jr., 605 West 140th St., Bronx.

Bronx Industrial Estates, Bronx, realty, $10,000; J. Karlin, E. C. Gibbs, W. S. Sussman, 802 Prospect Av., Bronx.

Peroxide Stabilizer Co., drugs, chemicals, medicines, $5,000; F. Harris, P. Munter, M. G. Hayes, 41 Park Row.

Tabachnik & Warshowsky Belting and Trimming Co., belting, trimming, $5,000; I. Abramowitz, F. Rosenberg, D. Tabachnik, 109 Attorney St.

Menninger Bakeries, Brooklyn, baking confectionery, $7,500; A. Wohlfast, F. and J. Menninger, 538 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn.

S. S. S. Children's Dress Co., children's garments, $5,000; M. Schmelzer, G. P. Staats, H. Sobel, 325 East 84th St.

Loring Construction Co., realty, contracting, construction, managerial, agency, brokerage, $5,000; R. C. Birkhahn, B. Epstein, M. Raymond, 30 East 42d St.

Mrs. Hamilton, Inc., novelties, toilet articles, wearing apparel, boudoir accessories, $5,000; H. M. Wise, L. Weber, M. L. Hamilton, 48 West 58th St.

Well Worth Realty Co., Brooklyn, building supplies, realty, $5,000; C. E. Emmet, H. F. Hadden, G. C. Hedden, 876 East 14th St.

Sound Holding Corpn., Brooklyn, realty agency, brokerage, managerial, $5,000; J. T. Kenney, M. F. Mulligan, W. Lufd, 97 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Capital increase: City Bank of Syracuse, $200,000 to $500,000; Rochester Elite Laundry Co., Rochester, $10,000 to $20,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 31.—Hoboken Strand Co., Hoboken, to promote amusement enterprises, $10,000; Morris S. Schlesinger, New York; Henry M. Zeigler, New York; James M. Brennan, Jersey City.

Lehritter's Pharmacy, Asbury Park, druggists and chemists, $10,000; G. F. Lehritter, William F. McDonnell, James B. Schiller, all of Asbury Park.

TRANSACTIONS IN AUGUST.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of August aggregated 20,418,386 shares, an increase of 6,091,573 shares as compared with the previous month and of 14,337,042 shares as compared with August, 1913, the Stock Exchange remaining closed during the corresponding month last year. There were four days on which the sales exceeded a million shares, and of these the dealings on the 19th were the largest, amounting to 1,095,465 shares. The smallest full day's total was 593,392 shares, on the 2d. For the Saturday half-holiday the maximum total was 542,305 shares, on the 21st, and the minimum 324,226 shares, on the 7th.

Transactions in stocks for August and the eight months of this year, as compared with the corresponding period in each year back to 1889:

STOCKS. (SHARES.)

	August.	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.
1915	20,418,386	97,004,854
1914	Stock Exchange closed.	45,989,158
1913	6,081,844	57,276,229
1912	8,967,146	85,531,972
1911	15,042,408	74,123,566
1910	10,376,190	122,078,060
1909	24,514,021	136,434,061
1908	18,345,396	117,218,193
1907	14,502,813	143,759,112
1906	31,723,545	196,113,553
1905	20,253,170	170,912,790
1904	12,438,270	75,208,720
1903	14,464,776	111,442,918
1902	14,317,393	118,182,670
1901	10,771,812	202,490,643
1900	4,006,896	76,227,545
1899	12,813,834	121,301,106
1898	12,014,840	69,214,728
1897	11,456,804	43,825,747
1896	4,271,868	35,176,078
1895	5,281,776	42,401,640
1894	5,041,247	32,819,359
1893	4,902,415	57,819,003
1892	5,474,142	54,666,764
1891	5,761,606	38,250,400
1890	3,980,200	35,286,844
1889	5,040,317	41,961,687

Dealings in railroad and miscellaneous bonds amounted to a par value of $71,872,500; on Government bonds to $212,500; on State bonds to $163,000, and on City bonds to $802,000, a total in all classes of bonds of $73,050,000, an increase of $16,560,500, as compared with the previous month, and of $43,637,500 as compared with August, 1913. The heaviest day's trading was on the 17th, when the sales were $3,959,000, and lightest on the 13th, with a total of $2,392,000. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $1,559,000, on the 21st, and the minimum, $1,283,000, on the 14th.

Bond dealings for the month and the eight months of this year make the following showings compared with preceding years:

BONDS.

	August.	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.
1915	$73,050,000	$524,740,200
1914	Stock Exchange closed	425,061,100
1913	29,412,500	346,850,800
1912	44,672,000	500,398,000
1911	47,946,000	574,440,500
1910	31,039,000	436,770,500
1909	113,302,500	934,142,700
1908	82,647,300	608,560,820
1907	30,152,500	293,547,600
1906	55,361,000	488,378,300
1905	88,111,000	724,260,280
1904	68,434,500	436,697,460
1903	51,555,800	350,942,250
1902	53,887,300	612,871,900
1901	36,821,700	723,203,420
1900	20,105,200	334,095,460
1899	49,692,410	651,268,090
1898	73,917,306	544,049,440
1897	75,588,420	340,948,050
1896	18,492,000	252,235,900
1895	[illegible]	[illegible]
1894	36,332,300	235,744,520
1893	29,517,400	252,423,300
1892	29,553,800	371,069,010
1891	34,165,000	208,465,800
1890	16,240,300	237,157,960
1889	18,049,600	254,250,874

BOND AVERAGES.

August, 1915.

(FORTY BONDS.)

Aug. 2	82.22	+.07	Aug. 17	82.63	—.09
Aug. 3	82.28	+.06	Aug. 18	82.58	—.05
Aug. 4	82.32	+.04	Aug. 19	82.53	—.05
Aug. 5	82.31	—.01	Aug. 20	82.40	—.13
Aug. 6	82.32	+.01	Aug. 21	82.31	—.09
Aug. 7	82.23	—.09	Aug. 23	82.14	—.17
Aug. 9	82.38	+.15	Aug. 24	82.03	—.11
Aug. 10	82.40	+.02	Aug. 25	82.26	+.23
Aug. 11	82.58	+.18	Aug. 26	82.21	—.05
Aug. 12	82.64	+.06	Aug. 27	82.15	—.06
Aug. 13	82.62	—.02	Aug. 28	82.14	—.01
Aug. 14	82.73	+.11	Aug. 30	82.09	—.05
Aug. 16	82.72	—.01	Aug. 31	82.08	—.01

Range for August.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1915	82.73	Aug. 14	82.03	Aug. 24	82.08
1913	87.79	Aug. 30	87.10	Aug. 2	87.79

Year's Range to Date.—High, 84.48, April 29; low, 81.61, Jan. 2; last, 82.08.

Range Year 1914.—High, 89.42, Feb. 4; low, 81.42, Dec. 2; last, 81.96.

Range Year 1913.—High, 92.31, Jan. 10; low, 85.45, Dec. 18; last, 86.34.

NEW YORK READY TO PAY $57,000,000

Controller Prendergast to Issue Call Today for the Notes Issued Last Year.

CITY'S BIGGEST REDEMPTION

Part of $100,000,000 Raised by New York Bankers to Meet the Obligations Due in London.

Controller Prendergast will put through the largest redemption of public held securities ever undertaken by the city of New York when he calls in $57,000,000 in corporate one-year notes today. The notes were issued Sept. 1, 1914, and bear 6 per cent. interest. The issue is part of a $100,000,000 loan raised to meet foreign obligations of the city falling due shortly after the European war started. The city had taken advantage of the low rate of interest abroad, to borrow $77,000,000 in London. On account of the war, the British bankers demanded payment when the loan fell due. New York bankers floated the $100,000,000 loan to pay off the foreign debt and provide for other necessities of the city.

Fifty million dollars of the amount to be redeemed today is in corporate bonds payable to the bearer. There are about 3,000 holders, who must present them in person to the receiver of taxes. The balance of the obligations, $7,000,000, are registered. The holders have been notified that those who have bank accounts can deposit their securities with their bankers, who will then present them for redemption.

The city had been paying from 4 to 4½ per cent. interest, but the condition of the money market, owing to the European war, was such that the city had to pay 6 per cent. for its loan a year ago. There was considerable criticism at the time because of this high rate.

The banking syndicate came to the rescue of the city during the war disturbance and took the city's 6 per cent. notes, of which $57,000,000 was to mature Sept. 1, 1915; $18,000,000 to mature Sept. 1, 1916, and $25,000,000 to mature Sept. 1, 1917. The foreign indebtedness of $77,000,000 matured last Fall in September, October, November, and December. Besides there were $23,000,000 of domestic debts and estimated expenses to be defrayed.

The $57,000,000 maturing today will be in a large part paid from funds obtained by the issue last June of $46,000,000 fifty-year bonds and $25,000,000 fifteen-year serial bonds. The maturities in September, 1916 and 1917, must be met from current revenues under the terms of the contract with the bankers' syndicate. This provision was settled upon as the result of the new city policy of pay as you go.

BIG GAIN IN EXPORTS.

Shipments from This Port This Year Nearing the Billion Mark.

The increasing shipments of war munitions at this port are reflected in the Custom House report of exports issued yesterday covering the week ended Aug. 28. Outward shipments were among the highest since buying began in this country on a big scale, their value being $37,524,558, compared with $29,594,643 in the week before, and $31,804,842 in the week before that. Exports in the corresponding week a year ago amounted to only $10,214,302. Shipments at New York for the year are fast approaching the billion dollar mark, their value to date being $924,448,991, compared with $576,606,044 the same period of 1914.

England led as usual with shipments for the week worth $9,315,802. French exports, which came next, reached $8,058,181, while the British Possessions were heavy buyers with supplies valued at $3,464,508. Russia took war munitions, motor trucks, and other supplies valued at $5,175,093. Exports to other European countries were at a lower level than in recent weeks.

Argentine shipments were valued at $650,675, while Brazil's share was $615,096. Cuba took merchandise manifested at $823,198, while Panama exports totaled $181,479. Mexican exports rose to $283,110. Central American purchases were set down at $132,448.

TRADE BALANCE LEAPS.

Last Week's Record the Highest in Many Months.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—In no week since the week ended March 13 has there been so large a trade balance in favor of the United States as there was last week, when it was $33,269,039. The high record in March was $47,229,000. The average weekly trade balance for the past five months has been about $18,000,000. Exports last week reached the unusual total of $60,311,764; imports were $27,042,725 and the duties collected were $3,188,248. The shipments from New York were $37,723,623 and imports received at that port were $14,290,243. The duties collected there were $2,322,044.

The next largest showing of foreign trade occurred at Seattle, where exports went up to $1,087,003 and imports were $3,226,283. Boston's imports in the same week amounted to $3,112,969 and exports to $1,105,860. The cotton exports in the week were 32,049 bales, making the total since Aug. 1, 1915, 141,012 bales.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Missouri Pacific Railway Company Trust Five Per Cent. Bonds due January 1, 1917, and

Missouri Pacific Railway Company First Collateral Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds due August 1, 1920

The Missouri Pacific Railway Company having been placed in the hands of Receivers, as authorized by Article Fifth of the Plan and Agreement of Readjustment, dated July 1, 1915, which Plan neither makes provision for the payment of the above bonds at maturity nor for their extension, but on the contrary for their exchange par for par into a security in our opinion of inferior lien, and as announcement has been made that the interest due September 1, 1915, on the Trust Five Per Cent. Bonds will not be paid, the undersigned, as owners or representing owners of a large amount of both series of said bonds, have agreed to act as a Protective Committee.

Bondholders are requested to deposit their bonds with the Columbia Trust Company at its office, No. 60 Broadway, New York City, the Depositary of the Committee. All bonds so deposited whether registered or coupon must be in negotiable form, and coupon bonds of either issue must bear all coupons maturing subsequent to August 1, 1915. Certificates of Deposit will be issued and application will be made to list them on the New York Stock Exchange.

In the judgment of the Committee, it is imperative that immediate concerted action be taken by the bondholders for their own protection and it is, therefore, requested that bonds be deposited promptly. Copies of the Deposit Agreement now being prepared may be obtained from the Depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee.

The Committee will arrange to advance to depositing bondholders the amount of interest due September 1, 1915, upon the Trust Five Per Cent. Bonds of 1917 at the time of deposit or upon presentation of certificates of deposit for appropriate stamping. Ownership certificates in accordance with the Federal Income Tax Law must be presented. Similar action will be taken as to the interest due February 1, 1916, upon the Collateral Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of 1920 in case that interest should not be paid.

New York, August 31, 1915.

MOREAU DELANO,
Brown Brothers & Co.,
Chairman.
WILLARD V. KING,
President Columbia Trust Co.
ASA S. WING,
President, Provident Life and Trust Co. of Philadelphia.
L. EDMUND ZACHER,
Treasurer, The Travelers Insurance Co. of Hartford.

MORRELL W. GAINES, Secretary,
No. 59 Wall Street, New York City.
CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT,
Counsel.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Depositary,
No. 60 Broadway, New York City.
BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
Philadelphia and Boston,
will act for the Depositary in receiving and forwarding bonds.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY

The Receiver of the Missouri Pacific Railway having announced that payment cannot be made of the interest due September 1, 1915, upon the **Trust Five Per Cent. Bonds due January 1, 1917, the Forty Year Four Per Cent. Gold Loan Bonds** and the **Five Per Cent. First and Refunding Mortgage Fifty-Year Gold Bonds,** of The Missouri Pacific Railway Company, the respective Depositaries and Sub-Depositaries for such bonds under the Plan of Readjustment will, if desired by depositing bondholders, advance to them upon their bonds, at the time of deposit thereof, or upon presentation of their certificates of deposit heretofore issued, the amount of such interest. Ownership certificates in accordance with the Federal income tax law will be required in case of all advances.

New York, August 30, 1915.

KUHN, LOEB & CO.,
Readjustment Managers.

The Committee representing
Five Per Cent. First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds,
By ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Chairman.
The Committee representing
Forty Year Four Per Cent. Gold Loan Bonds,
By FRANK N. B. CLOSE, Chairman.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

The following coupons will be due and payable at the Main Office of this Company,
55 CEDAR STREET

On and After September 1st, 1915

Asheville, N. C., Funding & Imp. 5s
Bay Counties Power Co. 1st Con. 5s
Bergen County, N. J., Road Imp. 5s
Broadway Realty Co. 1st 5s
Camden County, N. J., Road Imp. 4½s
Coast Valleys Gas & Elec. Co. 6s
Dodge County, Ga., C. H. & Rd. Imp. 5s
Elyria, Ohio, Bridge & Imp. 5s & 6s
Essex County, N. J., Park 4s
Essex Co., N. J., C. H. Annex 4s
Fairmount, Va., Water & Sewer 6s
Florida Publishing Co. 6s
Fort Wayne & Nor. Ind. Trac. Co. 5s
Glassport, Pa., Funding 4½s
Glassport, Pa., School 4½s & 5s
Hawaii Ter. Pub. Imp. (Sept. 3rd) 4s
Hawaii Ter. Pub. Imp. (Sept. 15th) 4s
Hempstead, L.I., Un.F.S. Dist. No. 15 4½s
Hudson River Traction Co. 5s
Jacksonville, Fla. Dock & Terminal 4½s
Los Angeles P. R. R. Co. of Cal. 1st 5s
Memphis, Tenn., Park 4s
Millburn, N. J., Sewer 4½s
Montvale, N. J., Funding 5s
New Canaan, Conn., Fund. (Sept. 15) 3½s
N. J. & Hud. R. Ry. & Fy. Co. 1st 4s
Oswego, N. Y., Sewer 4½s
Pacific Lt. & Power Corp. 1st & Ref. 5s
Petaluma & Santa Rosa Ry. Co. 1st 5s
Pleasantville, N. Y., Water 4½s
Queens Place Realty Co. 2d 6s
Salem, Va., Water & Imp. 5s
School City, Ft. Wayne, Ind. Sch. 4s
Schuylerville, N. Y., Water 4½s
Southern Michigan Ry. Co. 1st 5s
South Orange, N. J., P. F. & S. 4½s
South Orange, N.J., Imp. (Sept. 18th) 5s
Superior Water, Light & Pr. Co. Ref. 5s
Teaneck Township, N. J., S. D. No. 2 5s
Toledo, Ohio, Refunding 4s
Toledo, O., Gen'l St. Imp. (Sept. 15th) 4½s
Toledo, Ohio, Education 4½s
Toledo, Ohio, Education (Sept. 8th) 4s
U. S. Mort. & Trust Co. Series "N" 4s
United Thacker Coal Co. 1st 5s
Volney Paper Co. 1st 5s
Warren, Ark., S. D. 6s
Westerly, R. I., Water 3½s
West Orange, N. J., S. D. 4s
Wilson, N. C., Imp. (Sept. 23rd) 5s
Yellowstone Co., Mont., S. D. No. 2 4½s

BRANCHES
Broadway at 73d St. 125th St. at Eighth Ave.

Coupons Due and Payable at the Office of
A. B. LEACH & CO.
149 BROADWAY, N. Y.

SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1915.
Arcadia, N. Y., Refunding.
Billings, Mont., Bonds.
Bloomington, Ill., School.
Carthage, Texas, School.
Clinton, Ill., High School.
Cook Co., Ill., School District No. 89.
Cumberland Co., P. & L. First & Ref'g.
Des Moines, Ia., Ind. Sch. Dist.
Elizabeth City, N. C., Street Imp.
Georgia Light & Power Rys. Co.
Hillsdale, N. J., Road Imp.
Huntington, Ind., Water Works.
Itasca County, Minn., Court House.
Kearney, Neb., City Buildings.
Kokomo, Ind., School.
La Crosse, Wis., Street Improvement.
Mecklenburg, Imp.
Mobile County, Ala., Refunding.
Morrison County, Minn., Ditch.
Muskogee, Ind. Ter., Sch., Sew. & Water.
Polk County, Minn., Ditch.
Polk Co., N. C., Home and Court House.
Runge, Texas, School.
Summitville, Ind., Funding.
SEPTEMBER 3D.
Pontiac, Mich.
Shelbyville, Ill., Public Imp.
SEPTEMBER 7TH.
Albion, Ind., Water.
SEPTEMBER 11TH.
Swayzee, Ind., School.
SEPTEMBER 12TH.
Red Lake Co., Minn., Ditch.
SEPTEMBER 13TH.
Alexandria, Ind., Funding.
SEPTEMBER 14TH.
Argos, Ind., Water.
SEPTEMBER 15TH.
Georgia Lt., P. & Ry. 6% Notes.
Jackson, Mich., Paving.
Shelton, Wash., Water.
Winnebago Co., Wis., Asylum.
SEPTEMBER 16TH.
Alexandria, Ind., Funding.
SEPTEMBER 20TH.
Vandalia, Ill., Water.
SEPTEMBER 24TH.
Fairmount, Ind., Water Works.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
59 CEDAR STREET
NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE DURING THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1915:

SEPTEMBER 1, 1915.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co. Reg. Guar. Quarterly Div. 1¾%.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co. Special Guar. Quarterly Div. 1%.
Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry. Co. Gen. 5s.
Lima, Ohio, Water Works 5s.
Marion County, Indiana, 3½% Voting Machine Bonds.
Portsmouth, Ohio.

$35,000,000
REPUBLIC OF CUBA
5% Gold Bonds of 1904.

Coupons due September 1, 1915, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.

SPEYER & CO.
New York, August 28, 1915.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Convertible Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds

Coupons from these bonds, payable by their terms on September 1, 1915, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York by the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street.

G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

HENDEE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Springfield, Massachusetts.
Preferred Capital Stock Dividend No. 3.
August 24th, 1915.

A dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent. on the preferred stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Friday, October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 20th, 1915.

Checks will be mailed by the Union Trust Company of Springfield, Massachusetts.

FRANK J. WESCHLER, Treasurer.

M. 15,000,000
City of Frankfort O.-M., Germany
3½% Bonds, Loan of 1901, Series 1.

Coupons due September 1, 1915, of above loan will be paid on presentation at our office, on or after September 1st.

SPEYER & CO.
New York, August 28, 1915.

SOUTH PORTO RICO SUGAR CO.
August 31, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared quarterly dividends of 2% on Preferred Stock and 1% on Common Stock, and an extra dividend of 2% on Common Stock, all payable on October 1, 1915, to stockholders of record September 11, 1915.

F. A. DILLINGHAM, Sec'y.

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
Twenty-Year 4½% Gold Bonds of 1921.
COUPONS DUE SEPTEMBER 1, 1915, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at the Executive Office of the Society, 346 Fourth Avenue, corner 25th Street, on and after September 1st.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.
25 Broad St., New York, August 20, 1915.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) will be paid October 1, 1915, to Preferred Stockholders of record at 3 P. M. September 17, 1915.

LANCASTER MORGAN, TREASURER.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
16, 18, 20 and 22 WILLIAM STREET
New York City

Coupons and Dividends due in September are payable at this office on and after September 1st, 1915, as follows:

American Brake Shoe & Foundry Company
Army & Navy Club of Manila
Apex Leasing Company
Butler Water Company, (Issue of 1901)
Butler Water Company, (Issue of 1908)
Doe Run Lead Company 6s
Granite City, Madison & Venice Water Company
Kingston City Railroad Company
Kinston Cotton Mills
Marinette City Water Company
Mt. Vernon Water Works Company 5%
Mt. Vernon Electric Light & Power Company
Merrill City Water Works Company
Olean, City of
Orange County Lighting Company
Southern Power Company
Stroock Felt Mills
Westchester Street Railroad Company
Wichita Water Company
SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1915
James Everard's Breweries
SEPTEMBER 30TH, 1915
Thomas McMullen & Company

Dividends

SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1915
Fort Wayne & Jackson Railroad Company
F. W. Woolworth Company, Common
Sheffield Farms-Slawson-Decker Company, Preferred

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

The regular Semi-Annual Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and the regular Quarterly Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on Friday, October 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M., on Wednesday, September 1, 1915.

Stockholders who have not already done so are urgently requested to file dividend mailing orders with the undersigned, from whom blank forms may be had upon application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., Aug. 12, 1915.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION
Notice of Dividend on Preferred Stock.

The third instalment of 1¾% of the seven per cent. dividend which was declared upon the preferred stock of Bethlehem Steel Corporation on January 19, 1915, will be payable October 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on September 18, 1915; and the fourth on January 3, 1916, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on December 16, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

B. H. JONES, Secretary.
Dated September 1, 1915.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Convertible 4½ Per Cent. Golds Bonds

Coupons from these bonds, payable by their terms on September 1, 1915, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York by the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street.

G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER CO.

Coupon No. 32, due September 1, 1915, from the First Mortgage Bonds of the American Hide & Leather Company, will be paid on and after September 1, by the Equitable Trust Company of New York, 35-37 Wall Street, New York. GEORGE A. HILL, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M., September 7, 1915, for delivering tinned apricots, lima and string beans, calcium magnesium chloride, averaging counter, manhole covers and frames, hardware, etc., fire hydrants, laying pavement, pig lead, water meter, cast and wrought iron pipe, shellac, bituminous enamel and solution, electrical supplies, cutting torches and regulating and reducing valves, light cotton undershirts, and gate valves at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., etc. Apply for proposals to the purchasing office, New York, N. Y., or to the Bureau. SAMUEL McGOWAN, Paymaster General, U. S. N. 8-18-15.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, Washington, Aug. 7, 1915.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Purchasing Agent for this Department until 2 o'clock P. M. September 8, 1915, for furnishing and delivering from time to time as may be required and ordered during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, for use in the Postal Service, gasoline motor trucks, as follows: Five or more of one-half ton capacity; five or more of three-quarters ton capacity; five or more of one and one-half tons capacity; and five or more of three tons capacity. Blanks for proposals, including blue prints and specifications, will be furnished upon application to the Purchasing Agent. A. S. BURLESON, Postmaster General.

STERLING EXCHANGE DECLINES TO $4.55

Market Demoralized by a Drop of 5½ Cents in the Value of the Pound in One Day.

LONDON FEARS A $4.50 RATE

Stock Brokers Advise Customers to be Cautious Until Prices of Foreign Bills Advance.

Demoralization of the foreign exchange market was accentuated yesterday by offerings in large amount from sereval quarters when there was very little purchasing demand. The resultant break was the widest that has yet occurred, and bankers were at a loss last night to know what position to take. Demand sterling, in which most bills are drawn, broke from $4.60½, the closing price on Monday, to $4.57 before 3 o'clock, and after a temporary rally, dropped another two cents to $4.55. That was the closing figure on the worst market exchange dealers have ever seen.

A drop of 5½ cents in the value of the pound in a single day is so far beyond the imagination of dealers that no one was willing to predict the point at which the market would find a bottom. The English pound is selling here at a discount of 31.6 cents at last night's prices.

The weakness in yesterday's exchange rates was accounted for in some quarters by the withdrawal of support on the part of banks which had been buying exchange on earlier breaks, only to find after each experience that they must assume a loss. At least one important buyer of exchange has finally surrendered his bullish position and for the time being given up his efforts to steady the market.

Relief Plan Suggested.

The exchange situation has become a factor in the stock market, and many brokers were advising customers yesterday to assume no new commitments until it changed for the better. A great deal of interest is being shown in the forthcoming visit of English and French financiers who are coming to discuss with local bankers ways and means for restoring the value of exchange in international settlements. It is expected in some quarters that the first of the conferences will be held the last of this week, and that the American representatives in the discussions will be prepared to make some new offers for the purpose of righting the market.

One of these is a proposal that London shall be relieved of the necessity of discounting so many bills. It is thought that an arrangement can be made whereby exporters of cotton and grain, instead of drawing on London, can discount their bills with New York banks, which will grant the English debtors several renewals to carry the obligations beyond the usual season.

It is maintained by some exchange authorities that the funds provided here by Great Britain in the form of gold and loans on bonds deposited for collateral, have not kept pace with the growth in war exports, and that if a balance were struck now a very large credit arrangement would be needed to effect a settlement.

Brokers generally look for an upturn in foreign exchange on the announcement of arrangements for a large credit for the Allies, but they say that nothing but peace negotiations will restore rates to parity. Sterling cables yesterday got down to $4.56, francs to 6.02, and marks to 80.38.

Causes Enormous Losses.

What this depreciation actually means in money loss was explained yesterday by a man in touch with conditions in Wall Street.

"It has been estimated," he said, "that the war contracts placed in this country by England amount to $500,000,000. Now, these must be paid for here in American dollars, and if a pound sterling will buy only $4.50, as it is feared it will do before long, instead of $4.8665, as it does at par, then England will have to add nearly 37 cents in every pound when she pays. That is a premium of more than 7 per cent.

"In other words, British purchasers will have to send $1.07 to pay for every dollar's worth of goods, and to cover the $500,000,000 worth of goods contracted for they will have to pay out $535,000,000. This very serious loss, of course, is something that British business men do not intend to suffer if it can be prevented. But it cannot be prevented very well by the shipment of gold, for England has not gold in sufficient quantity. The bullion in the Bank of England last week was only about $335,000,000. Moreover, we do not want it, for we have already plenty of gold in this country, and the shipment of any more would in the end cause a period of great inflation such as would be disastrous to American business.

Several Remedies Suggested.

"Much more probable is it that England will cancel some contracts for such things as are not indispensable, but arms, ammunition, aeroplanes, automobiles, &c., she must have. She might buy in other countries such as the Argentine, where the exchange rate is more favorable, but these do not furnish a sufficiently capacious market.

"Another method would be the sale of the American securities still held in England. Many English investors have been unwilling to sell their American securities, but now, when they can sell them in this country for money which is worth $1.06 in London for every dollar in New York, the temptation to make this profit is likely to cause some unloading.

"There are several ways to correct the exchange situation, so far as I can see. One of these is to establish a huge credit here. Another is to resume exports from Great Britain on a huge scale. A third is to cancel contracts. The war practically precludes hope of increased exports for a time, and, in my opinion, the safety of the British Isles demands that there be no delay in the forwarding of supplies, such as would result if contracts were cancelled here to be placed elsewhere. Consequently, there is nothing for it but a big British loan, and experts from London are now on the way here to arrange this."

Britons Face Big Losses.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The American exchange problem is becoming more serious, notwithstanding recent shipments of gold to New York. Cable transfers were traded in to a considerable amount this morning at 4.60½. The quotation declined in the afternoon to 4.60 on the demand for remittances here.

Insurance houses and other financial institutions are taking advantage of the low rate to sell further blocks of American bonds, as the depreciation in these securities is more than balanced by the profit on exchange, even considering the cost of insuring and shipping bonds.

American financial houses and British traders who have funds to remit to America face a serious loss at the present low level of exchange. In some quarters a rate as low as 4.50 is being talked of for the near future unless effective action is taken.

The abnormal condition of the exchange market is much discussed in banking circles, and the belief is now expressed in some quarters that the authorities have worked out a plan to remedy the situation; otherwise, it is thought, they would have taken action before this to prevent the rate from falling to such a low level. It is agreed that a loan is necessary. Meantime the sovereign is depreciating in value in connection with payments to America notwithstanding the continued sale of securities and shipments of gold.

Prices Steady on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Aug. 31.—Prices were steady on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 68 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 59 centimes.

LONDON MARKET QUIET.

Money in Good Demand for Payment on the War Loan.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Money was in good demand today for the payment of the call on the war loan. Discount rates were steady.

The stock market was quiet. Japanese bonds and the war loan were frequently marked, and copper stocks were steady, with the exception of Anaconda. American bonds were sold owing to the profit accruing through the present low rate of sterling exchange, which reached a record, cable transfers touching 4.60⅛. South African issues were firm under the lead of diamonds, which were steadily absorbed.

American securities were inclined to sag. United States Steel, Union Pacific, and New York Central were the most active shares. The closing was quiet.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

News in the wheat market was of a bearish character, and prices again made new low records for the season, closing with a partial rally, but at net losses of ⅞ to 1½c. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.09¼, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, prompt, and No. 2 hard, $1.10¼, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, to arrive; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 97½c, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 92¾c, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	..	..	$1.02¾	$1.04¼	$1.17½

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	95⅝	92⅞	93⅜	95¼	1.10
Dec.	93¼	91	92⅝	93½	1.14⅝
May	98⅛	95⅝	97¼	98⅝	1.21¼

CORN.

Warmer weather over the Western corn belt and prospects of a general rise in temperature throughout the entire country caused an active selling movement in the corn market yesterday, and prices were weak, closing with net losses of 1½ to 1¾c. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 86¾c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	73⅝	71¼	71⅝	73½	79
Dec.	63⅜	61¼	61⅝	63½	72⅛
May	64½	62⅜	63¼	64¼	74

OATS.

The oats market was easier early, in sympathy with wheat and corn and on large receipts and favorable weather for the movement, but rallied sharply on reports of export sales of over one million bushels, and closed firm, with net gain of ⅜c to ¾c. The local cash market was nominal; No. 2 white quoted at 42 to 43c, and No. 4 white at 40 to 41c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September ...	36⅛	35⅝	36½	35¾	48
December ...	36¼	35½	36¼	35¾	51⅝
May	38⅝	37⅝	38⅝	38	54⅝

PROVISIONS.

The provision market declined early, especially for pork, under selling by longs as a result of weakness in the hog market and in sympathy with grain, but late in the day a firmer tone developed on covering, and final prices were at about the best. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 16,000; estimated for Wednesday, 23,000; Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 5,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
September ...	8.15	8.05	8.12	8.05	10.15
October	8.25	8.12	8.25	8.17	10.37
Ribs—					
September ...	8.35	8.27	8.27	8.32	12.60
October	8.47	8.42	8.42	8.47	12.37
Pork—					
September ...	13.40	13.25	13.32	13.32	20.00
October	13.57	13.45	13.52	13.52	..

COTTONSEED OIL.

A covering movement took place in the market for cottonseed oil and prices were firmer. Crude oil was being offered in moderation, and leading commission houses with Southern connections showed a disposition to sell on the bulges. Final prices were slightly below the top, but showed net gains of 9 to 14 points. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.80@6.15	5.67
September	5.83	5.71	5.81@6.00	5.68
October	5.76	5.63	5.72@5.73	5.58
November	..	..	5.75@5.78	5.62
December	5.85	5.71	5.78@5.80	5.68
January	5.95	5.81	5.90@5.92	5.79
February	..	..	5.98@6.03	5.89
March	6.13	6.02	6.11@6.12	5.98
April	..	..	6.17@6.25	6.00

COFFEE.

The coffee market was dominated largely by the exchange situation and prices were lower, closing with net losses of 7 to 11 points. Total sales for the day were 22,750 bags. The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7 cents. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	6.15	6.10	6.08@6.09	6.15
October	..	..	6.11@6.12	6.20
November	..	..	6.14@6.15	6.24
December	6.30	6.15	6.17@6.19	6.28
January	..	..	6.21@6.22	6.32
February	..	..	6.25@6.26	6.36
March	6.45	6.30	6.30@6.31	6.40
April	..	..	6.35@6.36	6.45
May	6.55	6.40	6.40@6.41	6.50
June	..	..	6.45@6.46	6.55
July	6.50	6.50	6.50@6.51	6.60
August	..	..	6.54@6.56	..

SUGAR.

Opening quiet, 2 points higher to 5 points lower, the future market was inactive all the morning, with no sales up to the noon hour. There was little news of interest in the raw and refined situation, and the market lagged all day, closing 1 point net higher to 1 point net lower, with total sales 400 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	3.67	3.67	3.66@3.68	3.66
October	3.53	3.53	3.52@3.54	3.52
November	..	..	3.41@3.43	3.42
December	..	..	3.22@3.24	3.23
January	3.10	3.10	3.07@3.10	3.06
February	..	..	3.07@3.10	3.06
March	..	..	3.09@3.12	3.09
April	..	..	3.11@3.13	3.10
May	..	..	3.13@3.16	3.13
June	..	..	3.14@3.16	3.14
July	..	..	3.16@3.17	3.15

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts for week, 55,758 packages, as compared with 61,828 packages last week. Exports for week, 2,105 packages to Europe; to other countries, 316 packages. Imports for week, 26 packages. Some falling off in the arrivals, trade improved, and the market is closing about ½c higher on the desirable grades of creamery. Current sales of extras are mainly at 26½c, more than 500 tubs selling at that price under the call on 'Change yesterday morning. There is a decrease in the proportion of higher scoring lots, and these are taken by most of the buyers at 27@27½c. A large part of the fresh receipts, as well as the accumulated stock, grades fair seconds to fine firsts, and these range from 23@26c. There is a little more out-of-town demand. Renovated has advanced ½c because of the higher cost at points of manufacture, and ladles and packing stock show corresponding improvement with trade very good. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 26½c; higher scoring, 27@27½c; firsts, 24½@26c; seconds, 22½@24c; thirds, 21½@22c; State Dairy, finest, 26c; good to prime, 23½@25½c; common to fair, 20@23c; renovated, extras, 23½@24c; firsts, 22½@23c; lower grades, 20@21½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22@22½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 21@21½c; seconds, 20c; lower grades, 18@19c; packing stock, June make, fine, 20c; current make, fine, 19½c; No. 2, 19c; lower grades, 16@18½c.

EGGS.—Receipts for week, 73,561 cases. The arrivals of fresh gathered eggs have been light for the season, and the market has shown a generally firm tone. Some further advance in prices. At the close arrivals were more liberal than the tenor of Western advices led receivers to expect, but they included some lots of held eggs, and the supply of desirable fresh stock is still comparatively light. The market is sustained at the advance established, but closed with less activity, and there is not a complete clearance. Storage eggs are being used to some extent, chiefly from dealers' own stocks; occasional sales are reported from first hands in the ranges quoted, and at those figures there seems to be more than an ample offering of average best and lower grades. Some exceptionally fancy marks are held for more money. Nearby white eggs have accumulated in the average prime and lower qualities, and there has been a strong pressure to sell these at reasonable offers; very fancy new laid stock of uniformly large size and chalk-white color is in comparatively small supply and steady. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 27@28½c; extra firsts, 25@26½c; firsts, 24@24½c; seconds, 22@23½c; thirds and poorer, 20@21½c; dirties, No. 1, 20½@21c; No. 2 and poorer, 18@20c; checks, good to choice, dry 18½@19c; culls and inferior, 15@18c; refrigerator, firsts, 23@24c; seconds, 21½@22½c; thirds, or poorer, 18@21c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 32@35c; ordinary to good, 27@31c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 26@32c; Western, gathered whites, 25@28c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 29@31c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 24@28c; nearby, refrigerator whites, 26½@28c.

COLBURN'S BEQUESTS DISPUTED BY WIDOW

Objects to Distribution of $300,000 to Carnegie Institution and Science Service.

$1,200 A YEAR LEFT TO HER

Husband Said in Will He Did Not Want Her Tempted by "Charlatans or Parasites."

When the United States Trust Company filed an accounting of the estate of Richard T. Colburn in the Surrogates' Court yesterday it was indicated that his widow and relatives would contest the distribution of the residuary estate, amounting to $300,000, between the Carnegie Institution of Washington and the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

The accounting shows that there was a balance on Aug. 16 of $318,631.91, and that the widow had received an income of $100 a month and a legacy of $1,000, in addition to certain personal effects of her husband. The total paid out under the will was $4,900.

The widow and Richard T. Colburn, the next of kin of Mr. Colburn allege that Section 17 of the decedent estate law applies to the case, and the distribution of the residuary estate to the institutions named is invalid in that it excedes half of the estate.

Under the will of her husband, who died on Dec. 9, 1913, in his eighty-first year, the widow was to receive $1,000 outright, his personal effects, and $1,200 a year until she died or married. After a few minor bequests the residuary estate was left to the Carnegie Research Fund of Washington, D. C., named as the Carnegie Institution, and to the American Association for the Advancement of Science, share and share alike, the interest to be used for original research in physical or "psychic demonstrable sciences."

In that part of the will dealing with his bequests to his widow he says that he makes her the allowance "in order not to tempt her into unsound investment, speculations or lures of promoters, fortune hunters, charlatans, or parasites, this allowance is strictly limited for good and sufficient reasons. A modest scale of expenditure is my injunction to her."

He further provided that an executor be appointed by the Surrogate to administer the estate in accordance with the terms of the will, "provided always that the beneficiaries named herein shall be in no way culpable or responsible for hastening or causing my demise."

HORSEMAN LEFT $113,000.

Cornwell, Driver of Famous Blind Mare, Willed All to Family.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 31.—Alfred C. Cornwell, a veteran horse trainer, who was killed on the fair ground track here on Aug. 14, when a mare he was driving ran away, left an estate of $113,000, according to an affidavit filed here today by his widow, Margaret Cornwell, in a petition for letters of administration.

The estate consists of $66,000 real and $47,000 personal. The realty consists of a forty-acre farm at Searingtown, near Roslyn, and several parcels on Riverside Drive, New York. The personal is principally mortgages. The entire estate goes to the widow and eight children, seven of whom are sons.

Cornwell was a native of Brooklyn and conducted a butcher business there before becoming a trainer and driver of horses. The blind mare, Amboy, which he drove in many races and won big stakes, made him famous. He was known to horsemen at nearly every track in the Eastern States.

Dr. E. R. L. Gould's Will Filed.

The will of Dr. Elgin R. L. Gould, City Chamberlain under Mayor Low and at the time of his death President of the City and Suburban Homes Company, was offered for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. Dr. Gould died on Aug. 18 at Cartier, North Bay, Canada, from the effects of being kicked by a horse. In his will he gives his business as that of a "statistician" and the estate as exceeding $10,000 in value. The entire income is left to his widow, Mrs. Mary Helen Gould of 57 West Fifty-second Street. At her death the principal is to be divided equally between his three sons and one daughter.

TO INVESTIGATE B. R. T.

After Inquiry Kracke Will Answer Claim of $700,000 Loss.

Bridge Commissioner F. J. H. Kracke, on behalf of the city, will make an investigation into the earning power of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company as to its local and through traffic. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit asked the Bridge Commissioner to renew at the old rate the permit to operate cars on the Williamsburg Bridge and was anxious to avoid a heavier toll for its privilege on the ground that it was losing $700,000 a year.

Commissioner Kracke said yesterday that he would answer this contention only after an investigation by his department in conjunction with expert accountants from the Public Service Commission and the Controller's office.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The commission has closed the application lists for the following classes: Alienist, Grades 2 and 3; pathologist-bacteriologist, typewriting copyist, Grade 2, (female;) trade instructor, automobile engineman, (with knowledge of hoisting apparatus for sewage disposal;) craneman, (electrical,) Part 3 of labor class; fireman, Deputy Chief, Bureau of Fire Prevention; typewriting copyist, second grade, (male;) pharmacist.

The examination for promotion to fire chaplain, it is reported, will take place not later than December. First Assistant Chief Examiner Murray of the commission is said to have been in consultation with Acting Fire Commissioner Weeks and Chief Kenlon regarding the conditions governing the examination. The test will be about the same as the previous one.

The experience papers have been rated in the examinations for Inspector of Weights and Measures, Deputy Chief, Fire Prevention Bureau, and Deputy Tax Commissioner. The physical examinations, which have been deferred owing to the physical examination for firemen now under way, will be the next step. The physical dates for the foregoing examinations, however, will soon be set.

United States.

The commission announces an open competitive examination for Quarantine Inspector, for men only, to fill a vacancy in the office of the Federal Horticultural Board, Department of Agriculture, at $2,400 a year. The duties will be to supervise the fumigation of imported cotton, which for the most part will arrive at the ports of Boston and New York; to guard against the introduction of insect pests, and will require practical knowledge of the methods of hydrocyanic acid gas fumigation.

Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education, experience, publications, and thesis.

The applicant must submit with his application a thesis of not less than 2,000 words on "the history and present status of fumigation with hydrocyanic acid gas." Applicants must not have reached their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Applications must be filed with the commission at Washington up to and including Sept. 23.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Motion days during the month of September, 1915, will be as follows:

Bankruptcy motions on Wednesday, Sept. 8, 15, 22, and 29.

General motions on Sept. 2, 9, 15, 23, and 30.

Notes of issue for the bankruptcy motion calendar must be filed on the Monday preceding the motion day.

Notes of issue for the general motion calendar must be filed not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the motion day.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 235, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. Bankruptcy discharges.

Charles Haas.
William Weiser.
Joseph Kraus.
Nathan Rubenstein.
Bennie Holiner.
Isaak Klein & Son.
George L. Cox.
Charles Ironson.
Albert G. Cutler.
Jacob W. Binder.
E. H. Reardon.
Homier Brothers.
Frank K. Drisler.
Yankee Waist Co.
Under objection:
John Hodge.
Joseph Kantrowitz.
Isaac Borowsky.
D. Hawkins.
Benjamin Moskowitz.
Adjourned case:
Silver & Rabinowitz.
Motions:
Jacob N. Binder.
New Premier Market.
Stultz Brothers.
Bangs Laboratories.
Carlos Fernandez & Co.
Stoppani & Hotchkin.
Louis C. Neuberger.
W. H. Wellman.
Maud B. Barclay.
Brenner Talking Machine Co.
Edward G. Saltmann.
B. Ackerman.
John T. Courtney.
W. Friedlander, Inc.
Maurice Altman.
John O'Reilly.
Osborne, Rea & Co.
Maud B. Barclay.
Cumberland Silk Co.
Orville E. Short, (2.)
Charles Greenhut.
Max Kobre.
Hans Triest.
Frank A. Brobst.
B'klyn Emb. &c. Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Equity calendar at 10 A. M.

Indiv Drinking Cup Co<Pub Service Co.
Stotesburg<Huber.
Spear, (Trustee)<Jennings.
Lande<Sternberg.
O K Tool Holder Co<J H Williams Co.
Hansen<Hansen.
Ambrosius<Ambrosius.
U S Benefit of Renold<N Y S Const Co
Hegeman<Weber.
O'Conner, (Trustee)<Reilly.
Wadley<Elec Operators Co.
Bonnell<Ward.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Munn & Co<Beach.
Gursky<Blair (2.)
Roemer<Morris Hts Realty Co.
Re Narzisenfeld.
Rabe<Baldwin.
Suffern & Son<Warfield.
Hall<Wall & Hanover St Realty Co.
Bunnell<Schneck.
Neeff<B H RR.
Winberg<B, Q Co &c, RR.
Wipf<B H RR.
Strowger<Nas El RR.
Needham Piano, &c, Co<Heiser.
Loeb<Goldsmith.
Popkin<Nas El RR.
Re Goldstein.
Hans<Hans.
Hart<Gibson.
Berman<B H RR.
Bunnell<Public Bank.
Deegan<City Sales Agency.
Monypeny<Monypeny.
Loutrel<Van Benschoten.
CNY<Loyal Bldg Co.
Kaplen<CNY.
Funke<Funke.
La Monde<De Soria.
Donovan<Dougherty.
Stefelband<Wenzel.
De Von<Cuneo.
McLaughlin<McLaughlin.
Astor Trust Co<McKinstry.
Maiden Lane Sav Bk<Graff Realty Co.
Re Standard Comput Scale Co.
Usdansky<Smith
Grosslight<Meyer.
Woolcott<Shubert.
Domestic & Foreign Missy Socy<Sheppard.
Re Alexandre.
Van Turl<Schwab.
Larchan<Sandrovitz.
Leszynsky<Levinsohn.
Kotler<Silberstein.
Kenny<Gilleran.
Warkman<Gt Neck Villa Co.
Isaacsohn<Isaacsohn.
Atlas<Zaslawsky.
Adams<Swift.
Summon<Kimmel.
State of Yucatan<Argumedo.
Silver<Scoville.
Salisbury<Stein.
Hedden Iron Cont Co<Slattery Bldg, &c.
Treitel<Bamberger.
NY Life Ins Co<Michalover.
Phoenix<Cushier.
Phelps<Kurzman.
Municipal Liens Co<Burton.
Happe<Wilson.
Leggett & Co<Degnon Cont Co.
Rosen-Baum<Rosen-Baum.
Markowsky<Markowsky.
Boody<Baker.
Hendler<Spatt.
Suffern & Son<Warfield.
Phillips<F & D Co.

PART II.—Whitaker, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART IV.—Recess.

PARTS III., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate:

Eveleen A. Waterman,
Jason C. Lotterband,
Abram Kaplan,
Mary Murphy.
Catherine Gibson.
M. I. Schwartz.
Dora S. Horwitz.
Mary Duffy.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Goldberg<Schulman.
Schulman<Wallace.
Shevisky<T New Const Co.
Warner<Mills & Marvin Co.
Berkowitz<Cole.
Louis<London Assur Corp.
Jackson<Fritz
Clarke<Mundheim.
Libien<McGowen.
McCarthy<Cutrene.
Hoffman<Zauderer.
Zinaman<Wallowitz.
Gottfried<Mailhouse.
Rosenblum<Westin.
Realty Co<Neuman.
Koffler<Lowenhaupt.
Samuel<Richards.
Wilbeth R Co<Crystal

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Mulholland<Allen—Ashbel P Fitch. Eagleton<Boom—Jacob A Cantor.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—August<Lefevre—Joseph J. Cunningham.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—John W. Bohlmann<Aaron Goodman—Ferdinand Levy. Luigia Laporta<Concetta Guinta—John F. Bottomley. Katharine A. Kingsland<Solomon Gerstner—Chester J. Byrnes. Charles Surut<Doris Osserman—Joseph Cohen. Rockdale Land and Import Co.<Douglas W. Brown—John F. Bottomley. East River Savings Institution—Quadriborough Land and Development Co., (2)—Alexander Rickard. Louise L. Williams<Michael Kurzman—John W. Keller.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—Motion calendar adjourned until Sept. 7.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J. Duncan<Stevenson—Cyrus C Miller.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Germania Life Ins Co<Newman Holding Co—John P Leo. Same<same—John P Leo.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—Motions.

Hudson Wrecking & L Co<Burak.
Gottlieb<Booth.
Raeder Co<Price.
Vincentsnysky<Nalecz.
Matusow<Meadow.
Re Lally.
O'Toole<Netherlands-Am S Nav Co.
Collins<Thompson-Starrett Co
Crabbe<Degnon Contr Co.
Borough Bank<Gow.
Gannon<Engel Co.
Licitra<Sarno.
Wechsler<Salomon.
Kramer<Kramer, (2.)
O'Rourke<O'Rourke.
Doerfler<Pottberg.
Sapan<Friedman.
Fuhrmann<Fuhrmann.
Suffolk Tract Co<Ascher.
Panzer<Title G & T Co.
Graham<Graham.
Klatzkie<Sussman.
Re Scidmore.
Metzger<Kunz.
Zimmerman<Friedman.
Kramer<Kramer.
Re Winch.
Poppolardo<Poppolardo.
Re Leary.
Wachtel<Schwartz
Schanz<Boyd H. Wood Co.
Whiskeman<same.
Matuson<Meadow.
Rosenberg<D'Ascole.
Black<Black.
Re Fast, (Picker, assignee.)
Arnoldi<Mitchell.
Licitra<Sarno.
Salomon<Nitti.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Undefended divorces:
Sullivan,
Schmidt,
Tapp,
Mangin,
Deitch,
Levine,
Wagner,
Shinkle,
Cerasuolo,
Cullen,
Rohr,
Berman,
Sampliner,
Jacobs,
Lewenberg,
Miller,
Guardiola,
Adler.

PART III.—No calendar.

TRIAL TERM—No calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Mary L. O'Connell,
John Mahoney,
Margaret Golden.
Accounting of:
Peter Hickey.
Lillian Von Deesten,
Florence Von Deesten,
John Wortman.
Estate of:
Frederick R. Cohen.

County Court.

CIVIL—No calendar.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..5:26|Sun sets..6:35|Moon rises..10:26

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook........	12:26	12:54	6:38	7:30
Governors Island....	1:09	1:39	7:34	8:27
Hell Gate..........	2:59	3:29	9:14	10:07

Arrived—Tuesday, Aug. 31.

SS Overdale, Spezia, Aug. 15.
SS Trinidad, Cardiff, Aug. 10.
SS Belita, Jamaica, Aug. 26.
SS Olinda, Nipe, Aug. 18.
SS Stavangaren, Sama, Aug. 23.
SS Wellington, Santiago, Aug. 21.
SS Driebergen, Frontera, Aug. 21.
SS Havana, Havana, Aug. 28.
SS Orion, Buenos Aires, July 29.
SS Metapan, Colon, Aug. 23.
SS Origen, Philadelphia, Aug. 30.
SS Leedal, Shields, Aug. 15.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, Aug. 20.
SS Lampasas, Tampa, Aug. 26.
SS Concho, Galveston, Aug. 26.
SS Ugenda, Gibraltar, Aug. 16.
SS Masunda, Glasgow, Aug. 18.
SS Navahoe, Georgetown, Aug. 26.
SS Eureka, Balboa, Aug. 21.
SS Hypatia, Barbados, Aug. 24.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Sant' Anna........	Marseilles ...	Aug. 16
Roma..............	St. Michaels..	Aug. 24
Capac.............	Balboa	Aug. 18
Ferio.............	Hull	Aug. 18
Purus.............	New Orleans..	Aug. 24
Rossano...........	Cardiff	Aug. 18
Dwinsk............	Archangel	Aug. 20
Giguel Gover......	Lisbon	Aug. 16
Noordam...........	Rotterdam	Aug. 21
Clan Campbell.....	Balboa	Aug. 23
Hansea............	Buenos Aires..	Aug. 4
Italia............	Lisbon	Aug. 22
DUE TOMORROW.		
St. Paul..........	Liverpool	Aug. 25
Adriatic..........	Liverpool	Aug. 25
Oscar II..........	Christians'd..	Aug. 21
Strubo............	Liverpool	Aug. 21
Colbert...........	Lisbon	Aug. 21
Urbino............	Hull	Aug. 20
Caracas...........	Curacao	Aug. 25
Antilles..........	New Orleans..	Aug. 28
El Dia............	New Orleans..	Aug. 28
Almirante.........	Colon	Aug. 26
DUE FRIDAY.		
Tomaso d'Savoia...	Genoa	Aug. 20
Saxonia...........	Liverpool	Aug. 25
Aladdin...........	Port Talbot...	Aug. 23
Rio Blanco........	Rio Janeiro...	Aug. 11
Panama............	Colon	Aug. 28
El Siglo..........	Texas City....	Aug. 28
City of St. Louis.	Savannah	Aug. 31
DUE SATURDAY.		
I. P. Justesen....	Ayr	Aug. 24
Indian Monarch....	London	Aug. 25
Sao Paulo.........	Para	Aug. 21
Walton Hall.......	Victoria	Aug. 11
Manhattan.........	London	Aug. 21
Ulsborg...........	Aarhuus	Aug. 16
Ardgorm...........	London	Aug. 21
Ardgair...........	Havre	Aug. 22
City of Macon.....	Leghorn	Aug. 21
Hungarian Prince..	London	Aug. 21
Housatonic........	Rotterdam	Aug. 20
Lackawanna........	Manchester ...	Aug. 21
Paraltah..........	Liverpool	Aug. 22

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Saramacca, St. Lucia..	7:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Finn, Victoria........	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Maracaibo, San Juan...	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Marta, Jamaica..	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Parima, St. Thomas....	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Comal, Galveston......	———	1:00 P.M.
Olinda, Gibara........	———	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans....	———	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Hellig Olav, Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Barbara, Buenos Aires	2:30 A.M.	5:00 A.M.
Oregonian, Barbados..	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Morro Castle, Havana.	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Matura, Grenada......	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Advance, Colon.......	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan....	———	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville.	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Sol, Galveston....	———	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Minas Geraes, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Mathilda, Argentina..	7:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manuel Calvo, Cadiz..	———	10:00 A.M.
Guantanamo, Santiago.	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
St. Paul, Liverpool....	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bergensfjord, Bergen..	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Espagne, Bordeaux....	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Buenaventura, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Vasari, Argentina....	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Stephano, St. John's..	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Oosterdyk, Rotterdam.	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana.......	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan...	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Havana......	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica.	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Korona, St. Thomas...	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Pennsylvania, Santos..	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville..	———	1:00 P.M.
Neches, Galveston....	———	1:00 P.M.
Georgic, Liverpool....	———	12:00 M.
Favignana, Naples....	———	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans..	———	12:00 M.
El Valle, Galveston...	———	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa.....	———	1:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Ardgorm, London.....	———	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., AUG. 31.

SS Iroquois, Santo Domingo to New York, was 1,000 miles S. at 8 P. M. 30th.

SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 285 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Caracas, La Guayra to New York, was 310 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Brilliant, Port Arthur to New York, was 70 miles W. of Sand Key at noon.

SS El Dia, New Orleans to New York, was 145 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 25 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Patria, at Marseilles, Aug. 26.
SS Oneka, at Saigon, Aug. 30.
SS Richmond, at London, Aug. 31.
SS Harpagus, at Oran, Aug. 27.
SS Taormina, at Naples, Aug. 24.
SS Henry Williams, at London, Aug. 31.
SS City of Hankow, at Vladivostok, Aug. 30.
SS City of Agra, at Bombay, Aug. 29.
SS St. Bede, at Malta, Aug. 29.
SS Vestris, at Montevideo, Aug. 29.
SS Policastria, at Leith, Aug. 30.
SS Caserta, at Genoa, Aug. 21.
SS Taormina, at Naples, Aug. 24.

Sailed.

SS America, from Genoa, Aug. 25.
SS City of Baroda, from Colombo, Aug. 27.
SS Vinland, from Santos, Aug. 30.
SS Indrashamha, from Gibraltar, Aug. 30.

Passed.

SS Stampalia, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 4, SS St. Paul.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Sept. 4, SS Espagne.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. Sept. 10, SS Cretic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. Sept. 1, SS Vasilifs Constantinos.
Netherlands—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 4, SS Oosterdyk, and at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 6, SS Veendyk.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 1, SS Oosterdyk, and at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 4, SS Veendyk.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. Sept. 2, SS Hellig Olav.
Norway—Close at 9 A. M. Sept. 2, SS Hellig Olav, and at 8:30 A. M. Sept. 4, SS Bergensfjord.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 8, SS Ancona.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Aug. 4; Sydney, Aug. 5; Wellington, Aug. 9, and Auckland—Aug. 10—which arrived per steamer Makura, were dispatched east from Seattle on Aug. 27, and are due in New York on the morning of Wednesday, Sept. 1.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, July 31; Hongkong, Aug. 3; Shanghai, Aug. 6; Yokohama, Aug. 13, and Honolulu, Aug. 23—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Persia, were dispatched east on Aug. 30, and are due in New York on the morning of Friday, Sept. 3.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Sado Maru..........Sept. 2
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport........Sept. 2
Hawaii and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Matsonia..........Sept. 3
Hawaii (via Seattle)—Hyades..........Sept. 6
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline..Sept. 9
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Moana..Sept. 10

DAILY AND SUNDAY
50¢ YACHT TRIP 75¢
10.30 A.M. 2.30 P.M.
YACHT CLIFTON LEAVES FOOT WEST 42d ST.
Encircling City. Sight Seeing. Sat. & Sun. 25c add'l.
Tel. Bryant 2026. Folders in all Hotels & Tkt. Ofcs.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lve. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean. 1:30 P. M.

[illegible]

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Orders May 20, directing Capt. J. M. Fulton, C. A. C., to report to Commanding Officer, Coast Defenses of Panama, for staff duty, amended to report for attachment to company.

1st. Lt. B. F. Duckwell, from Fort Sill, Okla., to Seattle, Wash., sailing thence to Fort Liscum, Alaska, about Nov. 10, and reporting by letter to Commanding General, Western Dept., relieving Capt. W. B. Meister, Medical Corps, who will proceed to Seattle, Wash., to await further orders.

1st Lt. G. Bartlett, C. A. C., relieved 119th Co. to unassigned list, and upon expiration of leave to Commanding Officer, Coast Defenses of Panama, for staff duty.

2d Lt. W. E. Burr, 5th Field Art., to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for examination for Aviation Section of Signal Corps, thence to proper station.

1st Lts. John Lund, Field Art., and F. H. Coleman, Ordnance Dept., (Cav.,) resigned, effective Aug. 30.

Leaves: Capt. T. M. Spaulding, C. A. C., 10 days; Capt. E. R. Gibson, 19th Inf., 10 days; Capt. G. deG. Cattlin, 1st Inf., extended 3 days; Capt. W. G. Heaton, Q. M. C., 10 days; 1st Lt. R. J. Herman, 8th Inf., 2 months; 1st Lt. E. J. Moran, 8th Inf., 2 months; 1st Lt. D. C. Seagrave, 1st Field Art., extended 1 month; 1st Lt. M. C. Wise, 8th Inf., 2 months; Capt. J. R. Pourie, C. A. C., 2 months; Capt. R. B. Parrott, 24th Inf., 2 months, and Capt. G. L. Townsend, 1st Inf., 2 months.

Navy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Commander R. H. Leigh, to Bureau of Steam Engineering, Navy Dept., Washington, D. C., Oct. 15.

Lts. H. Jones, the St. Louis, to 3 months' sick leave, and J. O. Fisher, from command K-6, to Bureau of Steam Engineering, Navy Dept.

Junior Grade Lt. C. R. Hyatt, the Navy Dept., to command K-6.

Chief Bosn. J. Mahoney, to command the Fish Hawk.

Bosn. J. J. O'Brien, from command of Fish Hawk, to Naval Training Station, Newport, R. I.

Chief Gunners J. Speerle, Jr., Washington, D. C. Navy Yard, to the Missouri; S. Jacobs, Washington, D. C., Navy Yard, to connection fitting out Pennsylvania and on board when commissioned, and E. W. Furey, the Missouri, to Washington, D. C. yard.

Gunners W. Cox, receiving ship at Norfolk, Va., to the Rhode Island, and F. W. Connor, the Rhode Island, to Washington, D. C. yard.

Pay Clerk C. C. Timmons, the Tennessee, to the Alabama.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Dolphin at Bar Harbor, Sylph at Washington, Montana at Napeague Bay; Terry, Roe, and Walke at Gardiner's Bay; Standish at Annapolis, Gloucester at Brooklyn, Cyclops at Norfolk, Neptune at Lambert Point, Eagle at Port au Prince, Parker at Norfolk, Galveston at Che-Foo, Helena at Hankow, Macdonough at New London, Yankton at Hampton Roads, and the Proteus at Cristobal.

Sailed—Kentucky, New Haven for Philadelphia; Galveston, Chingwangtao for Che-Foo; Mayflower, Washington for Hampton Roads; Raleigh, Mazatlan for Topolobampo; Kearsarge, Boston for Philadelphia; Birmingham, Paulding, Trippe, Burrows, Ammen, Cassin, Cummings, MacDougal, Paterson, Beale, Fanning, Jarvis, Balch, Benham, O'Brien, and Nicholson, Hampton Roads to sea, and the South Dakota, San Francisco for Astoria.

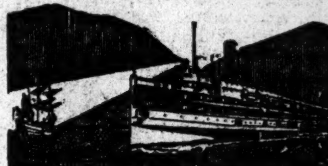
Marine Corps.

Lt. Col. D. Williams, from command Marine Detachment, American Legation, Peking, to United States.

Capts. P. E. Chamberlin, the Brooklyn, to 33d Co., Marine Barracks, Mare Island, and E. H. Ellis, Naval Station, Guam, to United States.

1st Lt. John Dixon, to 31st Co., Marine Barracks, P. P. I. E., San Francisco, upon arrival in U. S.

2d Lt. A. Young, to Marine Barracks, San Diego, upon arrival in U. S.



Searchlight Route

NEW YORK—ALBANY—TROY
and the NORTH
Daily, including Sunday.

Capital City Line—Pier 32, N. R., foot of Canal St., 5:30 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:00 P. M. Leave Troy 6:00 P. M., Albany 8:00 P. M. Fare $1.00 one way, $1.50 round trip.
New Night Express—Pier 32, N. R., 9:00 P. M.; West 132d St., 10:00 P. M. Leave Troy (except Sunday) 9:00 P. M., Albany daily, including Sunday, 11:00 P. M. Fare $2.00 one way, $3.50 round trip.
People's Line—Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M. Leave Albany 8:00 P.M. Fare $2.00 one way, $3.50 round trip.
Sunday mornings boat for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, and Albany—Leaves Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M.; West 132d St., 10:00 A. M. Leaves Albany 10:00 A. M.
Tourist Automobile Rates, $5 and $10 one way; $7.50 and $15 round trip.
Extra service southbound Labor Day night, SS. Berkshire, Adirondack, Trojan, Rensselaer, and Frank Jones. Northbound Labor Day night, SS. Greenport at 5:30 P. M. and C. W. Morse at 8 P. M. Night express leaves New York Labor Night 8 P. M. S. S. Rensselaer will make day trip to Kingston Point and Albany Labor Day, leaving New York at 10:30 A. M.
Tel. Spring 9400.
Hudson Navigation Co.

Delightful Afternoon Trip
to Bear Mountain Park
or WEST POINT
Str. "Albany" Returning on Swift
Str. "Robert Fulton"
Leave Desbrosses St. Daily, except Sunday, 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. $1 round trip. 1¾ hours at Bear Mountain or ample time at West Point to drive around the Post. Orchestra. Restaurant.
Best Trip for Saturday Afternoon.

GLEN ISLANDS
"The World's Pleasure Grounds"
Every seaside amusement: fine bathing, boating and fishing; Bayne's band concerts; "The Zoo"; restaurant; plants and flowers; clambake dinner and a la carte; dancing; "Klein Deutschland"; The Dairy. Steamers leave Battery 9.45, 11.15 A.M., 2.30, 3.30 P.M. East 24th St. half hour later. Extra Boats Sundays. Round Trip 50c.

Iron Steamboat Co.
Deep Sea Fishing Str. Taurus
Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1 N. R. ONLY.
CONEY ISLAND
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Str. "GRAND REPUBLIC"
Strs. Lve. W. 129th St. & Pier 1, N.R.
Full Time Tables are on INSIDE of back cover of Telephone Directories. Telephone Rector 872.

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
MANHATTAN LINE
$1.00 TO ALBANY
Dining Room Service a la Carte.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Autos and Horses at Low Rates.
Steamers Lv. daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 131st St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9226 Spring.

TO ATLANTIC CITY
About 8 hours, all daylight, "Never out o' sight o' land." Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, 9:30 A. M., Pier 46, N. R., foot W. 10th St., New York.
ONE WAY, $2.50. ROUND TRIP, $3.50.
Send for Folder "R," or 'Phone Spring 712.
Atlantic City Steamship Line

CONEY ISLAND
ROCKAWAY BEACH
STRS. ROSEDALE & CIMBRIA today leave West 129th St., 9:30; West 23d St., 10:15; Battery, 10:45; Coney, 6; Rockaway, 5.

ROUND TRIP RED BANK LINE 50c CENTS For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Week days, lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m. Battery, 8:55 a. m., 2:55 p. m. Suns. & Hols. Franklin St. 8:30, 9:15; Battery, 8:55, 9:35 a. m.
TO NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
Sandy Hook Route. New Jersey Central.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
West Pt., Newburgh, P'keepsie, Kingston, Franklin St. & W. 129th St. 4:30 P.M., Newburgh, Highland Falls, &c., Franklin St. 5; W. 129th St. 5:30 P.M. Train connects for boat to New York. $1 round trip.

UP THE HUDSON
BY DAYLIGHT
All Service Daily Except Sunday
Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Str. "Washington Irving"
Str. "Hendrick Hudson"
Str. "Robert Fulton"
Str. "Albany"
Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany.
Also Desbrosses St., 9:40; W. 42d St., 10; W. 129th St., 10:20; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.
One-Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, West Point or Bear Mountain.
Special Labor Day Excursion to Kingston Point on great Str. HENDRICK HUDSON.
Afternoon Boat
for Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outings to Bear Mountain and West Point, returning by Str. "ROBERT FULTON."
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring, N. Y.

S. S. "MANDALAY"
Moonlight Sail Up-the-Hudson Every Evening. Leaving Battery 7:30 P. M., West 131st St. 8:30 P. M. DANCING FREE.
DAY TRIPS Week Days and Sundays
To ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS
New Route to Jersey Coast Resorts.
25 Cts. EACH WAY
Lvs. W. 131st St. 9:30 A. M.
" Battery Pier 10:30 A. M.
" Atlantic Highlands 5 PM
Ret. to Battery only 7 P. M.
EXTRA TRIP Saturday Afternoons. Leaves Battery 2 P.M.
Trains & Trolleys to all Coast Resorts.
Tels.: Pier, Morn. 4399. Broad 179-3263.
Knights Columbus Day Highland Falls, Sept. 12

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Splendid Strs. lv. Pier 43, N. R. (ft. Christopher St.), 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M. (Daily except Sunday). For Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and way landings. Direct connection for Cairo, Palensville, Otis Summit, Haines Falls, Tannersville, and all points in the Catskill Mountains.
SATURDAY SPECIAL, to Malden ($1.00), Catskill and Hudson. FARE, $1.25. Lv. Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers, 1:45 P. M.
REDUCED FARE TO MALDEN $1.00 IN EACH DIRECTION
SPECIAL REDUCED RATES for AUTOMOBILES. Send for AUTO TOUR BOOK or phone 1097 Spring.

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-by-Water
BOSTON Metropolitan Line Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL
Lve. Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., every day 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Same service returning. Unsurpassed facilities for expeditious handling of Automobiles, Horses, and Freight—Express Service.
Portland Maine Steamship Line Steamships
NORTH LAND and NORTH STAR.
Lve. Pier 19, N. R., Tues., Thurs., and Sats., 6 P. M.; also Mons., 10:30 A. M.
Tkts. and information at Piers, also at all Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
BOSTON $2.80
Via Boat and Rail. ROUND TRIP $5.40.
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.75
ROUND TRIP $3.30.
COLONIAL LINE
First-class service, catering to the best people. Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Phone Spring 9491.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $4.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5:30 P. M. Music.
Providence Line: Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.
New London (Norwich) Line. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P.M.
New Bedford Line: Strs. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, at 6:00 P. M.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50.
STATEROOMS, $1.00, $1.50 AND $2.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.
Write for illustrated Folder.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPOINT, SHELTER ISLAND AND SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier ft. 34th St., E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sat. 1:00 P. M.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 p. m. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

SOUTH AMERICA
BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES.
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
S. S. Vasari....Sept. 4, 11 A. M.
S. S. Verdi, Sept. 18, 10:30 A. M.
BUSK & DANIELS, Gen. Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

FABRE LINES TO PARIS
VIA NAPLES AND MARSEILLES
SANT' ANNA..Sept. 7 | PATRIA (new)..Sept. 30
Via Azores, Lisbon, and Gibraltar,
ROMA..........SEPT. 8
Jos. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

TO FRANCE BY
LLOYD ITALIANO
CASERTA, SEPT. 18 | TAORMINA, SEPT. 29
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Under Italian Flag. Rates, $65 & $90 up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

LABOR DAY TOURS
Niagara Falls, Atlantic City, Lake George, Ausable Chasm, Thousand Islands, etc.
And to all prominent Summer Resorts.
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
396 B'way, New York. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

A DUSTLESS VACATION TRIP.
Low fares to all points SOUTH.
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RAILROADS.

[illegible]

RAINCOAT MAKERS WIN.

Union Gets More Pay and Shorter Hours from Manufacturers.

The officers of the Waterproof Garment Makers' Association, which controls a large percentage of the manufacture of raincoats, last night signed an agreement with the Waterproof Garment Workers' Union conceding the wage increases demanded. The new wage scale calls for 70 cents an hour for operators and cementers, $27.50 a week for cutters, $24 a week for pressers, $20.25 for underpressers, $15 for part pressers, and $18 for machine button sewers.

In addition to these increases, which mean from 15 to 30 per cent. addition to the wages of the workers, the employers have granted a forty-eight-hour week, review of discharges by an impartial tribunal, double pay for overtime, and inspection of shops by a union representative to adjust grievances. Under the peace contract all contractors and submanufacturers must be governed by the same conditions as those existing in the main shops. There will be no cessation of work in the shops of the members of the association.

Union officials were jubilant last night over this victory and expected that many of the independent manufacturers, several thousand of whose employes are on strike, would come in today and sign similar agreements. The strikes of the raincoat makers in outside cities, which may call out 25,000 men, are now scheduled provisionally for next Saturday.

BRIDGEPORT GROWS CALM.

Strike Matters Adjusting Themselves and Labor Situation Improves

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 31.—Strike matters were in a quiet stage today. During the forenoon fifteen meetings of strikers were held in downtown halls, at which reports of various conferences were made. The general tenure of these reports was that present differences in most of the factories will be adjusted within a few days. The one exception was the Bias Narrow Fabric Company, where sixty girls are out. It was stated that the girls met the Superintendent, who agreed to give them the eight-hour day, but refused to recognize the union or a shop committee selected by the union.

Thomas H. Flynn, an organizer of the American Federation of Labor, in charge of the freight handlers' strike, stated today that he had had a conference with L. B. Nickerson, in charge of the railroad freight yards here, who had promised to take up the grievances with his superior officers. Mr. Flynn claimed that it is costing the railroad company 60 cents a ton to handle freight here, as against the usual cost of 16 to 18 cents.

The reported grievances of bayonet polishers at the Remington Arms and Ammunition Company are now the subject of conferences. The opinion held by labor men is that the alleged grievances can be settled without a strike.

ARMS STRIKE SPREADS.

Machinists at Dunkirk Plant Join Dissatisfied Comrades.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The number of machinists who went on strike yesterday at the Brooks plant of the American Locomotive Company was increased this afternoon, when a large number of other machinists joined their comrades. The company is engaged in making shells for the Allies.

Eight hundred men are employed in the shell department at the plant, and it was said tonight that 500 are involved in the strike.

A meeting of the strikers was held today, at which a committee was appointed to confer with the officers of the plant with a view of effecting a settlement. The men demand a day rate of $4 for eight hours' work, or a piece work rate enabling them to make that equivalent.

The plant has been working day and night turning out shells for the past several weeks.

QUIT WORK ON ARMS PLANT.

Union Carpenters Declare Strike at New Remington Factory.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31.—Union carpenters employed in the erection of the new plant of the Remington Arms Company at Eddystone, near here, went on a strike today for a minimum wage of 45 cents an hour. There are about 350 carpenters employed at the plant, and all but about fifty are said to be union men.

The grievances of the men were presented to the contractors yesterday. Copies were also submitted to officials of the Remington Arms Company. The labor men believed their demands would be granted without walking out, because the tool manufacturing division is to be opened Sept. 15, and all departments by Oct. 1. There are eight contractors engaged in putting up the building, which covers twenty acres.

I. W. W. IS FROZEN OUT.

Bayonne Police Prevent Meeting and Miss Flynn Goes Home.

When the 1,500 employes of the Standard Oil and Tidewater Companies of Bayonne, N. J., gathered outside of Mydosh Hall last night to attend an I. W. W. meeting to be addressed by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Frank Tannenbaum and Alexander Berkman on "The Last Strike and the Future," they were met by twenty policemen with orders from Chief Reilly to prevent the meeting. Mydosh had been warned, and his hall was fast shut against trouble.

Miss Flynn, who arrived after most of the men had gone home, said she had been invited by a Polish committee in Brooklyn to address the meeting. Chief Reilly said he would not allow the I. W. W. to come into Bayonne and stir up trouble, because he believes the workmen have had enough to last them for some time. No meeting permit will be issued except on an application from a Bayonne workman, so Chief Reilly feels that he has the strike situation under control.

STRIKES GOLD UP-STATE.

It's in Lewis County Rocks, and Dike Files on Claim.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Gold has been discovered in the town of Diana, Lewis County, according to a claim filed today with Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo, by Nathan L. Dike, a resident of that section.

"Take notice," the claim reads, "that this day Nathan Dike has found gold in the rocks on or near the south line of the old Barber farm in the town of Diana."

The dimensions of the claim are set forth. A dollar bill accompanied the communication.

STRIKE AT AUTO PLANT.

Grinders Threaten General Walkout at Bristol Factory.

BRISTOL, Conn., Aug. 31.—Between 150 and 200 grinders at the New Departure Manufacturing Company, struck today, because it is alleged the company had discharged one of the employes who was active in the preliminary work of organizing a machinists' union.

The strikers assert that the entire plant, employing about 2,000 hands, will be affected by a general walkout tomorrow. The company manufactures automobile accessories.

Machinists Walk Out at Derby.

DERBY, Conn., Aug. 31.—Eighty machinists in the Birmingham Iron Foundry went on strike this afternoon after the company had refused to grant the eight-hour day with the present wages. The company had offered a fifty-four-hour week, instead of fifty-five hours, without a change in pay.

ERIE STRIKE GUARD SHOT.

Detective I. K. Pool Wounded at Edgewater Coal Docks.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Aug. 31.—While doing strike duty with members of the Erie police force at the Edgewater coal docks yesterday Ira K. Pool, an Erie detective, was shot and dangerously wounded. He was taken to the Hackensack Hospital, where he insisted he had been deliberately shot by a striker whose name he did not know. The police, however, are inclined to believe that the shooting was accidental.

"Just before I was shot," declared Pool, "the cry went up that the strikers were coming down the hill, and we grabbed our shotguns and started for the fence near the road to meet the strikers. I was sitting down awaiting developments when there was a loud report and I rolled over on the ground. Whoever shot me was within a few feet of me at the time."

The laborers who have quit work at the Susquehanna coal docks have displayed a bitter antagonism toward the police. Their demands for an increase in pay from 20 to 26 cents an hour have not been granted. Two hundred Italians are on strike at the coal docks.

The Erie officials, working on Pool's hypothesis that he had been shot by a striker, have begun an investigation.

NEARING RENEWS CAMPAIGN.

Dismissed Professor Issues a Pamphlet Calling Workers Bankrupt.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31.—Professor Scott Nearing, recently dismissed from the University of Pennsylvania because, he alleges, of his utterances on economic problems, is continuing his campaign in a pamphlet entitled "Work and Pay," which he has just issued.

In the chapter headed "Are American Workers Paid Enough?" Professor Nearing says that the estimates give the cost of decent family living in the Eastern industrial cities as from $750 to $1,000 a year, and that the wage figures of adult males—allowing for employment—shows that four-fifths get less than $750 and 95 per cent. less than $1,000.

Professor Nearing then considers the question of wages and its relation to the "health, efficiency, and decency" of the average family from the standpoint of up-to-date business practice. Continuing, he writes:

"Any business man who would attempt to conduct business on a basis that would pay only the flimsiest of upkeep charges would be regarded as a subject for mental treatment, yet the bulk of American workers find themselves exactly in that predicament. They are conducting a family business on a basis that will not pay reasonable running expenses. The legitimate fixed charges of business—interest on the investment, adequate insurance, and depreciation—are far above the reach of most wage workers who have a family of five to support. The ordinary worker's family is a bankrupt concern; it cannot meet even the interest on its bonds. And dividends? The ordinary workman is thankful if he can pay the bills incident to upkeep. Dividends are a luxury of which he does not dream."

MOTOR BOAT PARTY LOST.

Jump from Vessel, Thinking It Will Capsize—Four Drowned.

Special to The New York Times.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 31.—Four men were drowned, and two narrowly escaped the same fate when the Edna 2, a speed boat owned by Louis G. Delamarter, a theatre owner, threatened to capsize on Reeds Lake today. The dead are W. Paul Weston, Harris C. Jameson and Alfred G. Hunter, newspaper men, and J. Harley Smith, a clerk, Henry H. Tinkham, a political writer, and Delamarter, the owner of the boat, were saved.

The party was invited for a ride by Delamarter, and he was putting the boat to its greatest speed when Smith, at the wheel, attempted to make a sharp turn. All thought the craft was about to capsize and jumped. The boat, however, righted itself, and continued on its way. The men floundered around in the water for some time, Hunter being the first one to go down. Smith, James and Weston soon disappeared and Tinkman and Delamarter were saved by a woman camper, who hurried to the scene in a row boat.

Halts Increase in Freight Rates.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Tariffs of the Boston & Albany and New Haven Railroads, proposing to withdraw present proportional class and commodity rates between New York and Boston and other points in New England on traffic destined to or moving out of New York on the American, Hawaiian, United Fruit, and other steamship lines, were suspended today until Dec. 30 by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Withdrawal of the present rates would mean increases in class rates of from four to seventeen cents per 100 pounds.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

FRONT ST, 284-286, — s, 79.11 ft from Roosevelt St, 46.8x74.3; Paul Grimm to Rosetta W., wife of Samuel Capen, Jr., et al, at Dedham, Mass., Aug. 30, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$10,000

2D AV, s e corner of 93d St, 76x100; Davidena M. Lowden to Leopold Rosenblatt, 312 East 50th St, Aug. 30, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row.. $4,000

14TH ST, n s, 156.11 ft w of 2d Av, 52.1x103.3; William Bernstein to St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, 236 East 15th St, Aug. 12, prior mtg $21,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edward F. Moran, 51 Chambers St, $25,000

63D ST, 162 East, s s, 170 ft w of 3d Av, 16x102.7, prior mtg $12,000; Katharine P. Stone to George Draper, 162 East 63d St, July 31, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$6,000

104TH ST, n s, 513 ft e of 1st Av, 50x irregular to 105th St; Edwin Shuttleworth to Broadway Savings Institution of the City of New York, 7 Park Place, due Nov. 1, 1916, Aug. 31; attorney, R. B. Kelly, 233 Broadway..........$5,000

105TH ST, s s, 338.4 ft w of 2d Av, 16.8x100.9; Matilda Orlando to Adalgisio Pumfiglia et al, 711 East 183d St, May 26, installments, — p. c.; attorney, E. Califano, 4,521 3d Av..........$1,500

112TH ST n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Thomas E. Fallon to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Aug. 31, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway, $20,000

140TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Surety Land Co. to John Fuchs, 502 West 140th St, Aug. 18, due Aug. 30, 1916; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St..........$8,000

Bronx.

BOONE AV, s w corner of Drainage St, 80.7x46.9x25.4x25.4x40x100; August Busch to A. W. W. Co., Inc., 277 East 198th St, Aug. 30, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$2,500

JACKSON AV, 1,024, e s, 19.3x irregular; Herman Frohlich to Agnes A. Laumeister, 420 East 161st St, Aug. 27, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$4,500

WRIGHT AV, e s, 100 ft s of Randall Av, 25x105; also Wright Av, e s, 255 ft s of Randall Av, 25x105; also Wright Av, w s, 100 ft n of Nelson Av, 25x100; Michael J. Murphy to James A. Howell, Goshen, N. Y., Aug. 23, due as per bond; attorneys, Conklin & R., 31 Nassau St..........$2,500

3D AV, e s, 149.8 ft n of 161st St, 25.7x129.9; Franz Kohlenberg to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Aug. 31, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St...$16,000

S ½ of Lot 126, map of Unionport, 100x108; Katharina Janson to Anna C. Quattlender, 345 St. Ann's Av, Aug. 16, due as per bond; attorney, C. Pfannenmuller, 345 St. Ann's Av..........$1,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 103 and 105; Fagen Iron Works against Wolf & Abrahams, owners; Leibowitz & Cohen, contractors..........$1,722

5TH ST, 512; Morris Spergel against Frances B. Menge, owner and contractor.....$38

57TH ST, 24 East; Isaac B. Miller against George Keiser and Margaret Mulhall, owners; James E. Kelly, contractor..........$490

115TH ST, 75 and 77 West, and 60 and 62 West 116th St; T. Kare Co. against Henry F. Wagner et al., owners; Tiger Co., contractor..........$178

Bronx.

WASHINGTON AV, 1,243; Abram and Morris Abelman against Sarah and Solomon Goldberg, owners and contractors.....$2,920

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 92.8 ft n of Wilgus St, 41x48.7; Joseph Lagana against Domenio and Teresa Gargiulo, owners; John Doe, contractor..........$5

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Investors Buy Front Street Loft Building—New Law Tenements in the Bronx Sold—Sale of Three Hundred Lots in Jamaica Estates Foreclosure Suit Involving a Mortgage of $281,000.

Another Front Street loft sale, the third in the course of a couple of weeks, was one of the few interesting deals reported in the realty market yesterday. Rumors were numerous and brokers reported large sales pending, but none of them materialized.

The Front Street deal involved the five-story loft building occupying a lot 21.6 by 71, adjoining the corner of Dover Street. It was sold to Clara London and Nat E. Berzen for investment. J. Arthur Fischer negotiated the sale.

Last week an investing client of Warren & Skillen purchased for cash from Alice Story Rowland and Abby Story Marshall the five-story building, 5 Front Street and 26 Moore Street, being the southwest corner of those thoroughfares.

The property fronts 34 feet on Front Street and 54 feet on Moore Street, with southerly and westerly lines of 34.11 and 80 feet, respectively.

Hamilton Terrace Deal.

Franklin L. Graff is reported to have sold to an adjoining property owner 12 Hamilton Terrace, a three-story private dwelling on a lot 16 by 100 feet.

Bronx Sales.

Fanny Greenburg has purchased for investment, from George Meyer, 617 and 619 East Fordham Road, a five-story new law tenement on a lot 40 by 100, located 50 feet west of Hughes Avenue.

John Eggers purchased from Charles Doll, for cash, 368 and 370 East 145th Street, a five-story new law tenement on a lot 50 by 100. The property was held at $55,000. H. H. Cohen negotiated the transaction.

The Lawyers' Mortgage Company has sold 2,098 Valentine Avenue, a two-story two-family house, on lot 18.6 by 90, to an investor for occupancy.

Brooklyn.

I. Salzberg sold for M. Wilner to L. Krebs a two-family, nineteen-room, stucco cottage on a plot 60 by 100, situated on the north side of Forty-seventh Street, 320 feet east of Thirteenth Avenue, known as 1,337 Forty-seventh Street.

New Jersey.

Feist & Feist, Inc., sold for the Lincoln Building and Loan Association, of which John C. Eisele is President, the three-story and basement stucco store and apartment house at 847 Mt. Prospect Avenue, 75 feet north of Irving Street, Newark, occupying a lot 25 by 100. The purchaser is George Schmitt.

The American Can Company has enlarged its site at Kenilworth, N. J., by the purchase of several plots from the estate of J. N. Kennedy of Philadelphia.

The Federal Land & Improvement Company leased to the Newark Federal League Ball Club the new park at Harrison, N. J., for three years, at a rental of $20,000 a year.

To Foreclose $281,000 Mortgage on Jamaica Estates.

Surrogate John J. Graham of Nassau County has been appointed referee in the Queens County Supreme Court to sell under foreclosure, about 300 lots belonging to the Jamaica Estates, Long Island. The sale has been ordered in a suit in which the Matawok Land Company, represented by Attorney Frederic N. Watriss, is the plaintiff, and the Jamaica Estates, Katherine M. Galvin, and the Title Guarantee & Trust Company, individually and as trustees, are the defendants.

The suit has been brought on a mortgage amounting to $250,000, on which there is unpaid interest amounting to $31,000. The defendants other than the Jamaica Estates are lien holders against the property.

The lots and plots to be sold are located on Hillside Avenue, Flushing Avenue, Midland Parkway, Columbus Avenue, Lincoln Avenue, Woodside Avenue, Union Turnpike, Grant Avenue, Chevy Chase Road, Wexford Avenue, and Foothill Avenue.

The Matawok Land Company is reported to be composed of Ralph Peters, President of the Long Island Railroad, and some Philadelphia capitalists allied with the Pennsylvania Railroad interests. They took title to the land involved in this sale, together with additional parcels, about 1906, when the boom was on in Long Island real estate, and sold to the Jamaica Estates, in which was interested the late Timothy L. Woodruff, Edward M. Grout, and Felix Isman of Philadelphia. At the time of the sale a mortgage of $1,100,000 was given, but of that sum $850,000 was later paid.

Last week one of the bond holders of the Jamaica Estates brought suit in this county for an accounting of its property. The plaintiff in that action had secured a judgment for unpaid interest on bonds.

326 Fifth Avenue in Foreclosure Suit.

Justice Whitaker of the Supreme Court has appointed John W. Keller receiver of the rents of 326 Fifth Avenue, a five-story building, pending a suit brought by Louise L. Williams, executrix of Rebecca Ladew, to foreclose a mortgage of $180,000.

Unadilla Apartment Leased for $135,000.

The Frank L. Fisher Company has leased for Gertrude M. Nelms of Venice, Cal., the seven-story modern elevator apartment house known as the Unadilla, 126 and 128 West Eleventh Street, to Henry H. Holland, for a term of years at an aggregate rent of $135,000.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Royal Scott Gulden has leased the residence of William H. Moffit, at 279 West End Avenue, southwest corner of Seventy-third Street, to Mrs. M. E. Tyson, for a term of years.

The Houghton Company has leased for Louise Kellogg the four-story American basement dwelling, 17 West Seventy-first Street, furnished, to Laura Campbell.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Robert Goelet the three-story and basement dwelling at 107 East Fifty-fifth Street, to the New Assembly of Long Branch, N. J. Also for Dr. A. B. Moldenke to George Fulbacher, the five-story American basement house, at 627 West End Avenue, between Ninetieth and Ninety-first Streets.

Broadway Widening.

The proposition of the widening of Broadway through the Third Ward in Queens to a 100-foot boulevard is about to be considered by the Board of Estimate. Although the owners in the Broadway-Flushing district are not opposed to the plan they are anxious to know what the cost of assessment will be before giving their consent.

Commercial Leases.

S. Osgood Pell & Co., in conjunction with the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, have leased the entire building at 41 and 43 West Sixty-third Street, formerly occupied by the Bryant Motor Service Corporation and the Knickerbocker Garage, for the Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Company to the Swinehart Tire & Rubbber Company, for a long term of years. The Swinehart Company, which is now located at 1,924 Broadway, after extensive alterations, will use the building for their salesrooms, executive offices and service station.

William A. White & Sons have rented the store and basement at 32 West Twenty-second Street to Frank & Loew, cotton converters.

Leon S. Altmayer and R. I. Brown Sons, Inc., have leased for a period of years the business building 3,419 Third Avenue to M. Winkle to be used as a public market.

Chris. Schierloh leased the four-story and basement private house, 444 West Thirty-fourth Street, for Peter McGirr to the West Side League House.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH
DIRECTORS:
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH GEO. D. ARTHUR
WALDRON P. BELKNAP
14 WALL ST. Phone 4000 Rector
ALSO 10 EAST 23D STREET

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Central Park West, 464, w s, 57.11 ft n of 106th St, 18x100, five-story flat; M. A. Cohnfeld against Margaret Furlong et al.; J. P. Berg, attorney; Earle Webb, referee; dower sale; adjourned to Sept. 7.

121st St, 356 East, s s, 120 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100.11, three-story dwelling; A. B. Seligman et al., administratrices, against Louis Brenner et al.; Edmund Hurley, attorney; P. H. Gregory, referee; due, $7,616.04; taxes, &c., $303.75; adjourned to Sept. 13.

By Henry Brady.

St. Nicholas Av, 346, e s, 75.9 ft n of 127th St, 25.2x76.4x24.11x80.1; M. A. Smyth against R. D. Pye et al.; H. C. Knoeppel, attorney; A. S. Norton, referee; due, $4,530.31; taxes, &c., $681.75; subject to mortgage of $14,000; to the plaintiff for $15,175.

3d St, 318 East, s s, 112 ft w of Avenue D, 26.2x75x irregular, six-story flat and stores; Harry Hastorf against M. B. Barclay et al.; House, G. & V., attorneys; M. J. Scanlan, referee; due, $40,547.16; taxes, &c., $2,044.40; to the plaintiff for $43,800.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

113th St, 20 East, s s, 281.3 ft e of 5th Av, 18.9x100.11, five-story flat; M. E. Griffith against Simon Docter et al.; Duer, S. & W., attorneys; E. D. Dowling, referee; due, $17,751.58; taxes, &c., $677.77; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By Samuel Marx.

187th St, 257 West, n s, 596 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11, five-story dwelling; West Side Savings Bank against St. John's Park Realty Co. et al., (Action 1;) E. R. Finch, attorney; A. J. Talley, referee; due, $14,773.98; taxes, &c., $132.87; to the plaintiff for $12,500

187th St, 259 West, n s, 614 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11, five-story dwelling; same against same, (Action 2;) same attorney and referee; due, $14,773.08; taxes, $132.87; to the plaintiff for $12,500.

AT 3,206 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Washington Av, 1,797, w s, 103.6 ft s of 175th St, 25x150x irregular; four-story flat; T. A. Keck against Dora Wiebke et al.; Creevey & R, attorneys; A. N. Giegerich, referee; due, $18,370.10; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

By James L. Wells Company.

218th St, n s, 205 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x100; J. M. E. Viala against Bartholomew O'Connor et al.; Williamson & B, attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $3,888.27; taxes, &c., $246.08; to the plaintiff for $2,000.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Buhre Av, n s, 1.9 ft e of Westchester Av, 85x70.4 to Westchester Av x109.3x—; R. C. Derick against L. Davis et al.; Anderson, I. & A., attorneys; G. B. Hayes, referee; due, $3,263.50; taxes, &c., $8,747.10; to the plaintiff for $500.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Naegel Av, s s, 293.9 ft e of Dyckman St, 104x193.3x—, gore, vacant; J. E. L. Beals against F. W. Seybel et al.; Roe & H., attorneys; W. G. Brown, referee; due, $15,960.88; taxes, &c., $959.46.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

36th St, 138 to 148 East, for two nine-story tenements, 62.6x83.8½; James Humes Co., Inc., Emma L. Reaney, 1,790 Broadway, President, owner; George and Edward Blum, 505 5th Av, architects; cost, $130,000.

Forest Av, e s, 144.42 ft n of 165th St, one-story brick garage, 50x82; Kilpain & Bodern, 1,046 Boston Road, owners; S. J. Kissler, 1,037 Teller Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Fox St, w s, 85.06 ft n of 163d St, one-story brick garage, 110x103; Steinmetz Construction Co., S. B. Steinmetz, 1,416 Glover St, President, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 3d Av and 148th St, architects; cost, $12,000.

Mayflower Av, w s, 425 ft n of Morris Park Av, one-story frame dwelling, 12.4x30; Conzetta Capezzo, 50 Mayflower Av, owner; M. A. Buckley, 1,513 Lurting Av, architect; cost, $1,000.

Minnieford Av, e s, 171.02 ft s of Terrace Point, one-story frame dwelling, 18.2x36.3; City Island Homes, Inc., Raymond Belmont, 31 Nassau St., President, owner; George W. Kibitz, 633 King Av, architect; cost, $1,800.

139th St, 43 and 45 West, a six-story brick tenement house, 50x84.11; Emma Roberts, 6 East 79th St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; cost, $50,000.

Lexington Av and 51st St, s e corner, a two-story brick building, stores and offices, 50.5x100; Akron Building Co., 119 West 40th St, owner; Emery Roth, 119 West 40th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Park Row, 31, to a five-story motion-picture theatre; Estate of Jay Gould, 165 Broadway, owner; Reliable Co., 11 Park Row, lessee; Louis A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $18,000.

62d St, 42 and 44 West, to a five-story garage; Louise W. McAllister, 63 East 74th St, owner; White Sewing Machine Co., Cleveland, Ohio, lessee; B. Hustae Simonson, 315 5th Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

181st St, 605 to 609, a six-story apartment house, altered to same, with stores and offices on the first floor, interior remodelling; Fred Butsch, 800 Riverside Drive, owner; Jules Nehring, 605 West 181st St, lessee; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, AUG. 31.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 428 to 432, s e corner of Howard St, (37 to 41,) runs e 123.5 x s 101.10 x w 24.9 x n 49.11 x w 98.4 to e s of Broadway x n 51.10 to beginning, (foreclosure Aug. 3;) Abraham Felt, referee, to Girard F. Thomson, 128 Central Park South, trustee of the will of Maria L. Miller, Aug. 4; attorney, George M. Thomson, 141 Broadway..........$300,000

FRONT ST, 284 and 286, the e wall of building, being 79.11 ft from Roosevelt St, 46.8x73.5x47.8x74.3, e s; Rosetta W., wife of Samuel Capen, Jr., of Dedham, Mass., et al, to Paul Grimm, 58 South 7th Av, Rockaway Park, Borough of Queens, (mtg $10,000,) Aug. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

FRONT ST, 263, begins at n e corner of 261 Front St, runs e 21.6 x s 70.10 x w 14.4 x n 5.11 x w 6 x n 64.8; Eugene A. Donohue to Harriet S. James, 859 Riverside Drive, June 5; attorney, J. A. Fischer, 690 6th Av..........$1

GREENE ST, 151, n w corner of Houston St, (44-48 West,) 20x79; Lillian and Henry Hof to Olive N. Chesebro, Mount Pleasant, N. Y., (mtg $45,500,) all liens, Aug. 31; attorney, E. H. Peck, 501 5th Av..........$1

PROSPECT PLACE, n e corner of 42d St, 17.1x58; Sadie Davis to Stephen H. Jackson, 151 West 121st St, quitclaim, all liens, Nov. 4, 1914; address, 106 Lexington Av.......$1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e corner of 93d St, runs n 114.4x e 152x s 50x w 0½x s — x w 0⅝ to n s of 93d St, x w 97.9 to beginning; J. J. Steindler Co., Inc., to Riverside Drive and 93d Street Corp., 8 West 38th St, (mtg $550,000,) Aug. 30; attorneys, Horowitz & R., 115 Broadway..........$1

11TH AV, n e corner of 48th St, 50.2x100; Mary L. Einhaus to Morris Weinstein and another, 108 1st St N W, Washington, D. C., Aug. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

SAME PROPERTY, Morris Weinstein and another to William Lusgarten & Co., 68 William St. (mtg $28,000,) Aug. 30; same attorney..........$100

11TH ST, 323 West, n s, 117.4 ft w of Greenwich St, 28.7x95.4; Hermann Liebmann to Helman S. Isaacs, 227 West 97th St (mtg $27,800,) all liens, Aug. 31; attorneys, House, G. & V., 115 Broadway..$100

22D ST, 150 to 154 West, s s, 195.10 ft e of 7th Av, 62.6x98.9, with machinery, &c.; J. J. Steindler Co. to 150 West 22d Street Co., Inc., 8 West 38th St, (mtg $210,000,) Aug. 30; attorneys, Horowitz & R., 115 Broadway..........$1

63D ST, 162 East, s s, 170 ft w of 3d Av, 16x102.7; George Draper to Katherine P. Stone, 113 East 62d St, (mtg $12,000,) July 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

105TH ST, s s, 33.4 ft w of 2d Av, 16.8x100.9; Adalgisio Pumpiglia et al. to Matilda Orlando, 323 East 116th St, May 26, (mtg $7,500;) attorney, John Santora, 261 Broadway..........$1

112TH ST, 304 West, s s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.11; May R. Thorp to Louis D. Riggio, 222 East 116th St, (mtg $24,000,) all liens, Aug. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

112TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Lawyers' Mortgage Co. to Thomas E. Fallon, 800 East 5th St, Brooklyn, Aug. 31, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

114TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.10; John A. Colucci to Caterina Lentino, 296 Greene Av, Brooklyn, one-half part, all title, (mtg $10,500,) Aug. 25; attorney, J. F. Rogers, 245 Broadway..........$1

114TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.10; same to same, (mtg $9,300,) Aug. 25; attorney, same..........$1

130TH ST, 23 East, n s, 262 ft e of 5th Av, 16x99.11; Johanna Metzger to Elise Halm, 424 East 149th St, (mtg $7,000,) Aug. 25; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,210 3d Av.......$1

133D ST, 131 West, n s, 266 ft w of Lenox Av, 33.3x99.11, (foreclosure Aug. 3;) Robert C. Morris, referee, to J. Lawrence Pool, 30 Grace Church St, Rye, N. Y., trustee under will of John H. Pool and Emeline D. Lovett, Aug. 16; attorneys, Levin, M. M. & S., 43 Cedar St..........$27,500

140TH ST, 502 West, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; John Fuchs to Surety Land Co., 2 Columbus Circle, (mtg $8,000,) Aug. 18; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway..........$100

171ST ST, 563 West, n s, 150 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 25x95, (foreclosure Aug. 16;) James A. Foley, referee, to Edward F. Cole, 301 West 106th St, Aug. 28; attorney, William F. Wund, 156 Broadway.....$6,000

171ST ST, n s, 125 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 25x95; James A. Foley, referee, to Edw. F. Cole, 301 West 106th St, Aug. 28; attorney, W. F. Wund, 156 Broadway..$6,000

Bronx.

GRAND AV, s e corner of Buchanan Place, 100x100; Kate M. Norton to St. Nicholas Avenue Construction Co., 562 West 171st St, Aug. 30; attorneys, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av..........$100

LOTS 6 and 7, Block 23, map of Morris Park; Conrad Eiermann to Louis Eiermann, 754 East 235th St, (mtg $1,130,) Aug. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$100

135TH ST, 408 and 410 East, s s, 50x100; Catherine G. Cahill to Vincent J. Cahill, 410 East 135th St, ½ part, July 26; attorney, Catherine G. Cahill, 410 East 135th St..........$1

136TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Alexander Av, 25x100; Kech Realty Co. to William Banta, 421 East 78th St, Aug. 30; attorney, Joseph Hlavac, 1,509 1st Av..........$1

136TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of Alexander Av, 25x100; Kech Realty Co. to Frank Slavick, 338 East 73d St, Aug. 30; attorney, Joseph Hlavac, 1,509 1st Av..........$1

234TH ST, n s, 234.10 ft w of Katonah Av, 25.2x100; Helena Fitzgerald to Thomas D. Malcolm Construction Co., 3,651 3d Av, (mtg $4,000,) Aug. 13; attorney, Thomas D. Malcolm, 3,651 3d Av..........Exchange

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

COLUMBIA ST, 77, all; Bella Feldman to Abie Brecker, 238 2d St, 3 years, from Dec. 1, 1914; attorney, N. Lichtblau, 68 Park Row..........$925

KENMORE ST, 86 to 96, all; Sebastian Fasanello to Raffaela Noto Gianninoto, 87 Macdougal St, 3 years, from Sept. 1, 1915; attorney, J. Viggiani, 103 Macdougal St. $9,600

6TH AV, s w corner 32d St, south store; 6th Avenue Realty Co. to Barney Doktor, 217 West 110th St, 7 7-12 years, from Oct. 1, 1915; attorney, H. A. Cohen, 51 Chambers St..........$6,000

8TH AV, 356, all; Elizabeth A. O'Keefe et al. to John McElduff, 356 8th Av, 10 years, from May 1, 1917; attorneys, Crosby & B., 306 West 34th St..........$2,500

102D ST, 119 and 121 East, all; Freehold Construction Co. to Samuel Felt and another, 320 East 122d St, 3 years, from Sept. 15, 1915; attorney, Philip D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St..........$4,500

108TH ST, 322 East, store and basement; Antonio Mordente to Pasquale Acconcia, 626 Morris Park Av, 3 years, from May 1, 1915; attorney, Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av..........$360

117TH ST, 4 and 6 East, all; Minnie Crook et al. to Abe Goldberg, 302 East 100th St, 8 years, from Aug. 15, 1915; attorney, H. Koppelman, 144 Rivington St..........$9,300

Bronx.

UNIVERSITY AV, 2,340, second flat; Concelta Riggio et al. to Mary R. Tharp, 2,338 University Av, 1 year and 1 month, from Sept. 1, 1915; attorney, Brewster & F., 165 Broadway..........$650

138TH ST, 538 East, store, &c.; Charles Diehl and another to Abraham Silber, 161 St. Ann's Av, 8 years, from Aug. 1, 1914; attorneys, A. Silber & Son, 538 East 138th St..........$1,020 to $1,200

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

MADISON AV, 358; Miller-Reed Co. against Florence A. Alker et al., March 4, 1915.. $6,060

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Bronx.

New York Title Insurance Co. to Columbia Trust Co..........$100

Same to same..........$100

Bloomingdale, Samuel J., et al., private bankers, to Samuel J. Bloomingdale et al..$1

Same to same..........$1

Koch, Edw. R., Trustee, to Maude M. Overington..........$1

Metropolitan Trust Co., Trustee, to George F. Droste..........$1

Overington, Maude M., to T. Emory Clocke. $2,500

Murray, Mary, et al, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co..........$5,300

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

GREAT JONES ST, 30; New York Savings Bank against Leopold Kaufmann et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. A. Dutton.

HENRY ST, 156; St. Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York against Rabbi Isaac Elchonon Theological Seminary Association et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. L. Peck.

LEXINGTON AV, 181, 183, 185, 187, and 137 East 31st St.; W. Forbes Morgan, Jr., trustee, against Justa Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Gerard & Smyth.

MANHATTAN AV, e s, 25.11 ft n of 100th St, 37.6x94.8, and Manhattan Av, e s, 63.5 ft n of 100th St, 37.6x94.8; (2 actions;) the East River Savings Institution against Robert M. Silverman Realty and Construction Co. et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, O. F. Hibbard.

MANHATTAN ST, n w corner Amsterdam Av, 72.8x112.8x irregular; 49 Franklin St; 8th Av, w s, 26.4 ft n of 117th St, 25.8x100, ½ part, and 7th Av, e s, 46 ft s of 21st St, 46x85; Edwin A. Cruikshank against Morris Weinstein, (notice of attachment;) attorney, S. Barker.

NAGLE AV, n w s, at intersection of s w s of Arden St, 130x129.6; Rockdale Land and Improvement Co., Inc., et al., against Douglas W. Brown et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. A. Seidman.

SHERIFF ST, 98 and 100, and 257 Stanton St; George R. E. Smith against Sarah Konovitz, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. M. Rider.

2D AV, 2,245; Luigia Laporta against Concetta Giunta, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. A. Gordon.

3D AV, n e corner 87th St, 50x90; John W. Bohlman et al., executors, against Aaron Goodman et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. S. J. Flynn.

53D ST, 548 West, ½ part; Joseph H. L. Striker, by guardian, against Lillie K. Lippman, (action to recover possession;) attorney, G. R. Hawes.

128TH ST, 174 East; Fidelity Trust Co. against Lillian L. Miller et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Gordon.

132D ST, s s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 25x99.11; Katharine A. Kingsland et al., trustees, against Solomon Gerstner et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. de P. Foster.

212TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 197.9x99.11x irregular; City Real Estate Co. against Jeremiah J. Kennedy et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 1,586; Minnie M. Schaf against Mary Leahy et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

FULTON AV, w s, 132.7 ft s of Claremont Parkway, 50x166.8; Maria Gecker et al. against Realty Options Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wacht, Jr.

KELLY ST., e s, 68.9 ft s of Intervale Av, 36x100; Charles Neave et al against Winnie Realty and Construction Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

LOTS 153, 154, and 155, map in partition of real estate of William Adee, 24th Ward; Maynard M. Miller against William E. Diller Realty and Construction Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Feiner & Maass.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 216.8 ft n of Home St, 30x105; Germania Life Insurance Co. against Newman Holding Co., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Dulon & Roe.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 186.8 ft n of Home St, 30x105; Germania Life Insurance Co. against Newman Holding Co., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Dulon & Roe.

137TH ST, 376 East; Ottilie Helen Hertlein against Henry Hollander et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

178TH ST, n e corner of Anthony Av, 21.2x90; Julius Heiderman against William Schmitz et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Heiderman.

182D ST, s s, 53.4 ft e of Crotona Av, 25x70; Theodore von Gerichten against William Schmitz et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Heiderman.

188TH ST, s w corner of Bathgate Av, 32x89.3; Theodore Haebler against Van Hoesen Estates, Inc., et al, (foreclosure of mortgage.) attorney, E. Cohn.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

"The Heart of Long Island"

HEMPSTEAD GREENS
HEMPSTEAD, Long Island
Estate of Hon. W. M. Brown, Deceased.
631 BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS
AT AUCTION
ON THE PREMISES
Commencing Saturday, Sept. 4
AT 10 A. M. AND 1:30 P. M.
and Continuing LABOR DAY, MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1915
and Daily Until All Are Sold
$25 SECURES ANY LOT
Balance on easy terms to suit your purse and income.

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SPECIAL FREE TRAIN, leaving Penn. Station, New York City, at 9 A. M., Saturday, Sept. 4th, and stopping at intermediate stations.

FREE AUTOMOBILES will meet you at Hempstead station. Gold watches and other valuable presents given away. Everybody is cordially invited. Ladies are especially welcome.

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Via Penn.-L. I. Electric Express Service.
In the Beautiful Hills of Kew.
Information on request from JOHN J. BRITTON, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York. Telephone Greeley—5250 and 5251. Representative at Kew Gardens office at Kew Gardens Station every day. Convenient trains for inspecting Kew Gardens. Leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave. via L. I. R. R. Week Days—8:17, 9:00, 10:02, 11:05 A. M.; 12:00 noon; 12:30, 12:47, (1:15 Sat. only,) 1:24, (1:52 Sat. only,) 2:06, 2:45, 3:00, 3:43, 4:02, 4:29, 5:00, 5:18, 5:33 P. M., etc. Sundays—8:25, 9:05, 9:57, 10:40, 11:17, 11:36 A. M.; 12:35, 1:08, 1:56, 2:29, 3:03, 3:30, 4:04, 4:45, 5:27 P. M., etc. Returning at frequent intervals.

$100 CASH BUYS 7 ROOM HOUSE
All improvements; 35 minutes from city; balance $16 monthly; title guaranteed. FLORAL, Box 139 Times Downtown.

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FINE 3 ACRE FARM, $550
Healthy location; near big towns; good tillable soil; great for chickens and small truck farming; $25 down; balance $5 monthly; good title. C. FARM, 5 Hanson Place, B'klyn. Opp. Flatbush L. I. R. R. Depot.

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$6,000—Terms to Suit Responsible Purchaser.
Craftsman Country Home
Among the Hills, Near the Water—Actual Water Rights
CONVENIENT COMMUTATION TO THE CITY.
An unusually well built all year home of seven large rooms, bath, on beautiful shaded grounds, 100 by 255 feet, in most select neighborhood; established social centre. Center hall, large living room with huge old-fashioned open fireplace, dining room, butler's pantry, and well fitted kitchen on the first floor.
Four fine master bedchambers, tiled bath, linen and clothes presses on second floor. Separate entrance porch, large separate veranda and sleeping porch. Every modern convenience; absolutely pure drinking water; electric light, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, walls beautifully panelled in hard woods.
Convenient to country club, golf, ideal outdoor and water sports. Highest, healthiest climate within commuting distance of New York City. Send for photograph.
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N. Y. Rep., GLENN K. CARVER, 61 B'way.

MONTCLAIR Beautiful Colonial Residence, $14,000
built by Montclair Construction Co., sold with absolute guarantee; centre hall, living room, dining room, butler's pantry, all tiled kitchen, large palm room, 7 chambers, 3 tiled baths, sleeping porch, large plot, shade, shrubbery; exclusive location. MURDOCH, opp. Lackawanna Terminal, (Phone 675.)

MONTCLAIR Exceptional opportunity; new, modern residence; centre hall, large living-room, dining-room, butler's pantry; kitchen, solarium; 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch. Large plot, excellent location. A sacrifice, $8,000. Murdoch, Opp. Lackawanna, Montclair, N.J.

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MUST SELL AT CEDARHURST
New stucco house, 10 rooms, 3 tiled baths, sun parlor; hardwood trim, parquet floors; on 100x100 corner; every city convenience; 32 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; will sacrifice. F. G. WEBB, 105 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Stock Farm Bargain!"
140 acres, main highway, mostly cleared, running stream, fertile, orchards, house 8 rooms, barns, granaries, poultry houses, numerous outbuildings; excellent condition; $20,000, worth double. HARVEY B. NEWINS, WOOLWORTH BLDG., NEW YORK.

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A SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ORANGE GROVE.
Wanted, Eastern property for 30 acres of oranges and lemons. This property is beautifully located; improved with small house and barn. Complete underground water system. Bank appraisement $30,000. Mortgage $3,000. Owner non-resident; will take $20,000 in good value. G. N. BRINK, 28 East 26th Street, N. Y., Room 1,017. Telephone, 7215 Madison Square.

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CENTRAL PARK WEST
Near 86th Street.
Elegant four-story house.
All improvements; ideal for physician; from Oct. 1 or before.
BIERHOFF, 845 Lenox Ave.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of NAIMAN GOLDBERG to SAMUEL NEUMANN, Assignee.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on Tuesday, the 14th day of September, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at 863 First Av., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of ladies' and gents' furnishings, clothing, hats, aprons, underwear, hosiery, shirts, collars, showcases, tables, fixtures, &c. SAMUEL NEUMANN, Assignee. GINZBURG & PICKER, Attorneys for Assignee, 116 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN H. McDONALD, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Sept. 1, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 357 W. 16th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of tools, lumber, &c.

HENRY HOGEBOOM, Trustee.
GEORGE W. ELKINS, Attorney for Trustee, 34 Pine St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

To the Creditors of International Steam Pump Company:

You are hereby notified that the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York by its order entered August 19, 1915, in the Consolidated Cause of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, complainant, against International Steam Pump Company, defendant, in which the undersigned have been appointed Receivers of the property of said company, has required any and all persons, firms and corporations having any claim or claims of any kind or nature against International Steam Pump Company or against the property owned by it (except holders of the First Lien Five Per Cent. Bonds of said Company,) to file statements of their respective claims with Abraham S. Gilbert, Esquire, Special Master, at his office, No. 43 Exchange Place, New York City, on or before the first day of October, 1915, and, on failing to do so, that all of said claimants not filing claims shall be forever barred from asserting any claims, right, title or interest in or to any of the property or assets of said Company in the possession of its Receivers or in or to any other property or assets in the possession of said Receivers. This order has likewise been entered by the District Court of the United States for the Western District of New York, for the District of Massachusetts, for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, and for the Western Division of the Southern District of Ohio, being the courts of ancillary jurisdiction in this matter to said District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York. Claims filed as above ordered should consist of a brief statement of the items, nature and character of the claim, and the post office address of the claimant, and all statements of claim must be verified by the oath of the person or by an officer of the corporation making such claim, or by some person duly representing such claimant, as to the justness and correctness of such claim.

C. PHILIP COLEMAN and
GRAYSON M. P. MURPHY,
Receivers.
LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Solicitors for the Receivers, 111 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Offices | Financial District | Low Rent
Convenient offices; one block from Wall St. subway Station; single rooms or in suites. Unusual opportunity for any business serving men of downtown district. On premises at 7 Pine Street, or Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, 84 William St. Tel. 2260 John.

133 WEST 72D STREET
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS
Each suite contains 2 offices, 2 operating rooms, 2 dressing and reception rooms. $1,200 per annum.
CHARLES J. F. BOHLEN, Agent, 166 E. 23rd St. Phone 4641 Gramercy.

440 W. 46TH ST.
FINE LIGHT LOFTS
25 BY 100 FEET, $40.
MERCER, 266 WEST 23D.

STUDIO AND OFFICES TO LET
BROADWAY STUDIO BUILDING, Broadway and 80th St.
Studio and offices to rent; subway entrance same block; steam heat. Apply on premises, No. 2,231 B'way. Elevator 80th St.

STORE TO LET.
STORE TO RENT AT
No. 49 NASSAU STREET.
Apply OWNER, 139 West 82d Street.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

33 West 51st St.
CLOSE TO FIFTH AVE.
NEW 12-STORY HOTEL.
Suites of 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 rooms, with baths. Furnished or Unfurnished.
WRITE, CALL OR 'PHONE
Raymond W. Jones, Mgr. 'Phone 3264—Plaza.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

SAN JACINTO
18 EAST 60TH ST.
Any number of Rooms; Complete Service.

38 West 59th St.
FACING PARK
2-3, OR 6 ROOM KITCHENETTE APTS.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.

NOTICE.

On August 23, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named court on behalf of the United States against 1,088 cases of canned tomatoes upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on September 8, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter), at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

August 23, 1915.

THOS. D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.

NOTICE.

On August 23, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named court on behalf of the United States against 550 cases of canned tomatoes upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States Revised Statutes.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on September 8, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter), at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

August 23, 1915.

THOS. D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

OFFICES IN THE TOWER OF
The Times Building
Exceptionally attractive offices—singly and en suite—are to be had at present.
Very desirable because of their location, abundance of daylight and perfect ventilation.
Ready for immediate occupancy.
Rental Office
Room 406
Telephone—Bryant 1000

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Apartments of Highest Character

Under Personal Management of the Owners, Assuring Unequalled Service.

Colosseum
435 Riverside Drive
South Corner of 116th St.

Largest rooms and most attractive floor plan on Drive. Dining room, 13x19; bedroom, 16x18; living rooms, 16x21, &c. Simplex and Duplex Apartments.

5-7-8-10 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths.
Rents $1600 to $2700

The Regnor
601 West 115th St.
N. W. Corner Broadway

Unusually desirable apartments, unsurpassed location, overlooking Columbia University's grounds. Extra large sunny rooms, all facing the outside; fine river view.

4-5-6-7 Rooms, 1-2-3 Baths.
Rents $810 to $1850

PATERNO BROS., Owners and Builders, JOSEPH PATERNO, Pres.
Office, 601 West 115th St. at Broadway. Open Sunday.

UNUSUAL APARTMENTS MAINTAINING THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF SERVICE

THE ALLERTON
600 W. 113th St., cor. B'way
Modern 12-Story Building
Corner Suites of Exceptional Desirability
6-7 & 8 Rooms & 2 Baths
$1200 to $1800

THE FRIESLAND
235 W. 103d St., cor. B'way
at Subway Station
Most Attractive Suites of
6 & 7 Rooms & Bath
$1050 to $1300

APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENTS OR
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT, Inc.
Tel. Riverside 975 2705 Broadway at 103d St.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Stanley Court

Cor. West End Avenue and 106th Street
NORTHWEST CORNER.

A House of the Very Highest Grade
Moderate Rentals

For light, size of rooms, completeness of appointment, and thoroughness of management this house is unsurpassed by any apartment house in New York.

A Few Corner Apartments of 9 rooms and 3 baths
ARE AVAILABLE NOW.
Rentals from Oct. 1st.
Apply to
MANAGING AGENT ON PREMISES
or to
VASA K. BRACHER,
2010 Broadway.
Telephone—Columbus 361.

THE BORCHARDT,

220 West 98th St., Cor. B'way
Modern 12 Story Fireproof House.
7 ROOMS, Foyer, 2-3 Baths, $1,550 to $1,900.
8 ROOMS, Foyer, 3 Baths, $1,800 to $2,000.
Rooms large and light; excellent service.

STUART ARMS,

226 West 97th St., near B'way
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1400-$1600
2 Room Kitchenettes, Bath, $540-$600.
Rooms very large, abundant closets. Resident Manager on Premises.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.
THE MELVILLE,
Amsterdam Ave. at 118th St.
THE WINTHROP,
5-6-7 Rooms, $600-$900.
All Night Service.

7 & 8 ROOMS 2 BATHS

RENTALS $1,380 TO $1,800
207 West 56th St.,
Between Broadway and 7th Ave.
Apply on Premises or
MOORE & WYCKOFF
546 5th Avenue
Corner 45th St. 'Phone 1263 Bryant.

DORILTON

MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE

Unusual sunny exposure. Express subway station 100 feet away. Free electric light and refrigeration. Three vacancies only. 5 to 9 Rooms at $1,600 to $2,800. Write or telephone for leaflet.

BROADWAY & 71ST ST.

305 WEST 72d ST.

Adjoining West End Av.
4-5-6 ROOMS.
$1,100 to $2,000

31-3 WEST 11TH ST.

Eight-story fireproof elevator Apartment, four and five room suites.
Rents, $60 to $95.

45 WEST 11TH ST.

Eight-story fireproof elevator Apartment, four-room suites.
Rents $50 to $70.

J. IRVING WALSH,
73 West 11th Street.

Apartments

61st Street and Central Park West. Eigth rooms and bath. Four elevators.
Rents $900 to $1400
Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd
84 William Street

76 West 86th Street AND 77 West 85th Street

Attractive Apartments of
6-7-8-9 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
All Large, Outside Rooms.
Rentals $1,000 to $1,800 yearly.
APPLY TO AGENT ON PREMISES.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Apartments

Chester Court
86 West 119th St.
6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms and Bath newly renovated, $600—$1,200

Ronda and Chateau d'Armes
161st St. and Fort Washington Ave.
4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath, $480—$1,000

The Amidon
233 West 83d Street
7 Rooms and Bath
$1,000-$1,350

Further particulars and plans of all the apartments are on file at our offices at
10 East 45th St.
14 Wall Street

Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co

THE PARAMOUNT

315 West 99th St.,
Near Riverside Drive.

4, 5, and 6 rooms and 2 baths. All outside rooms. This building offers the maximum of service and comfort in apartment houses.

Rents $720 to $1,250.
Superintendent or
DUBOIS & TAYLOR
3,551 BROADWAY
(146th St.)

HUDSONIA

79th St. & Riverside Drive, 315-321 West.

An apartment house of the highest class. Thoroughly modern and comfortable in every detail. Rooms conveniently arranged. Choice residential section. Subway, car and bus lines almost at door. Resident management.

6 & 7 Rooms. $840 to $1,100.

OFFICE ON PREMISES.
Tel 9171—Schuyler.

Elevator Apartments

4, 5, 6 Rooms;
$28 Up.
335 West 14th St.
NEWLY RENOVATED. ALL IMPROVEMENTS. DECORATED TO SUIT. BEST VALUE ON WEST SIDE.

THE ADRIAN,

58 West 72d.

Eight large, light rooms, bath; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated, and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

3 Rooms (front)	$60
4 Rooms	$65
5 "	$75

New fireproof elevator apartment house, fine location, near subway and "L" stations.
55 WEST 95TH ST.

57th St., 322-328 West

HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
8 Elegant large rooms; block to Broadway, L and Sub. stations; most convenient part of city; unexcelled service. **$1000**
Naughtin & Co., 2650 B'way. River.—1146

THE AYLSMERE,

60 West 76th St.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

BEAUTIFUL APARTMENT. 301 West 107th, corner Broadway.—Five light rooms, unfurnished; tiled bath; ground floor; hall service, telephone, clean, tidy; all improvements; private house block; select neighborhood; $50; decorated to suit.

$70, at 91st St. Subway.

2,465 Broadway.—Seven room elevator apartment; all improvements. Apply Superintendent, or 'phone John—2429.

The Sevillia

Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Apartment of 2 rooms and bath; also one 3 rooms and bath, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st.

FINE ELEVATOR APTS.

$35 IN BEST LOCATION IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. $60
4 & 6 ROOMS, $40 & $60; 3 & 5 W. 104TH ST.
5 & 6 ROOMS, $45 & $50; 40 W. 127TH ST.
4, 5 & 7 ROOMS, $35 to $60, 30 E. 128TH ST.

THE WEST POINT

336 West 95th St., near Riverside Drive.
HIGH-CLASS HOUSE.
Subway express 96th St. All night elevator. 6 Sunny Rooms. **$50-$55**

80 WEST 92ND STREET

7 large rooms, bath; single flat; all improvements; refined neighborhood; near L, subway; $40.

Skylight Studios

5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $80

THE WAR.

Volume I. of The New York Times Current History, containing story of the European War from the beginning to March, 1915, obtainable in book form. 1,238 pages. Bound in handsome seal brown cloth, with gold lettering. Price, $2 in New York. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Great Rent Reduction

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

The Northern Northwest Cor. 181st St. & Northern Av.
3 blocks west of Broadway. Subway station at 181st St.
Immense rooms and finest in city. Size 16x20 feet. Southern exposure.

9 Rooms, 2 Baths, Butler's Pantry (Corner)	$95	Formerly $125.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, Butler's Pantry (Corner)	$75-$85	Formerly $110.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Butler's Pantry	$70	Formerly $80.
6 Rooms, 1 Bath, Butler's Pantry	$60	Formerly $75.
5 Rooms, 1 Bath, Butler's Pantry	$50	Formerly $60.

The Kenilworth 45 Pinehurst Av., Northeast Corner 179th St.
Highest location in city, most desirable residential section.
All rooms outside and extraordinarily large.

7 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front)	$70	Formerly $75 to $80.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front)	$55-$60	Formerly $65 to $70.
5 Rooms & Bath (Front)	$50	Formerly $55.
4 Rooms & Bath (Front)	$40	Formerly $45.

Riverside Drive, 745 Southeast Corner 152d St. **Onondaga**
Highest altitude on Riverside Drive, with magnificent views of the Hudson and Palisades. Spacious rooms, with every conceivable improvement.

7 Rooms, 3 Baths (Corner)	$95 to $100	Formerly $110
7 Rooms, 2 Baths	$60 to $80	Formerly $90
6 Rooms, 2 Baths	$55 to $70	Formerly $85

Regent Hall, 3100 Broadway, N. E. Corner 123d St.
High-class house, convenient to subway; block from Grant's Tomb and Riverside Drive.

7 Rooms, 2 Baths (Corner)	$65-$70	Formerly $80 to $85
6 Rooms and Bath	$55-$60	Formerly $65
5 Rooms and Bath	$40-$50	Formerly $55 to $60
4 Rooms and Bath, ground floor, front, adapted for physician	$45	Formerly $50

JUST COMPLETED

Ten story fireproof and soundproof.
Highest type of elevator apartment.

BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 146TH STREET.
One block from Subway and surface cars.

Attractive apartments, every convenience, exquisitely appointed. Large rooms and all outside, overlooking Riverside Drive and Hudson River. Southern exposure. FULL SERVICE DAY AND NIGHT.

3 Rooms, Kitchenette & Bath, $575.
4 Rooms & Bath, $700.
5 Rooms & Bath, $1,000.

Renting Agent on Premises or
DuBOIS & TAYLOR, 3551 B'way (146th St.)

MANHATTAN—West Side.

CORNER APARTMENTS 8 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS

RENTAL $2,200.
Absolutely fireproof; modern improvements.
CORNWALL
90th St. & Broadway
Agent on premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS, AGENTS,
162 WEST 72D ST.

THE ANTWERP,

2333-9 B'WAY (COR. 85TH)
7 Beautiful rooms, extra large, light; will decorate to suit; convenient to Subway, L, and all surface lines. Fine neighborhood. $40 $60

WOODSTOCK & LOCKSLEY,
507-511 WEST 130TH ST.
NEW, HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
3 4 Large, light, especially well arranged rooms. All improvements. Telephone, Electricity, etc. Near Subway and surface lines. Beautifully decorated. $20 $28

235 WEST 140TH ST.
150 Ft. to 6-9 "L" Express Station.
6 Extra large, light, newly decorated rooms; quiet, well kept and conveniently located house. Great value. $33 $35

47 EAST 88TH ST.
PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK.
Fine, cozy rooms, improvements; newly decorated; convenient to all car lines. One block to Park. $35

These houses are under my personal supervision, service of the highest standard is assured.
HENRY LONDON 302 BROADWAY. Tel. Worth 96.

Best Values ON West End Ave.

5, 6 AND 7 ROOMS,
2 AND 3 BATHS.
RENTAL, $1,200 TO $2,000.

The Halsworth
645 WEST END AVENUE,
S. W. COR. 92D ST.
Very Attractive and Light Apartments. Absolutely Fireproof. Every Improvement.
AGENT ON PREMISES, OR
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents,
162 West 72d Street.

Wellesley

N.E. Corner 81ST. WEST END AVE

A Beautiful Apartment of 8 or 9 very large outside Rooms, three Baths, occupying the entire southwest wing overlooking Hudson and Palisades; electric light, refrigeration; separate laundry for each tenant; $2,700.
Smaller Apartment of 7 Rooms, $1,700. Residential Manager.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

Fairview Court,

3117-3127 Broadway,
Near 125th St.
Apartments of 3, 4, 5 and 6 large rooms
RENTS $30 TO $60
Elevator service—all improvements.
Superintendent on Premises, or
E. C. SIMONSON, 100 Broadway.

VERSAILLES PALACE

[illegible] W. 113th St., bet. B'way and Riverside Dr. Large, light rooms, fireproof building; elevator and all modern improvements; unexcelled service.
6 Rooms and Bath, $1,000
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,375 up
Apply premises or JOSEPH ATZ, 30 Church St.

GRAND CORNER

7th Av., 1,919, corner 116th; open plaza, bet. subway and "L" express stations; 7-8 rooms, extra large, light, high class; all improvements; newly decorated; reduced to $80, $70, $65; great concessions; see our inducements before you select.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

400 CONVENT AVENUE

147TH STREET.
A Few Choice, High-Class Apartments FROM OCTOBER 1ST.
Superintendent on Premises.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

603 W. 111th St.

The Antlers
between B'way & Riverside
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
Attractive Modern Apts.
Owner on Premises
$1,400

THE MAJESTIC

St. Nicholas Av., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
7&8 Rooms & Bath
Rentals $720 to $1,000.
Large, light rooms, complete, elevator and telephone service. All modern conveniences. Close to subway and elevated lines.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.
N. E. Cor. Madison Av. & 41st.
Tel., Murray Hill—1481.
Renting Agent on Premises.

FOR SMALL FAMILIES

Six rooms and bath, with sunny exposure; elevator and telephone service day and night.
THE PLYMOUTH
537-541 WEST 149TH ST.
A street of private houses.
Rents $46 to $55.
Agents on premises.
DUBOIS & TAYLOR,
3,551 Broadway,
(146th St.)

CAMBRIDE HALL,

544 WEST 157TH ST.,
One Door from Broadway and Subway Station. Fireproof and Sound Proof.
5, 6 AND 7 ROOMS.
$600 TO $840.
Agent on Premises or
Du Bois & Taylor, 3,551 B'way (146th St.)

REED HOUSE

Broadway at 121st St.

5 rooms	$660	$720
6 rooms	$720	$900
7 rooms	$900	$1200

Perfect Service.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

THE GARFIELD,

200 Claremont Ave., Cor. 127th St.
One Block West of Broadway.
5-6 Rooms, $45 to $65
Elevator and All Modern Improvements.
Representative on premises, or
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., B'way & 100th St.

Riverside Drive

With Broadway entrance and convenience elevator.
6 ROOMS, $50. 8 ROOMS, $63.
9 ROOMS, CORNER, $75.
3609 Broadway, S. W. Cor. 149th St.

ST. NICHOLAS AVENUE,

SOUTHWEST CORNER 178TH ST.
4, 5 and 6 Beautiful Large Rooms in Elevator Apartment, $33 to $55.

Exceptional Outside Apartments

8 and 9 Rooms, $80 upward.
Splendidly finished, every modern improvement; restricted avenue; refined; references; owner resides on premises. WESTWOOD and CLIFFEWOOD COURTS, West 180th Street, on Fort Washington Avenue.

New High Class Apartments

72-82 Seaman Ave.,
4 blocks west 207th St. B'way Sub. Station.
4-5-6 Rooms, $33 to $42.50.
Telephone each apt.; parquet floors, large closets; tennis courts; near 4 parks. Apply M. JUST, 612 West 207th St., Aud. 1836.

RIVERVIEW COURT,

611 West 136th St., near Riverside Drive. Four and six rooms and bath, large and light, $35 and $55; subway 137th St. and Broadway; efficient service; references. Premises, or
HALL & BLOODGOOD,
542 Fifth Av. Tel. Bryant 7632.

CONCORD HALL

468 Riverside Drive,
Corner 119th St.
7-8 rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory.
$1150—$1700. STRICTLY FIREPROOF.

Newly Finished Apartments 4 TO 6 ROOMS, $30

upward, every improvement, high-class service, refined neighborhood. Owner's management. Leases from Oct. 1st. Owner, 565 West 180th.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

ROCKLEDGE HALL

Riverside Drive, Corner 102d Street,
Choicest Section of the Drive.
9 Rooms and 3 Baths....$2,800-$3,200
With four exposures, fully unobstructed.
Largest rooms on the West Side.
Also 7 and 8 Rooms and 3 Baths...$1,900 to $2,200

Most Reasonable Rent on the Drive.
400 Riverside Drive
Corner 112th Street.
Modern building, embodying all the latest improvements; very attractive floor plan. Rents on application.
7 and 8 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths.

THE OSTEND
2,880 BROADWAY, Cor. 112th St.
Modern elevator building; convenient to 110th St. Subway station; apartments are exceptionally large and well arranged.
9 and 10 Rooms, 2 Baths.
$1,400 to $1,800.
Apt. Suitable for Doctor or Dentist, 8 rooms, $1,200.

THE DORLEXA
318 WEST 100TH ST.
Adjacent Riverside Drive.
Absolutely fireproof; overlooking Riverside Drive; arrangement of rooms unsurpassed.
8 Rooms and 3 Baths.
Rent $1,600-$1,800.

JANUS COURT
106 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE,
South Cor. 121st St.
New fireproof and soundproof building; situated at highest point in city; every modern improvement.
5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath.
$660 to $1,200.

DOUGLAS COURT
546 WEST 147TH ST.,
Southeast Corner Broadway.
High-class elevator apartments; only 2 blocks from Subway. Large, light, rooms, well planned.
5, 6 and 7 Rooms,
$480 to $900.

CHEPSTOW
215 WEST 101ST ST.,
N. E. Cor. of Broadway.
Convenient to Subway and "L" Stations; 10-story building; absolutely fireproof; filtering plant; 4 elevators.
6 and 8 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths.
$1,300 to $2,100.

250 W. 104th ST.
BET. BROADWAY AND West End Av.
Nine-story fireproof apartment; private house location; one block from 103d St. Subway.
5 and 6 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
$1,100 to $1,450.

PICKEN COURT
706 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
Corner 148th Street.
Ten-story fireproof building; every convenience; excellent view; all rooms exceptionally large.
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
$660 to $1,400.

CAROLYN COURT
414 WEST 121ST ST.,
Bet. Amsterdam Av. and Morningside Drive.
All modern improvements; convenient to car lines and subway station.
3, 4, 5 Rooms and Bath.
$480 to $720.

LINLITHGOW
640 WEST 139TH ST.,
Corner Riverside Drive.
Ideal location; unexcelled view of the Hudson River and the Drive.
4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms,
$480 to $840.

Apply to Superintendents on Premises, or
Calder, Nassoit & Lanning,
Broadway, Corner 105th Street.

High Class New Houses

GLEN CAIRN
270 Riverside Drive, Cor. 99th.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,600-$1,700
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,100
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,300-$2,500
Absolutely fireproof and soundproof elevator apartments.

DAYTON COURT
35 Ft. Washington Av., Cor. 160th.
4-5-6 Rooms, $540 to $900
New, beautiful elevator apartments; in the highest and most healthful section of Washington Heights; street under supervision of Park Department. Rooms are extraordinarily large and light.

CHESBURNE
91 Fort Washington Av., Cor. 162d.
4-5-6-7 Rooms, $540 to $1,000
A magnificent elevator apartment. An ideal location, tree-lined avenue, overlooking Hudson and Palisades; every apartment isolated and complete as private dwelling; up-to-the-minute improvements.

65 Fort Washington Av.
Cor. 161st St.
4-5-6-7 Rooms, $540-$1,000
A high class elevator apartment house in Washington Heights' most beautiful residential section; delightful, spacious chambers, tremendously large closets and every newest improvement.

BERLIN RENTING AGENCY
Broadway, Cor. 162d St. 'Phone, Audubon—7478.
141 E. 17th St. 'Phone, Stuyvesant—3982.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

RIVERCLIFF

628 West 151st St.
New Elevator Building.
3 4 5 extra large light rooms, beautifully decorated, large foyer hall; spacious closets; great value. **$35 $60**
Apply on Premises, or
KEMPE & CO.

MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS

Three minutes to 116th St. Express Station, 6th and 9th Ave. "L."
Facing Most Picturesque Park in Manhattan.
4 ROOMS, $35-$45
5 ROOMS, $50-$60
6 ROOMS, $60-$70
7 ROOMS, $80-$85
Every Modern Housekeeping Convenience.
RESTAURANT OPTIONAL
40 MORNINGSIDE AVENUE
N. E. CORNER WEST 118TH ST.

The Regnor

601 West 115th St.
N. W. Corner Broadway.
4-5-6-7 Rooms
1-2-3 Baths
Overlooking Columbia University.
$810 to $1,850

PANMURE ARMS

593 Riverside Drive N. E. COR. 136TH ST.
Ideal Home for Refined Families.
7, 8, 9 ROOMS
LARGE, OUTSIDE, PLEASANT.
Southern Exposure.
Block to Subway Station—Bus Line.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
Abundant Sunlight. Excellent Service.
RENTS REASONABLE.
KEMPE & CO. 87TH ST., Cor. B'way. Schuyler 5610.

THE IMPERATOR

S. cor. 150th St. & Riverside Drive.
High class, fireproof, elevator apartments
3-5-6 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Rents, $540, $900, $1,000 yearly.

PORT ROYAL, 246 W. 129th

EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT;
MODERN RENTS. BIG VALUE.
5-6 Large, Light Rooms.

PARTHENON & HESPERUS

117th to 118th St. and Manhattan Av.
Most convenient location in city; elevated express trains two blocks; 2, 4, and 6 rooms; [illegible] $35 to $65; [illegible]

West Side, Above 110th Street.

WESTDALE

602 W. 139th St.
Near Riverside Drive and Subway.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath
RENTS $50 TO $70.

BRAYMAN
3 W. 92d St.
Adjacent Central Park West.
7 Large Rooms and Bath
RENTS $80.

331 Lexington Av.
Corner 39th Street.
All Large, Outside Rooms.
8 Rooms and Bath
RENTS $1,560.

Kick & Sharrott
2,608 B'way, near 98th St.

THE CAMPUS

39-41 Claremont Ave.
Above 116th St., Adjacent to Riverside Drive.
4 & 6 Rooms & Bath
overlooking Barnard College and Columbia University; all rooms facing the outside and splendidly laid out.
Also an attractive Suite
7 Rooms & 2 Baths
Modern fireproof building; under the personal management of the owner.
Rents Very Reasonable.

FORT TRYON APARTMENTS

561 WEST 180TH STREET,
Corner St. Nicholas Ave.
4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Elevator; Electric Light; $33 to $60.
Apply on premises, or
J. E. Whitaker, 2108 B'way, at 74th St.

High Class Elevator Apartments

4 to 6 Rooms, $40
upward; refined, restricted avenue; all improvements; exceptional service; owner's management, 485 Fort Washington Ave., Corner West 180th.

123d ST., 510-518 West.

COLUMBIA COURT
TRANQUILLITY, DIGNITY & COMFORT.
3 and 4 rooms; modern elevator apartments; all conveniences; rents $32 to $45.

57 W. 111th St.

Opposite express subway sta., corner elevator apartment, 6, 7, all light rooms, overlooking Central Park; all night service; $40, $50. Supt., or Mercer, 266 West 23d St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

PARK AVENUE, 550

(S. W. Cor. 62nd.)
7 Rooms and Bath, $1,100-$1,750.
Fireproof. All night elevator.

61-69 EAST 86TH ST.

Choice apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms; most accessible location in Yorkville; elevator service.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Three New Buildings Now Ready for Occupancy

"500 West End Avenue"
At Northeast Corner 84th Street
Southern, Eastern and Western Exposures.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms—Rentals $1,100 to $2,700.

"575 West End Avenue"
At Southwest Corner 88th Street
Overlooking Riverside Drive.
5, 6 and 7 Rooms—Rentals $1,200 to $2,300
and
Doctor's Apartment of 9 Rooms—Ground Floor Corner.
Specially Arranged for Office and Home.

84th St., Corner Broadway
"The Alameda"
Southern and Eastern Exposures.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms—Rentals $1,200 to $2,400.

We have only one price for the apartments we manage

MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY
56 West 45th Street
Telephone Bryant 7848
Representatives on Premises

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS. SPENCER ARMS

S. E. Cor. Broadway & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations — maid service included, and meals served in apartments.
Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space.
Most convenient location in city.
☞RENTAL, $70 to $125.
Chas. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker.
Tel. Columbus 3996.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

122 E. 76th St.

Near Park Av.
New 9-Story Fireproof Apartments.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms
Rentals $1,700 to $2,250.
Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc.,
AGENTS.
421 Madison Avenue, at 48th Street.
Telephone, Murray Hill—5600.

160 West 95th St.

New 9-story fireproof apartments.
Southern exposure.
ONLY THREE 5 ROOM APARTMENTS Left
$1,075 upward.
JULIUS TISHMAN & SONS,
18 East 41st St. Tel., 7518—Mur. Hill.

1219 MADISON AVENUE,

Southeast Corner 88th Street.
All apartments have dining room and living room facing the avenue. Each has a maid's toilet. All floors parquet and hardwood. Electric lights. All-night elevator service.
6 Rooms & Bath, $840 up.
8 Rooms & Bath, $1,000 up.
9 Rooms & Bath, $1,450.
MANAGEMENT BY RESIDENT OWNER.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

104 EAST 40TH ST.

Exclusive Apartments
In the Fashionable Murray Hill Section.
5 and 6 Very Large Rooms with 1 and 2 Baths.
ALSO
A Very Desirable Bachelor Suite
AT PARK AVENUE

THE WAREHAM,

231 Lexington Av.,
NEAR 34TH STREET.
3-4-5 Rooms & Bath,
Rent $540, $600 & $720.
J. Romaine Brown Co.,
N. E. Cor. Madison Av. & 41st.
Tel., Murray Hill—1481.

THE PALACIO,

Park Ave., corner 65th St.
8 Rooms and 2 Bathrooms.
ALL LARGE, OUTSIDE, SUNNY ROOMS.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.

8 EAST 54

Triplex Apartment.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,400.
OPEN FIREPLACES. ROOF GARDEN.
Also
Physician's Office, 3 Rooms, $1,800.

THE SUSSEX

55 EAST 65TH ST.
Apartments of seven or eight rooms. Rent $1,400. Extra maids' rooms. Private house block. Apply to Superintendent.

LENOX COURT,

114-116 EAST 71ST ST.
8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Murray Hill Apts.

122-128 East 34th Street
S. W. cor. of Lexington Ave.
SEVEN & EIGHT ROOMS
RENTS, $1,200-$1,800

Bachelor Apartments

THE BERWYCK
65-69 West 54th Street
TWO ROOMS & BATH
RENTS, $480-$720
CONVENIENT TO THE UNION AND UNIVERSITY CLUBS.
DOCTOR'S OFFICE, $900
APPLY TO
HERMAN L. R. EDGA
81 Nassau Street

Non-Housekeeping Apartments

A few Apartments available for fall renting. 1, 2 and 3 large, airy, outside rooms with bath; modern in detail. Day and night attendance. Vacuum cleaning system, maid service, mail chute, open fireplaces, ample closet room. Meals served in apartments. Agent always on premises. 'Phone, Plaza—6070.
Rents, $600 to $1,320.
507 Madison Avenue. At 53d St.

THE ENGLEWOOD

1,187 Lexington Ave., S. E. Cor. 81st.
7 Large, light rooms, bath, elevator, uniformed hall service; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises, or
MACLAY & DAVIES, 67 Wall St. Hanover 8131.

BROOKLYN.

MOST EXCLUSIVE

APARTMENTS IN BROOKLYN
UNFURNISHED
One and two rooms, bath, kitchenette, housekeeping, non-housekeeping; gas and electricity and service included in rent, from
$20 TO $40 PER MONTH.
Resident Manager on Premises.
POUCH MANSION, 345 CLINTON AVE.

EASTERN PARKWAY,

749 to 781, Corner Kingston Ave.
$40 TO $50.
Modern apartments, 7 and 8 rooms, 2 baths; in the most healthful section of Brooklyn; easy access to Manhattan via subway.

PARKWAY COURT

Elegant, high-class apartments of 4 to 8 rooms, all improvements. Best section of Eastern Parkway. Rents, $32.00 to $75.00. Ready Sept. 1st. M. F. GLEASON, Eastern Parkway, corner Kingston Ave., Brooklyn.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

An unusually desirable light loft to rent; light on all sides; elevator service day and night; rent reasonable. Inquire 15th floor, 141 West 36th.

56th, 63 West.—Floors, steam heat, electricity, hardwood floors; basement suitable for caterer.

City Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Real Estate at Auction.

JERE JOHNSON JR. CO., AUCTIONEERS. 187 B'way, N. Y. 193 Montague St., B'klyn.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, AUCTIONEER, 156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Craftsman Homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Avenue J station, Brighton Beach "L."

CRAFTSMAN HOMES, with garage, only $5,500. Little gems; 2 min. from Kings Highway sta. new Sea Beach Subway. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

See our ad. Sunday, easy housekeeping homes, Crown St. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St.

Easy housekeeping homes, Crown St., see our ad. Sunday. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

$100 cash buys comfortable cottage, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; nice lawn and garden plot; near trolley and depot; 25 minutes from Manhattan; balance payments like rent. Call at store, 1,218 Broadway, cor. Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

Jamaica—Sacrifice, six rooms, bath, $2,900; eight rooms and bath, $5,900; all improvements. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful cheap bungalow plot, near sea; fine shade trees. P. O. Box 23, Great Kills.

Real Estate Wanted.

A modern private house, with garage, room for 3 cars, for rent in or around the West Bronx, New Rochelle, or Larchmont. Telephone before 12 o'clock, Fordham 160.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Exchange for term of years for New York apartment, (or rent,) beautiful country home; 10 rooms, furnished; modern improvements; large barn, garage; 25 acres land; flour, grist, sawmill; two ponds, 22 and 16 foot fall; noted trout stream; deer in abundance; phone; rural delivery; 2½ hours from New York. Address Z 215 Times Annex.

City Houses to Let—Furnished

An attractive furnished house, 10 rooms, 2 bathrooms, 3 toilets; electric lights and parquet floors throughout; on West End Av.; two minutes from subway; complete for $2,500 per year. Apply I. E. Newburger, 28 West 21st St. Telephone 5086 Gramercy.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

129th, 106 W.—Handsome 3-story and basement dwelling; 2 baths; $900 from Oct. 1.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A Real Bargain.—On Sept. 15th, 10 o'clock, a beautiful brick apartment, located at 150 Woodworth Av., will be sold at public auction at City Hall, Yonkers, N. Y. All modern improvements. Would cost $30,000 to duplicate. Bank mortgage was $11,000 at 5%. Something over this figure will take property. Will you be the lucky one?

707 and 711 North Broadway, Yonkers, two-story, nine-room dwellings, just completed; very attractive; newest improvements, handsome decorations; high-class location; attractive prices. River View Building Co., on premises, 713 North Broadway, Yonkers.

Two very attractive all-year-round houses to rent; furnished or unfurnished; have all modern improvements; can be inspected any time. J. Geraghty, 20 Redfield St., Rye, N. Y., or 27 East 40th St., N. Y. C.

New "Old Colonial," 8 rooms, 3 baths, in park, handy station, for sale; others to let. Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y.

HOUSE PLANS and specifications made according to your ideas. Rousseau, 2 E. 23d.

Hudson River. KENNETH IVES & CO., Westchester, 7 E. 42.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

SEMI-BUNGALOW, $5,000; 28 minutes from Manhattan; 100 trains, 4 minutes from express station; restricted, refined neighborhood; garden, shade trees; 7 rooms and tile bath; all city improvements; outside chimney and fireplace; built day's labor and guaranteed; easy terms. Write or phone J. Mead Briggs, 200 Broadway, N. Y. 3876 Cortlandt.

Pretty little bungalow, 5 rooms and bath, open fireplace, paneled walls and beamed ceiling and all other modern improvements; near bathing beach; ideal all year home; 45 minutes out; easy terms. Photos, &c., C. Cox, 1,218 Broadway, cor. Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

Bungalows and bungalow sites, Jamaica Bay; 3 miles water front; improvements; titles granted. Write J. S. Moriarty, 51 Chambers St. (Suite 1,111,) Manhattan.

Neponsit.—New York's most delightful shore homes colony. Neponsit Realty Company, 1 West 34th St.

7-room house; improvements, hardwood floors, easy terms; 35 minutes out. Holberg, Hinsdale Av., Floral Park, Long Island.

SEE THE NEW HOMES AT KEW GARDENS. 15 minutes from Penn. Terminal.

For Sale—Fine plot, 75x150, at Brightwaters, L. I., "Lake Section." Address W. B. Sweet, 143 Liberty St., N. Y. C.

Neponsit.—Seashore homes in New York City. Neponsit Realty Company, 1 West 34th St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

CHARMING COUNTRY HOME.
Near the Water.
Actual Water Rights.
$6,000—ON EASY TERMS.

Will sell newly built stucco seven-room house on ¾ acre, with all modern conveniences; tiled bath, steam heat, &c. Large veranda and sleeping porch overlooking two lakes; near express station; 750 feet elevation; on road of anthracite; only 48 minutes on train to N. Y. City. Ready to live in now. Can be seen by appointment. Write for photo and floor plans. Address Bargain, P. O. Box 1,858, N. Y. C.

Attractive bargains in one-family houses and choice building lots. THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to quickly close the business of two corporations, offers these properties at about 50 per cent. of former prices. They are located at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, and Leonia, New Jersey, (opposite Grant's Tomb) within twenty-five minutes of Manhattan. Liberal terms. Title Guarantee Policy free. Address BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

Beautiful new house; artistic outside and a model of perfection in its interior; 6 large rooms, tiled bath, front and rear porches; plot 50x120, large trees, park approach, fine street, 2 minutes to depot, easy commuting; $5.50 monthly. Price to sell quick, $4,150. For particulars, call, write or phone G. R. Angell, 76 East 94th St. Phone 6743 Lenox.

ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
For rent, furnished or unfurnished, for one year, beautiful residence on Woodland Street; 4 acres; 13 rooms; all improvements; very reasonable rental; near approach to Dyckman Street Ferry.
ENGLEWOOD REAL ESTATE CO., 43 Dean St. Tel. 123; evenings 323J.

HIGH, HEALTHFUL GILLETTE.
55 minutes Lackawanna Railroad; station on property; quarter-acre plots, all improvements; fruit, shade, garden space; $275, $5 monthly; ideal for year-round home, bungalow, or little farm; booklet mailed. W. H. Carlough, 1,270 Broadway, New York.

Small fruit farms, 75x300; five minutes to station; restricted section; twenty-mile view; new houses; every improvement; wonderful location; $5,000 to $[illegible],000; terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

A Real Farmer's Opportunity!—196 acres; all but 8 acres in high state of cultivation, producing enormous crops; cost $136 an acre; price $68, to close estate. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

"NUTLEY IN A NUTSHELL."
All about the "Ideal Home Town."
SECRETARY, Box 314, Nutley, N. J.

Bargain.—$6,500; easy terms; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 50 minutes to city. Box M 355 Times Downtown.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Property My Specialty. Harvey R. Linbarger, 197 North Av.

SMALL FARMS for commuters, 1 to 5 acres, $10 monthly. Room 1701, 141 B'way.

Georgia—For Sale or to Let.

SOUTHERN LANDS are low in price, but high in productive value; make two to four crops a year and give largest profits in grain, vegetables, fruits, live stock, and dairying. Unsurpassed climate; good markets. Southern progress is on the Southern Railway. Publications on request. M. V. Richards, Commissioner, Room 219 Southern Railway, Washington, D. C.

Apartments Wanted

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted.—Above 59th, west of Broadway, furnished housekeeping apartment for 8 months, 5 to 7 rooms or 3 rooms and bath in apartment hotel; state location and price. H 273 Times Downtown.

Until Jan. 1.—Furnished apartment 7 or 8 rooms, 4th or 5th floor; location between 30th and 50th Sts., east or west. T 107 Times.

Unfurnished.

Wanted.—Unfurnished kitchenette apartment above 59th St., $35 or $40. T 114 Times.

Country Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Chicken or vegetable farm; new, attractive, six-room house, bath, china closets, &c.; large plot of rich soil; near trolley and depot and L. I. Sound; one hour from city; terms $100 down, $12 monthly. C. owner, 1,218 Broadway, cor. Van Buren St., B'klyn.

To Let—Furnished.

Gentleman's country estate; rent, furnished, unfurnished; 45 minutes Pennsylvania R. R., Colonia, N. J.; near golf club; owner cares for grounds. Mrs. Alexander, 46 West 52d St.

To Let—Unfurnished.

FOR RENT—Riverdale on Hudson. New York City, thirty minutes Grand Central Station, attractive cottage, eight minutes' pleasant surroundings; ¾ acre ground facing river; 8 rooms and bath; suitable married couple, three children; eight minutes' walk from station; city water and gas. Rent $1,500 per annum; suitable party. Address F. ALLIEN, 11 Wall St., N. Y.

Westfield, N. J.—Rent magnificent new house, $30; another, $60; plenty of land. H. C. LOCKWOOD CO., Woolworth Building.

Mortgage Loans

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted on first mortgage, $18,500; present mortgage $17,000. Information, 326 West 23d.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, 14 WALL ST. MORTGAGE LOANS.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

THE HAMPTON,
22 EAST 31ST STREET.
Attractive, furnished or unfurnished elevator apartment; two, three, four rooms and bath; now leasing for the coming season.

Apartments to rent, furnished and unfurnished, full hotel service; restaurant; cheapest rates in New York; 2 rooms and bath, furnished, $12 weekly and upward. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

HOTEL IRVING, 26 Gramercy Park. Why not live within walking distance of your business in the most central, homelike, fireproof hotel in New York City?

West Side

THE WILSONIA,
225-229 W. 69th St., near Broadway.
2 Rooms and Bath, and Kitchenette, $40 up.
3 Rooms, Bath, and Kitchenette, $47.50 up.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN.
No Questionable or Objectionable Tenants; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 1, 2, 3, & 4 Rooms
100 Cathedral Parkway, SPECIALLY
110th St. and Col. Av. ATTRACTIVE.
with private bath and kitchenette;
Complete—Dishes, Silver, Cooking Utensils Furnished—$30, $40, $50, $60 monthly.
CONCESSIONS ON LEASE and unfurnished.
Near Subway and "L." Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River, 5970.

Best bright seven-room apartment, two baths; southeast corner Broadway, 98th St.; 12-F; seven months or longer.

Exclusive listings; personally selected; Claremont Morris, specialist, 30 East 42d. Murray Hill 858.

Finely furnished private apartments, choice localities. Gray, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Choice list personally inspected furnished apartments. Frederick L. Hurt, 30 East 42d.

113th, 507 West.—Delightful 4 rooms, beautifully furnished; high-class elevator house.

400 Riverside Drive, (112th.)—6 large rooms, best class, overlooks Hudson. 6B.

344 West 85th St.—Fully furnished seven-room apartment; first class.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

THE CLEVELAND,
126 to 130 East 24th Street, 9 rooms and bath, well arranged; rents, $900 to $1,200. Apply to Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, No. 84 William Street.

ST. GEORGE,
1,125 Lexington Av., 78th St. Newly renovated; all light, 6 rooms, 2 baths, apartments, $900; 7 rooms, $1,000; every modern improvement; all night elevator service.

DON'T MISS SEEING
Apartment seven unusually light rooms,
1,180 MADISON AVENUE,
Corner 87th St. Electric light, parquet floors; price, $1,200. Superintendent on premises.

APARTMENTS, 137 EAST 34TH.
Two rooms, bath, steam heat, large sky light, $400. Premises, or Ames, 26 West 31st.

"Kingston," 129-131 E. 76th St.; handsome apartments; 7, 8 large, light rooms.

CORNER, six rooms and bath, all OUTSIDE; owner's management. 180 East 31st.

West Side

THE NEWPORT
52d Street, 200-206 West, s. e. cor. Broadway. Five and six rooms, $55 to $75. Elevator, steam heat, electric lights. Quiet and respectable building. Apply on premises or to
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar Street. 'Phone 5700 John.

EMPIRE COURT, 511 West 95th St.
Very light rooms, 6 rooms, $45 up
All Night 7 rooms, $50 up
Elevator, 8 rooms, $55 up
Telephone, &c. 9 rooms, $65 up
GEO. R. READ & CO., 30 Nassau St.

THE INVERNESS, 415 West 118th.—Nonhousekeeping apartments, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, two baths; all modern improvements; first-class cuisine; rent, $40 and upward.

261 WEST 71ST STREET.
10 rooms, 2 baths, electric lights, parquet floors, beautiful condition; rent $2,000.
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents, 165 West 72d St. Columbus 8900.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-11 room apartments, $4,000-$6,000; also one 11-room apartment, partially furnished. Apply Superintendent or phone Col. 4020.

Artist's studio, beautiful apartment; fine northern light; steel studio 22x24; call at once. Miss Elflein, Hotel Chelsea, W. 23d St.

84th St., 15 West.—Seven large rooms and bath, newly decorated; immediate possession. $50.00 and up.

Will rent exceptional two-room and bath hotel apartment at great sacrifice. L 36 Times.

ELEVATOR APARTMENT, $45.
Convenient, fashionable neighborhood, 509 West 112th.

Sunrise, Broadway, 2,708; 3 light rooms; housekeeping, non-housekeeping; rental, $576.

A.—156 West 72d St.—Bachelor apartment, 2-8 rooms, kitchenette, room service; $600-$900.

High-class apartments all over town. Berlin Renting Agency, 3,883 Broadway.

240-242 WEST 49TH STREET.
5-6 rooms; elevator apartment; reduced rentals.

94th St., 319 West.—Handsome 5-7 room apartments. Superintendent on premises.

130th, 202 West.—Modern apartments seven all large, light rooms, $40-$55.

Doctor's, Dentist's 6-8 rooms, elevator apartment, $40 up. 221 West 141st, (7th Av.)

180th, 660 West.—Elevator apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms, $45 to $70.

611 West 176th.—Seven large, sunny rooms, 2 baths; $50 and $52.

88th St., 180 West.—High-class apartment, 8 rooms.

Bronx.

College Av. and 170th St.—Three and four grand rooms; beautiful neighborhood; references.

Brooklyn.

ST. JAMES PLACE, NEAR FULTON ST. Delightful 6-room apt., $42; 7-room, $45; electricity, steam, every improvement; 5c way and L. Booklet. GOLDEN REALTY, 238 St. James Place.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—HADDON HALL. Finest apartment in the State; 8-story elevator; fireproof; strictly high class; 6 to 10 rooms; decorations to suit; for $65 up. See broker, or the Superintendent, 15 Union St.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

21ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small, newly decorated rooms; private bath, excellent table; reference.

30TH ST., 131 EAST.—Beautiful large and small rooms; private lavatories; good service; in artist's private home; French cuisine; everything clean. [illegible]

45TH, 8 EAST.
Room and bath; table board; references.

62D ST., 16 EAST.—Second floor; large room, single room; excellent table; reasonable.

73D, 12 EAST.—Double and single rooms; excellent table; private bath; [illegible] until Sept. [illegible]

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

The Willows, Huguenot Park on the beach; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis; delightfully cool; lawn, porches; exclusive; comfortable surroundings.

Westchester.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-shaded grounds; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

Rockledge Manor, 124 Bruce Av., telephone 4158 Yonkers; convenient; refined home; moderate price.

Long Island.

Fall and Winter home; beautiful surroundings; large and small rooms; unexcelled home table; convenient to train and trolley. 96 Whitestone Av., Flushing, L. I.

New York State.

Ellinwood.—Good board; Ulster County farm; arrange. White, 309 West 46th. Bryant 34.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
East Orange, N. J.
Corner Arlington Av. and William St.
30 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY.
Why stay in a crowded apartment when you can come to Beautiful East Orange, with its oiled streets, beautiful lawns, sunshine, and flowers? A cool, airy apartment of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, together with delicious meals for two persons, for only $25 per week; take the Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from the East Orange Station. Phone Orange 3620; write for booklet.
W. T. READE, Prop.

THE COLONIAL
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Open through September.
Misses Vanderhoof & Reynolds.

Pennsylvania.

Graduate nurses; modern place; board and care for invalids; moderate. Y 342 Times Annex.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

47 FIFTH AV.
Cool single rooms; suites with bath.

MADISON AV., 215, (Near 36th St.)—Large and small rooms; some with private baths; newly furnished and decorated; excellent cuisine; references.

West Side

7TH AV., 2,063, (123d.)—Exceptional rooms; steam, hot water; home cooking; references.

16TH, 7 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; private baths; excellent table; refined surroundings.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH ST., 47 WEST.—Private boarding house; for the Winter, large and single rooms; private baths; table exceptional.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—First-class single, double rooms; suites; private baths; electricity; references.

56TH, 332 WEST.—Double, single rooms; home cooking; table guests; telephone; references.

57TH, 325 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; southern exposure; conveniences; excellent table; references.

57TH, 349 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; with board; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; board.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Private baths, electric light, steam heat; large rooms; Southern cooking; also smaller rooms; attentive service.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single, cool rooms, private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

70TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive rooms; twin beds; large private bathroom; references.

72D, 210 WEST.—NEWLY DECORATED, FURNISHED; ARRANGEMENT FOR FALL.

72D, 253 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive double rooms with bath; all conveniences; table guests.

72D, 122-131 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; excellent board; table guests.

73D, 260 WEST.—To save money, you can get magnificently furnished, sunny rooms, with board, at the price you pay for rooms alone at the hotels, fitted with imported brass twin beds, box springs, hair mattresses; separate table; cuisine specialty; inspection invited.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small, private baths; electricity; parlor dining room suburban.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large and small, attractive front rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table guests; references.

77TH, 301 WEST, (344 West End Av.)—Select pensions offer superior accommodations; new, harmonizing furnishings; excellent table; electricity.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Single and large rooms, connecting shower baths; gentlemen; private family.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small rooms; superior board; table guests.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, ten room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; private or public bath; satisfaction guaranteed.

80TH, 5 WEST.—The House Richards. An "Old Home" place for refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food, wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; large parlor floor; newly decorated; continuous hot water; excellent cuisine and service; private baths.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; electricity; good table; parlor dining.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; gentlemen; elevator.

82D, 124 West (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house, second floor front; private bath, single, medium rooms.

82D, 45 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; reasonable.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple; table guests; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 21 WEST.—Richly furnished second floor front room; private bath; exclusive home; table, service, appointments of unusual excellence.

86TH, 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two guests; well furnished; exclusive Jewish home; easy access car lines; references.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate few people; excellent cooking.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Choice rooms; gentlemen, adults; exclusive; Jewish house. River 9793. Hellman.

93D, 21 WEST.—Large, small rooms; wholesome food; telephone; business people desired.

93D, 29-31 WEST.—Large, small rooms, newly decorated; parlor dining; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly renovated rooms; private bath, electricity; excellent table; references.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Exceptional boarding; 33 rooms; 16 on one floor; every room with running water and bath adjoining.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Large second floor front room; excellent board; Southern table.

102D, 250 WEST.—Convenient to subway; saloon floor; large single, double rooms; private bath; Jewish family; excellent table.

102D, 216 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, small; excellent table; gentlemen; elevator apartment. McIlhenney.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; modern private residence near Riverside and Broadway; two large rooms, bath.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large room, private bath; suitable gentlemen, couple; home cooking; references.

113TH, 525 WEST.—Large, pleasant rooms; private boarding house; table guest; home cooking.

117TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms, private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

121ST, 150 WEST.—Attractive outside rooms; bath, convenience; excellent table; Hebrew family; table guests.

122D, 156 WEST.—Well furnished large, small rooms; refined house; reference; moderate.

141ST, 537 WEST.—Single and double rooms; refined people; arrangements for Winter season; excellent home cooking; telephone.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Comfortable rooms overlooking Hudson; closets, water; good meals.

152D, 561 WEST.—Single, double rooms; electricity; every convenience; excellent table. 4678 Audubon.

156TH, 553 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table.

HOLLAN HOUSE,
98, 128, 130 West 76th St.—Rooms; high-class house; superior cuisine and service; all rooms; table guests accommodated. Riverside 228.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 337.—Desirable rooms, private baths; references. Apt. 4D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 333, Apt. 21.—Beautiful rooms; southern exposure; superior board; [illegible]

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Family House of high standard;
Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c fare;
Lovely furnished rooms; suites; all comforts;
Excellent chef and service; separate tables;
Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation.
Weekly, $10-$14 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th subway.)—Beautiful rooms, floors; excellent table; references.

Widow will rent in her private house, Riverside Drive, 2 large connecting, handsomely furnished rooms, overlooking Hudson; private bath; also large rooms; excellent cuisine. Particulars Apt. 84, 3,117 Broadway. (5605 Morning.)

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 75.—Convenient Borough Hall; rooms; excellent table. 1159W. Main.

Board Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

SOUTHERN GENTLEMAN wants homelike room and board in refined family conveniently located; $9; state particulars. Guerard, 601 West 110th.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

11TH ST., 10 EAST, (NEAR 5TH AV.)
Pleasant large, small rooms; every convenience.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)
SUITE, two rooms and bath.

35TH ST., 20 EAST.—Desirable room, all conveniences; choice location; gentleman.

38TH ST., 10 EAST.—Small and large rooms, private baths; also suites.

43D ST., 16 EAST.—Attractive accommodation for fastidious gentleman; room, with or without bath.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room, with bath; room with piano; single room; references.

61ST, 150 EAST.—Beautiful, renovated rooms; steam, hot water; excellent table.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 265, (near 36th.)—Attractive large front room; bath; running water. Murray Hill 728.

MADISON AV., 220.—Desirable rooms; running water; furnished, unfurnished; adjoining bath; electricity, telephone.

West Side.

9TH, 54 WEST.—Daintily furnished single, double rooms; bath, telephone, electricity; moderate.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; charming suite for bachelors; hot water, electricity; references.

12TH, 38 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; telephone; references.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable, large room, convenience, $7; small, unfurnished, $3.50.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small, airy rooms; board optional; references required; high-class house.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

53D, 62 WEST.—Desirable, large rooms; southern exposure; private bath; attractive small rooms.

57TH, 109 WEST.—Newly furnished suite, private bath, single room; reference required.

57TH, 153 WEST.—Medium-sized rooms; electricity; $5-$7; splendid location; telephone; references.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Newly renovated double and single rooms; parlor dining room; references.

65TH, 5 WEST.—Large, comfortable front room; telephone; one flight; $6. Beeson.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Private house, up to date in every particular, offers several rooms, en suite, with private bath, or single.

71ST, 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished, immaculate suite of three sunny rooms, bath, second floor, for rent by private family to couple seeking homelike surroundings.

71ST, 106 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms; telephone; board optional; all conveniences; homelike atmosphere.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Electricity; parquet floors; hot, cold water; no rooming house.

72D, 138 WEST.—Exceptionally convenient location; very reasonable prices; large rooms, with private bath; also splendid kitchenette apartment.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable one, two; private bath; gentlemen; reference.

75TH, 161 WEST.—Large and single rooms, newly decorated; parlor dining; home surroundings.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; private bath; telephone; Summer rates.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Attractive, homelike, sunny rooms; near bath; continuous hot water; electricity.

76TH, 149 WEST.—Large room; adjoining bath; also small room; electric light; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Pleasant, cool, large, small rooms; electricity; private bath; telephone.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.
Very attractive, pleasant rooms; home comforts.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with private family; very reasonable; telephone, references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Large, airy front room, southern exposure, conveniences; reference; reasonable.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private house; suitable one, two; references.

78TH, 149 WEST.—Very attractive, large rooms, single or en suite; private bath; references.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large room; private bath; electricity; private home; subway; reference.

80TH, 126 WEST.—One suite, one small room; every convenience; references.

82D, 33, WEST.—Small family, rents two beautiful rooms; newly furnished; references.

82D, 152 WEST.—Moderate rates; handsomely furnished; all conveniences; subway and "L."

82D, 184 WEST.—Large, handsome second-floor rooms; private baths; single room; reference.

82D, 27 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms, newly decorated; meals if desired.

82D, 10 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; baths, electricity, telephone.

83D ST., 231 WEST.—Exceptionally furnished sunny, large room; business gentleman; one flight. Reade.

84TH, 155 WEST.—Beautifully furnished small apartments; strictly modern, clean, complete; something new; reasonable prices; see to appreciate.

89TH, 318 WEST.—Very attractive, large rooms; private bath; every convenience for refined people; arrangements for Winter season; excellent home cooking; telephone; table guests.

90TH, 58 WEST.—Newly furnished, attractive, large, medium-sized rooms, with private bath; telephone; references; private house.

90TH, 4 WEST, (Facing Park.)—Large back parlor, suitable various purposes; comfortable rooms.

91ST, 21 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms, newly decorated; private bath; telephone; select; private.

91ST, 38 WEST.—Newly furnished house; electricity; parlor floors; large rooms; $7-$9.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; convenient "L" subway; shower baths; references.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Private house; conveniently located; rooms $5, $6, $8; electricity.

94TH, 40 WEST.—Physician's office ten years; retiring account illness. Riverside 786.

95TH, 11 WEST.—Large and small sunny rooms, running water; electricity; private house.

96TH, 26 WEST.—Front room with dressing room; private house; telephone; reasonable.

97TH, 147 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well furnished front room, bath; reference.

100TH ST., 248 WEST.—Attractive outside room; single room; breakfast; gentlemen; references. Clark.

107TH, 15 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; lady or gentleman; phone, elevator. Young.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Sunny outside rooms; lavatory; telephone; newly decorated; $3.25. Wilford.

116TH ST., 420 WEST.—Exceptional single, cool rooms, private bath; use at $25 and upward; private house, hotel service; included. Write, call, or phone 5800 Morningside.

118TH, 404 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room, every convenience; private family. Apt. 2.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Homes for one or two; opposite Columbia; subway; all conveniences; reasonable rates; garage, car. Emmett.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Lady will rent large, outside room; elevator; top floor. Apt. 53.

122D ST, (130 Claremont Av.)—Overlooking Hudson, large, small, [illegible]

126TH, 54 WEST.—Large [illegible]

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

PRIVATE PARTY WILL SACRIFICE late model Studebaker; almost new, six passenger, six cylinder, demountable rims, new tires, electric starter, electric lights, extras; price, $650. See coachman, 921 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, two blocks off Broadway. Tel. 7112 Bushwick.

CADILLAC Touring, 1914, in appearance and condition practically a new car; newly painted, electric lights, self-starter, good tires, two extra shoes, silk mohair top; completely equipped; ready for immediate delivery. Stearns Co., 417 West 55th. (Columbus 7660.)

Stearns Knight Touring, 1913, 7-passenger, six-cylinder, newly painted Brewster green; Gray & Davis electric starting, lighting. Overhauled and guaranteed by Stearns Company, 417 West 55th. Phone 7660 Columbus.

Owners will profit greatly by taking our special six weeks' course. Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Booklet and pass to school free.

O'Connor Packard Renting Co. Touring Limousines, Landaulets; all occasions; special shopping rates. 235 West 50th. Tel. 2177 Circle.

White steamer; cost $3,500; sell for $200 if sold today; tires alone worth price asked; perfect condition. Wilbur, 515 7th Av., New York.

Hupmobile, Model 32, 1914 touring cars and roadsters; will sacrifice to make room for new model. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Beautiful Renault Packard limousine, like new, for hire by month; very reasonable. Talot, 300 West 49th; 7720 Bryant.

E. M. F., with commercial body; a fine delivery truck, for only $350.00. H. K. Reilly, 156 West 52d St.

Simplex, 1912, 38-hp., four passenger; wire wheels; A-1 condition. M. Le Claire, 112 West 52d St.

Rauch & Lang dual controlled coach, like new; Edison batteries. N 233 Times Annex.

Rauch & Lang worm-drive brougham; owner leaving city; must sell at once. S 12 Times.

Simplex, 1912, 50-hp., five-passenger touring car. J. Kennedy, 1,607 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

Renault and Packard cars for hire, hour, day, or month; classy and up to date; reliable chauffeurs. Lewis, Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St. Phone 1509 Columbus.

Beautiful Garford Six; seven passenger touring; like new; wire wheels; hour, week or month; owner drives. Lenox 2767.

To Hire—High-grade five or seven passenger car, select trade only. F. Ferry, resident telephone Hamilton 1777, Brooklyn.

1914 Reo touring, $2 hour; day, reasonable; reliable people only. D 39 Times Annex.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3440.

Automobile Instruction.

OWNERS and prospective owners will profit greatly by taking the special six weeks' course at the Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Booklet and pass to school free.

Largest and Best School in
WEST SIDE U. S. Send for Booklet and
Y. M. C. A. Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920
302 W. 57th St. Col. Special class for women.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

129, (41 St. Nicholas Terrace.)—Nice, comfortable room; elevator apartment; reasonable; gentleman. Apartment 44.

138TH, 604 WEST.—Attractive, large back parlor; also smaller room; home privileges; telephone.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—High-class accommodations for permanent business man or woman; reasonable. Telephone 3908 Morningside. Apartment 8.

BROADWAY, 2,030, (70th St.)—Desirable room; high-class apartment; good location; excellent references.

HOMELIKE, SUNNY, comfortable, furnished, medium-sized rooms; moderate price; strictly private family, owning beautiful house, adjoining Riverside Drive, near 103d St. subway; references exchanged. For full particulars telephone Riverside 992.

RIVERSIDE, 868, (144TH)—Attractive outside single room in private family. Apt. 35.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $3 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

WEST END AV., (93D.)—Lady having exclusive home will rent two suites, with baths, &c.; business gentlemen. Riverside 9673.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, NORTHWEST, (101 Waverley Place.)—Newly renovated; steam heat; electricity; gas; private baths; excellent table and service.

Bronx.

SIMPSON ST., 1,143.—Large, sunny room; every comfort; access convenience; refined family; private house; board optional. Intervale 2389J.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

WEST END AV., 794.—One, two rooms, private bath; maid servant; low rent.

Rooms Wanted

Furnished.

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Gentleman wants, in apartment house near Riverside Drive and subway, well-furnished front bedroom with ADJOINING bath, on third floor or higher; elevator, and telephone condition; only offers with indication of price will be considered. T 110 Times.

Gentleman living in the country and being in the city part of the week wants small room in private apartment, short distance from Times Square; light breakfast desirable; references exchanged. Address Y 377 Times Annex.

Furnished room for business young South American, with respectable, congenial family; near subway station; state particulars. H 293 Times Downtown.

Young man wants newly furnished room with bath, meals if necessary; not above 72d St. Address H 270 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

STUDIO, near Bellevue Hospital; southwest light preferred. Artist, 63 West 56th.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT, &c.—Office assistant, file clerk, switchboard operator; neat appearance; $7. H 278 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, good penman, accurate; efficient; capable to take charge of office, knowledge of typewriting. T 98 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' practical experience, efficiency unquestionable; qualified for responsibility. T 90 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Educated; long experience, office manager, corporation, financial department; $25. T 105 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, 3 yrs.' experience, import, retail; $12. H 277 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Young Scotswoman wishes position as chambermaid, waitress. J. F., care of Guthrie, 1,073 Summit Av., Highbridge, city.

COOK.—First class; Hungarian. Inquire Mrs. Stafford, 21 East 119th. Come personally.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic; expert fitter; street, reception gowns; remodels; out, home preferred. Kelly, 375 6th Av. 1158 Circle.

NURSE.—Graduate Children's Hospital, returning to England in September, will care for children on voyage in return for fare. Z 213 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Refined; practical companion; care elderly person or child; light household duties; references. Mrs. Simpson, 172 East End Av.

NURSE, LIGHT HOUSEWORK.—Girl; first-class reference; city. Spice, 134 West 61st.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, stenographer, four years' experience, employed at present; desires position with advancement. Miss H 272 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY — STENOGRAPHER.
HIGH GRADE; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; HAS BEEN ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE. T 78 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Energetic and capable; writes a good hand; understands filing, manifolding, billing, &c.; trustworthy; will begin at $7. Miss H., 36 West 125d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent; 8 years' experience; references; Christian; $15. Advertiser, 519 West 141st St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, speedy stenographer; thorough knowledge of office work and command of English will mean advancement. T 112 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Assistant bookkeeper; thoroughly competent; good references; excellent salary $12. H 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; [illegible] references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, assistant bookkeeper, ambitious; [illegible]

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; thoroughly competent and efficient; salary $12. H 285 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, two years' experience; references; moderate salary. H 275 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Take rapid dictation; neat, accurate typist; $9. Gertrude Nelson, 220 W. 42d St. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, 7 years' experience; thoroughly competent; $15. H 284 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 1 yr. commercial and legal experience; salary $8. H 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; experienced; references. S 458 Tremont Av. Telephone 6265 Tremont.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; take entire charge office; references; $15. G 302 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,418 Broadway, corner 89th St.: first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

CAPABLE HOUSEWORKER.—Experienced colored girl; good cook; city references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice; references. JULIA AGENCY, 2,297 7th Av. 6022 Morningside.

COOKS, English, Scotch, $30-$35; waitresses, $26; chambermaids, $22; nurses, $25; laundresses, housekeepers, $25 couples. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. (75th St.) Schuyler 3156.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN over 30, for outside position in New York State, requiring more than ordinary tact and ability; salary and commission. Room 711, 110 West 34th.

BARNETT BROTHERS,
Columbus Av. & 74th St.,
REQUIRE A MILLINERY TRIMMER.
GOOD SALARY. APPLY IN PERSON.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER; first class; must be fully capable of handling correspondence and taking charge of office; salary to start, $16. Printer, A 278 Times Downtown.

BONWIT, TELLER & CO.,
FIFTH AV. AND 38TH ST.,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
MILLINERS.
ONLY THOSE HAVING FIRST-CLASS EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
IMPROVERS.
ONLY THOSE HAVING FIRST-CLASS EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 38TH ST. ENTRANCE.

BOOKKEEPER.
MANUFACTURER OF LADIES' GARMENTS DESIRES A YOUNG LADY TO TAKE CHARGE OF OFFICE; MUST BE QUICK, ACCURATE, COMPETENT, RELIABLE DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOKKEEPER ACCUSTOMED TO CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS, COST AND STOCK RECORD, AND PREPARING OF TRIAL BALANCE, MONTHLY STATEMENTS, &c. ADDRESS CHAS. W. DEMING, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, 156 5TH AV., GIVING TELEPHONE NUMBER. MAIL ONLY.

CANVASSERS for a pure food product for family trade; excellent opportunity; permanent position; preference given to ladies with social acquaintance; commission basis. Apply 1,624 Masonic Bldg., 71 West 23d St.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE will pay liberal commission to any one securing business. P. O. Box 404, Madison Square Station.

HAND SEWERS on hand-made silk waists; must be able to make entire waist; piece work; good pay; steady position. L 35 Times.

INFANT'S NURSE, experienced, to take complete charge of fourteen-month baby. Call between 9 and 10, Hano, 116 Riverside Drive.

MILLINERY MAKERS.
NONE BUT THOSE HAVING FIRST-CLASS MILLINERY EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
J. M. GIDDINGS & CO., 564 5TH AV.

REFINED WOMAN, over 30; travel; brains more essential than experience; expenses advanced. Room 1,014, 225 5th Av.

SALESWOMAN.—Stationery shop desires a competent saleswoman of ability; experience and thorough knowledge in general management required; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary. Himebaugh & Browne, 471 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; young woman who can be of assistance to manager of a department in live manufacturing business located at Somerville, N. J. Apply by letter, giving experience, references, and salary expected. Address, P. O. Box A, Somerville, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER with embroidery concern; experienced only. Apply by letter, giving age, experience, and salary expected, or phone Melrose 7000. K. M. Co., 136th St. and Willow Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER; MUST HAVE MAIL ORDER EXPERIENCE; REFINED, BRIGHT, AND AMBITIOUS; PERMANENT; $10. ADDRESS, OWN HANDWRITING, C. P., 287 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant to manager; must be quick, accurate at figures, good executive. State salary and experience. "Manufacturer," Box 49 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent stenographer wanted; salary, $15. Call Room 308, 27 Pine St. between 10 and 12 Wednesday.

WOMAN buyer and manager for waist and children's wear department; an opportunity to make a good showing in a department where the sales are now comparatively small; state former experience, references, and salary expected; location Baltimore, Md. Box Z 210 Times Annex.

WOMAN buyer and manager for waist and children's wear department; an opportunity to make a good showing in a department where the sales are now comparatively small; state former experience, references, and salary expected; location Baltimore, Md. Box Z 210 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS, (1,) French, $18 up; (1) with bookkeeping experience, $15; (2) familiar French, German or Spanish, $15. E. W. Carpenter Exchange, Singer Building.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 42d St. and Lexington Ave., N. Y.—The only secretarial school conducted by college professors. Individual instruction. Positions for efficients. Prof. Meagher, M. A., (Lon.) Dir.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; Individual instruction by specialists; day or night. Reopens, day, Sept. 7; night, Sept. 13. See catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway, at 72d St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course of individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall 33 West 42d Street.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A CAPABLE executive and salesman, with varied office and outdoor experience, with first-class houses, desires position with established business house; excellent references and record. T 93 Times.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Balances, audits, $5 monthly up; unpaid books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2351.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, closes, audits; systematizes; moderate fees; financial statements. Rogers, 131 West 31st St. Madison Square 3780.

ACCOUNTANT.—Established twenty years; best references; all work certified. Equitable. 1583 Hanover.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, desires work in spare time; reasonable. T 77 Times.

A COMPETENT SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, (34,) five years' experience; technical, commercial, and general work, desires position. Y 104 Times.

ADVERTISING agency, retail store, manufacturer, can you use this wide-awake young man? Will use his brains and ability to bring his ideas to your business; he has studied advertising at Columbia; now employed. T 113

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

AGENT, &c.—Gentleman having held positions of trust desires position such as agent for an estate, collecting rents, overseeing repairs, &c.; banks and mercantile references; bond if required. Y 380 Times Annex.

ARCHITECT'S BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT DESIRES POSITION; WELL RECOMMENDED. T 101 TIMES.

A YOUNG AMERICAN, (32,) thoroughly experienced ACCOUNTING, OFFICE DETAILS, SECRETARIAL DUTIES, conversant with corporate finance, seeks connection in secretarial capacity or with reputable firm; now employed, but desires change; excellent credentials. Y 349 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, Cashier, Office Man.—American college man, 27, is looking for position worth while; have 5 years' accounting experience; references and bond. H 279 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, reliable; will keep small accounts accurately on weekly visits of several hours; moderate charges; club accounts examined; trial balances. T 106 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, salesman, (26,) capable, energetic; excellent ability; satisfactory references. H 291 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert seeks employment evenings and Sundays. H 290 Times Downtown.

CARETAKERS.—Couple, Americans, want caretaker position on gentleman's place, Long Island, for Winter; best references. Box 818, Bayshore, N. Y.

CARPENTER, experienced, wishes work per day or contract. Carpenter, 308 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Reliable young man desires position with private family; can furnish very best references as to ability and character. Address Charles Borgman, 162 West 54th St. Telephone 1941 Circle.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; 7 years, all cars; private, city, country; first-class references. Schwartz, 1,268 3d Av. 3183 Lenox.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, capable, reliable, temperate; 11 years' references. Robinson, 215 East 88th.

CHAUFFEUR, (25,) German; licensed; handy with tools; repairs. Rother, 637 6th Av.

CLERK.—Young man (20) wishes position as clerk in office; best references. William Kuhn, 20 Arion Place, Brooklyn.

COUPLE.—Supt., caretaker, chauffeur, mechanic; 3 years' ref. Wright, 637 6th Av.

ELEVATOR, switchboard; Amer., col.; butler; handy with car. Williams, 637 6th Av.

ELEVATOR, porter, (30;) nine years' experience; reference; reliable. Diponto, 637 6 Av.

ESTIMATOR, solicitor, general building construction, desires to connect with general contractor; concrete fireproofing, wants position. H 290 Times Downtown.

EX-CONVICT, good clerk, abstainer, wants chance to "make good." Efficiency and fidelity. H 271 Times Downtown.

JANITOR — SUPERINTENDENT.—EXPERIENCED MAN, AT PRESENT HOLDING RESPONSIBLE POSITION, WOULD LIKE CHANGE; BEST REFERENCES. T 94 TIMES.

MAN, (24,) University School of Commerce student, desires business or secretarial position in New York City. Y 376 Times Annex.

NOTARY PUBLIC, Clerk.—Seven years' office experience in financial district; highest references. H 274 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, STATISTICIAN, AUDITOR, 10 years large corporation experience; capable executive, knowledge commercial law; accustomed managing large volume of work. T 67 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Refined young man, (22,) six years' good commercial experience as correspondent and office manager, would like position at night, newspaper or anything with future. "Ambitious," Box T 99 Times.

PORTER, fireman, (24,) Amer., col.; experience; strong, willing. Hollomon, 637 6 Av.

POSITION WANTED in a South American export house by ambitious, energetic young college man. Box Z 214 Times Annex.

POSITION of trust by middle-aged man; reference. W. A., 2,960 3d Av.

SALESMAN, (26,) experienced calling on manufacturing and jobbing trade; can get results; A1 references. H 292 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with large following Middle and Northwest desires popular-priced line either cloth, coat, or suit. T 108 Times.

SALESMAN, starting Oct. 1 over Southern and Middle Western States, desires to handle a side line. T 74 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, (24,) five years with large Stock Exchange firm. H 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, take fast dictation; neat, accurate typist; willing worker; $10. Nathan Schaff, 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER, (27,) experienced; rapid, and accurate; desires position; best references. E 255 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, experienced, neat, accurate, trustworthy; references; salary, $10. T 100 Times.

WAITER.—Young man; small hotel; city, country experience. Ax, 637 6th Av.

YOUNG MAN having 6 years' managing capacity retail cigar business wishes to connect with reliable manufacturing firm. I AM THE RIGHT MAN FOR THE RIGHT PARTY. Box 86, 2,121 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) German-American, competent, presently employed, seven years' experience in electrical business, desires position with reliable engineering firm. C. H., 2,960 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) 3 years' business experience, desires position where there is a future; best credentials. T 96 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN wanted who has had experience in selling medium and low-priced cars. We want a man who can produce results. Give age, references, experience, present employment. Salary and commission. Utica Mitchell Motor Co., Utica, N. Y.

A SUCCESSFUL SOLICITOR will find pleasant and profitable position soliciting subscriptions to an Alumni catalogue or directory for a leading university; drawing account and commission. Call 10 to 12 and 3 to 4 only, 91 3d Av., corner 12th.

BUYER.—Man, experienced housefurnishings buyer for popular-price department store, Richmond, Va. Call tonight, 6 o'clock, Room 188, Imperial Hotel.

CHAUFFEUR.—Intelligent and experienced driver for De Dion car; must be highly recommended from previous employers as to character and ability. Phone for appointment, or write stating salary desired. D 46 Times Annex.

CORSET SALESMAN wanted at once, A1, experienced, to sell best front lace corset line on market; New England and N. Y. State territory. Address S., McAlpin Hotel. Commission with drawing account.

ELECTRICAL DRAUGHTSMAN, capable of estimating, wanted for maintenance department; must have a general electrical knowledge and be able to make lighting and electric power transmission layouts; familiarity with underwriters' rules required. In reply, state age, nationality, reference, experience, and wages expected. P. O. Box 22, Brightwood, Mass.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE will pay liberal commission to any one securing business. P. O. Box 404, Madison Square Station.

ERRAND BOY, 17 years old, wanted; references. Address C. D., Box 150, Room 1,201, 220 West 42d St.

EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR for advertising curtains on commission; state experience. T 109 Times Downtown.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR; pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MEN WANTED, also boys over sixteen; steady work; daylight hours; light, clean shop; convenient location; no war munitions. Operatives for drill presses, lathes, milling machines, grinders, power presses, screw machines, also assemblers and testers on electrical goods. Good pay for industrious hands, with opportunities for advancement. Apply Fifth Floor, Factory Terminal Building, Garden and 15th Sts., Hoboken, N. J. Hoboken ferry, foot 23d St., New York, runs to 14th St., Hoboken; from ferry, walk three blocks west, turn north one block, into private property, and cross railroad tracks to ten-story concrete building; entrance on either side. Bijur Motor Lighting Company, Hoboken, N. J.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSE REQUIRES EXPERIENCED CLEARING HOUSE AND BLOTTER MAN; NO OTHER NEED APPLY; STATE SALARY. A 279 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Good opening for active stock and bond salesman; commission; permanent salaried position if satisfactory; man with clientele preferred. McEvoy & Thompson, 74 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—High-class proposition; big money to convincing talkers; commission basis; state references and full particulars as to experience in first letter. H 258 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced Middle West, with good following, to sell ladies' suits from $16.50 to $45; salary or commission. L [illegible] Times.

SALESMAN for Brooklyn perfumes and toilet articles; give full details in reply; confidential; salary and commission. T [illegible] Times.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Either at Pennsylvania Station, between 9:30 and 10:20, or on Long Island train leaving New York 10:20 Sunday morning, between New York and Douglaston, the following:
LADY'S BLACK HANDBAG WITH SMALL AMOUNT OF MONEY AND TWO RINGS.
Reward of $300 given and no questions asked if returned to Mrs. A. J. Moxham, Shore Road and Westmoreland Place, Douglaston, L. I. Phone Bayside 2661.

LOST.—Left in subway train from West End, Coney Island, Monday, Aug. 30, at Chambers St. station, a tan-colored satchel, containing unfinished petticoat and sundry articles. Finder will please communicate with Miss Marie Lavarre at 1,440 Broadway, care of the Sheedy Vaudeville Agency.

LOST—Friday evening, Aug. 27, on 23d St. crosstown car arriving West Ferry at 10:31, lawyer's brief case, containing clippings from publications and notes; liberal reward. H 286 Times Downtown.

LOST—Between Centre St., New York, and 4th St., Brooklyn, via Manhattan Bridge, gentleman's black gold open-face Waltham watch, Case 2,154,482; reward for return. H 282 Times Downtown.

LOST—Lady's silk handbag, containing jewelry, money, keys, and trunk check; liberal reward. Mrs. R. Anderson, 27 West 61st St., New York.

LOST—In taxicab from Hotel Biltmore, large gold cameo pin; reward for return. T 70 Times.

LOST—Large envelope, containing dummy catalogue; reward. Display Ad. Co., 185 Broadway.

LOST—Saturday, small gold coin purse, initials "L. M. T."; reward. Pelton, Hotel Claridge.

LOST—Gold double S. S. watch fob, black ribbon, Saturday, 33d-35th, on 5th Av.; reward. Fanti, 129 West 32d.

LOST.—In taxicab, from Hotel Biltmore, large gold, cameo pin; reward for return. T 70 Times.

LOST—Purse, containing money, Monday, 5th Av. car. Spranger, 14 West 8th. Reward.

LOST—Sunday, above 43d, old cameo pin; value, owner; reward. Harvey, 185 W. 96th.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.
SUNDAY, AUG. 22, NEAR
OLD WESTBURY, LONG ISLAND,
GERMAN SHEPHERD DOG,
CALLED "REX."
IF SEEN PLEASE CALL
MANHASSET 383.
IF RETURNED REWARD.

LOST—Japanese spaniel, 123d St., between Amsterdam and Morningside, 3 o'clock. Reward if returned to Wall, 106 Morningside Drive.

LOST—Airedale dog; answers name of "Rough." Return Butterfield, Forest Hills 6529.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

DOCTOR.—Same address; not moving. Doctor.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

CAFE AND RESTAURANT.
Best and biggest in town; must sell before October 1st, on account of having two places; long lease; reasonable rent; adjoining Burlesque Theatre; big business during intermissions; seating capacity 200; any reasonable offer accepted; only three tables; inquire at 122 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J. R. A. Schwartz.

A BIG OPPORTUNITY
for steady and handsome income; an energetic, hustling individual or company can control machine of established merit; sacrifice account sickness; principals write for full information and demonstration. E. B. 310 Times.

Active partner with capital wanted for interesting manufacturing proposition by a man with a reputation in his line; market established. Z 208 Times Annex.

Opportunity.—40x80 loft, with complete plant and 20 machines, to rent; $100 monthly; equipped for shirt manufacture. T 277 Times Downtown.

$3,000 will buy established business, with mail order department; large profits; suitable for capable salesman. T 102 Times.

Partner wanted to establish waist house, with capital of $3,000; will consider a salesman in the line with less. L 42 Times.

WANTED—Party $3,000; conservative business; unusual opportunity; principals only investigate. D 48 Times.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Business Loans.

COMMERCIAL BANKERS.
Open for number of new accounts, manufacturers and wholesalers; also advances on merchandise; principals only; confidential. WORMSER & CO., 95 5th Av., N. Y. City.

Printing and Multigraphing.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.80; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9. E. H. Weatherford, 150 B'way. Room 1,181 Equitable Building. Rector 4547.

For Sale, Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Rare antiques, china, glass, bric-a-brac; large collection of good pieces at reasonable prices. Tel. 13,201. Mrs. E. C. Page, 80 A water Ter., Springfield, Mass.

MEN'S CREDIT TAILORS.—Suits, Overcoats, &c., $12; $1 down, $1 weekly. Hamilton Martin Co., 171 B'way, (enter 5 Cortlandt St.)

MEN'S CREDIT TAILORS.—Suits, Overcoats, &c., $12; $1 down, $1 weekly. Hamilton Martin Co., 171 B'way, (enter 5 Cortlandt St.)

33d, 326 W.—Parlor suits, gold frame tables, cabinets, clocks, bronzes, mirrors.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pawn tickets, diamonds, pearls, gold, silver, platinum bought. Benjamin's, 1,584 Broadway, between 47th-48th Sts., opposite Palace Theatre.

Horses and Carriages

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Two black saddle and driving horses, also single or double; lady can drive or ride them. T 68 Times.

Pianos and Organs

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Pianos taken from a bankrupt concern of music must be sold at sacrifice; all standard makes, some nearly new. 23 West 14th St. Ground floor, rear.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN, familiar with knit goods manufacturers, through Central West; must be competent and high-class. Address, giving full particulars as to previous connections, (salary basis,) Z 207 Times annex.

SUBSCRIPTION MAN.—High class, experienced on de luxe propositions, to present new art magazine selling $1 per copy; broad field; liberal commission. Wentz, 23 East 26th St.

YOUNG MAN wanted for English conversation and companionship, about 25 years of age, for a very refined foreign gentleman, in exchange for an elegantly furnished room; must be strictly American; reference. T 87 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with experience, wanted as assistant to purchasing agent of large corporation; must be thoroughly familiar with purchase records and systems, figuring, printing jobs, &c; state age, education, and salary expected. D 47 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Bowtell's Business Brain Bureau,
170 Broadway.
Thirteenth year placing the very highest type of office employes.

STENOGRAPHERS, (2,) $18; clerks, $10. E. W. Carpenter Exchange, Singer Building.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MEN of all ages, learn the steady and high paying professional trade of Mechanical Dentistry. SPLENDID OPPORTUNITIES. Individual instruction by leading Professors any hour, day or evening; no book study; complete course, 30 to 250 days, according to attendance; easy payments. Write or call THE DENTISTS' LABORATORIES, INC. SCHOOL OF MECHANICAL DENTISTRY, First and Greatest. 25 W. 45th St.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course of individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall 33 West 42d Street.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Agents Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Agents Wanted.—Let us show you how to earn $10 daily with a rapid-selling household article. Peter P. [illegible] Novelty Co., [illegible], N. Y.

RICH MAN MURDERED CHILDREN FIND BODY

Thought to Have Been Killed by Auto Till Autopsy Shows Bullet Holes in Heart.

EVIDENCES OF HARD FIGHT

Clothing Torn and Flesh Lacerated—Thrown Over Embankment Into Deep Ditch.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 31.—Samuel S. McCord, a wealthy real estate operator of Laurel Springs, in lower Camden County, left his home yesterday to go to Delair, near this city. He did not return, and this afternoon children at play found his body in a ditch beside the river at Delair. It was supposed at first that Mr. McCord had been struck by an automobile, probably in the darkness last night, and had been rolled into the ditch, where he died of his injuries.

By direction of Prosecutor Kraft, however, County Physician Stem performed an autopsy which disclosed two bullet wounds through Mr. McCord's heart. The outer wounds where the bullets had entered the body had been concealed at first by Mr. McCord's clothing, which was badly torn. His hands were lacerated and his appearance was entirely that of a man who had been struck by a motor car and sent flying head over heels down o steeu bank to the bottom of the ditch. Both the Prosecutor and Dr. Stem had made superficial examinations of the body before the discovery of the bullet wounds and the closer examination was made partly because Mrs. McCord persisted in the belief that her husband had been murdered.

Prosecutor Kraft ordered county detectives to trace Mr. McCord's movements from the time he left home yesterday. Mrs. McCord said she understood that he had gone to Delair in connection with some real estate transaction, and, because of Mr. McCord's prominence in the neighborhood, it is hoped that his movements may be easily traced.

He had offices in the Bullitt Building in Philadelphia and was one of the most prominent and best known men in this vicinity. He was one of the first to settle in Laurel Springs, and then developed the suburb, building most of the houses there.

Mr. McCord had no reason that the authorities can learn to desire to end his life, and no weapon was found near the body, though a search of the ditch was made after the autopsy. Besides he could hardly fire two bullets into his own heart. The Prosecutor is convinced that Mr. McCord was murdered and his body probably tumbled into the ditch by his slayers in the hope that it might not be found for some time or, if it were, that it might be believed he had beeen killed by an automobile.

F. J. VAN SICLEN MISSING.

Yakima, Wash., Elk Is Sought by Brooklyn Lodge.

The officers of the Brooklyn Lodge of Elks, No. 22, received a letter from the Elks Lodge of Yuma, Ariz., yesterday, requesting that efforts be made to find F. J. Van Siclen of Yakima, Wash., who left Yuma to visit relatives in Brooklyn two months ago. He was to have stopped at the Clarendon Hotel, where mail has been received from him during the past three weeks without being called for. No news of his arrival in Brooklyn has been received by his friends in Yuma, and they fear that something may have happened to him while traveling.

Officers of the Brooklyn lodge reported the matter last night to Acting Captain John Coughlan of the Brooklyn Detective Bureau, and he is making an investigation. Van Siclen is said to have been a member of the old Van Siclen family in Brooklyn, and it is reported that the chief purpose of his visit to Brooklyn was to receive his portion of a large estate left by his grandfather, Herbert Van Siclen, who died some time ago.

Prominent members of the Van Siclen family in Brooklyn denied all knowledge of the Yakima man. Nor did they seem to know of any Herbert Van Siclen, who left an estate running into millions. F. J. Van Siclen was also unknown to members of the Brooklyn Lodge until yesterday, when they received the letter from Yuma, which said he had held successively the offices of Sheriff, City Attorney, and Warden of the penitentiary in Yuma.

These Theatres Do Not Deal with Tyson Co.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d Street. Evenings 8:10.
Matinees Today, Sat. & Labor Day 2:10.
The Greatest Musical Show Ever Produced.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
After the Play Visit Danse de Follies,
New ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC Atop This Theatre

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8.20. Mats. Today, Saturday & Labor Day 2:30.
JUST OUTSIDE THE DOOR
HENRY MILLER, Mgr.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Today, Sat. & Labor Day.
"VIVID AND CONVINCING."—World.
UNDER FIRE with WILLIAM COURTENAY

HARRIS WEST 42D ST. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Today, Sat. & Labor Day
"A Real Smash—something new." —Journal.
EDGAR SELWYN'S GREATEST SUCCESS,
Rolling Stones

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'y & 43 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Sat. & Labor Day
JULIAN ELTINGE in "COUSIN LUCY," by CHARLES KLEIN.

FULTON 46th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Sat. & Labor Day.
SOME BABY! "A LAUGHING TRIUMPH." —American.

BIRTH OF A NATION
AT THE LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:15 & 8:15.
TWICE Daily, Incl. Sunday.
Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2.
Other Mats..........25-50-$1.
D. W. GRIFFITH'S GIGANTIC SPECTACLE.
Symphony Orchestra of 40.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today, Sat. & Labor Day.
COMMON CLAY with JOHN MASON and JANE COWL

ELTINGE W. 42 St. OPENS Tomorrow NIGHT at 8:20.
A. H. WOODS presents
"SEE MY LAWYER"
WITH T. ROY BARNES
AND CAPABLE CAST.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Sat. & Labor Day.
"BOOMS LAUGHTER MARKET."—Eve. Mail.
THE BOOMERANG

PARK Columbus Circle and 59th Street. Phone 9590 Columbus.
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30
MAY IRWIN "Star Laugh Maker." —Sun.
"13 WASHINGTON SQUARE"
"Best play she has had in years."—Eve. Sun.
25c—2nd Balcony; 50c to $1—1st Balcony; $1.00, $1.50, $2.00—Orchestra.
Today & Labor Day Mats. Best Seats $1.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Sat. & Labor Day
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

IRVING PL. THEATRE [illegible]
SYLVESTER SCHAEFFER

STATUE OF JUPITER FOUND.

Another Important Discovery Made at the Site of Cyrene.

ROME, Aug. 31.—Important archaeological discoveries have been made at the site of the ancient City of Cyrene, in the Barca region, Africa.

These include a large statue of Jupiter which is said to be equal in artistic value to the famous statue of Alexander the Great, discovered at the same place last year.

TRAILING PASTOR'S SLAYERS

Authorities Now Believe His Death Due to a "War Plot."

Special to The New York Times.

GARY, Ind., Aug. 31.—The Federal and State authorities, who are investigating the murder of the Rev. Edmund H. Kayser, the Lutheran pastor who was found dead in a lot near his home last Tuesday night, are on the trail of several persons suspected of the crime, and one or more arrests are expected in a few days.

The officials are now satisfied that a "war plot" was responsible for the German clergyman's death. They have established that the murder was not the work of an individual, but of a gang, and the plot carefully worked out. They say the pastor's pro-German utterances led to his destruction.

Mrs. Dora Kayser, the pastor's widow, and her three children left tonight for Grand Haven, Mich., the home of her father.

Telegrams and correspondence seized following the murder are said to link the Rev. Mr. Kayser very closely with the German propaganda in this country. Government Secret Service men are investigating rumors that the pastor was plotting to tamper with or destroy mills making war munitions.

HAD BROKEN BACK 23 YEARS

Cold Fatal to Man Who Had Survived Railroad Accident.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., Aug. 31.—After living twenty-three years with a split spine, W. Nesbitt Snedecker, 44 years old, brother of Chief of Police John R. Snedecker, died today of a heavy cold, contracted about ten days ago.

While acting as baggage agent and special conductor on a Central Railroad train, Snedecker, on Aug. 12, 1892, fell, in jumping from the train before it had come to a stop at West End, and was caught beneath one of the wheels. While recuperating at the Long Branch Hospital he fell in love with his nurse, and when he was able to leave the hospital he married her. He had to go to the altar on crutches and he had to use them until his death.

Snedecker opened a garage here about fifteen years ago, and he has been successful. Snedecker and his two brothers were the first brakemen on the first railroad train that came to Atlantic Highlands.

FIND TWO BATHERS' BODIES.

New York Youth Dragged Down by Man He Tried to Save.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The bodies of Paul Latourette Hanmer, 24 years old, and Leslie A. Friend, 19, who were drowned while bathing in Hunter Lake, near Parksville, Sullivan County, have been recovered, it was announced here today.

Hanmer, who was the son of Dr. J. L. Hanmer, Health Officer of Middleton, was drowning when Friend, son of Theodore H. Friend, a New York attorney, went to his assistance and was dragged down by the drowning man

SUBWAY CARS FOR ELEVATED

To Transfer Composite Coaches to Second and Third Avenue Lines.

By a vote of 3 to 2, the Public Service Commission yesterday gave permission for the 478 composite cars now in use in the subway to be transferred to the Second and Third Avenue elevated lines. Commissioners Williams and Wood favored the transfer and Hayward and Cram opposed it. E. E. McCall, the Chairman, cast the deciding vote. The company is expected to make the transfer before Dec. 1, which is the time limit on the use of the wooden cars for subway express service.

Mr. Cram severely criticised the wooden cars. "They are obsolete," he said, "and should not be tolerated in this twentieth century."

Mr. Hayward said he voted against the transfer because he did not consider the cars as safe as the steel cars. "If I were in a wreck on the elevated or anywhere else, I should prefer to be wrecked in a steel car," he added.

Chairman McCall refused to comment on the transfer, and left his office through the inner door. It is said the company's decision to use the cars may mean that the Third Avenue will have to be strengthened. According to Alfred Craven, Chief Engineer of the commission, only the Second Avenue line is strong enough to carry the cars.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Today, Sat. and LABOR DAY, 2:15.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15 P. M.
THE GREATEST OF ALL COHAN & HARRIS SUCCESSES.
Young America
By FRED BALLARD.
BIGGEST HIT BROADWAY HAS EVER KNOWN

CANDLER Theatre, W. 42 St. Cohan & Harris Present
TONIGHT CURTAIN 8:15 SHARP.
THE HOUSE OF GLASS
A NEW PLAY BY MAX MARCIN.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Ev. 8:20 Mats. Wed. (Pop.) Sat. & Labor Day.
DIRECT FROM ITS BRILLIANT SUCCESS AT THE LYRIC THEATRE.
THE SEASON'S SMARTEST MUSICAL COMEDY
THE GIRL WHO SMILES
Big Sister to "ADELE" By the Same Authors.
"ONE OF THE HITS OF THE SEASON. FILLED WITH LAUGHTER."—Herald.

Steeplechase
Grand Final Dancing Contest, Friday, Sept. 10th. $500 in Gold.
Special Rates to Parties.

LUNA A STUPENDOUS HIT LUNA'S BROADWAY ECHO
EVENINGS AT 9, 10 & 11.
Free Dancing Contest Thursday Nights

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way, 47 St. Daily Mat. 25 to $1.
Gertrude Hoffmann & Co. of 60 in "SUMURUN"
The Four Mortons, Oths.
DELICIOUS LEMONADE FREE TO ALL.

Loew's American Roof 42d St. & 8th Av. Every Eve. at 8:15.
12-Act Vaudeville Show
DELIGHTFUL PROMENADE.
ALL SEATS RESERVED 25c, 35c, 50c.

NEW BRIGHTON Mat. Today Brighton Beach.
EVA TANGUAY
Gilbert & Sullivan Revue, Others.

PALISADES Amusement PARK Opp. W. 130th St. Ferry.
SURF BATHING in World's Largest Pool. Large Dance Pavilion. Miles of Merry Midway.

S.S. "MANDALAY" DANCING
Special Features Every Evening. Battery 7:30. W. 131st St. 8:30 P.M.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Matinee Today.
MAIDS OF AMERICA

YORKVILLE 86th St. at 3d Ave. Burlesque
CHARLES ROBINSON and His PARISIENNE FLIRTS.
Mat. Today 15c to 50c. Smoking Permitted.

LEXINGTON 51st, Lex. Av. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1. Mat. Tomorrow 25 & 50c.
A. H. Woods Presents POTASH & PERLMUTTER

VITAGRAPH 44th and Broadway. 1 to 11 P. M.
10c, 15c, 25c, 50c.
ROBERT EDESON in Mortmain. and All-Star Cast Other Pictures.

STRAND [illegible] HAZEL DAWN in [illegible] "ESMERALDA."

SEVEN NEAR DEATH UNDER UPSET AUTO

Engine Goes On and Gasoline Drips While Wheels Whirl in the Air.

WILLIAM A. GLASGOW HURT

Girl in Car Runs Down and Drags Motor Policeman—Woman Injured in Park Smash.

Other motorists and men from a garage at 196th Street and Fort George Avenue saw a large touring car leap upon the sidewalk at the loop in the avenue a block above, about 7:0 o'clock last evening, strike a fire hydrant, bound into the air and, upsetting, fall on several men, women, and children who were in it.

A dozen men ran to the car, the engine of which was still running and the wheels revolving in the air. The gasoline tank was leaking and there was danger that it would explode. From beneath the car came the shrieks of the women.

The garage men shut off the engine but they dared not try to lift the heavy car, and Policeman Ward of the West 152d Street Station sent in a fire alarm, intending to get the firemen to raise the car with jacks. By the time they arrived, however, jacks and planks had been brought from the garage and the firemen helped the motorists lift the car.

From under it they took two men, two women, a baby, and two little girls. All except one of the men were semi-conscious. He apparently had escaped injury. He said he was Julian Douglass of 2,745 Amsterdam Avenue, and said the others were Edward Roome of 214 West 128th Street, owner of the car; Mrs. Anna Ferdinand, a widow, 30 years old, living at 510 West 177th Street, and her little girls, Sylvia, 6 years old, and Lillian, 7; Mrs. Edick Jockin, Mrs. Ferdinand's sister, who was 25 years old and lived at 503 West 169th Street, and her 16-month-old son, Harry.

Dr. Gluckstein and Dr. Jacobs took all but Douglass to the Washington Heights Hospital, where it was thought at first that the baby, Harry, was dying of a fractured skull. Later it was found the infant's head was only bruised, and his mother took him home, the physicians saying he would recover.

Mrs. Ferdinand became ill after reaching her own home with her two little girls, and her family physician said he feared she had internal injuries. Roome, who was bruised only, was arrested and locked up, charged with intoxication and assault. He denied that he had been unfit to handle his car, and said the steering gear had broken. The police, however, pointed to the fact that he had said at first his wife was in the party and the two little girls belonged to him. Mrs. Roome, according to persons at the 128th Street address, was not in the car, and her only child is a four-year-old daughter.

Mrs. Jockin said that Roome was a friend of her sister and that she had been visiting Mrs. Ferdinand yesterday afternoon when Roome called in his car and invited them to ride.

William A. Glasgow Hurt.

Among those injured in automobile accidents yesterday was William A. Glasgow, a well-known lawyer of Philadelphia. His automobile collided with a motor truck at Seventh Avenue and 124th Street. In the car were Mr. and Mrs. Glasgow and Patrick J. Brophy, the chauffeur. The machine was badly damaged and the occupants were showered with broken glass from the windshield. Mr. Glasgow was severely cut, but refused medical attention.

While riding a motor cycle in Mosholu Parkway, near Webster Avenue, the Bronx, Policeman Joseph E. Monahan of the Bronx Park Station, was struck and knocked down by a car operated by Miss Lillian M. Sidzons of 21 Lawrence Street, Yonkers. The policeman was dragged a block before the driver could stop her car. After being attended by a surgeon from Fordham Hospital for multiple contusions, Monahan summoned Miss Sidzons to court for reckless driving. Her case was put over until Thursday.

Miss Anna Nolan of 602 East 138th Street is in Flower Hospital as a result of injuries received when an automobile in which she was a passenger upset on the east drive in Central Park, opposite Seventy-fourth Street. The accident happened yesterday morning. In the machine with her were Harold Gallagher of 695 Prospect Avenue, the owner of the car, and Edward Kiernan of 719 Tinton Avenue, both of whom escaped injury. The automobile was rounding a turn when it skidded, ran upon an embankment and overturned. Gallagher was arrested for reckless driving, but discharged in the Yorkville Court.

A Coroner's jury, after an inquiry into the death of five-year-old Archer Davis of Little Neck, brought in a verdict yesterday blaming George B. Warner, Jr., of Cedar Drive, Great Neck, for the lad's death. Davis was killed by the Warner car on Aug. 16.

Mr. Warner is Vice President and General Manager of the Renault Frès Selling Branch, Incorporated. The Davis boy was playing in Landing Road, near his home, when Warner approached in his automobile and struck the boy. He died on Aug. 16, the day after the accident. Witnesses testified that the Warner car was traveling at high speed.

Chauffeur Runs Away.

James Mason, 10 years old, of 183 Arnold Street, Maspeth, Queens, was struck by an automobile in Metropolitan Avenue, near his home, last evening. After striking the boy, the chauffeur put on speed and escaped in the direction of Brooklyn. Mason is injured internally. He was taken to the German Hospital, Brooklyn.

Struck by an auto truck on Williamsbridge Road near Walker Avenue, the Bronx, William Schwallenberg, 20 years old, received a fracture of the skull and internal injuries yesterday. He is in Fordham Hospital. The truck was driven by Harry Staher of 248 Gun Hill Road.

As a result of stealing a ride on an auto truck of the New York Edison Company, Julius Buchter, 9 years old, of 1,001 Findlay Avenue, the Bronx, is in Fordham Hospital seriously injured. He jumped from the truck at 147th Street and Rider Avenue, the Bronx, and was run over by the trailer which was being hauled by the truck. Frank O'Neil, the chauffeur, was unaware of the boy's presence on the rear of the truck.

Lillian, the five-year-old daughter of William Weiss of 607 Sixth Avenue, College Point, was knocked down by a limousine car owned and operated by Joseph Trexell of 201 East 171st Street. She has a broken ankle and cuts about the head.

'Tango Charlie' Sentenced to a Year.

George W. Bennett, known to the Federal authorities as "Tango Charlie," a cabaret performer, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Julius M. Mayer, sitting in the Criminal Branch of the United States District Court, to one year in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island for having in his possession at the King James Hotel a smoking opium manufacturing plant. Bennett and his wife are known in vaudeville circles as the Bennett-Mallory team. They returned to this city on May 30 from a three years' tango tour of Europe and their apartments were raided on July 27. Assistant United States District Attorney Harold A. Content told Judge Mayer that the opium found in Bennett's room was worth $10,000.

Dow Lunch Co. in Bankruptcy.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Dow Lunch Company, a New York corporation, which operates restaurants in various places in the city. Liabilities are placed at $32,000 and assets at about $15,000. Among the petitioning creditors and claims are Austin, Nichol & Co., Inc., $2,048; L. & B. Frank, $12,151, and the New York French Range Company, $1,681.

GIRL FAINTS FROM HUNGER.

Jane Haurban Longs for the Home She Ran Away From.

Miss Jane Haurban, 18 years old, of 13½ Phelps Street, Binghamton, N. Y., was picked up yesterday fainting in front of a loft building at 448 Broadway. She was carried inside by Joseph Cunningham, the elevator man, and an ambulance was summoned. Dr. Mahoney of St. Vincent's Hospital had the girl removed to Bellevue Hospital.

Miss Haurban said she had run away to New York on July 1, leaving Binghamton, where she had been keeping house for her father and little sister ever since her mother's death. She had scarcely any money when she arrived here, she declared, and lived on Long Island until Aug. 22, when she secured a place as waitress in a lunchroom on Vesey Street.

Last Saturday she quit the lunchroom, although she had no money at all. She said she spent the nights sleeping in public parks and the days wandering about the streets. She had not eaten since Saturday noon, she told the hospital people, and had had no idea where the next meal was to come from when she collapsed on Broadway.

Miss Haurban, who is pretty and refined looking, said she was sorry she had run away and she was anxious to go back home, because New York was a very wicked place. She had received no word from her family since her departure, she declared, although she had sent them postcards on Aug. 23, her little sister's tenth birthday.

The police say that they have had no requests from Binghamton to look for the girl at any time. The Department of Charities was communicated with and telegraphed her father. Miss Haurban spent last night at the hospital awaiting word from her father.

OYSTERS IN SEASON TODAY.

The Only Food That Hasn't Increased in Cost in 25 Years.

This is Sept. 1, and oysters R in season.

Down in Chesapeake Bay the oyster fleet has gone forth, and thousands of the succulent bivalves are being dragged from their depths to grace the menus in New York and elsewhere. There are no indications that there will be any falling off in the supply, which now represents more than $10,000,000 a year.

Even the Bureau of Fisheries of the Department of Commerce had a good word to say about the oyster, which, its investigators found, was the only sort of food that had not increased in cost in the last twenty-five years. The supply has kept pace with the growth in population. Between 1900 and 1915 the wholesale quotations on canned and fresh oysters in New York were either practically stationary or did not increase more than 10 per cent., and recently oystermen and oyster growers have received a slightly lower price than they did twenty-five years ago. The average quality of oysters has improved as a result of oyster culture.

HUNT VOTES WITH CARTS.

Suffragists Purpose to Make Greenwich Village Tonight.

A horse and cart campaign is the latest suffrage venture of the Women's Political Union, and its workers in the Seventeenth Senatorial District and those of the Twenty-fifth Assembly District of the Woman Suffrage Party will unite tonight in what they call "waking Greenwich Village." The cart will carry the speakers, Miss Beatrice Brown, Miss Fanny Lawson, Miss Kathleen Taylor, and Mrs. Maud Schultz. They will have along a drummer and a fifer who will sound the alarum and call together the unconverted. Meetings will be held at Charles Street and Greenwich Avenue at 7 P. M., at Abingdon Square at 8:15, and at Fourteenth Street and Eighth Avenue at 9:15.

The horse and cart campaign will be continued up to election day. The union will have a series of torch light parades, beginning next Saturday.

JEAN WEBSTER TO MARRY.

Author of "Daddy Long-Legs" to Wed Glenn F. McKinney, a Lawyer.

Miss Jean Webster, the author of "Daddy Long-Legs," "Much Ado About Peter," and "Just Patty," is to be married next Tuesday to Glenn Ford McKinney, a lawyer of 54 William Street. They will be married in Washington Green, Conn., and the ceremony will be followed by a wedding breakfast in the Summer home of Mrs. Joseph W. Lewis of St. Louis.

Mr. Lewis will be best man, and his 6-year-old daughter, Emily, and 3-year-old son, Joseph, will be the only attendants.

Miss Webster lives at 128 West Fifty-ninth Street, and is a member of the Cosmopolitan, Woman's University, and the Pen and Brush Clubs. Mr. McKinney was graduated from Princeton University in 1891, and is a member of the University, Princeton, and Larchmont Yacht Clubs.

KILLS BROTHER BY ACCIDENT

7-Year-Old Boy Hit by Bat in Game of "One o' Cat."

Seven-year-old John Morgenthaler of 2,024 Pitkin Avenue, East New York died yesterday in the Kings County Hospital from inuries suffered in a game of "one o' cat" on Monday night. The boy got in the way as his brother Martin, 11 years old, swung his bat. There was an iron tip on it, and this struck him over the left eye.

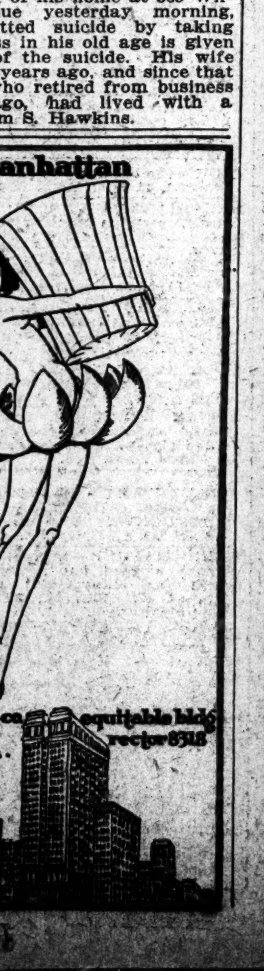
It was not thought the blow was serious, but the boy was taken to the hospital because his parents feared an injury to his eyesight. John's condition grew rapidly worse, and he died early yesterday from inuries to his brain. Martin Morgenthaler is overcome with grief over the accident.

To Hold Congress at Buenos Aires.

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 31.—The Argantine Government has agreed to the selection of Buenos Aires as the place for holding the congress for the unification of the commercial laws of the Americas. The congress will meet on Nov. 1.

Lonely Old Man a Suicide.

Marcellus C. Arthur, 86 years old, a wealthy retired builder, was found dead in the bedroom of his home at 565 Willoughby Avenue yesterday morning, having committed suicide by taking gas. Loneliness in his old age is given as the cause of the suicide. His wife had died many years ago, and since that time Arthur, who retired from business forty years ago, had lived with a nephew, William S. Hawkins.



CHILD ELOPERS END TRIP AT TAMAQUA, PA.

Max Goodman and Viola Stevens Ask Police Chief for Drink of Water.

TIRED OUT AND PENNILESS

Girl in Knickerbockers Wanted to Continue Journey—Parents Go to Fetch Them Home.

The elopement via freight cars and dusty roads of Brooklyn's two juvenile elopers, Max Goodman, 16 years old, son of William Goodman of 700 Eastern Parkway, and Viola Stevens, 15 years old, daughter of Mrs. Adelaide Stevens of 859 Hancock Street, came to a sudden end last evening in the Pennsylvania town of Tamaqua. It was the Chief of Police of the town, Phil Ehrig, who put an abrupt end to the children's trip to Arizona, where young Goodman was going to make his fortune.

Before the children were found the alarm for them had gone out to police authorities and Boy Scouts in a dozen States and a dozen false clues had been traced down.

Unaware that they were attracting such wide attention, the runaways, both wearing boys' clothing and both dusty, thirsty, and tired from their long and arduous travel, strolled nonchalantly down the main street of Tamaqua, which is a town of about 10,000 in Schuylkill County, thirty miles from Wilkes-Barre, and asked the first man they saw where they could get a drink of water. The man happened to be Police Chief Ehrig, and he had read descriptions of the missing children in the papers.

"Right down the street, the first building to the left," the Chief told them. Then he followed them to the house he had indicated, which was the police station. The girl, although begrimmed with dust and looking as much like a boy as her companion, had given herself away by her voice, he said. When they were inside the building he brought them some water and then commenced questioning them.

"Little Viola stuck it out gamely for a long while," Chief Ehrig told a TIMES reporter over the long-distance telephone after midnight this morning, "but Max was already pretty tired of the rough road and of stealing rides in the freight cars. He broke down and admitted that he was the youngster who had run away from home after Viola's mother had laughed at his request for her daughter's hand. Then Viola told me all about it. Max was going to Arizona and was going to make a fortune for them both.

"They didn't have a cent, and had not had anything to eat for a long time, but the girl didn't mind that a bit. She wanted me to let them go on and not say anything about it, and was confident that with the experience she had already gained at walking and acting like a boy she could fool the rest of the people she met on the way out West.

"The children said that they had reached Allentown by freight train and had stopped there a while, and then caught another freight, but finally walked the rest of the way here.

"She was dressed in a brown knickerbocker suit which came to her knees and had on a light cap and black stockings and shoes. She wore a yellow shirt and red necktie, and at first avoided speaking as much as possible to keep her voice from giving her away.

"I called up the boy's father by long-distance telephone, and young Max spoke to a servant to identify himself. Then I took Viola to my home to await the arrival of her parents and had two good square meals sent to the police station for the hungry Max."

Mr. Goodman, who is a woolen merchant in Brooklyn, and Mrs. Stevens received the long-distance telephone call that told them of their children's whereabouts after they had returned from a fruitless trip to Lake Mahopac, in Putnam County, N. Y. A well-meaning villager had read the descriptions of the missing children and on Monday evening had seen two hiking Boy Scouts passing through the town with their packs on their backs. A Justice of the Peace was notified and the boys were detained over night. They did not resemble the elopers.

Another clue came from Dover, N. J., last night, where Miss Helen Louise Murphy failed in an attempt to detain two youths who, she said, answered the description of the missing elopers perfectly. They got away while she was in a telegraph office notifying Mrs. Stevens that her daughter had been found.

Mrs. Stevens and Mr. and Mrs. Goodman left on a midnight train for Tamaqua.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Twilight Sleep Association, 505 Fifth Avenue, announced yesterday that it was about to start a campaign to raise $500,000 toward the erection of a lying-in hospital where the method will be taught.

The body of a man found in the East River on Sunday at Sixty-third Street was identified yesterday as Louis Rabonowitz, 23 years old, a clerk, of 15 Ashland Street, Boston.

The body of David Davis, 39 years old, a fireman on the steamship Hohoenus, which was recovered on Friday, was identified yesterday by Captain Herbert Ashley, master of the vessel.

Raymond O'Dell, 18 years old, of 493 Third Avenue, a prisoner in the Hart's Island Reformatory, died yesterday of typhoid fever in the City Hospital at Blackwell's Island.

A six-months-old baby girl with blue eyes was found yesterday by Anna Reichert in the hall of 301 West Ninety-third Street, and was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

Anna Nausbaum, the seventeen-year-old factory girl of Irvington, N. J., who was found dazed in the ferry house at St. George, Staten Island, on Monday night, had recovered yesterday and was sent home.

TWO IN AUTO SHOT FROM PASSING MACHINE

Providence Doctor and Woman Companion Probably Fatally Wounded on Ride.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 31.—Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, prominent in this city and in Newport, and Emily A. Berger of this city, were shot and probably fatally wounded while riding in an automobile in Nayat, near here, tonight.

The shots, it is said, were fired from another automobile, which passed the Mohr car after it had been brought to a standstill in a dark spot by the chauffeur, who was tinkering with the motor. The chauffeur, George W. Healis, was detained as a witness.

According to the story given out by the police, the second machine came from the direction of West Barrington. Five shots were fired from it, it is said, four taking effect. Both Dr. Mohr and his companion were shot in the head and shoulder. They were removed to the Rhode Island Hospital, in this city, where their condition was said to be critical. Neither was able to make any statement.

FIRE BOMB CASE CONTINUED

Magistrate Gives Police More Time and Holds Lighter Captains.

Following the request of the Police Deuartment for more time in which to investigate fires on transatlantic liners bound for allied ports, Magistrate McQuade in the West Side Court yesterday held in $1,500 bail for further examination on Friday six men arrested last Saturday on the charge of stealing from lighters sugar consigned to foreign ports. The police suspect the men, four of whom are Captains of lighters, of being responsible for fires which occurred on six liners they helped to load.

The charge of larceny was made by Thomas Matthews, President of Shortland Brothers, Inc., 110 Wall Street, owners of the lighters which conveyed sugar from the plant of the National Sugar Refinery of Yonkers to the liners at their docks.

The defendants were Michael Matzet, Captain of the lighter S. F. S.; Richard Myerhoefer, Captoin of the lighter Trial; Ferdinand Hahn, Captain of the lighter John F. Rymer; Sigmund Sjornson, Captain of the lighter Dixie, John Peterson, mate of the S. F. S., and Jean Styrms, a checker for the French Line.

Three of the prisoners were represented by Louis Spiegel, 346 Broadway, who denied that his clients were in any way connected with German propaganda. Five of the six men are natives of Germany. Assistant District Attorney Bieler told Magistrate McQuade, in asking that the police be given more time for investigation, that more arrests might be expected.

Abraham Kochelink, proprietor of the warehouse at 89 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, where the stolen sugar was found, who was held on a charge of receiving stolen goods, was not arraigned yesterday.

MORE TYPHOID IN BROOKLYN

Twelve Deaths Last Week and Forty-one New Cases Reported.

According to figures supplied yesterday by the Department of Health, there were during last week twenty-four more deaths than during the corresponding week of last year. The deaths in the last week were 1,361 as compared with 1,286 for the week ended Aug. 29, 1914.

The important feature in the report for the last week is the increased mortality from typhoid fever. Of the twenty-one deaths from this disease last week, twelve occurred in the Borough of Brooklyn, and forty-one new cases were reported in that borough as against twenty-nine in the remaining four boroughs. The heaviest mortality occurred in the Eighth Ward of Brooklyn.

Of the contagious diseases, whooping cough was the only one that showed an increase. The deaths reported from diarrhoeal diseases under 5, were more than during the corresponding week of last year. Considering the increase in population, this amounts to a material reduction in the rate.

The death rate for the first thirty-five weeks of 1915 is 13.64, as compared with 14.10 for the corresponding period of 1914.

Launch with 18 Men Run Down.

A motor boat carrying eighteen men employed by the A. Olsen Iron Company of 39 Union Street, Brooklyn, was run down by the ferryboat Pierrepont off Hamilton Avenue yesterday and three of the men in the launch were slightly injured. The ironworkers were on their way to Edgewater, N. J., to make repairs on a steamship moored there.

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THE NEW
ARROW
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To Thrifty Mothers:

A saving of from $7.50 to $12 on your boy's suit.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Prep Suits

(long trousers) that are just the thing for the boy you are about to start off to school.

These are really wonderful bargains, but you'll have to come early to profit by them—you can realize how quickly they'll go at the price we've set—

72 of them were $18
52 of them were $20
22 of them were $22.50

All are now $10.50

They range in size from 28 to 33; if sized by ages, from 14 to 16½ years. While most of them are in summer weights, a few carried over from last season are fall weights.

This sale at two stores only—

Broadway, at 29th St., and 246-248 West 125th St.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, cor. 29th St. 246-248 West 125th St. Open Evenings.

BOUGHT CITY PAVING BLOCKS

Meyer Krout Says Highway Foreman Sold Them to Him.

Meyer Krout of Furman Avenue, Middle Village, Queens, a dairyman, who told Justices Moss, Russell, and McInerny in Suecial Sessions at Jamaica yesterday that his business amounted to $75,000 a year, was acquitted of a charge of stealing a truckload of paving blocks owned by the City of New York. He said he had purchased the paving blocks from William Imley of Norman Street, Evergreen, a foreman in the Queens Highway Department.

Kruot said he didn't know the paving blocks were owned by the city, and supposed Imley had a right to sell them. So did John Renner of 735 Summerfield Street, Evergreen, a paving contractor, who testified that he had introduced Imley to Krout when the former asked him if he knew of any one who desired to purchase paving blocks. Krout said he agreed to pay Imley, through Renner, $24 for ten loads of Belgian block paving material, aggregating 3,000 blocks.

Alexander Baylis, confidential inspector for Borough President Maurice E. Connolly of Queens, and George Holland, Chief Inspector of the Highway Department, testified that they saw a driver employed by Krout filling a truck with the blocks, and traced the truck to Krout's dairy. They said the load was worth $6.

PEACH AUCTION OPPOSED.

Dealers Say It Will Add to Cost—Housewives to Sell Fruit.

Peaches continue to occupy the attention of the New York State Department of Food and Markets and of the Housewives' League, and steps were taken yesterday to assist in the disposal of the bumper crop. Commissioner John J. Dillon, head of the State Department of Food, met representatives of wholesale dealers and discussed the plan for distribution of the fruit through public markets.

While the plan was favored by the Commissioner, the dealers opposed it on the ground that this would increase the hauling distance and so increase the price. The heads of the firm of J. & G. Liggman of 338 Washington Street favor the private sale system, but said they were willing to learn how the proposed auction system worked out.

Commissioner Dillon said the public auction system would begin in a few days provided the State crop of peaches begins to come in. The market will be on the Desbrosses Street pier.

The Housewives' League is to open a station in the Bronx from which peaches will be sold direct. The peach growers around Rochester will begin to ship in peaches this week, it is expected. The retail price will probably be 60 or 65 cents a half bushel.

The league announces that the peach contest, with sixteen cash prizes for canning, spicing, preserving, and making jam, will begin on Wednesday.

The Lunch of Preference

Business men, shoppers and theatregoers find Shanley's an ideal spot for luncheon.

Seven courses of tempting variety—75c. (Music)

Twenty refreshing acts—evenings seven to one.

SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY 85TH TO 86TH ST.
Subway Station at Door
Offers All the Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Much Lower Prices
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS OF ALL SIZES
Furnished or Unfurnished for Long or Short Periods
Transient Rates $2.50 per Day Up
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHEN ROOMS ARE OCCUPIED BY TWO PERSONS.

REISENWEBER'S Columbus Circle and 58th Street Phone. 9640—Columbus.
The Coolest Dancing Room in the City.
Unsurpassed Cooking. Popular Prices.
Exceptional Table d'Hote Dinner every evening six to ten. $1.00
Delicious Frog Dinner (In the Grill), $1.25
MENU:
Little Neck Clams, Cherry Stone, Consomme in Jelly, Frog Legs, Saute Meuniere, Crab Meat Ravigote, Half Fried Chicken, Virginia Corn on Cob, Candied Sweet Potatoes, Salad, Peach Ice Cream, Watermelon, Cantaloupe, Cheese, Demi-Tasse.
DANCING Dancing Contest Every Friday Evening. CABARET

Hotel Wallick and Wallick's Restaurant
BROADWAY AT FORTY-THIRD STREET
Positively the Best Food, Values and Service in New York.
"The Wallick Is Popular, Because It Is Good"
ROOMS WITH BATH $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 PER DAY.

In Philadelphia, Chestnut & 13th. Hotel Adelphia 400 Rooms 400 Baths

Prince George Hotel Fifth Ave. and 28th Street.
One of the most beautifully appointed hotels in New York.
800 Rooms with Bath Rates, $2 and up.

TEA ROOM 11 EAST 22ND ST.
Southern Cooking. Hot Breads.
BEST DINNER IN TOWN, 50c., 5:30 to 7:30

Gardens in the Air
Atop the
HOTEL MAJESTIC
A la Carte 6^{00} to Closing
Dine and Sup in the Cool Air Above the Sky Line
Dancing under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Rowley Downes who appear in Exhibition Dances
Added Attraction Mlle Lubvoska's Classic and Interpretive Dances

HOTEL NETHERLAND
5th Av. & 59th St. Phone 3700 Plaza
NEW MANAGEMENT
Reduced Rates:—
ROOM & BATH, $2.00 up
SUITES - - $5.00 up
Two Floors of Bachelors' Single Rooms at Special Low Rates.
Cuisine Unexcelled
Prices Very Moderate

NEW HOTEL THERESA
LARGEST AND COOLEST
Transient & Family Hotel Uptown
7th Av., 124th to 125th St.
ONE BLOCK TO "L" AND SUBWAY. SURFACE CARS, ALL POINTS, AT DOOR.
Absolutely Fireproof.
Single Rooms AND BATH $1.50 Per Day and Up
Double Rooms AND BATH $2.50 PER DAY
All Outside Rooms
Breakfast, 50c. Lunch, 50c. Dinner, $1.00.
We Cater to Dinner Parties.
Single Room with Bath (per year)...from $540
2 Rooms and Bath (per year).......from $720
3 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths (per year)..from $1,200
Special Rates by Month and Season.
BOARD, $10.50 PER WEEK.
'Phone, 8270—Morningside.

Great Northern Hotel
118 W. 57TH ST. Phone 1900 Circle.
Room & Bath, $2.00 up
Suites, - $4.00 up
VALET SERVICE FREE.
CLUB FEATURES IN RESTAURANT.
HOME DINNER, $1.00.
FRIDAY SHORE DINNER, $1.00.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

Hotel Berkley
170 West 74th St.
APARTMENTS
unfurnished, by the year
FROM $600.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE.

—LOUIS H. CHALIF—
Graduate, Russian Imperial Ballet School
Personally teaches teachers, in daily normal classes for interpretive, simplified classic, racial and ballroom dancing, at 7 West 42nd St., N. Y.

LILLIAN LANG IRENE ST. JOHN
ALL MODERN DANCES TAUGHT.
ST. JOHN DANSE STUDIO,
30 E. 34th St. Mur. Hill 2010.

MISS DENA HOFFMAN, 14 E. 34th St. Murray Hill [illegible]

John A. Ross. Miss Mabelle C. Joyce.
Studio closed for the summer.